

# **Modeling Water Flow and Contaminant Transport in Soils and Groundwater Using the HYDRUS Software Packages**

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Federal University of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

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# Jirka Šimůnek

A Professor of Hydrology with the Department of Environmental Sciences of the **University of California Riverside**. Received M.Sc. in Civil Engineering from the Czech Technical University, Prague, **Czech Republic**, and Ph.D. in Water Management from the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic.



Expertise in **Numerical Modeling** of subsurface water flow and solute transport processes, equilibrium and nonequilibrium chemical transport, multicomponent major ion chemistry, field-scale spatial variability, and inverse procedures for estimating soil hydraulic and solute transport parameters.

Dr. Šimůnek has **authored** and coauthored over 200 peer-reviewed journal publications, over 20 book chapters, and 2 books. His numerical **HYDRUS** models are used by virtually all scientists, students, and practitioners modeling water flow, chemical movement, and heat transport through variably saturated soils. Dr. Šimůnek is a recipient of the Soil Science Society of America's (SSSA) Don and Betty **Kirkham Soil Physics Award**, the past chair of the Soil Physics (S1) and **Fellow** of SSSA, and **Fellow** of American Geophysical Union.

An **Associate Editor** of Journal of Hydrology and Hydromechanics, and a past **AE** of **Water Resources Research**, **Vadose Zone Journal**, and Journal of Hydrological Sciences.

# Rien van Genuchten

A soil physicist originally with the **US Salinity Laboratory**, USDA, ARS, Riverside, CA. Received B.Sc. and M.Sc. in irrigation and drainage from Wageningen University in The **Netherlands**, and Ph.D. in soil physics from New Mexico State University.



Dr. van Genuchten is a recipient of the Soil Science Society of America's Don and Betty **Kirkham Soil Physics Award**, of the EGU **Dalton Medal**, and **Fellow** of the Soil Science Society of America, American Society of Agronomy, American Geophysical Union and American Association for the Advancement of Sciences. Founding Editor of the Vadose Zone Journal. Currently with the University of Rio de Janeiro, **Brazil**.

Research on variably-saturated water flow and contaminant transport, analytical and numerical modeling, nonequilibrium transport, preferential flow, characterization and measurement of the unsaturated soil hydraulic functions, salinity management, and root-water uptake. **The most often referenced researcher in the field of Soil Physics**. Dr. van Genuchten is probably best known for the theoretical equations he developed for the nonlinear constitutive relationships between capillary pressure, water content and the hydraulic conductivity of unsaturated media.

# Miroslav Šejna

A **Director** and Development Lead of **PC Progress**, Software company located in Prague, Czech Republic. Received B.Sc. and M.Sc. from the Charles University of Prague, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague, Czech Republic, and PhD. from the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, **Czech Republic**.

Expertise in **Numerical Modeling** of Transonic Flow with homogeneous and heterogeneous condensation and chemicals in steam through Turbine Cascade (Euler and Navier-Stokes equations).

Recently specializes in the development of GUI (**Graphical User Interfaces**) for FEM/CFD software packages for Windows. He has more than twenty years of experience in developing programs for numerical modeling in Fluid Mechanics and Structural Engineering. His software helps thousands of scientists and engineers from around the world.

## **Selected Software Projects:**

- ◆ **RFEM, RSTAB** - Structural Engineering Software packages, 1995-2009, Ing.-Software Dlubal, GmbH, Germany
- ◆ **HYDRUS-1D, HYDRUS 2D/3D** - Software package for simulating water, heat, and solute transport in variably saturated porous media.
- ◆ **MESHGEN Plus** - FE-mesh generator and open modeling environment for Finite-Element and Finite-Volume applications.
- ◆ **COCHEM Flow** - Software package simulating 2D water steam flow with homogeneous and heterogeneous Condensation.



# Diederik Jacques

Diederik Jacques is a head of the Performance Assessment Unit, Institute of Environment, Health and Safety of the Belgian Nuclear Research Centre (**SCK•CEN**) in Mol, **Belgium**.



He received B.Sc. and M.Sc. in Bio-Engineering Land and Forest Management, M.Sc. in Statistic, and Ph.D. in Soil Physics; all at the Catholique University of Leuven, Belgium.

His expertise is in modeling water flow and solute transport in unsaturated porous media including characterizing spatial variability and estimating parameters. He has some experience with experiments at the field scale. He is working on different aspects of coupling unsaturated water flow, solute transport and geochemical reaction including the development and testing of the coupled code **HP1**, application to (long-term) solute transport in soils and interaction between different systems (clay–concrete, or soil–concrete). He is involved in safety and performance analysis of surface and deep geological waste disposal sites, including supporting calculations using reactive transport models.

# Czech Republic (Czechoslovakia)

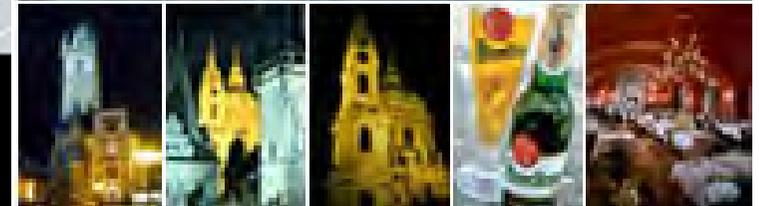
Known for:

1. Beer (Pilsner Urquell)
2. Ice Hockey (Jágr, Hašek)
3. Vaclav Havel  
(former president)
4. Beauty of its capital  
(Prague)
5. Dumplings (meal)
6. HYDRUS



## Central Europe

- Area part of Central Europe
- Area sometimes included as part of Central Europe



# Holland (Netherlands) + Belgium

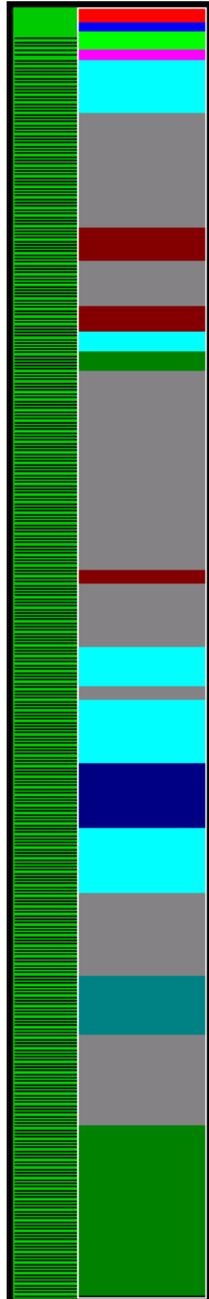


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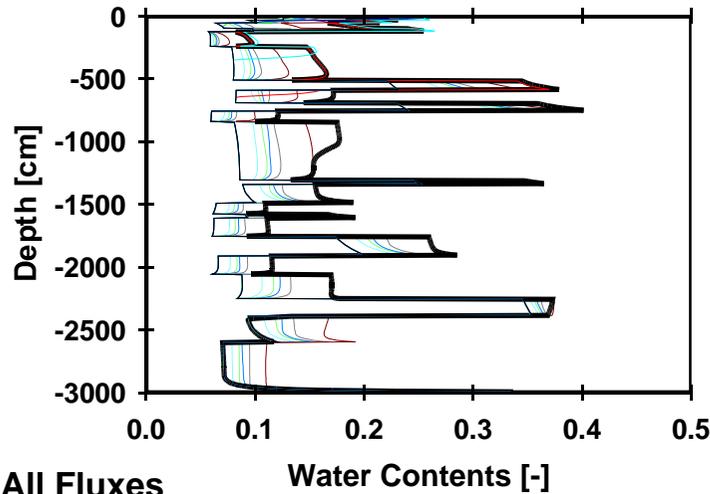
1. Beer (Grolsch, Heineken)
2. Soccer (Robben, Sneijder)
3. Beatrix (Queen)
4. Beauty of its towns (A'dam, Utrecht)
5. Herrings and Cheese
6. HYDRUS



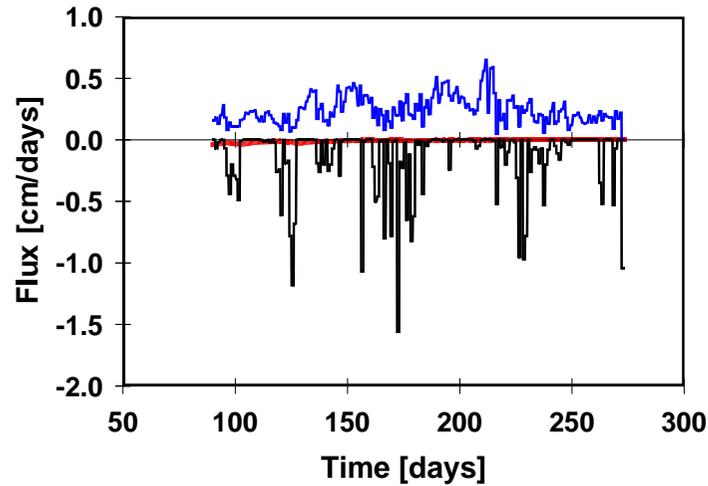
# HYDRUS-1D



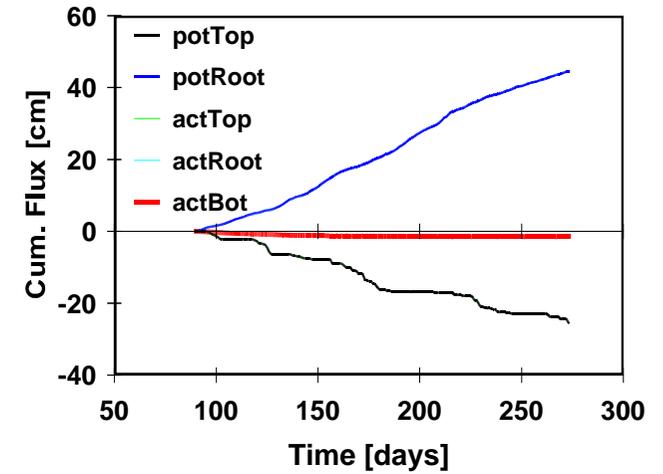
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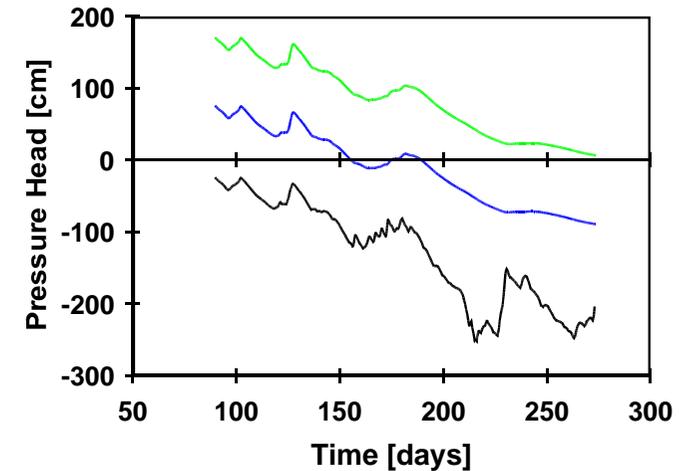
All Fluxes



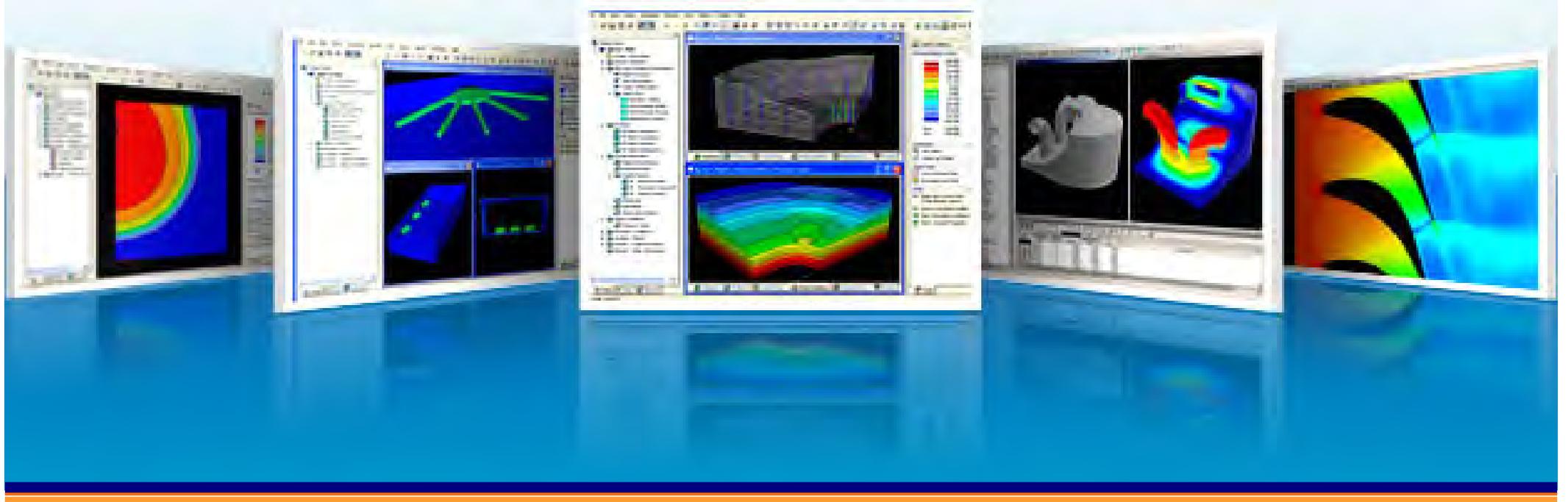
Cumulative Fluxes



Observation Nodes



Software for Simulating Water Flow and Solute Transport in One-Dimensional Variably-Saturated Soils Using **Numerical** Solutions

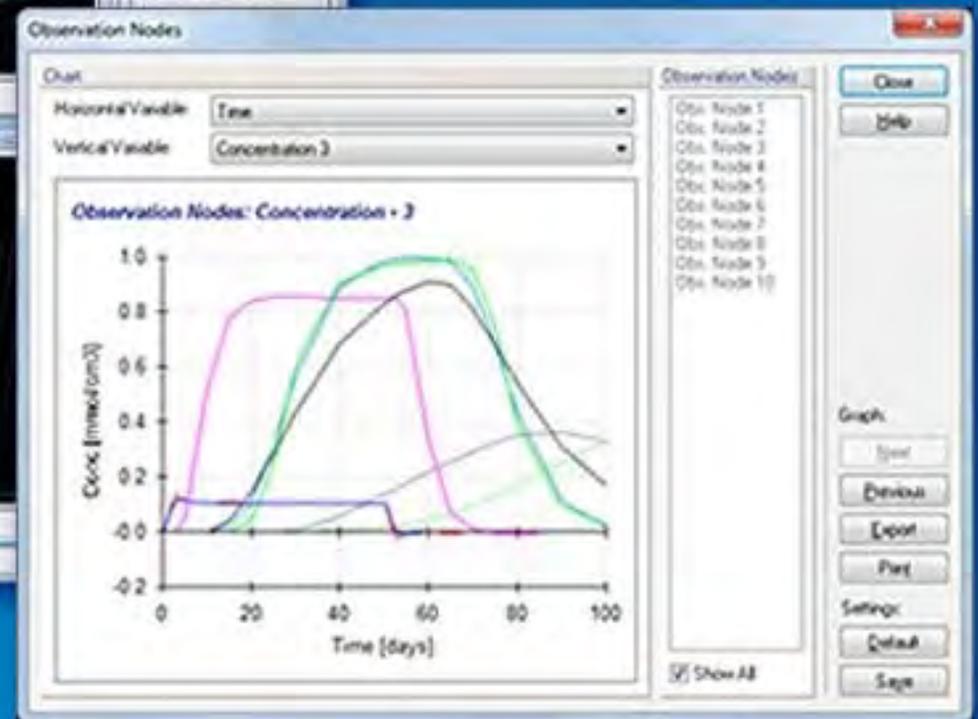
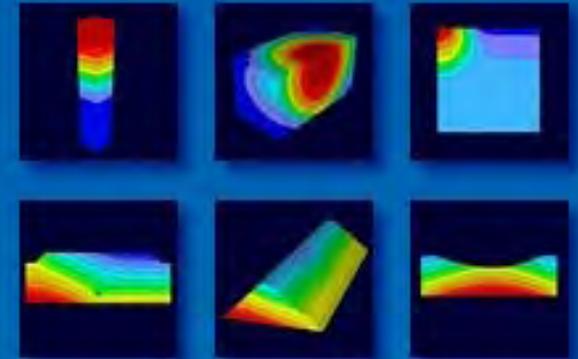
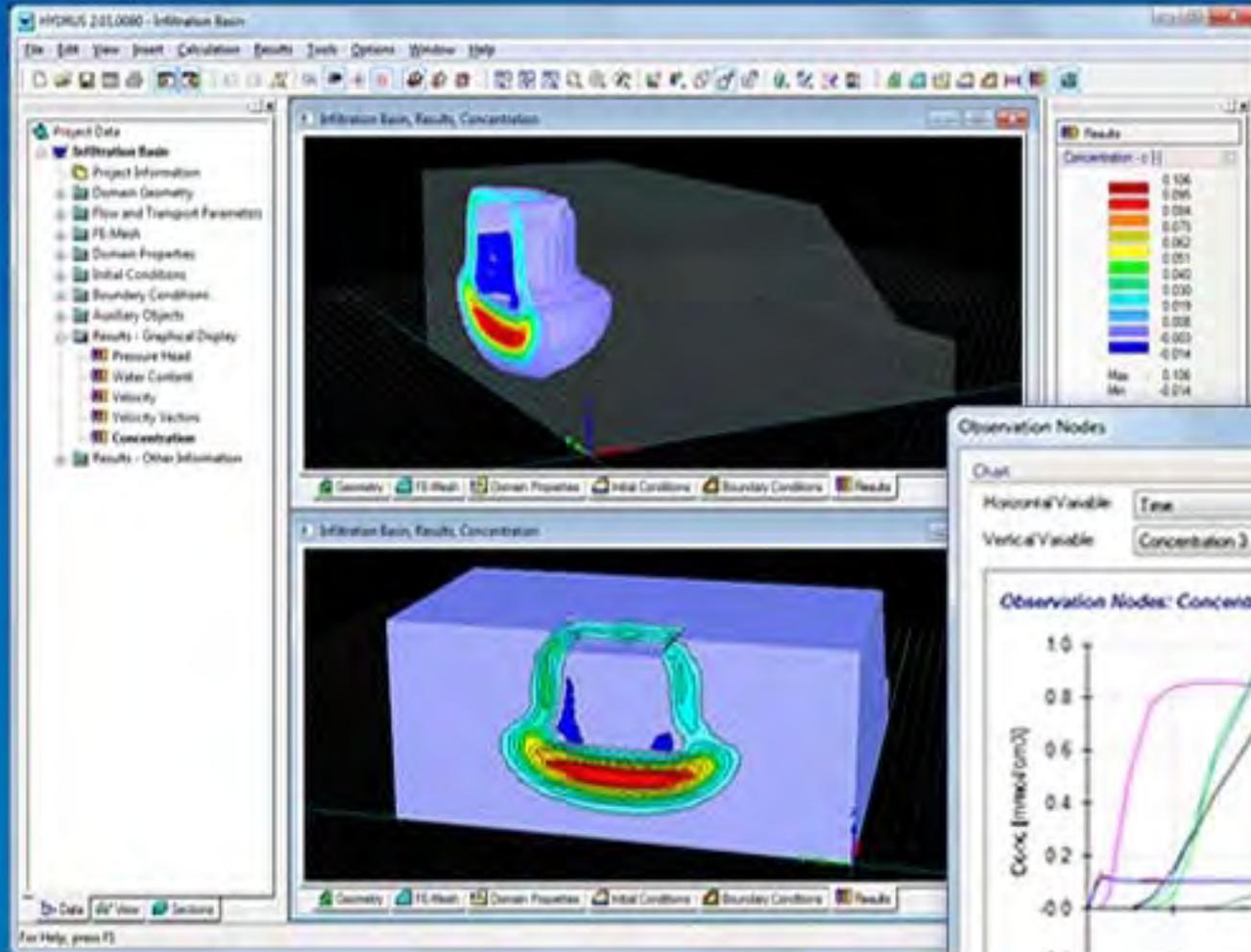


# HYDRUS (2D/3D)

**Software for Simulating Water Flow  
and Solute Transport in Two/Three-  
Dimensional Variably-Saturated Soils  
Using Numerical Solutions**

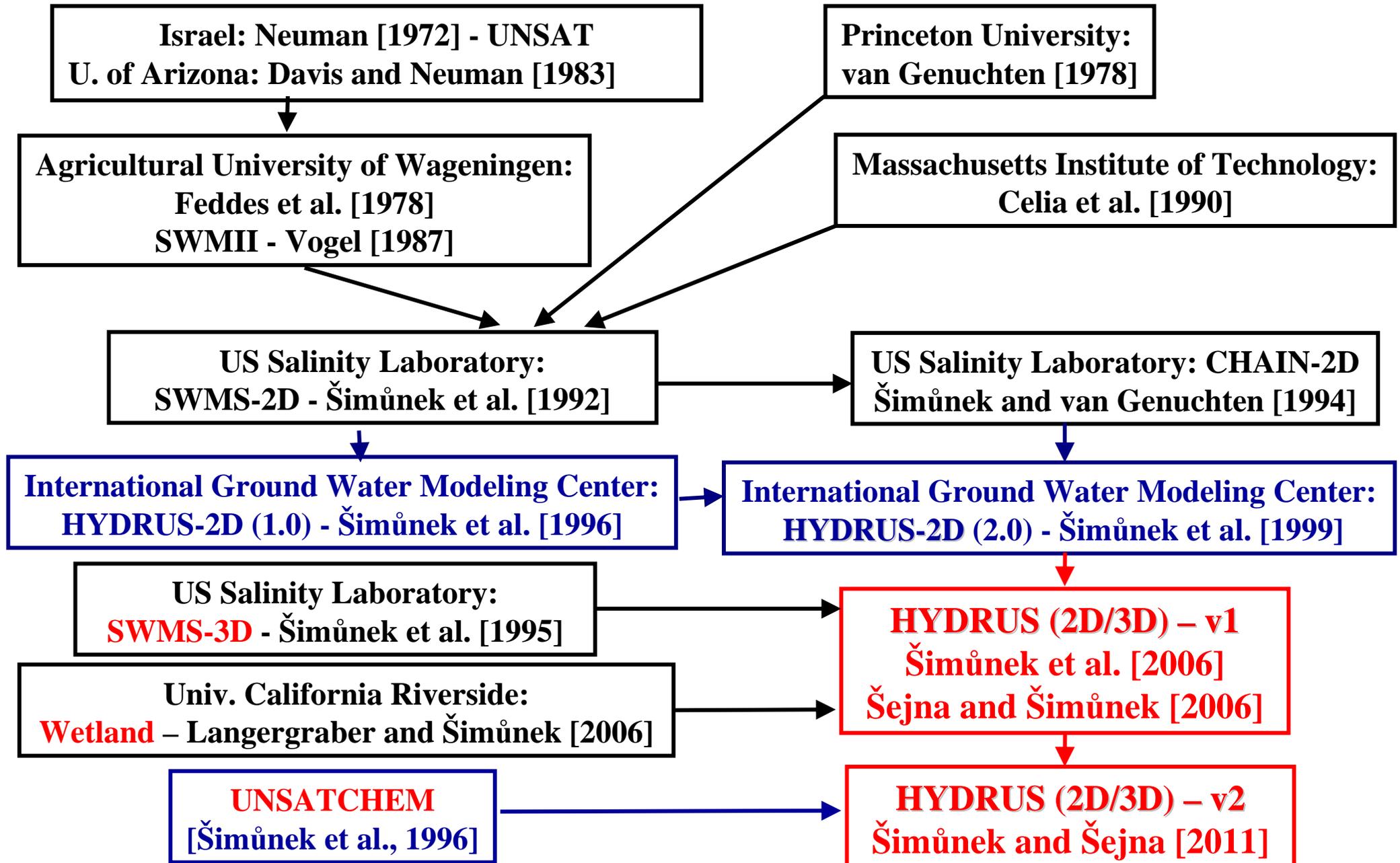
# HYDRUS

Software for simulating water, heat, and solute transport in variably saturated porous media.

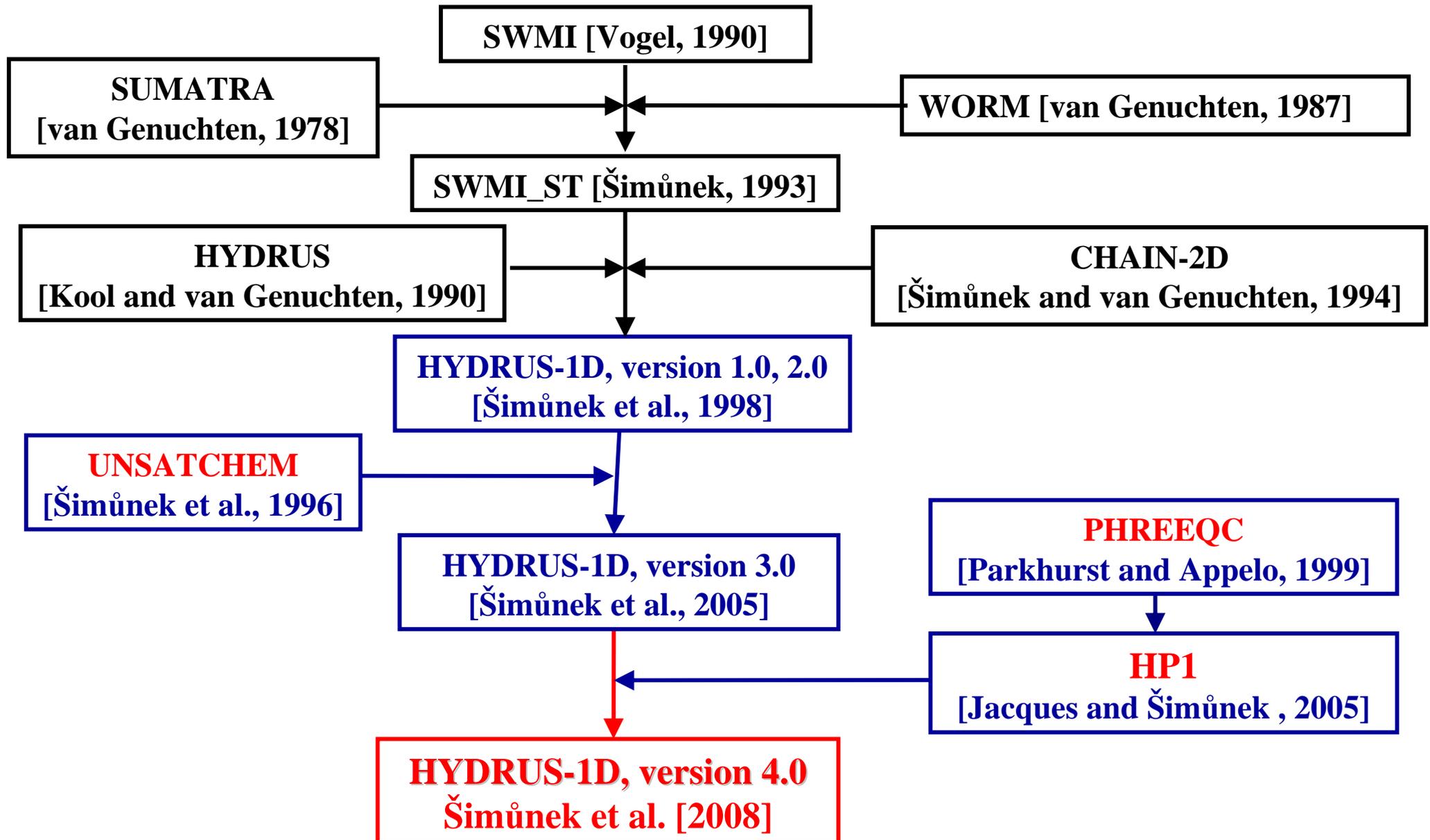


[www.hydrus3D.com](http://www.hydrus3D.com)

# HYDRUS - History of Development

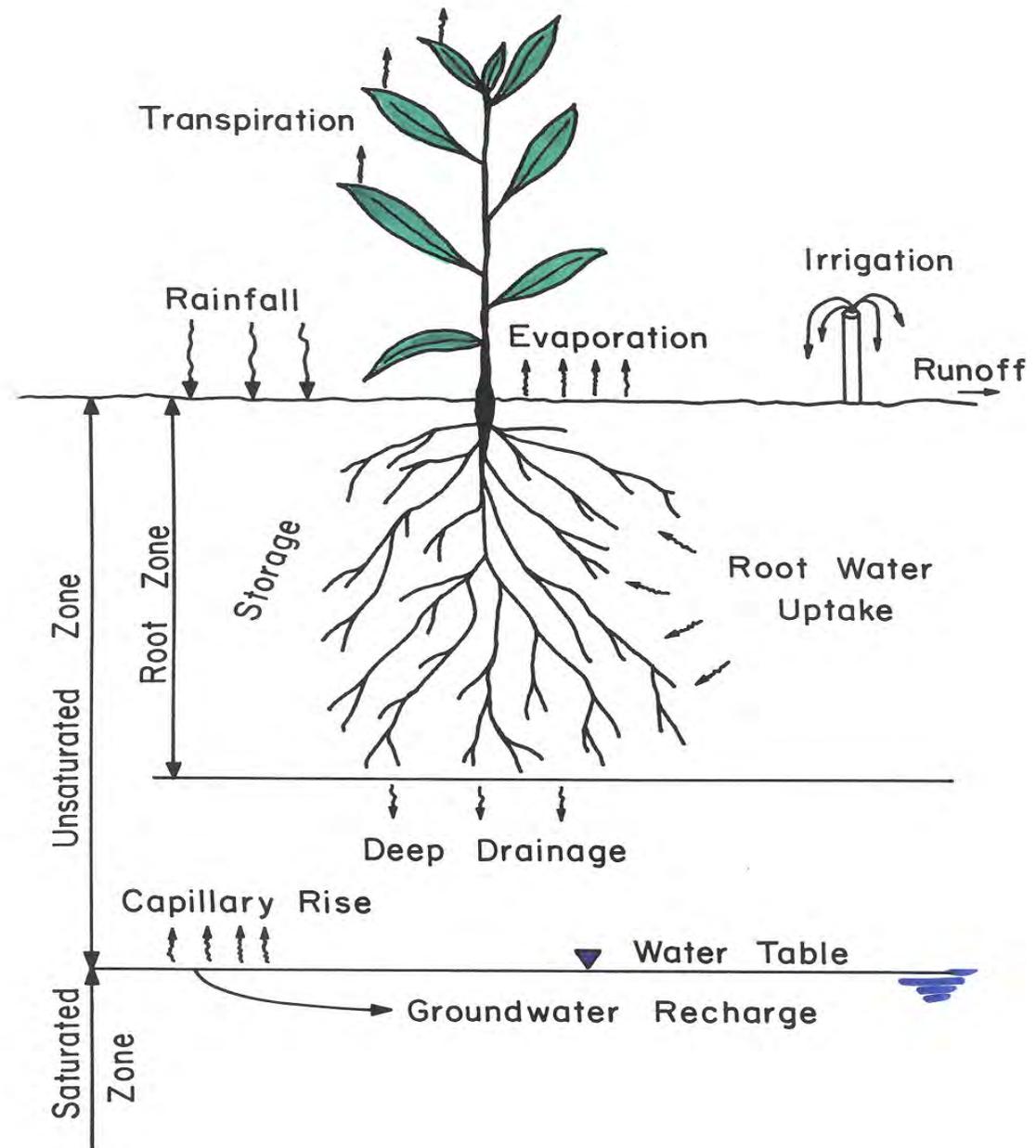


# HYDRUS-1D - History of Development



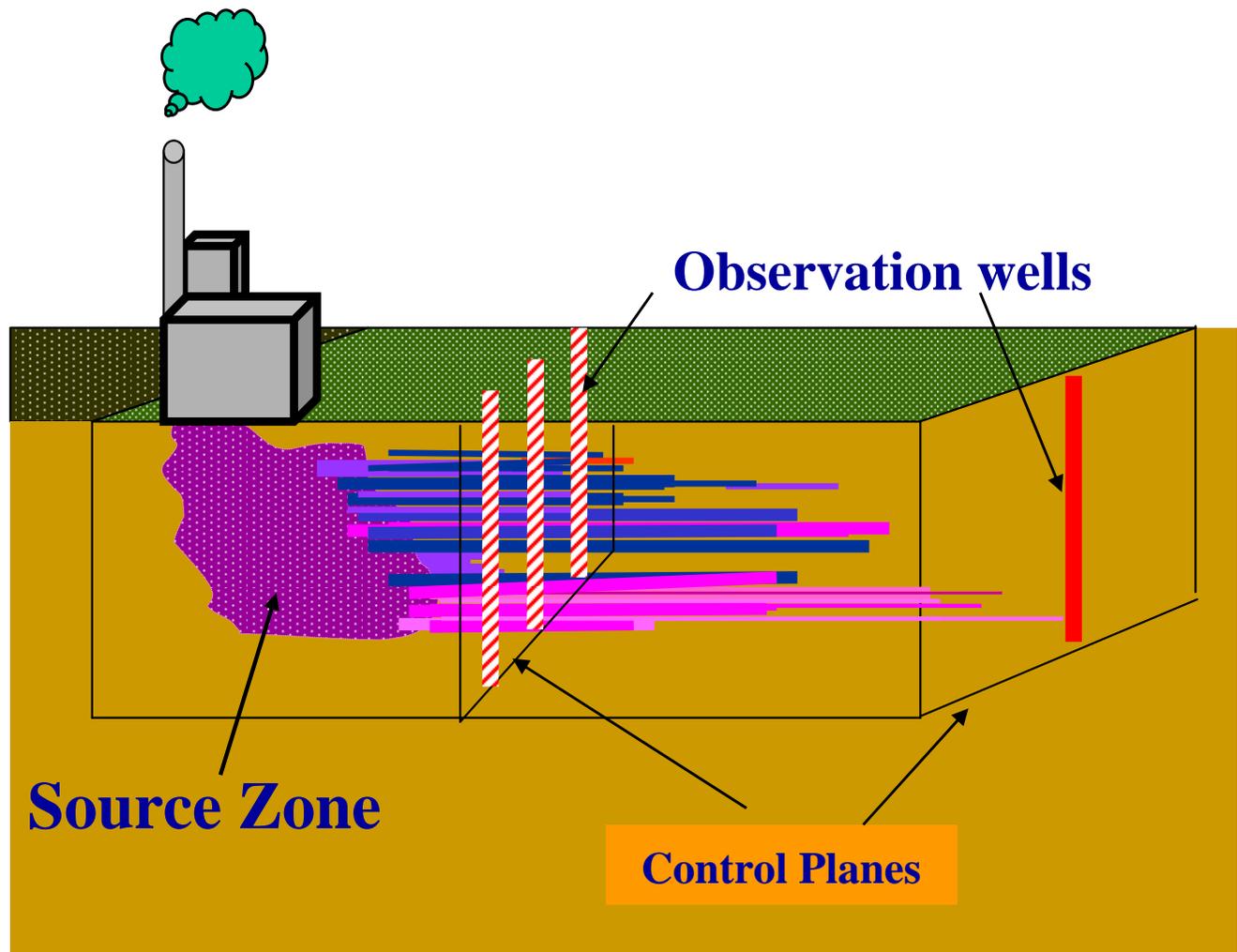
# Agricultural Applications

- ◆ Precipitation
- ◆ Irrigation
- ◆ Runoff
- ◆ Evaporation
- ◆ Transpiration
- ◆ Root Water Uptake
- ◆ Capillary Rise
- ◆ Deep Drainage
  
- ◆ Fertigation
- ◆ Pesticides
- ◆ Fumigants
- ◆ Colloids
- ◆ Pathogens
- ◆ Nanoparticles



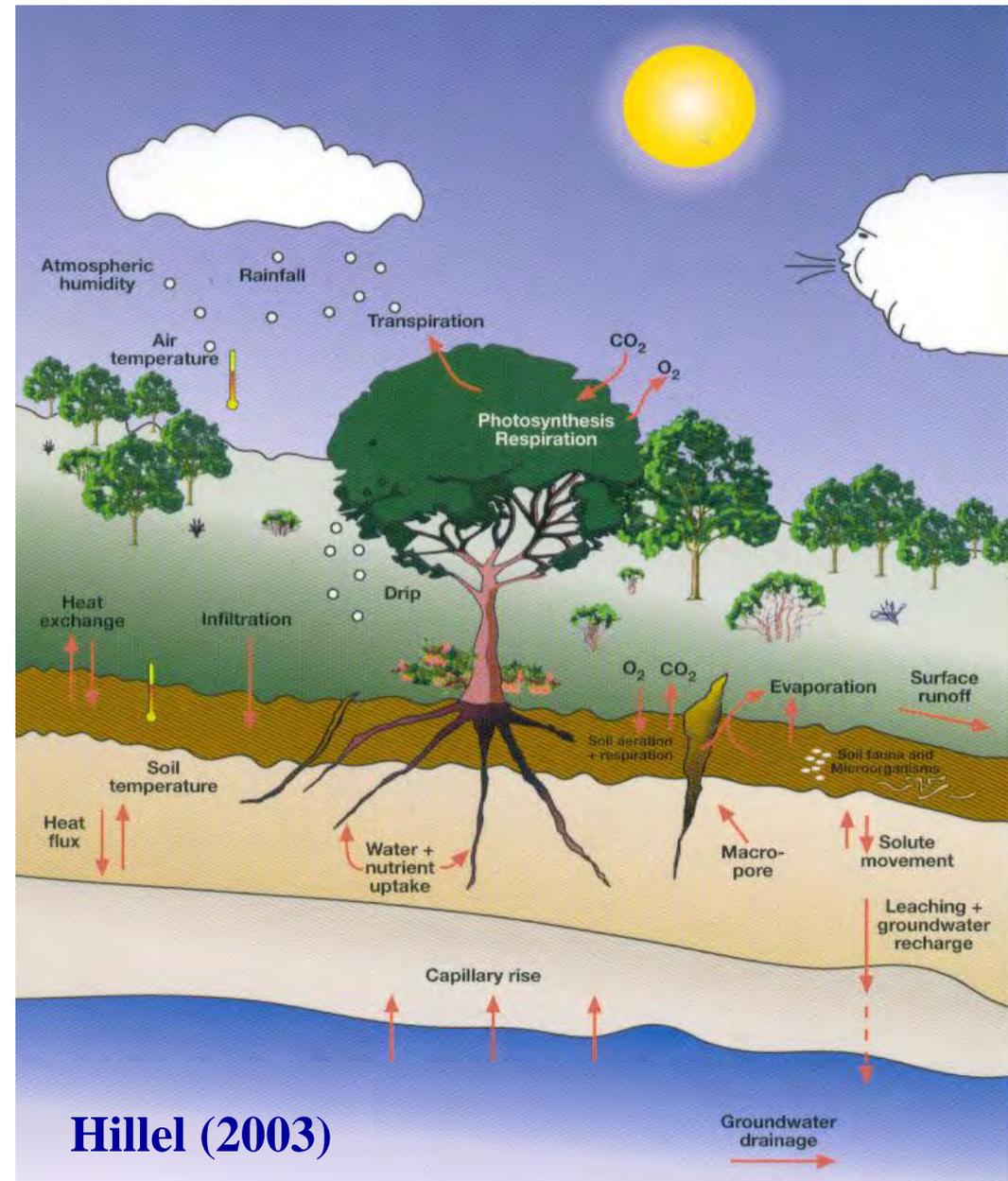
# Industrial Applications

- ◆ Industrial Pollution
- ◆ Municipal Pollution
- ◆ Landfill Covers
- ◆ Waste Repositories
- ◆ Radioactive Waste Disposal Sites
- ◆ Remediation
- ◆ Brine Releases
- ◆ Contaminant Plumes
- ◆ Seepage of Wastewater from Land Treatment Systems



# Environmental Applications

- ◆ Ecological Apps
- ◆ Carbon Storage and Fluxes
- ◆ Heat Exchange and Fluxes
- ◆ Nutrient Transport
- ◆ Soil Respiration
- ◆ Microbiological Processes
- ◆ Effects of Climate Change
- ◆ Riparian Systems
- ◆ Stream-Aquifer Interactions



# Governing Equations

Variably-Saturated Water Flow (**Richards Equation**)

$$\frac{\partial \theta(h)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ K(h) \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial z} - 1 \right) \right] - S(h)$$

Solute Transport (**Convection-Dispersion Equation**)

$$\frac{\partial(\rho s)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(\theta c)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \theta D \frac{\partial c}{\partial z} - qc \right) - \phi$$

Heat Movement

$$\frac{\partial C_p(\theta)T}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \lambda(\theta) \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right] - C_w \frac{\partial qT}{\partial z} - C_w ST$$

# HYDRUS – Main Processes

## **Water Flow:**

- ◆ Richards equation for variably-saturated water flow
- ◆ Various models of soil hydraulic properties
- ◆ Hysteresis
- ◆ Sink term, accounting for water uptake by plant roots (uncompensated and compensated; reduced due to osmotic and pressure stress)
- ◆ Preferential flow
- ◆ Isothermal and thermal liquid and vapor flow

## **Solute Transport:**

- ◆ Convective-dispersive transport in the liquid phase
- ◆ Diffusion in the gaseous phase
- ◆ Linear and nonlinear reactions between the solid and liquid phases
- ◆ Linear equilibrium reactions between the liquid and gaseous phases
- ◆ Zero-order production, First-order degradation
- ◆ Physical and chemical nonequilibrium solute transport
- ◆ Sink term, accounting for nutrient uptake by plant roots (active and passive)

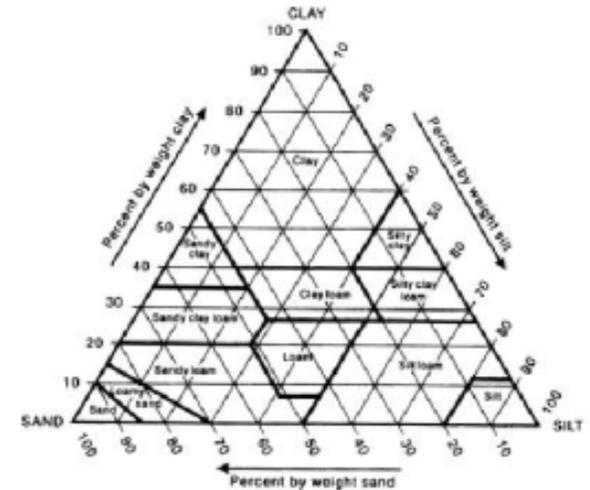
## **Heat Transport:**

- ◆ Conduction and convection with flowing water (transport of latent heat)

# PTFs by Carsel and Parrish (1988)

Average values of selected soil water retention parameters for 12 major soil textural groups

Texture	$\theta_r$	$\theta_s$	$\alpha$ 1/cm	$n$	$K_s$ cm/d
Sand	0.045	0.43	0.145	2.68	712.8
Loamy Sand	0.057	0.41	0.124	2.28	350.2
Sandy Loam	0.065	0.41	0.075	1.89	106.1
Loam	0.078	0.43	0.036	1.56	24.96
Silt	0.034	0.46	0.016	1.37	6.00
Silt Loam	0.067	0.45	0.020	1.41	10.80
Sandy Clay Loam	0.100	0.39	0.059	1.48	31.44
Clay Loam	0.095	0.41	0.019	1.31	6.24
Silty Clay Loam	0.089	0.43	0.010	1.23	1.68
Sandy Clay	0.100	0.38	0.027	1.23	2.88
Silty Clay	0.070	0.36	0.005	1.09	0.48
Clay	0.068	0.38	0.008	1.09	4.80



USDA Soil Textural Triangle

# ROSETTA

Software for predicting the **Soil Hydraulic Parameters** (van Genuchten, 1980) from **Soil Textural Properties** (Schaap et al., 2001).

**Hierarchical Models**

**Input Data**

**Predicted Parameters**

Rosetta Lite v. 1.1 (June 2003)

Select Model

Textural classes

% Sand, Silt and Clay (SSC)

% Sand, Silt, Clay and Bulk Density (BD)

SSCBD+ water content at 33 kPa (TH33)

Same + water content at 1500 kPa (TH1500)

Input

Textural Class: Unknown

Sand [%]: 30

Silt [%]: 20

Clay [%]: 50

BD [gr/cm3]: 1.3

TH33 [cm3/cm3]:

TH1500 [cm3/cm3]:

Output

Theta r [cm3/cm3]	0.0998
Theta s [cm3/cm3]	0.4957
Alpha [1/cm]	0.0195
n [-]	1.3031
Ks [cm/day]	21.73

Help! Predict Accept Cancel

Schaap, M. G., Leij, F. J., and van Genuchten, M. Th., Rosetta: a computer program for estimating soil hydraulic parameters with hierarchical pedotransfer functions, *Journal of Hydrology*, 251, 163-176, 2001.

# HYDRUS – Solute Transport

- ◆ Transport of **Single Ions or Particles** (colloids, viruses, bacteria)
- ◆ Transport of **Multiple Ions** (sequential first-order decay)
  - ◆ **Radionuclides:**  $^{238}\text{Pu} \rightarrow ^{234}\text{U} \rightarrow ^{230}\text{Th} \rightarrow ^{226}\text{Ra}$
  - ◆ **Nitrogen:**  $(\text{NH}_2)_2\text{CO} \rightarrow \text{NH}_4^+ \rightarrow \text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow \text{NO}_3^-$
  - ◆ **Pesticides:** aldicarb (oxime)  $\rightarrow$  sulfone (sulfone oxime)  $\rightarrow$  sulfoxide (sulfoxide oxime)
  - ◆ **Chlorinated Hydrocarbons:** PCE  $\rightarrow$  TCE  $\rightarrow$  c-DCE  $\rightarrow$  VC  $\rightarrow$  ethylene
  - ◆ **Pharmaceuticals, Hormones:** Estrogen (17 $\beta$ Estradiol  $\rightarrow$  Estrone  $\rightarrow$  Estriol), Testosterone
  - ◆ **Explosives:** TNT ( $\rightarrow$  4HADNT  $\rightarrow$  4ADNT  $\rightarrow$  TAT), RDX, HMX
- ◆ Transport of Major Ions (the **UNSATCHEM** module)
- ◆ General **BioGeoChemical** Reactions (the **HP1** module)
- ◆ Processes in Wetlands (the **CW2D** and **CWM1** modules)
- ◆ Colloid-Facilitated Solute Transport (the **C-Hitch** module)

# HYDRUS (2D/3D)

The screenshot displays the Hydrus-3D software interface for a project named "FURROW". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Calculation, Results, Tools, Options, Window, Help), a toolbar with various icons, and a central workspace with two view windows. The top view window shows a 3D perspective of a dike structure with a color-coded pressure head distribution. The bottom view window shows a 2D cross-section of the same structure. A legend on the right side of the interface provides a color scale for pressure head values in centimeters, ranging from -75.860 to 72.851. The interface also features a navigator bar on the left, a results panel on the right, and a bottom toolbar with tabs for Data, View, and Sections.

**Tool Bars**

**View Window**

**View Window**

**Navigator Bar**

**Tabs**

**Edit Bar**

**Results**

Pressure Head - h [cm]	Value
72.851	72.851
59.332	59.332
45.813	45.813
32.294	32.294
18.775	18.775
5.255	5.255
-8.264	-8.264
-21.783	-21.783
-35.302	-35.302
-48.821	-48.821
-62.340	-62.340
-75.860	-75.860

Max : 72.851  
Min : -75.860

Time Layer  
Time 19 - 65.00 days

Flow Animation

Chart Tools

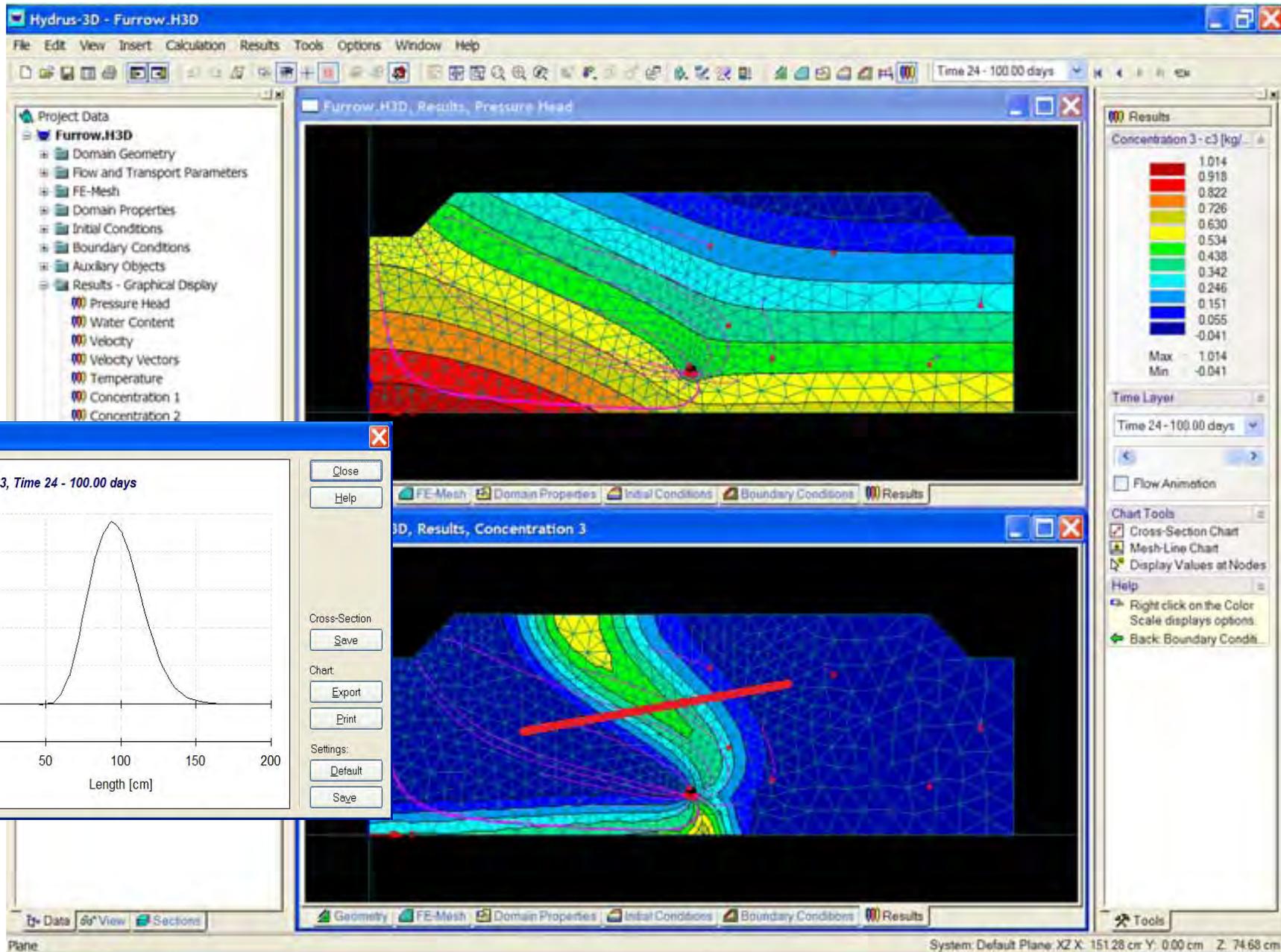
- Cross-Section Chart
- Boundary Line Chart
- Display Values at Nodes

Help

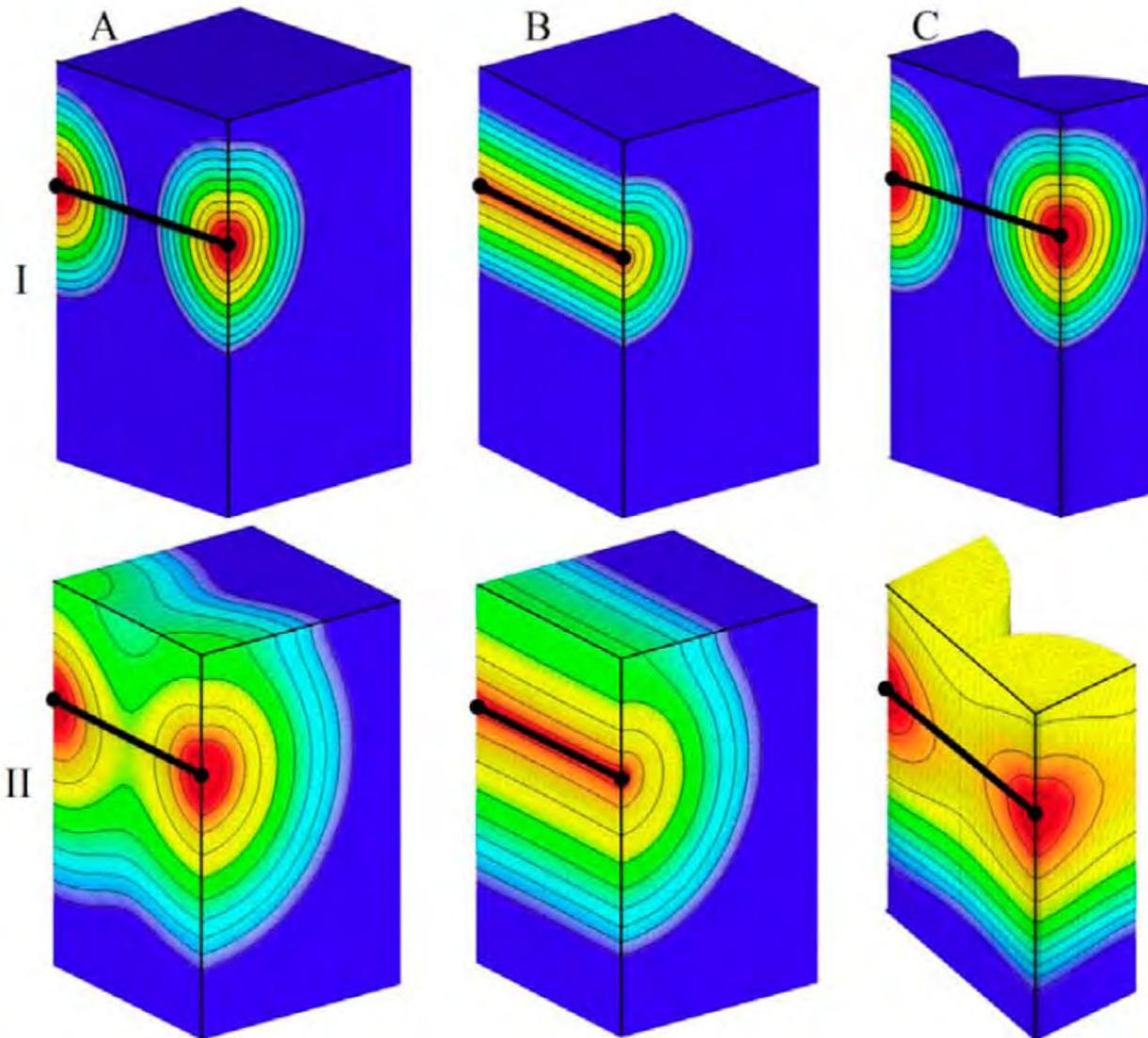
- Right click on the Color Scale displays options.
- Back: Boundary Conditions

For Help, press F1

# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



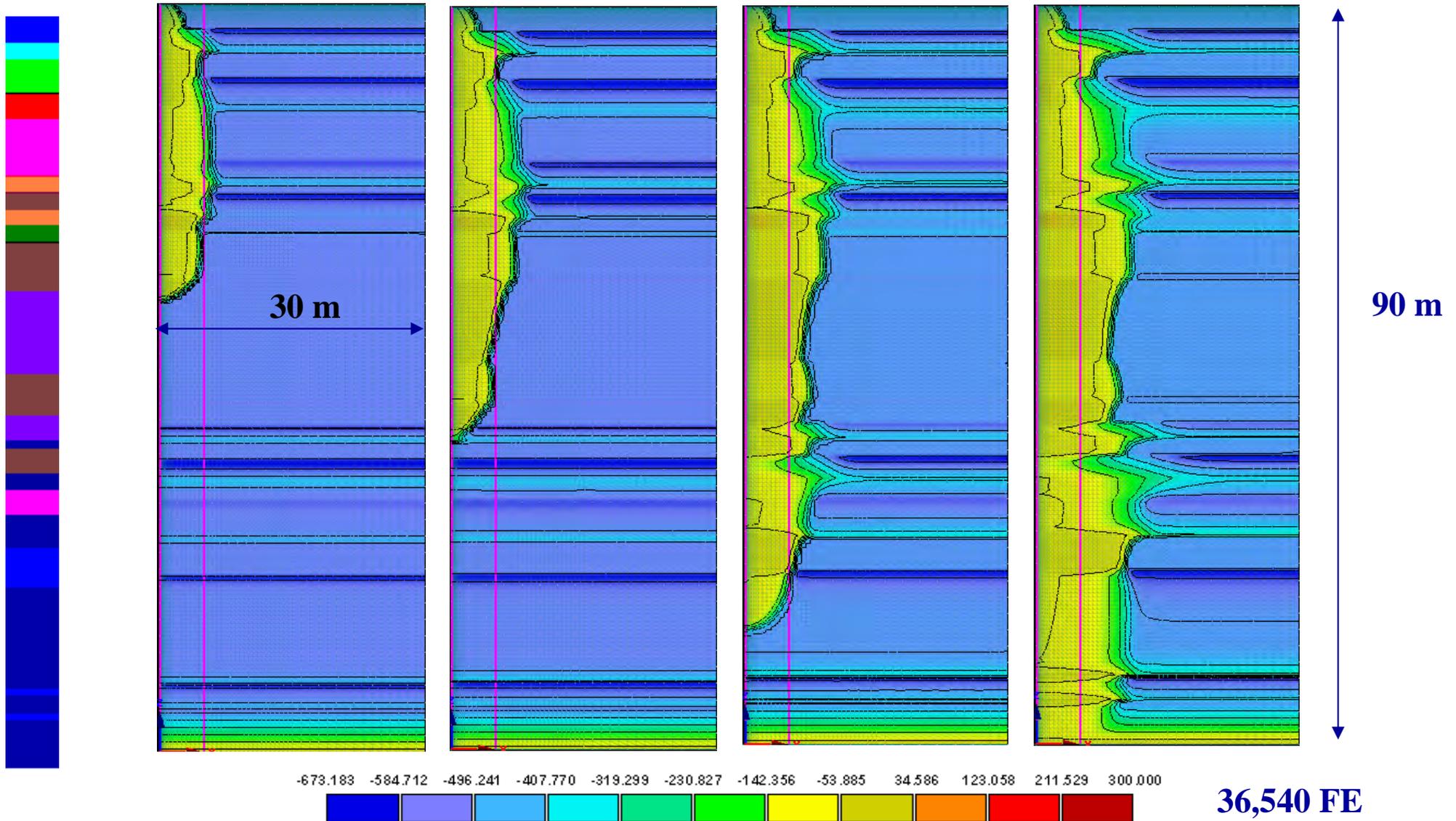
## Subsurface Drip Irrigation System

Soil water content  
simulated as:

- A. a **Three-Dimensional** system with **two point sources**
- B. a **Two-Dimensional** system with **a line source**
- C. An **Axisymmetrical** two-dimensional system with **a point source**

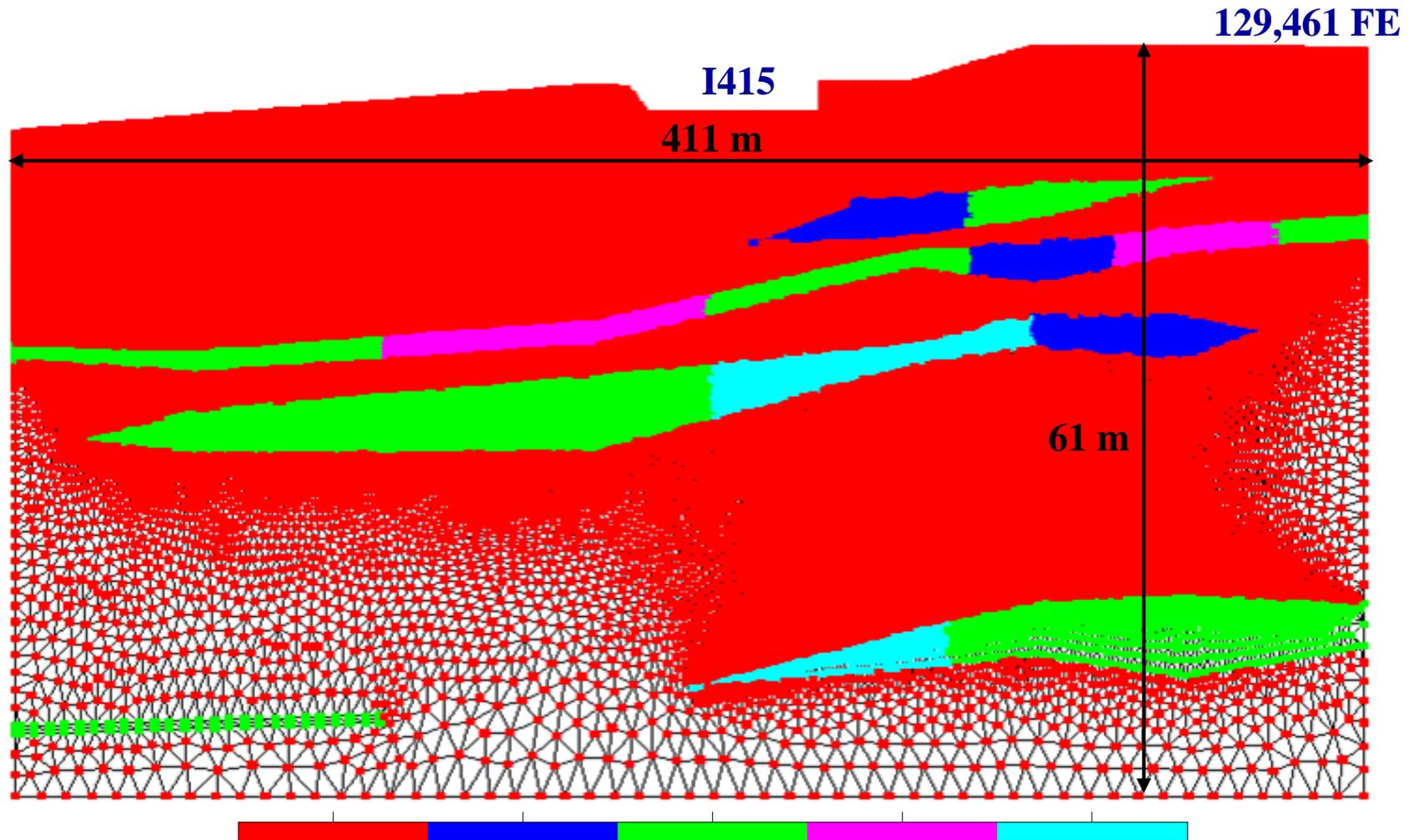
Kandelous, M. M., J. Šimůnek, M. Th. van Genuchten, and K. Malek, Soil water content distributions between two emitters of a subsurface drip irrigation system, *Soil Science Society of America Journal*, 75(2), 488-497, 2011.

# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



**Pressure head profiles after 10, 25, 50, and 100 years.  
Leak (2 mm diameter) at the bottom of the Palmdale Reservoir.**

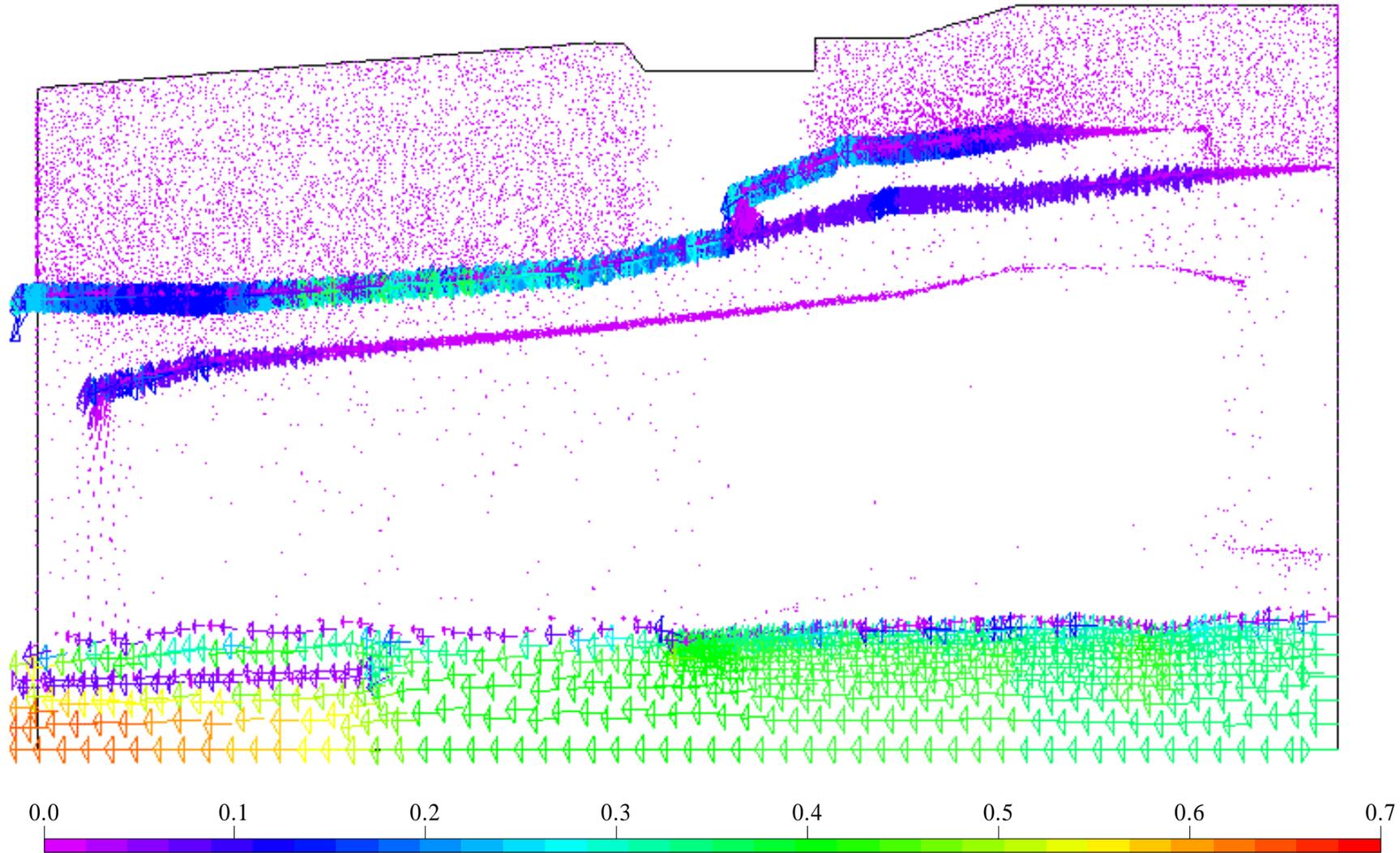
# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



**Finite element mesh and material distribution.**

**Two-dimensional transect 411 m wide and 61 m deep with a freeway in the middle.**

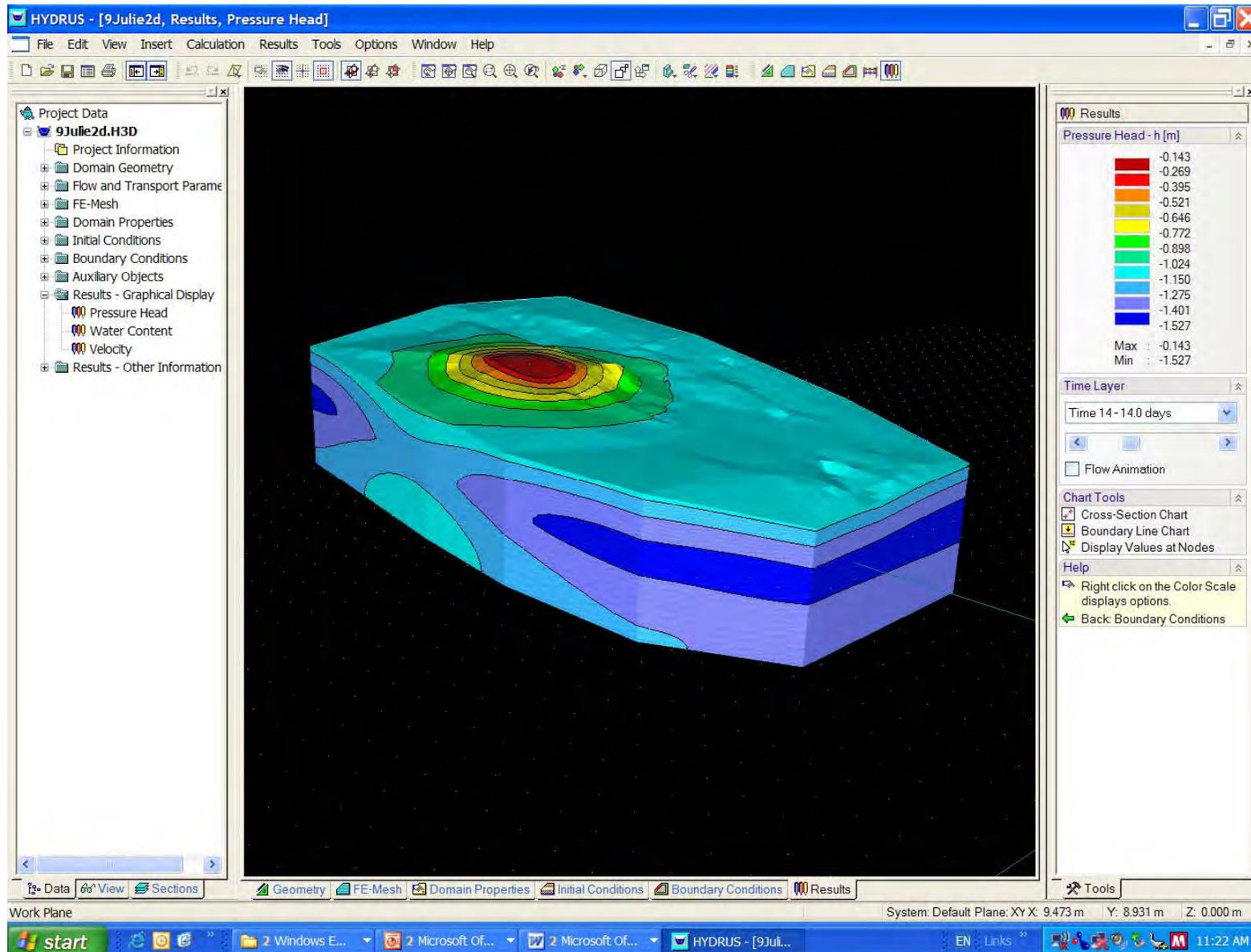
# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



## Velocity vectors

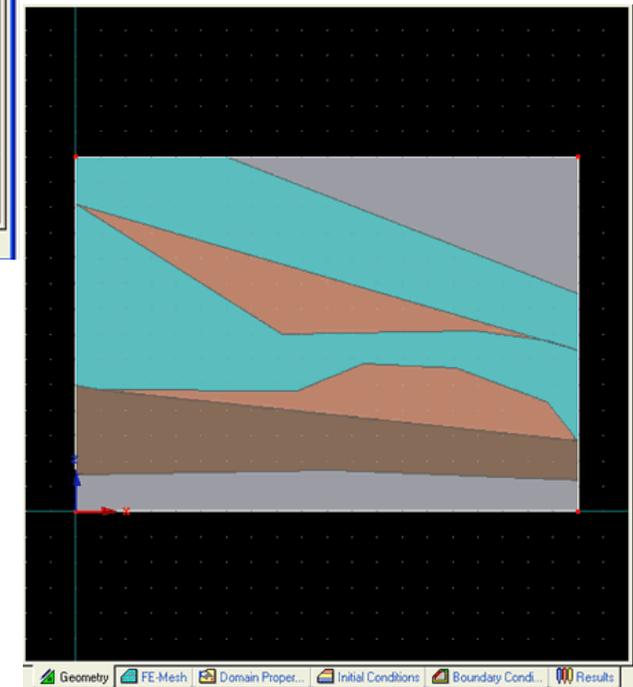
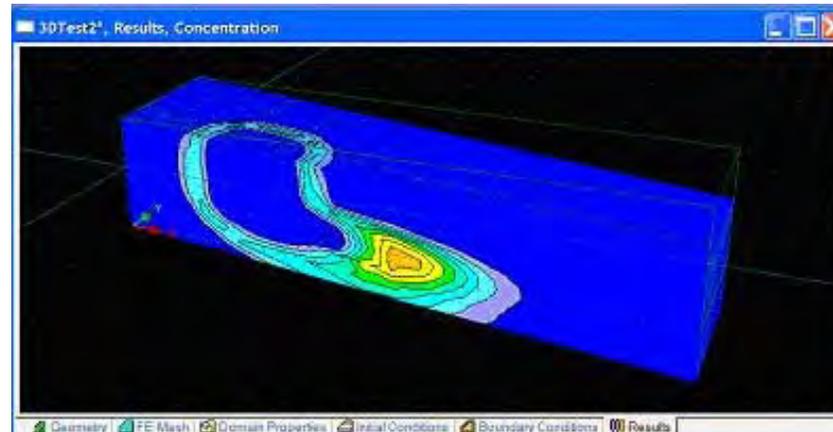
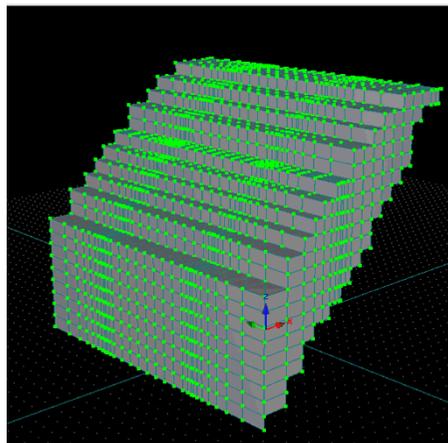
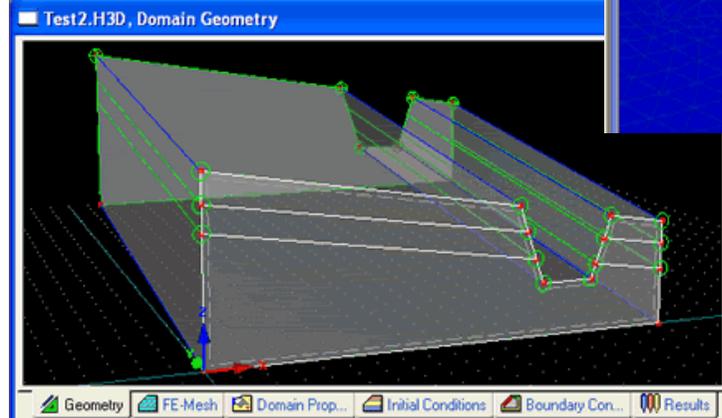
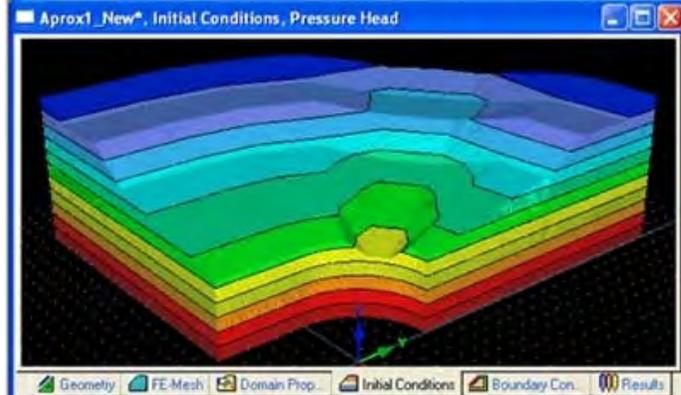
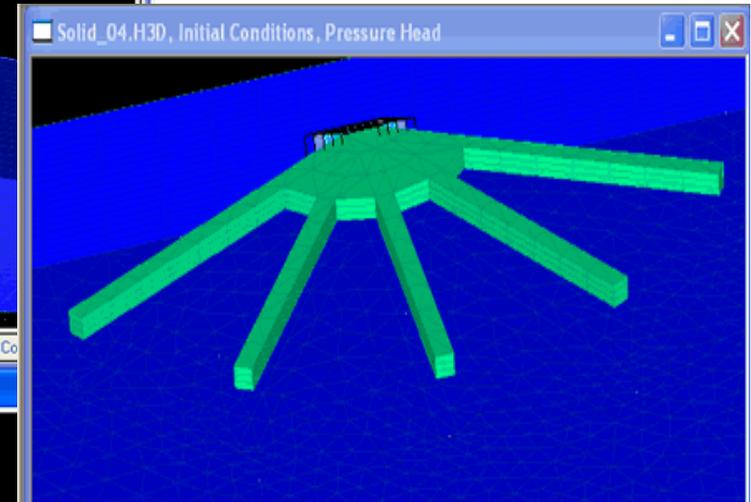
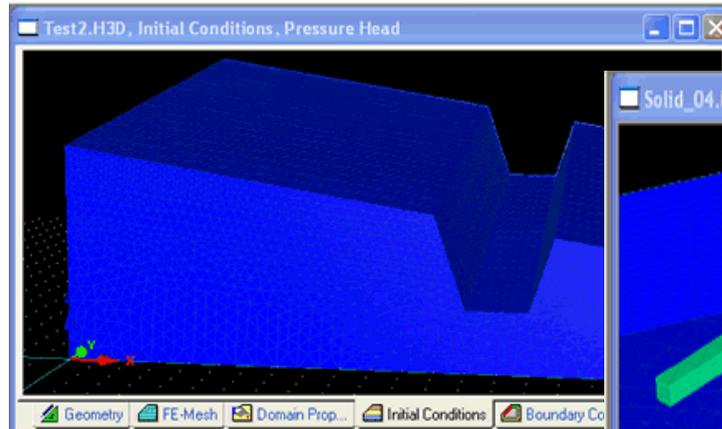
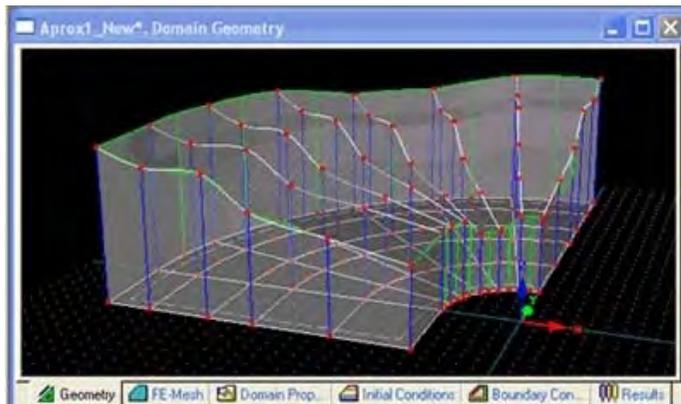
Two-dimensional transect 411 m wide and 61 m deep with a freeway in the middle

# HYDRUS (2D/3D)



**Three-Dimensional Transport Domain**

# HYDRUS (2D/3D) Projects



# HYDRUS - Transport Domains

**A. 2D – Simple**

**B. 2D – General**

**C. 3D – Simple**

**D. 3D – Layered**

**E. 3D – General**

**HYDRUS Levels:**

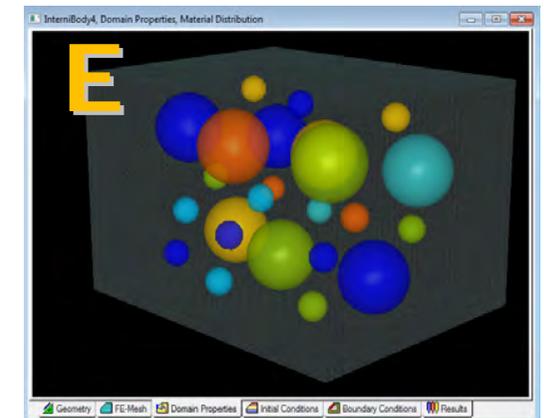
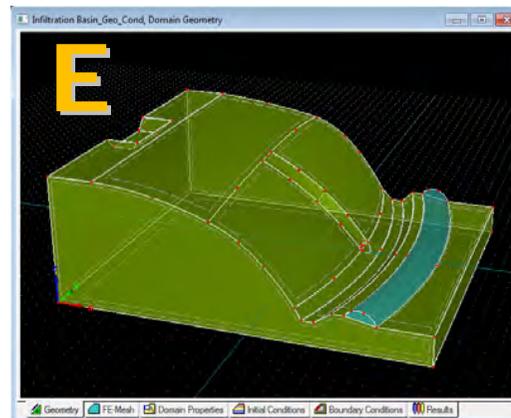
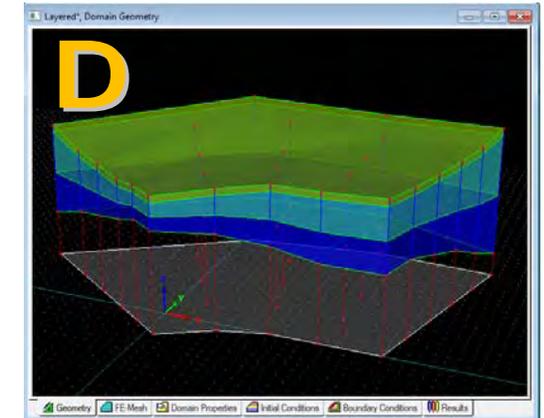
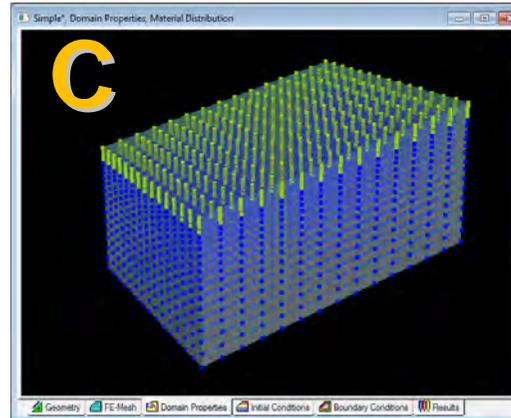
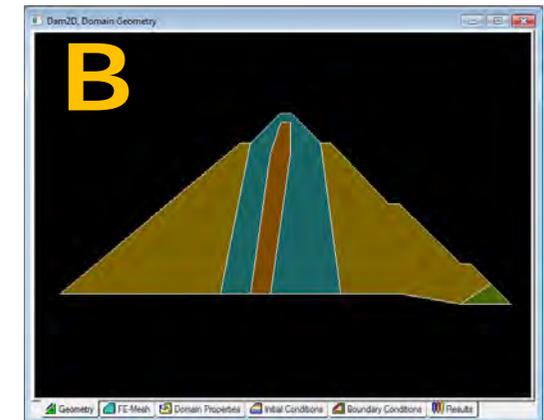
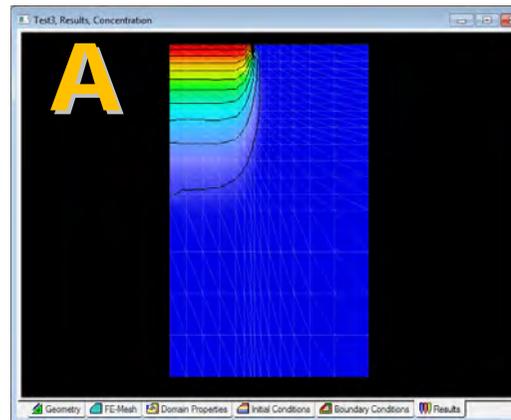
**2D – Lite (A)**

**2D – Standard (A+B)**

**3D – Lite (A+C)**

**3D – Standard (A+B+C+D)**

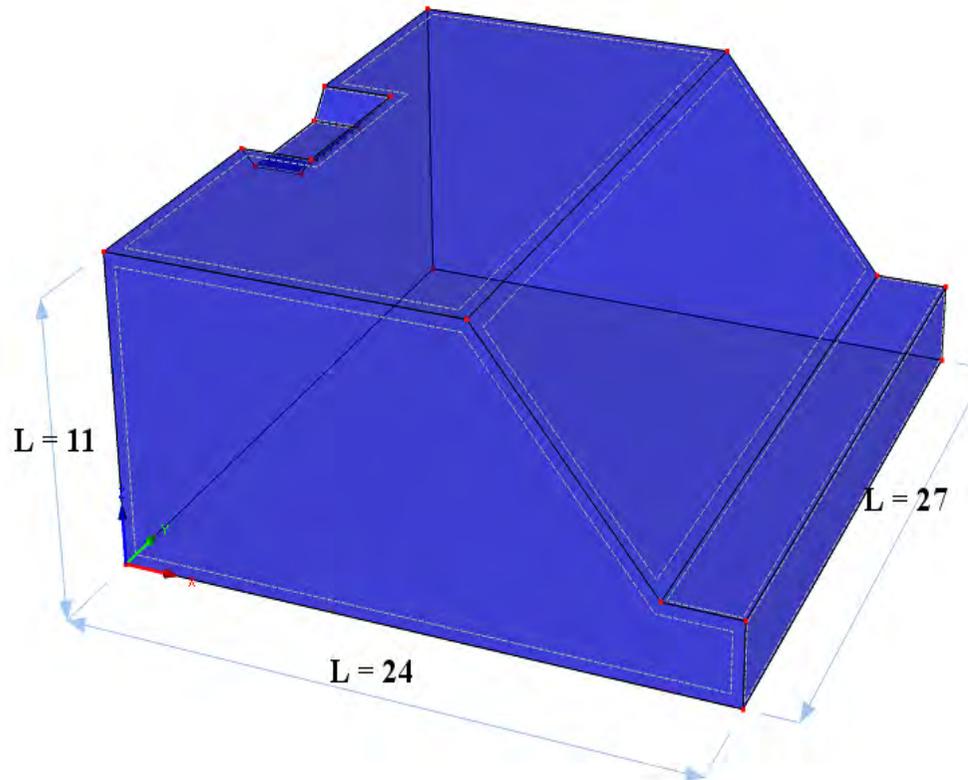
**3D – Professional (All)**



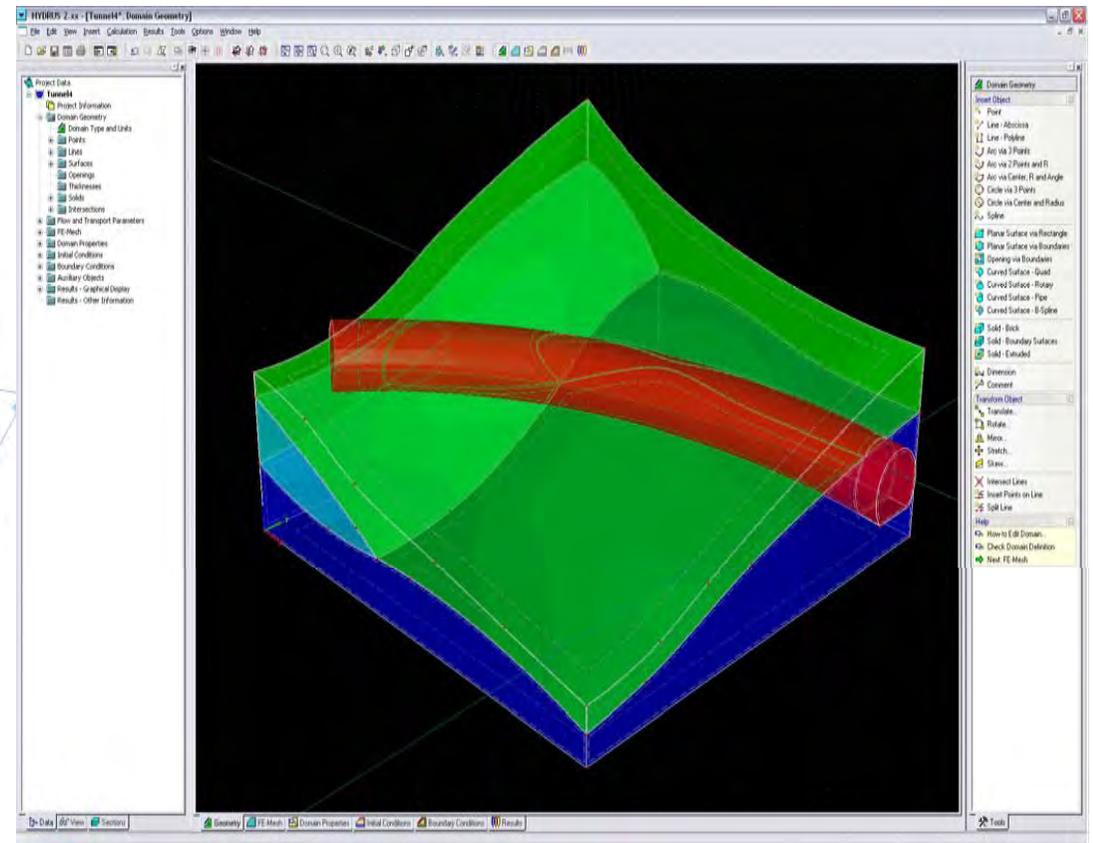
# HYDRUS (2D/3D) - Geometries

## 3D-General Geometries:

Geometry defined using  
**Planar Surfaces:**



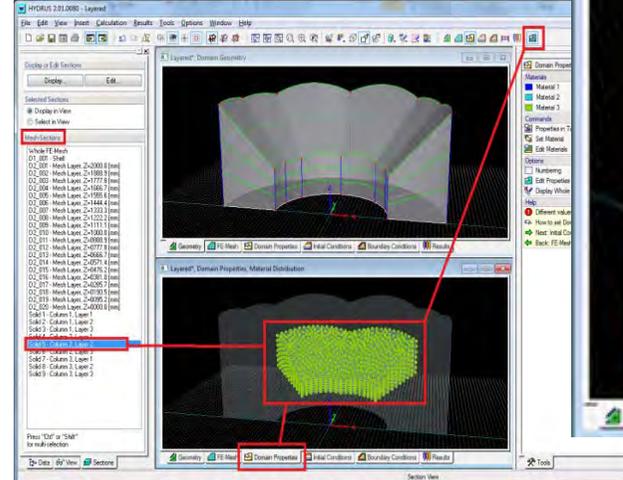
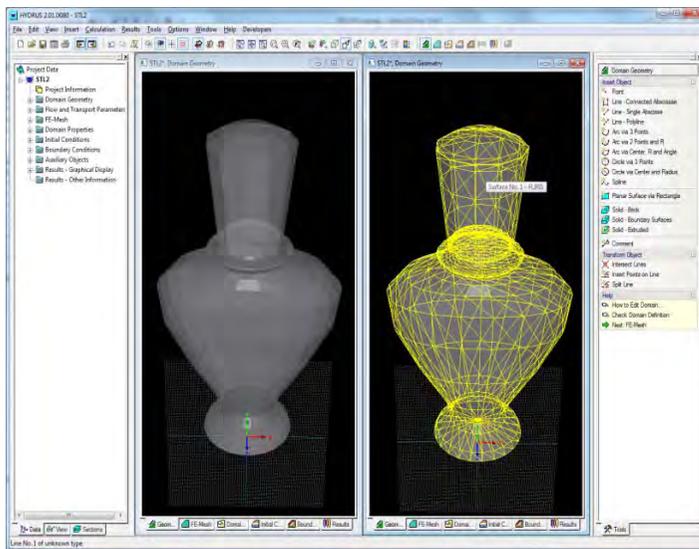
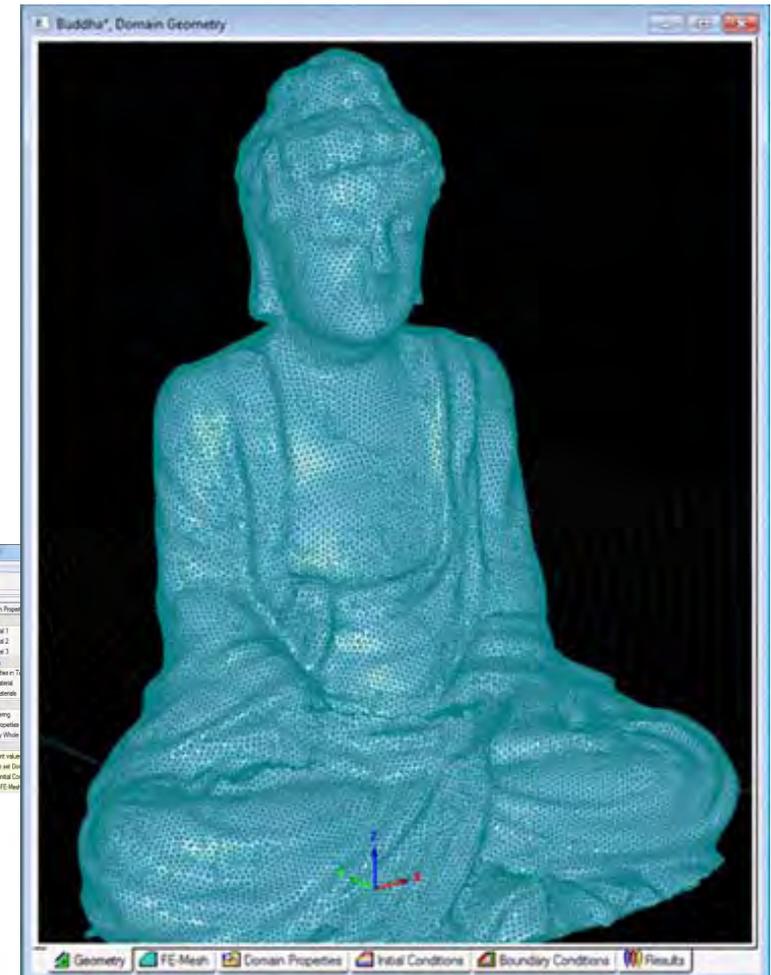
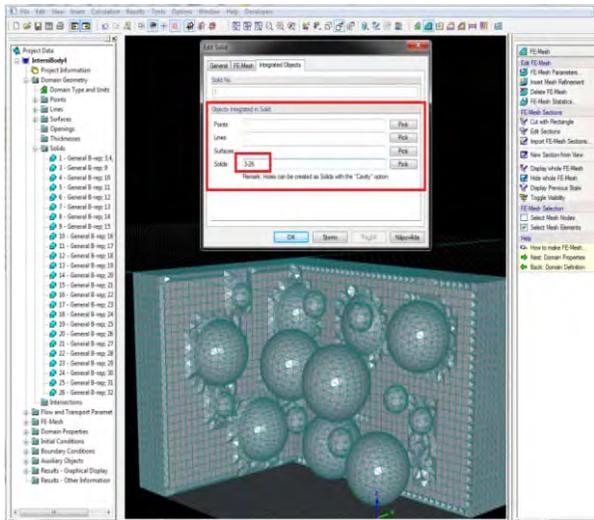
Geometry defined using  
**Curved Surfaces:**



The tunnel (the red object) is defined using a surface that intersects all other three surfaces

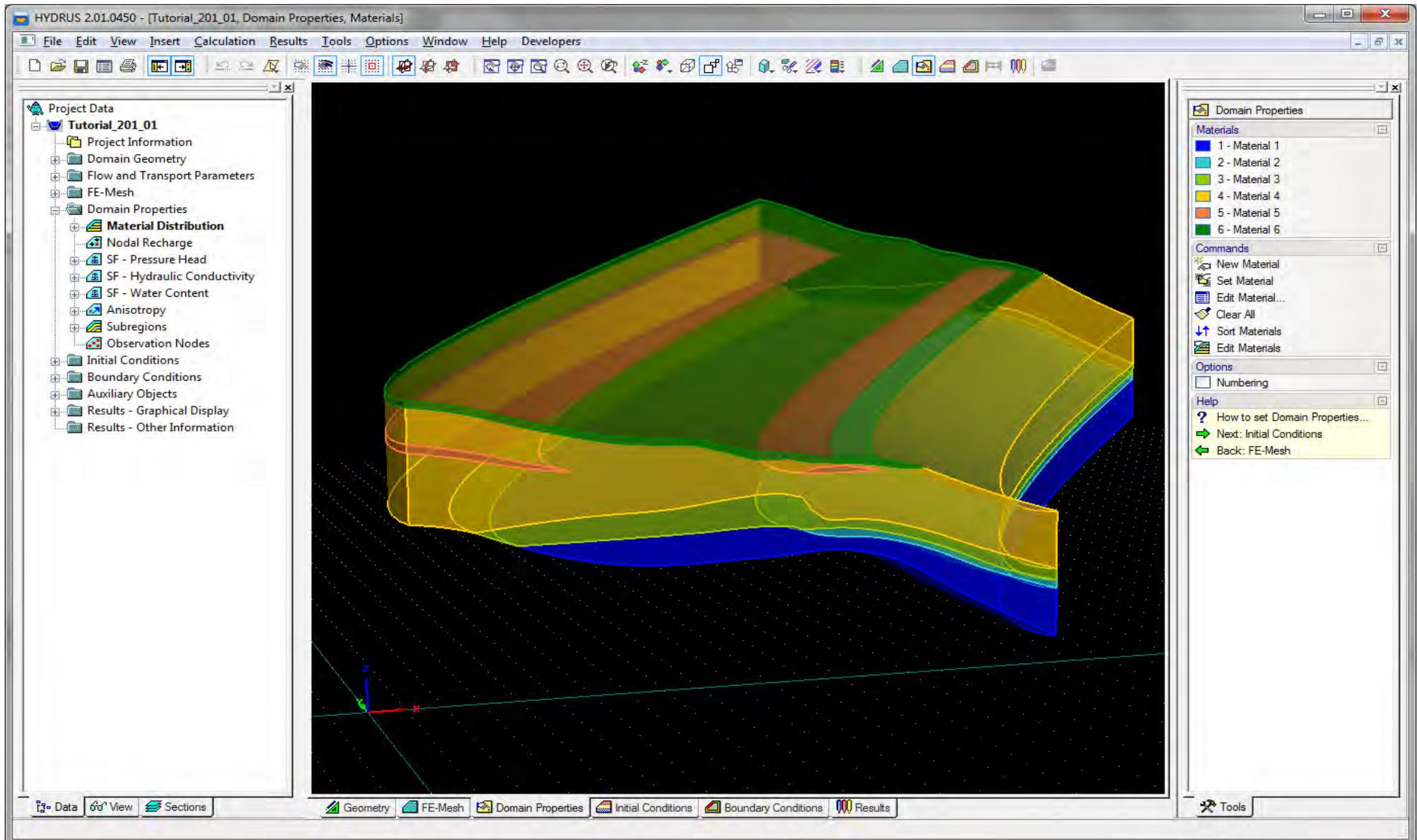
# General 3D Geometries

**Import** of complex Geometries (e.g., **DXF**, TIN, STL)



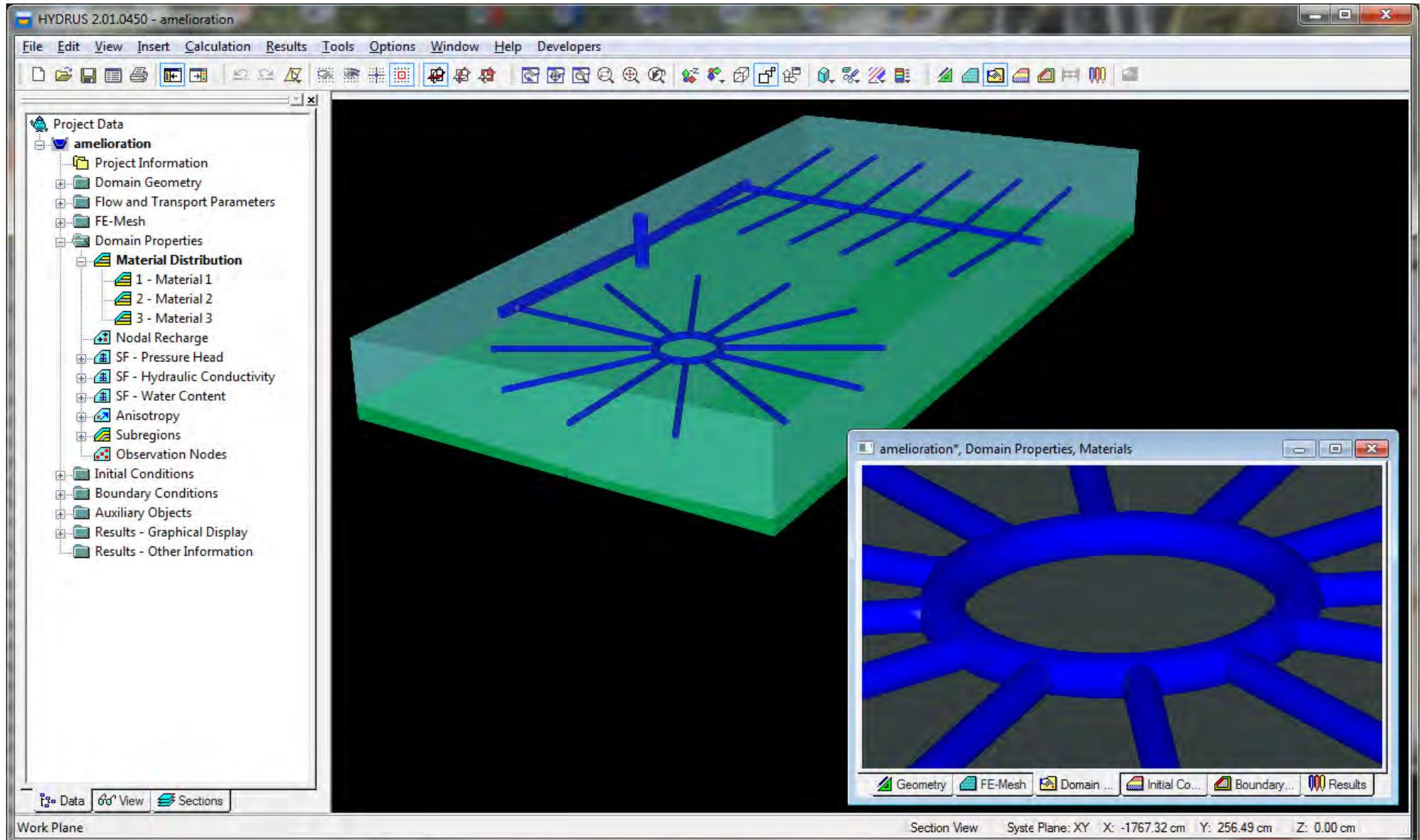
# HYDRUS: 3D-Professional

## Discontinuous 3D Layers



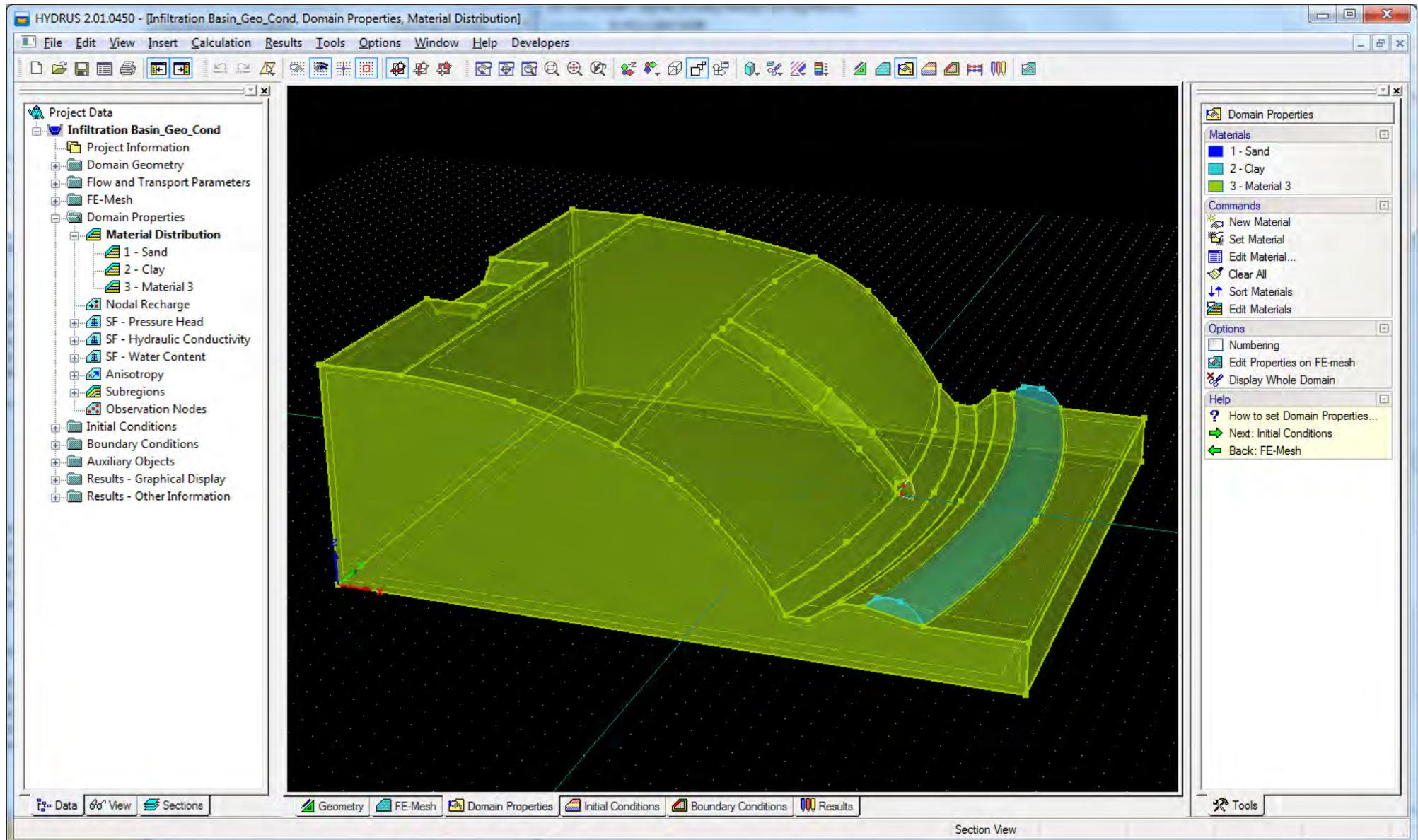
# HYDRUS: 3D-Professional

## Complex Drainage Systems



# HYDRUS: 3D-Professional

## Infiltration Basin



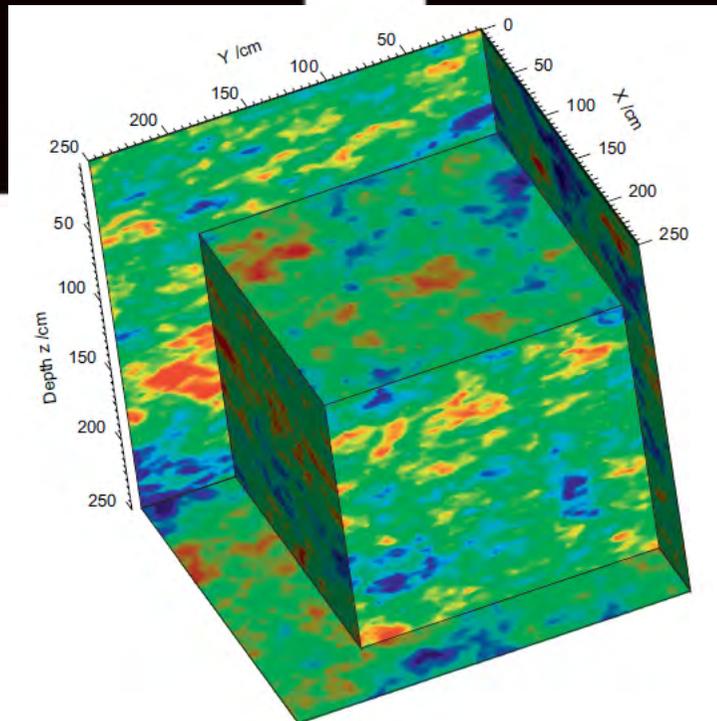
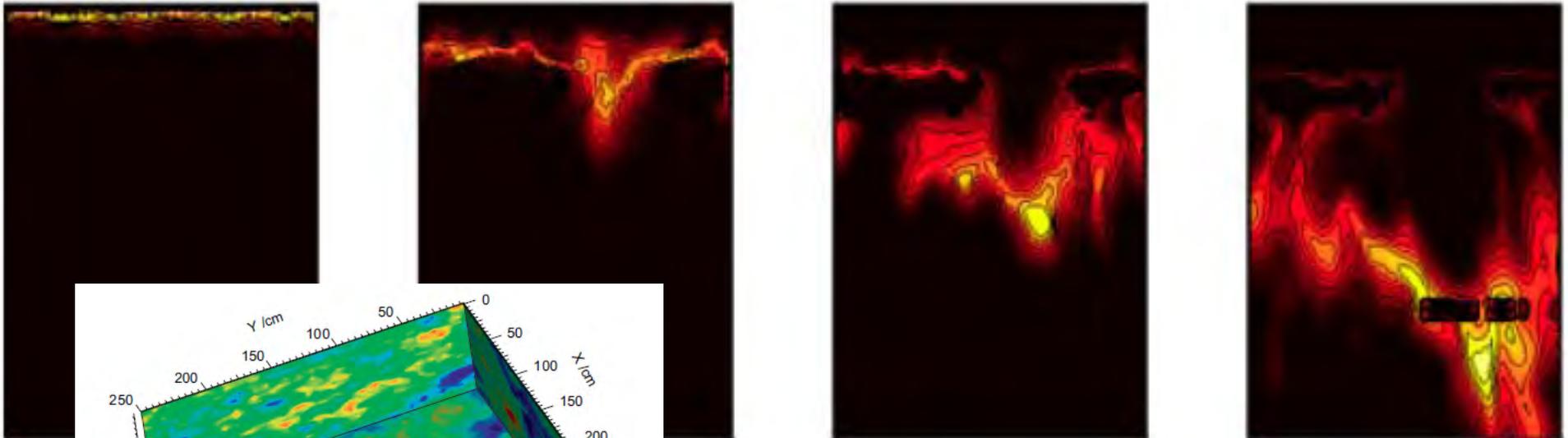
# ParSWMS – Parallelized Version of HYDRUS

- ◆ **ParSWMS** (Hardelauf et al., 2007) - Parallelized version of **SWMS\_3D** (Šimůnek et al., 1995).
- ◆ **Developed by** *Forschungszentrum Jülich, Germany.*
- ◆ **SWMS\_3D** – earlier and simpler version of Hydrus-3D
- ◆ **MPI (Message-Passing Interface)** - a library specification for message-passing between the different processors. MPI is free software for LINUX or UNIX operating systems.
- ◆ **Test**
  - Water flow and solute transport problem - 492264 finite element nodes
  - Supercomputer with 41 SMP nodes with 32 processors each (total 1312 processors - Power4+ 1.7 GHz)

# ParSWMS – Parallelized Version of HYDRUS

**2D Water flow and solute transport (Hardelauf et al., 2007)**

**492,264 finite element nodes**

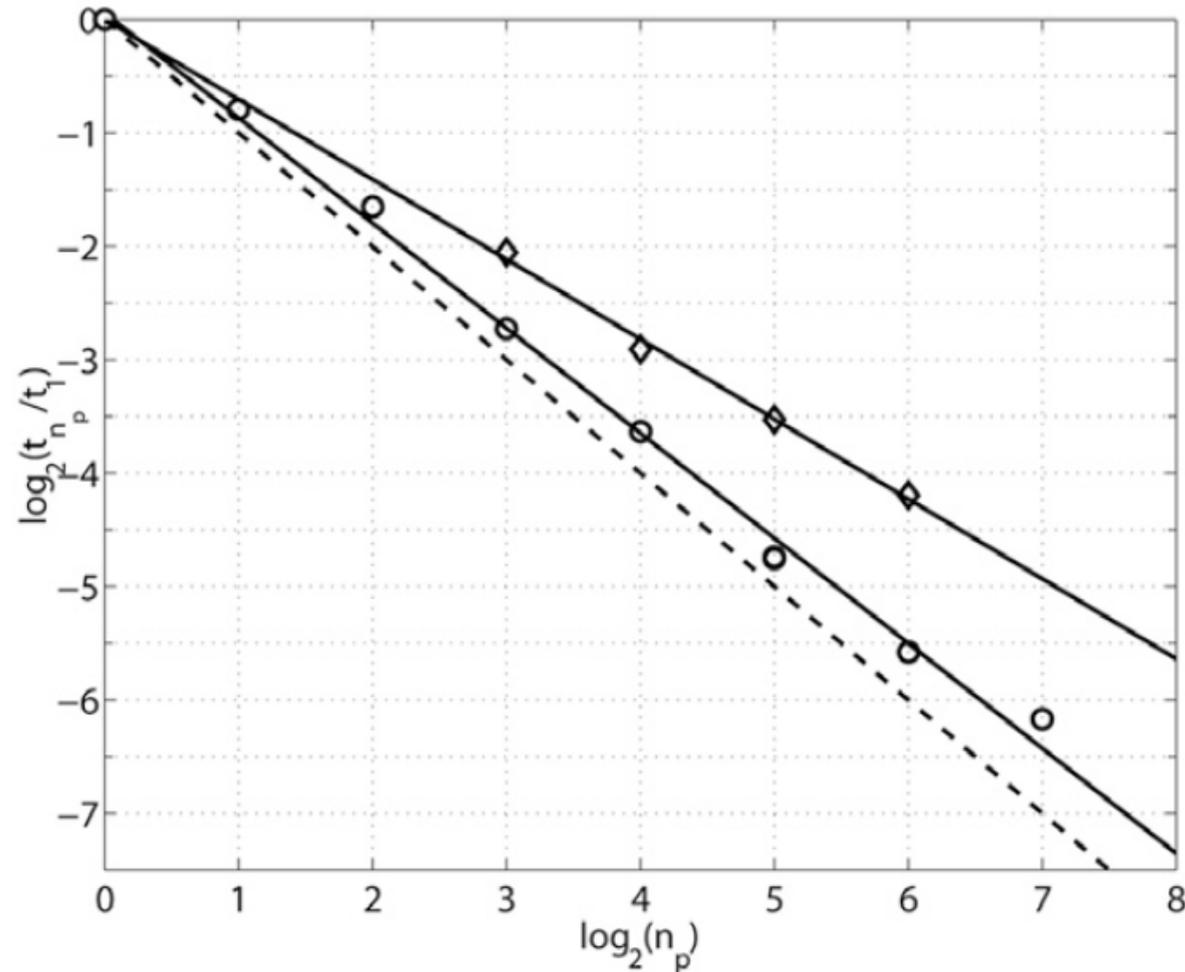


**3D Water flow problem**

**275,706 finite element nodes**

**(Herbst et al., 2008)**

# ParSWMS – Parallelized Version of HYDRUS



**Time gain as compared to the one processor run (in log2) as a function of the number of processors  $n_p$  (in log2) for solute transport scenario with 492,264 nodes (open circles) and water flow with atmospheric upper boundary conditions (diamonds).**

# HYDRUS Codes and its Modules

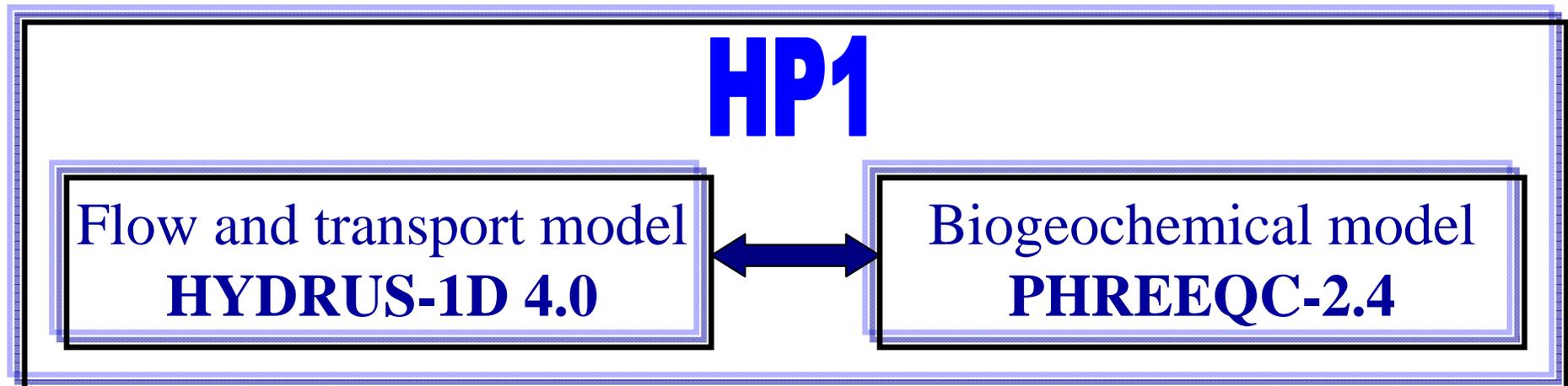
- ◆ **HYDRUS + PHREEQC = HP1**  
(hydrological + biogeochemical processes)
- ◆ **HYDRUS + UNSATCHEM**  
(hydrological + CO<sub>2</sub> + geochemical processes)
- ◆ **HYDRUS + Wetland (W2D/CWM1)**  
(processes in constructed wetlands)
- ◆ **HYDRUS + C-Hitch**  
(colloid-facilitated solute transport)
- ◆ **HYDRUS + MODFLOW**  
(hydrological processes at the large scale)

# HP1 (HYDRUS+PHREEQC)

Simulating water flow, transport and biogeochemical reactions in environmental soil quality problems

# HP1

A Coupled Numerical Code for  
Variably Saturated Water Flow,  
Solute Transport and  
**BioGeoChemistry**  
in Soil Systems



# HP1 (HYDRUS+PHREEQC)

## HYDRUS-1D:

- ◆ Variably Saturated Water Flow
- ◆ Solute Transport
- ◆ Heat transport
- ◆ Root water uptake

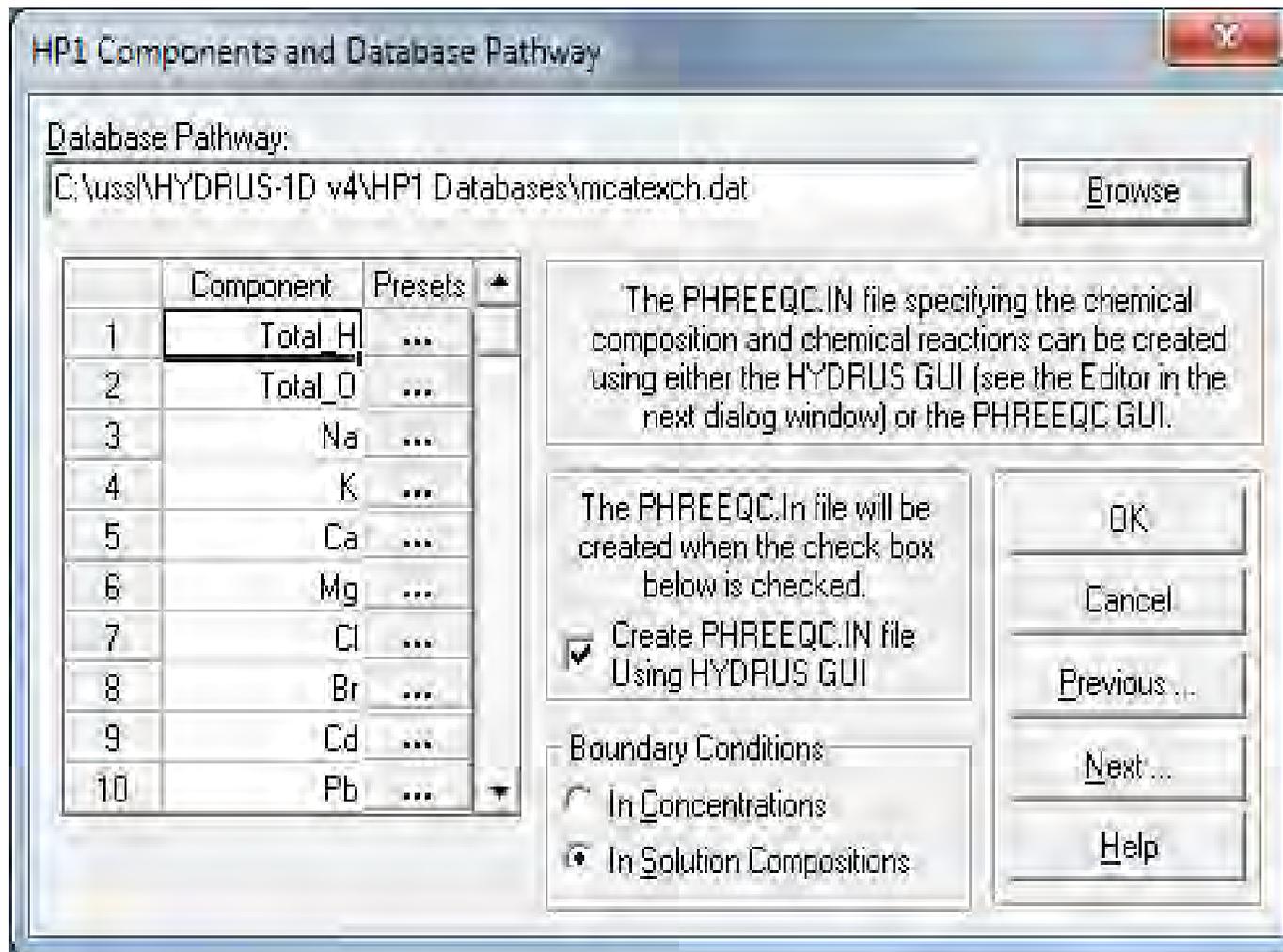
## PHREEQC [Parkhurst and Appelo, 1999]:

### Available chemical reactions:

- ◆ Aqueous complexation
- ◆ Redox reactions
- ◆ Ion exchange (Gains-Thomas)
- ◆ Surface complexation – diffuse double-layer model and non-electrostatic surface complexation model
- ◆ Precipitation/dissolution
- ◆ Chemical kinetics
- ◆ Biological reactions

A large, 3D, stylized logo for HP1. The letters 'H', 'P', and '1' are rendered in a bold, sans-serif font. The color is a gradient from bright yellow at the top to a darker orange at the bottom. The letters have a slight shadow, giving them a three-dimensional appearance. The logo is positioned on the right side of the slide.

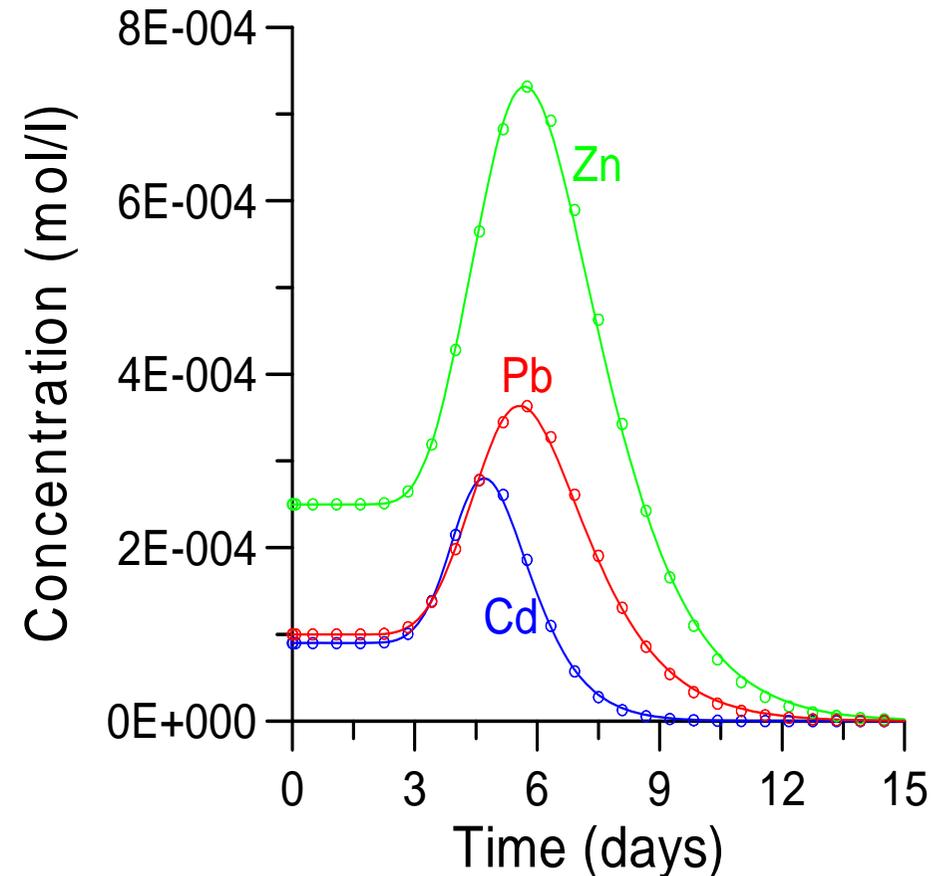
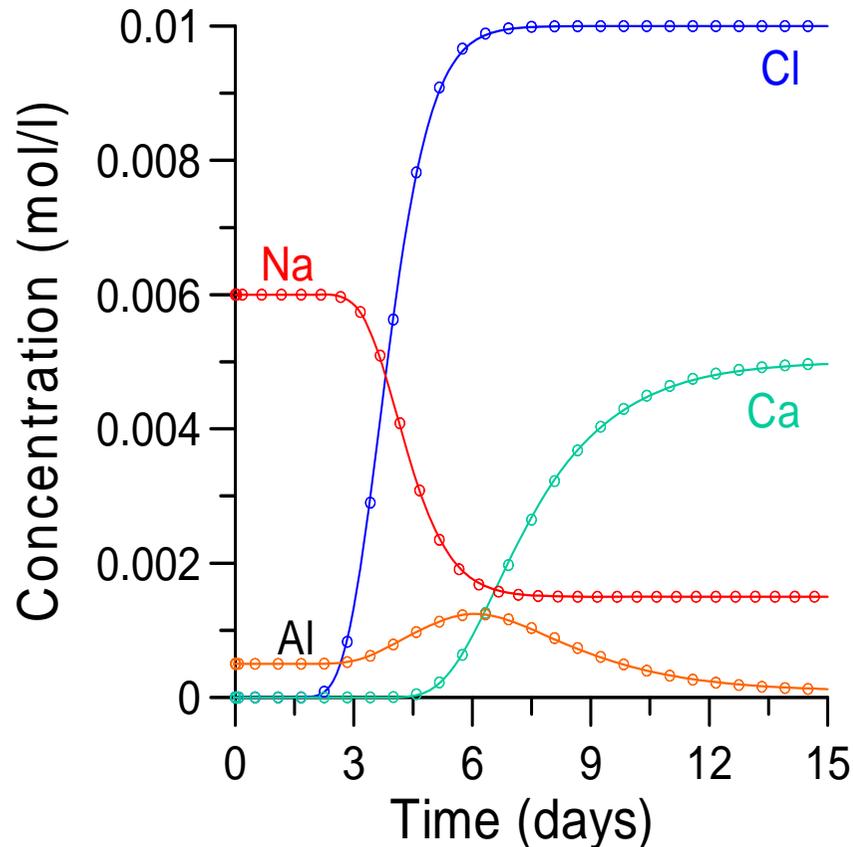
# HYDRUS-1D GUI for HP1



Jacques, D., and J. Šimůnek, Notes on the HP1 software – a coupled code for variably-saturated water flow, heat transport, solute transport and biogeochemistry in porous media, HP1 Version 2.2, SCK•CEN-BLG-1068, Waste and Disposal, SCK•CEN, Mol, Belgium, 114 pp., 2010.

# HP1 - Transport and Cation Exchange

Involving major ions (Ca, Na, Al, Cl) and Heavy Metals (Zn, Pb, Cd)



8-cm column is initially contaminated with heavy metals (in equilibrium with the cation exchanger). The column is then flushed with a solution without heavy metals.

# HP1 Examples

- ◆ Transport of **Heavy Metals** ( $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$ , and  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$ ) subject to multiple cation exchange
- ◆ Transport and mineral dissolution of **amorphous  $\text{SiO}_2$**  and **gibbsite**
- ◆ Heavy metal transport in a medium with a **pH-dependent cation exchange**
- ◆ Infiltration of a **Hyperalkaline Solution** in a clay sample (kinetic precipitation-dissolution of kaolinite, illite, quartz, calcite, dolomite, gypsum, hydrotalcite, and sepiolite)
- ◆ Kinetic biodegradation of **NTA** (biomass, cobalt)
- ◆ Long-term **Uranium** transport following mineral phosphorus fertilization (pH-dependent surface complexation and cation exchange)
- ◆ Transport of **Explosives**, such as TNT and RDX
- ◆ **Property Changes** (porosity/conductivity) due to precipitation/dissolution

# HYDRUS + UNSATCHEM

## ◆ **HYDRUS** and **HYDRUS (2D/3D)**

- variably saturated water flow
- heat transport
- root water uptake
- solute transport

## ◆ **UNSATCHEM** (Šimůnek et al., 1996)

- **Carbon Dioxide Transport**
- **Major Ion Chemistry**
  - cation exchange
  - precipitation-dissolution (instantaneous and kinetic)
  - complexation

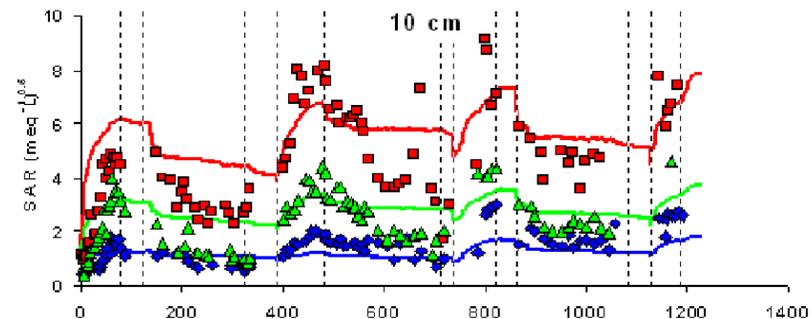
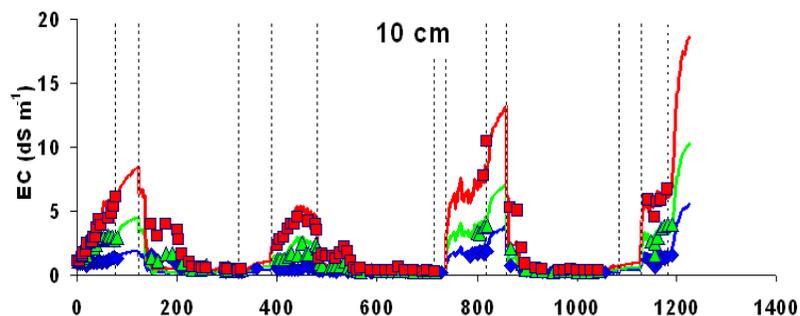
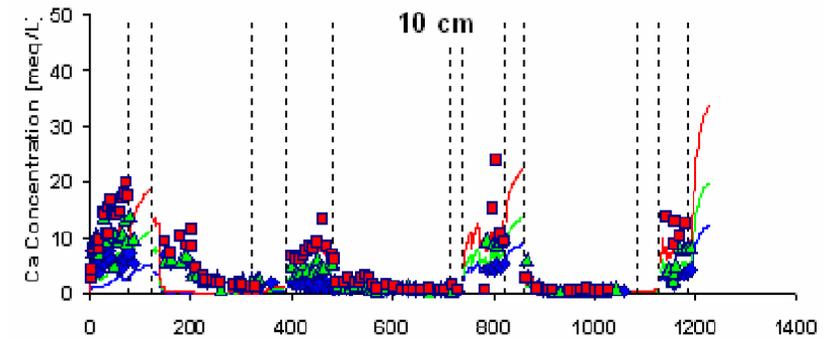
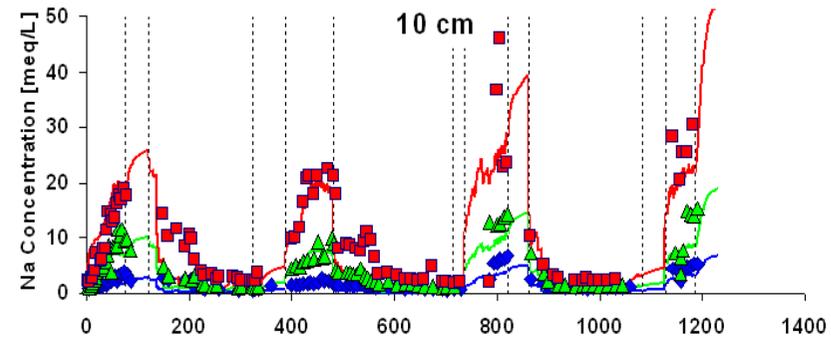
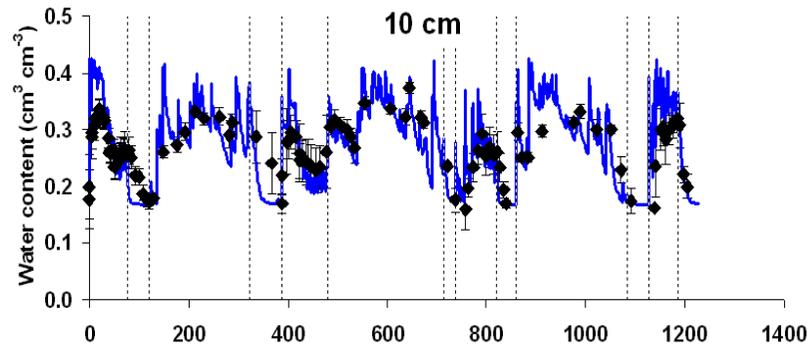
# UNSATCHEM Module

1	Aqueous components	7	$\text{Ca}^{2+}$ , $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ , $\text{Na}^+$ , $\text{K}^+$ , $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ , $\text{Cl}^-$ , $\text{NO}_3^-$
2	Complexed species	10	$\text{CaCO}_3^0$ , $\text{CaHCO}_3^+$ , $\text{CaSO}_4^0$ , $\text{MgCO}_3^0$ , $\text{MgHCO}_3^+$ , $\text{MgSO}_4^0$ , $\text{NaCO}_3^-$ , $\text{NaHCO}_3^0$ , $\text{NaSO}_4^-$ , $\text{KSO}_4^-$
3	Precipitated species	6	$\text{CaCO}_3$ , $\text{CaSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{MgCO}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{Mg}_5(\text{CO}_3)_4(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{Mg}_2\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{7.5}(\text{OH}) \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{CaMg}(\text{CO}_3)_2$
4	Sorbed species (exchangeable)	4	Ca, Mg, Na, K
5	$\text{CO}_2$ - $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ species	7	$P_{\text{CO}_2}$ , $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3^*$ , $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ , $\text{HCO}_3^-$ , $\text{H}^+$ , $\text{OH}^-$ , $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
6	Silica species	3	$\text{H}_4\text{SiO}_4$ , $\text{H}_3\text{SiO}_4^-$ , $\text{H}_2\text{SiO}_4^{2-}$

**Kinetic reactions:** calcite precipitation/dissolution, dolomite dissolution

**Activity coefficients:** extended Debye-Hückel equations, Pitzer expressions

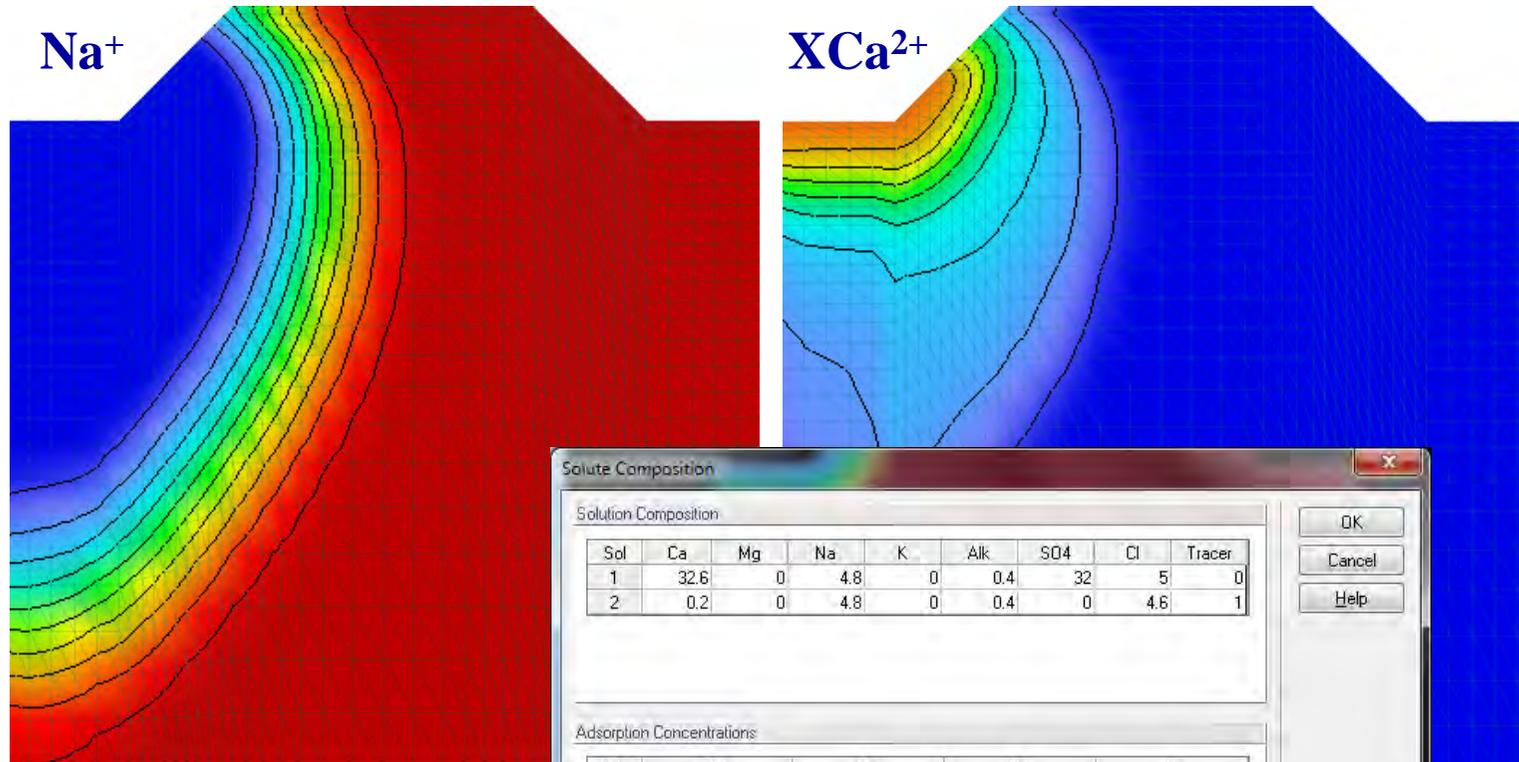
# UNSATCHEM - Lysimeter Study



Gonçalves, M. C., J. Šimůnek, T. B. Ramos, J. C. Martins, M. J. Neves, and F. P. Pires, Multicomponent solute transport in soil lysimeters irrigated with waters of different quality, *Water Resources Research*, 42, 17 pp., 2006.

# UNSATCHEM-2D Module

## Major Ion Chemistry Module



Solute Composition

Sol	Ca	Mg	Na	K	Alk	SO4	Cl	Tracer
1	32.6	0	4.8	0	0.4	32	5	0
2	0.2	0	4.8	0	0.4	0	4.6	1

Adsorption Concentrations

Ads	Ca	Mg	Na	K
1	0.5	0	9.5	0

Precipitated Concentrations

Prec	Calcite	Gypsum	Dolomite	HydroMg	Nesqoh	Sepiolite
1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Buttons: OK, Cancel, Help, Next..., Previous...

- Results - Graphical Display
- Pressure Head
  - Water Content
  - Velocity
  - Velocity Vectors
  - Calcium
  - Magnesium
  - Sodium**
  - Potassium
  - Alkalinity
  - Sulfate
  - Chloride
  - Tracer
  - Sorbed Calcium
  - Sorbed Magnesium
  - Sorbed Sodium
  - Sorbed Potassium
  - Calcite
  - Gypsum
  - Dolomite
  - Nesquhonite
  - Hydromagnesite
  - Sepiolite

Šimůnek, J., and D. L. Suarez, Two-dimensional transport model for variably saturated porous media with major ion chemistry, *Water Resources Research*, 30(4), 1115-1133, 1994.

# Wetland Module

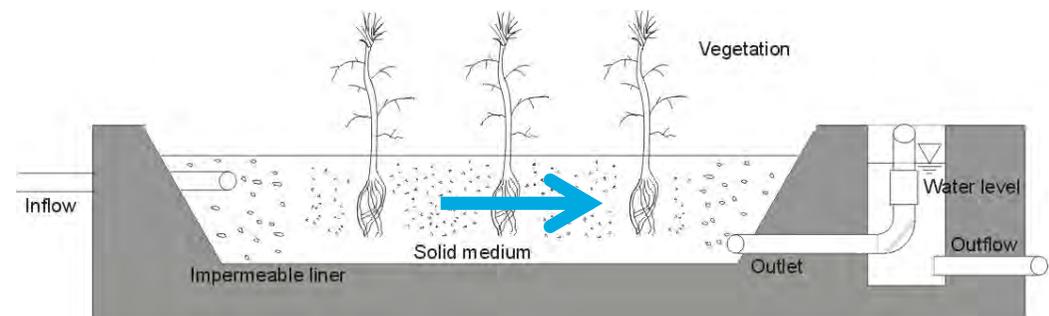
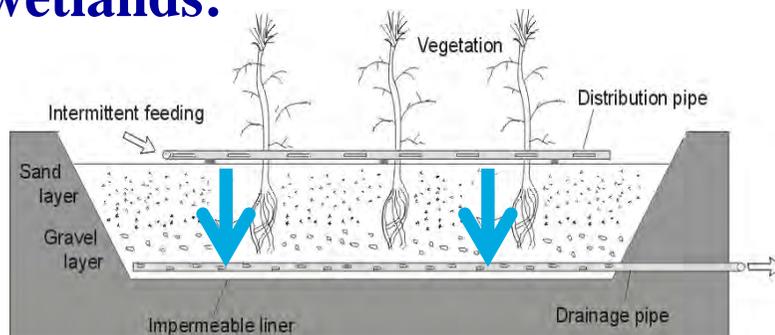
## Constructed Wetlands (CWs) or wetland treatment systems

- ◆ designed to **improve water quality**
- ◆ use the same processes that occur in natural wetlands but have the flexibility of being constructed
- ◆ effective in treating organic matter, nitrogen, phosphorus, and additionally for decreasing the concentrations of heavy metals, organic chemicals, and pathogens

**CW2D** : aerobic and anoxic processes for organic matter, nitrogen and **phosphorus**

**CWM1**: aerobic, anoxic and **anaerobic** processes for organic matter, nitrogen and **sulphur**

Subsurface **Vertical** (CW2D) and **Horizontal** (CWM1) flow constructed wetlands:



# Wetland Modules: Components

**CW2D** : aerobic and anoxic processes for organic matter, nitrogen and phosphorus

**CWM1**: aerobic, anoxic and anaerobic processes for organic matter, nitrogen and sulphur

## Components:

CW2D (Langergraber and Šimůnek, 2005)	CWM1 (Langergraber et al., 2009b)
<b>Organic matter, nitrogen, phosphorus</b>	<b>Organic matter, nitrogen, sulphur</b>
<b>CW2D components</b>	<b>Soluble components</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO: Dissolved oxygen, O<sub>2</sub>.</li> <li>CR: Readily biodegradable soluble COD.</li> <li>CS: Slowly biodegradable soluble COD.</li> <li>CI: Inert soluble COD.</li> <li>XH: Heterotrophic bacteria</li> <li>XANs: Autotrophic ammonia oxidizing bacteria (<i>Nitrosomonas spp.</i>)</li> <li>XANb: Autotrophic nitrite oxidizing bacteria (<i>Nitrobacter spp.</i>)</li> <li>NH<sub>4</sub>N: Ammonium and ammonia nitrogen.</li> <li>NO<sub>2</sub>N: Nitrite nitrogen.</li> <li>NO<sub>3</sub>N: Nitrate nitrogen.</li> <li>N<sub>2</sub>: Elemental nitrogen.</li> <li>PO<sub>4</sub>P: Phosphate phosphorus</li> </ol> <p>Organic nitrogen and organic phosphorus are modeled as part of the COD. Nitrification is modeled as a two-step process. Bacteria are assumed to be immobile.</p> <p>It is generally assumed that all components except bacteria are soluble.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO: Dissolved oxygen, O<sub>2</sub>.</li> <li>SF: Fermentable, readily biodegradable soluble COD.</li> <li>SA: Fermentation products as acetate.</li> <li>SI: Inert soluble COD.</li> <li>SNH: Ammonium and ammonia nitrogen.</li> <li>SNO: Nitrate and nitrite nitrogen.</li> <li>SSO<sub>4</sub>: Sulphate sulphur.</li> <li>SH<sub>2</sub>S: Dihydrogensulphide sulphur.</li> </ol> <p><b>Particulate components</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>XS: Slowly biodegradable particulate COD.</li> <li>XI: Inert particulate COD.</li> <li>XH: Heterotrophic bacteria.</li> <li>XA: Autotrophic nitrifying bacteria.</li> <li>XFB: Fermenting bacteria.</li> <li>XAMB: Acetotrophic methanogenic bacteria.</li> <li>XASRB: Acetotrophic sulphate reducing bacteria.</li> <li>XSOB: Sulphide oxidizing bacteria.</li> </ol> <p>Organic nitrogen and organic phosphorus are modeled as part of the COD.</p>

Results - Graphical Display

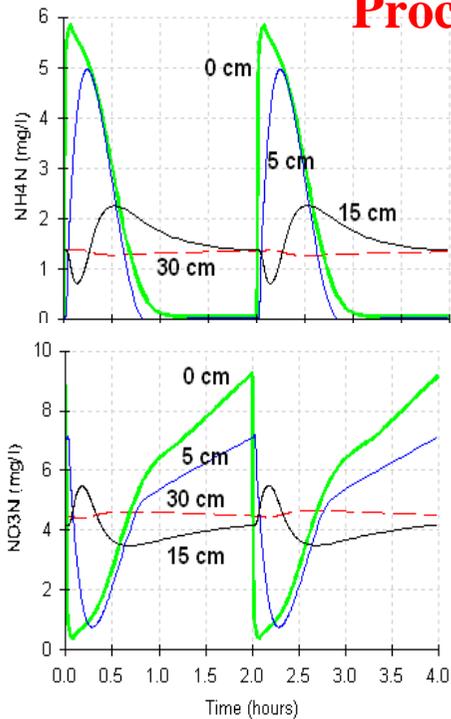
- Pressure Head
- Water Content
- Temperature
- Velocity
- L1 - Dissolved Oxygen
- L2 - Fermentable Biodegr. COD
- L3 - Fermentation Products
- L4 - Inert Soluble COD
- L5 - Ammonia NH<sub>4</sub>-N
- L6 - Nitrate and Nitrite (NO<sub>2</sub>+NO<sub>3</sub>)
- L7 - Sulphate Sulphur (SO<sub>4</sub>)
- L8 - Dihydrogensulphide Sulphur (H<sub>2</sub>S)
- L9 - Slowly Biodegr. COD
- L10 - Inert Particulate COD
- L17 - Tracer
- S2 - Fermentable Biodegr. COD
- S3 - Fermentation Products
- S4 - Inert Soluble COD
- S5 - Ammonia NH<sub>4</sub>-N
- S9 - Slowly Biodegr. COD
- S10 - Inert Particulate COD
- S11 - Heterotrophic Bacteria
- S12 - Autotrophic Bacteria
- S13 - Fermenting Bacteria
- S14 - Acet. Methan. Bact.
- S15 - Acet. Sulphate Red. Bact.
- S16 - Sulphide Oxidising Bacteria
- S17 - Tracer

Langergraber, G., and J. Šimůnek, The Multi-component Reactive Transport Module CW2D for Constructed Wetlands for the HYDRUS Software Package, Manual – Version 1.0, *HYDRUS Software Series 2*, Department of Environmental Sciences, University of California Riverside, Riverside, CA, 72 pp., 2006.

Langergraber, G., D. Rousseau, J. Garcia, and J. Mean, CWM1 - A general model to describe biokinetic processes in subsurface flow constructed wetlands, *Water Science Technology*, 59(9), 1687-1697, 2009.

# Wetland Modules: Processes

## Processes: CW2D (Langergraber and Šimůnek, 2005)



## CWMI (Langergraber et al., 2009b)

### Heterotrophic bacteria:

1. *Hydrolysis*: conversion of CS into CR.
2. *Aerobic growth of XH on CR* (mineralization of organic matter).
3. *Anoxic growth of XH on CR* (denitrification on NO<sub>2</sub>N).
4. *Anoxic growth of XH on CR* (denitrification on NO<sub>3</sub>N).
5. *Lysis of XH*.

### Autotrophic bacteria:

6. *Aerobic growth of XANs on SNH* (ammonium oxidation).
7. *Lysis of XANs*.
8. *Aerobic growth of XANb on SNH* (nitrite oxidation).
9. *Lysis of XANb*.

### Heterotrophic bacteria:

1. *Hydrolysis*: conversion of XS into SF.
2. *Aerobic growth of XH on SF* (mineralization of organic matter).
3. *Aerobic growth of XH on SA* (mineralization of organic matter).
4. *Anoxic growth of XH on SF* (denitrification).
5. *Anoxic growth of XH on SA* (denitrification).
6. *Lysis of XH*.

### Autotrophic bacteria:

7. *Aerobic growth of XA on SNH* (nitrification).
8. *Lysis of XA*.

### Fermenting bacteria:

9. *Growth of XFB* (fermentation).
10. *Lysis of XFB*.

### Acetotrophic methanogenic bacteria:

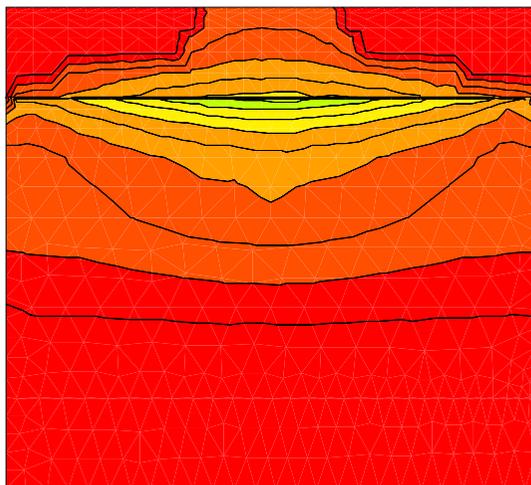
11. *Growth of XAMB*: Anaerobic growth of acetotrophic, methanogenic bacteria XAMB on acetate SA.
12. *Lysis of XAMB*.

### Acetotrophic sulphate reducing bacteria:

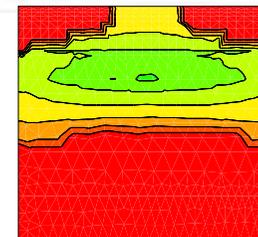
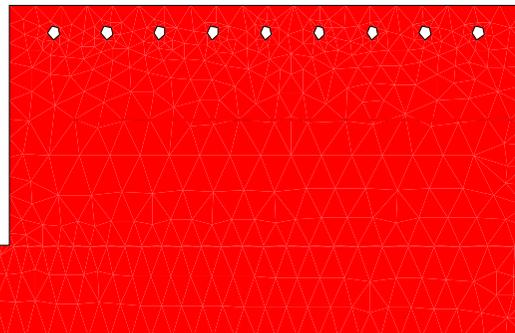
13. *Growth of XASRB*: Anaerobic growth of acetotrophic, sulphate reducing bacteria.
14. *Lysis of XASRB*.

### Sulphide oxidizing bacteria:

15. *Aerobic growth of XSOB on SH<sub>2</sub>S*: The opposite process to process 13, the oxidation of SH<sub>2</sub>S to SSO<sub>4</sub>.
16. *Anoxic growth of XSOB on SH<sub>2</sub>S*: Similar to process 15 but under anoxic conditions.
17. *Lysis of XSOB*.



*Heterotrophic Organisms XH*

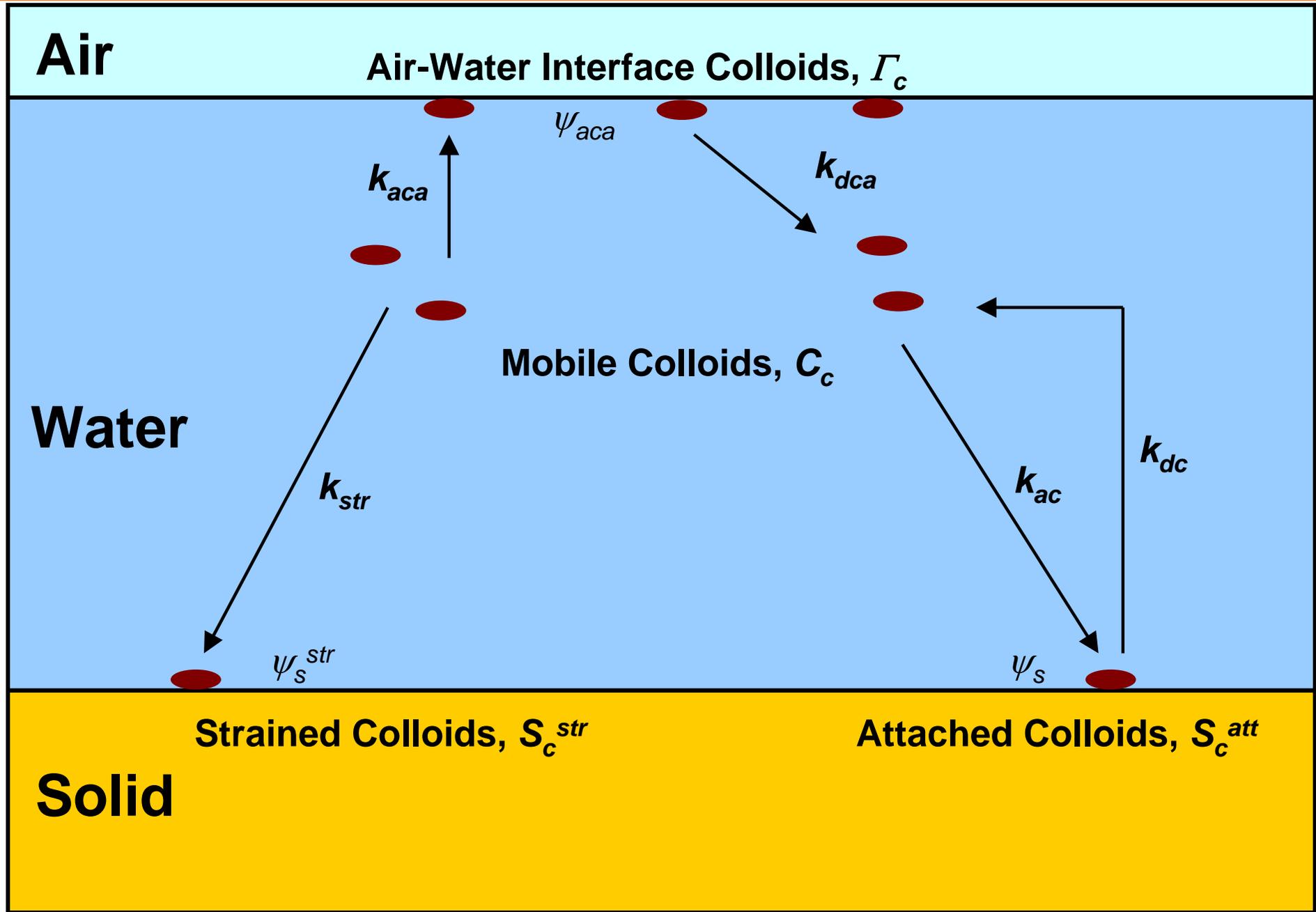


*Nitrosomonas XANs*

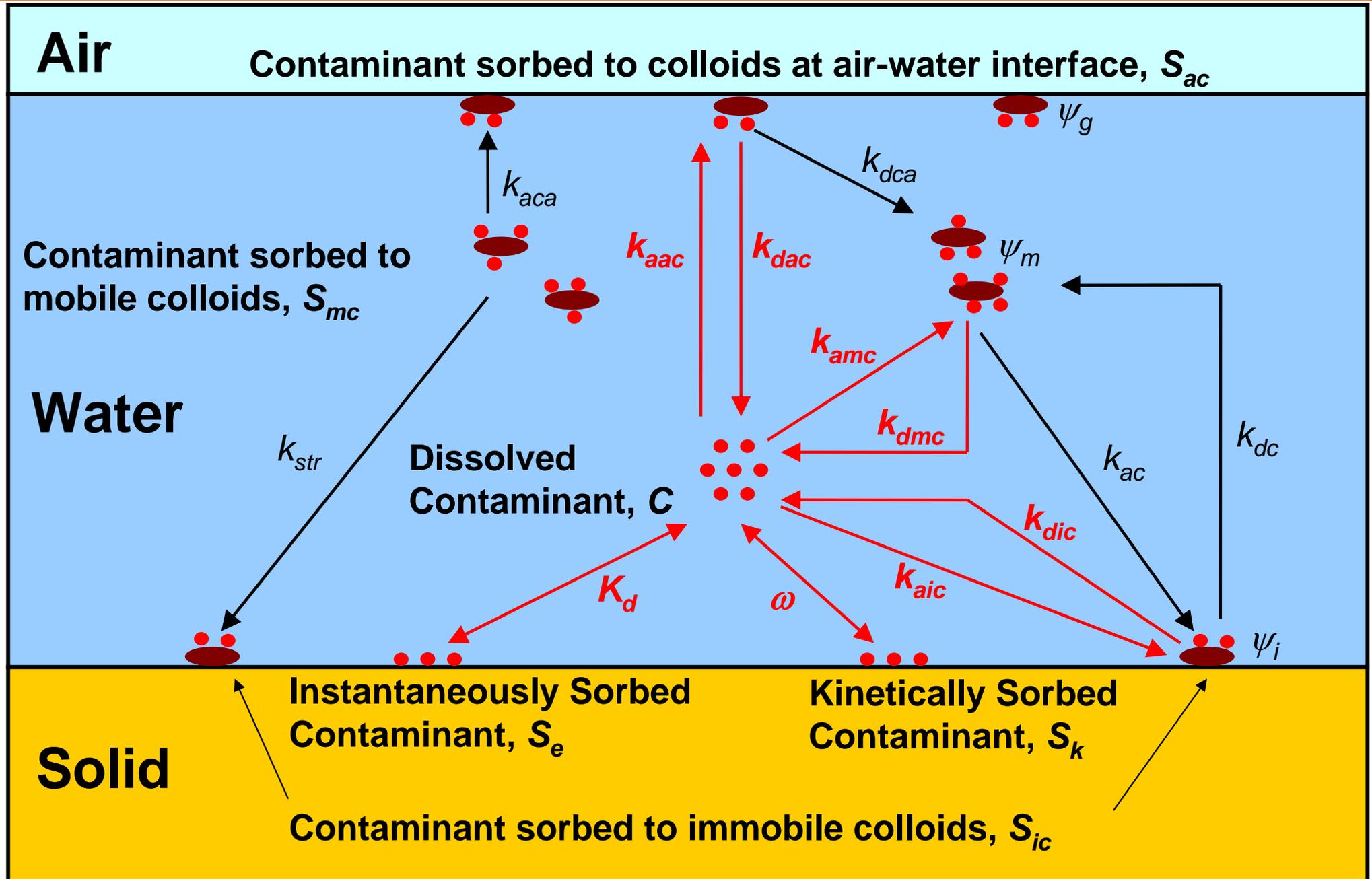
# HYDRUS + C-Hitch

- ◆ **HYDRUS and HYDRUS (2D/3D)**
  - variably saturated water flow
  - heat transport
  - root water uptake
  - solute transport
- ◆ **C-Hitch** (Šimůnek et al., 2006)
  - **Particle Transport**
    - colloids, bacteria, viruses, nanoparticles
    - attachment/detachment, straining, blocking
  - **Colloid-Facilitated Solute Transport**
    - transport of solutes attached to particles

# Colloid, Virus, and Bacteria Transport

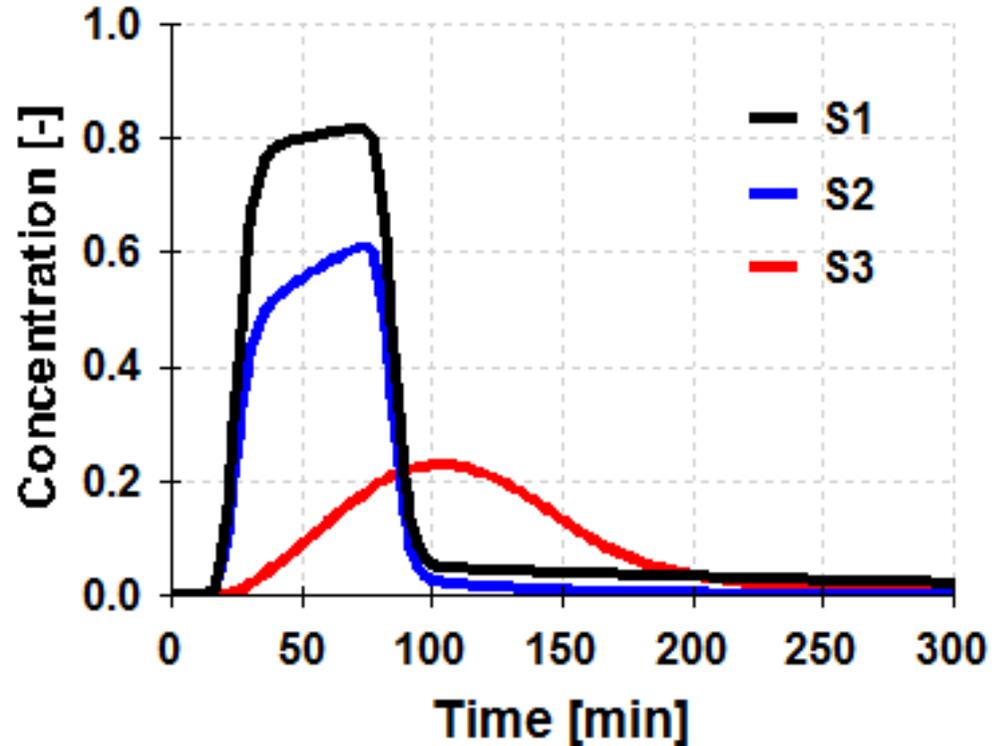
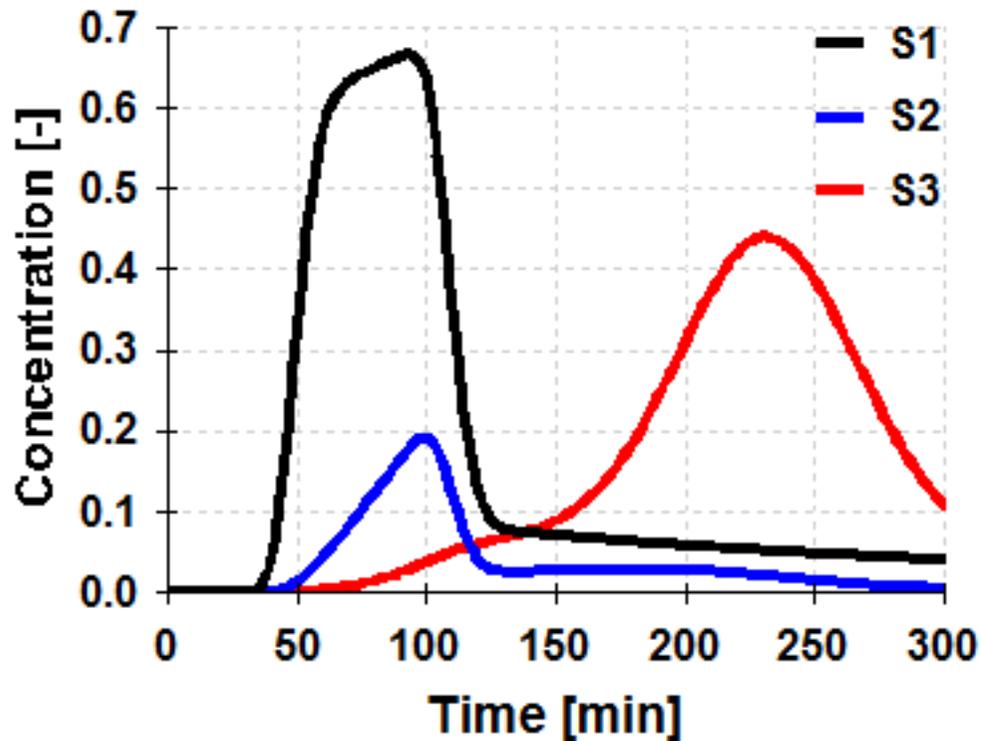


# Colloid-Facilitated Solute Transport



# Colloid-Facilitated Solute Transport

## C-Hitch Module



Breakthrough curves for colloids (black line), solute sorbed to colloids (blue line), and solute (red line) when:

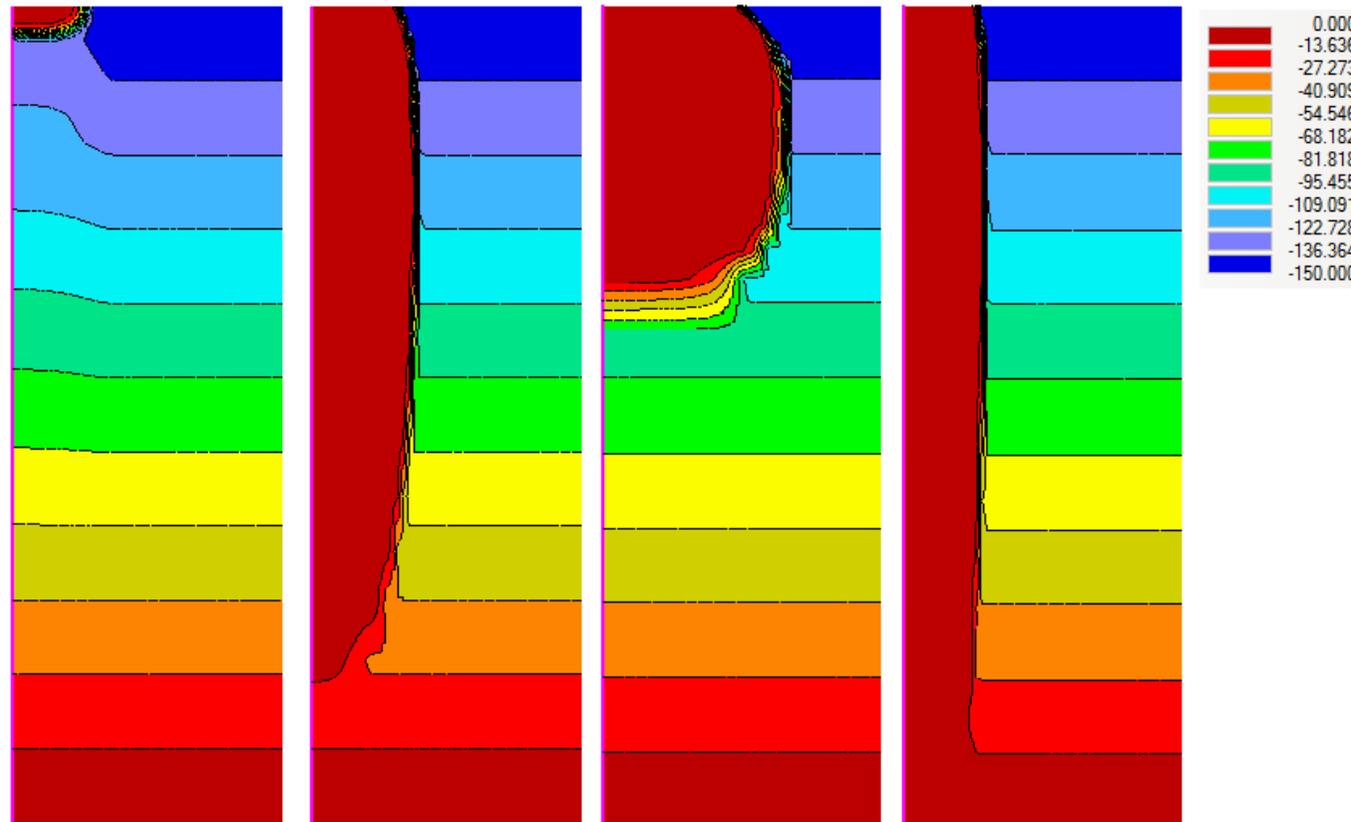
**Left:** solute and colloids are applied **independently** or

**Right:** solute is **attached** initially to colloids

The retardation factor for colloids is equal to 1 and for solute to 4  
Unit input concentrations.

# The DualPerm Module

## Water flow and Solute Transport in **Dual-Permeability** Variably-Saturated Porous Media



Pressure head profiles for the matrix (left), isotropic fracture, and fracture with  $K_x^A/K_z^A=10$ , and fracture with  $K_x^A/K_z^A=0.1$  (right).

# HYDRUS Package for Modflow

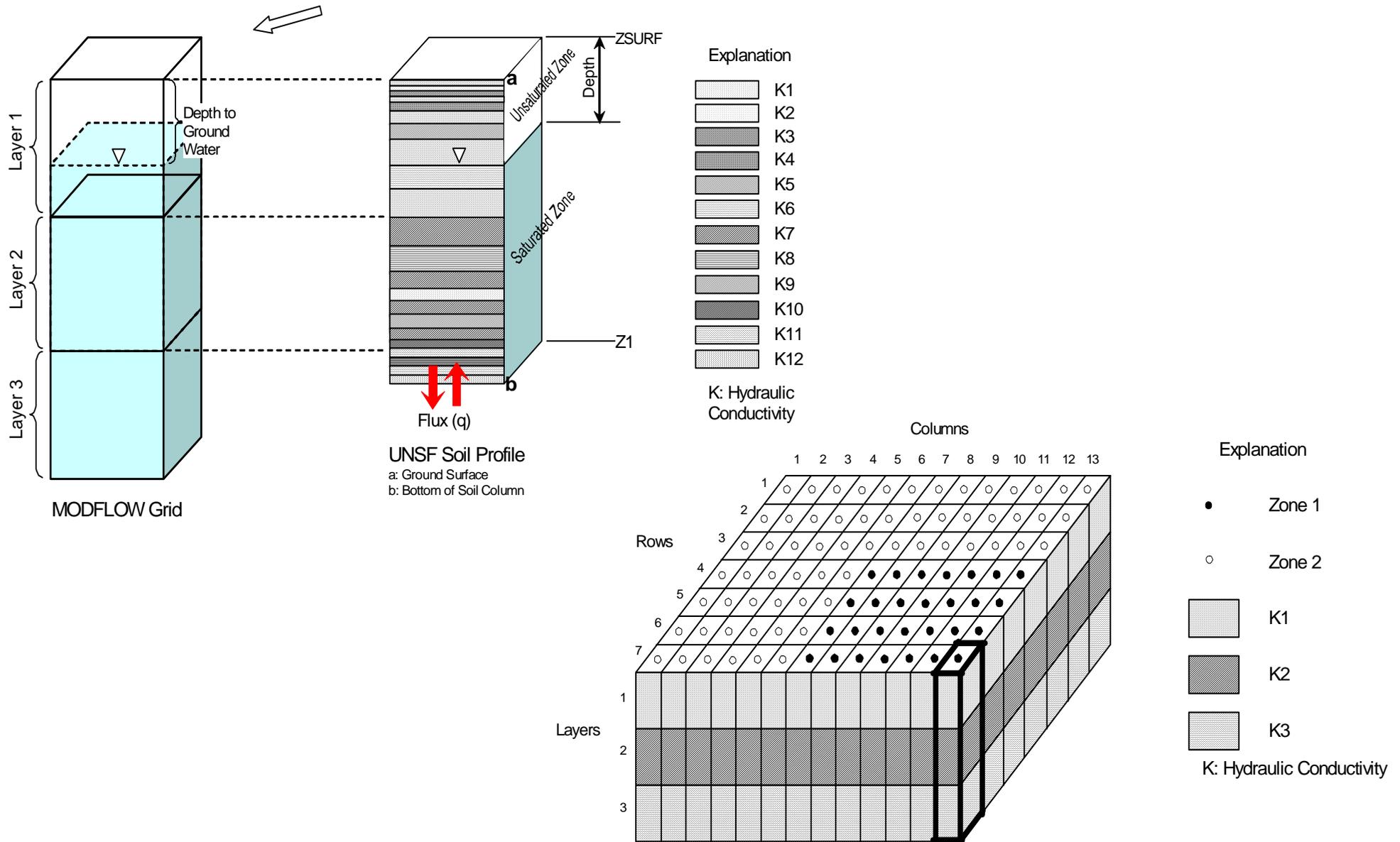
## The HYDRUS Package for Modflow-2000

Hyeyoung Sophia Seo, Navin Twarakavi,  
Jirka Šimůnek, and Eileen P. Poeter

Seo, H. S., J. Šimůnek, and E. P. Poeter, Documentation of the HYDRUS Package for MODFLOW-2000, the U.S. Geological Survey Modular Ground-Water Model, *GWMI 2007-01*, International Ground Water Modeling Center, Colorado School of Mines, Golden, Colorado, 96 pp., 2007.

Twarakavi, N. K. C., J. Šimůnek, and H. S. Seo, Evaluating interactions between groundwater and vadose zone using HYDRUS-based flow package for MODFLOW, *Vadose Zone Journal*, doi:10.2136/VZJ2007.0082, Special Issue “Vadose Zone Modeling”, 7(2), 757-768, 2008.

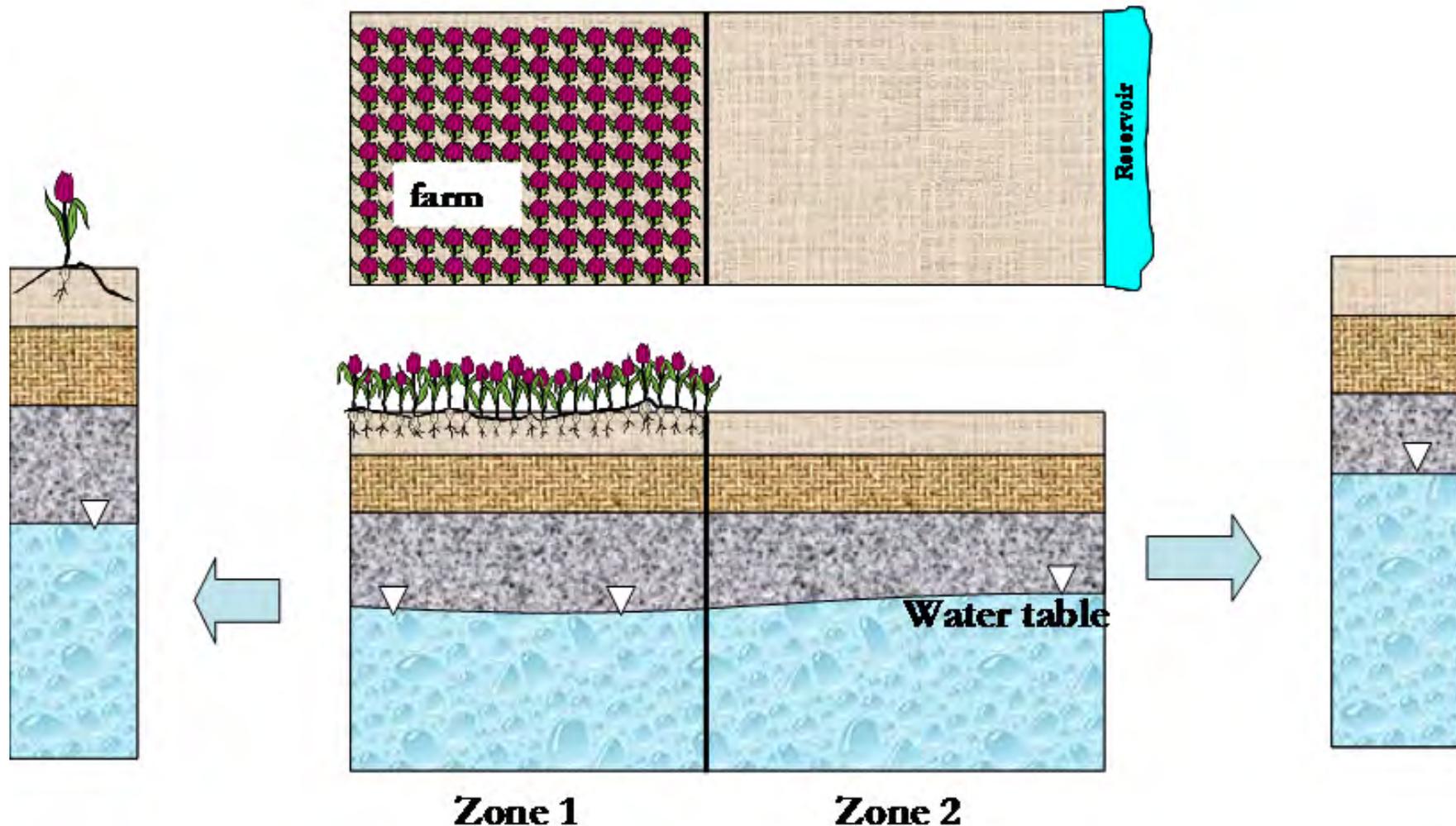
# HYDRUS Package for MODFLOW



# HYDRUS Package: Zoning

MODFLOW model domain is divided into zones based on similarities in soil hydraulic characteristics, hydrogeology and meteorology.

A HYDRUS vertical profile is assigned to each of the zones, in which the 1D Richards equation is solved.

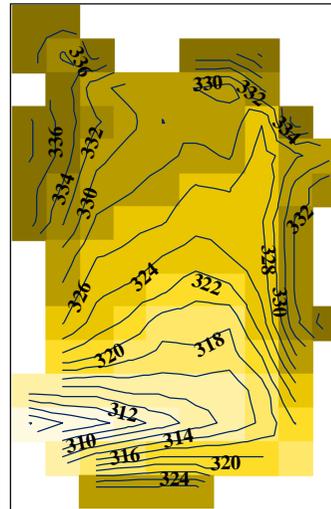


# HYDRUS - MODFLOW - Case Study

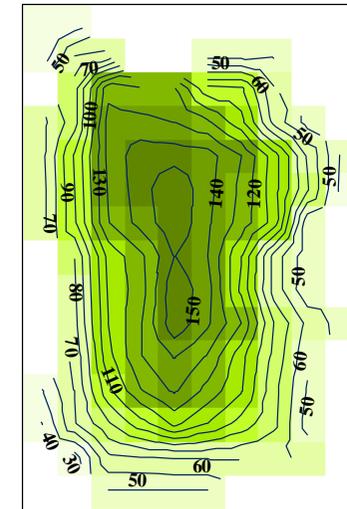
## Hypothetical regional-scale ground water flow problem:

- a) Land surface elevation
- b) depth to bedrock
- c) water table depth at the beginning of the simulation

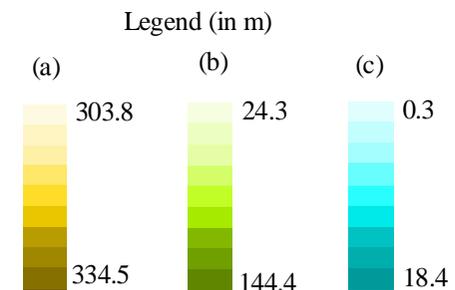
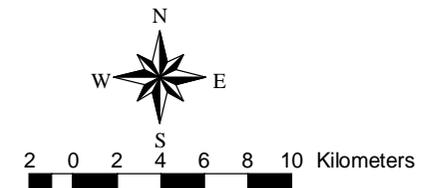
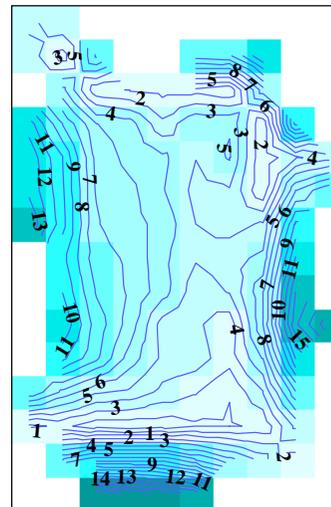
(a) Land surface elevation (m)



(b) Aquifer thickness (m)



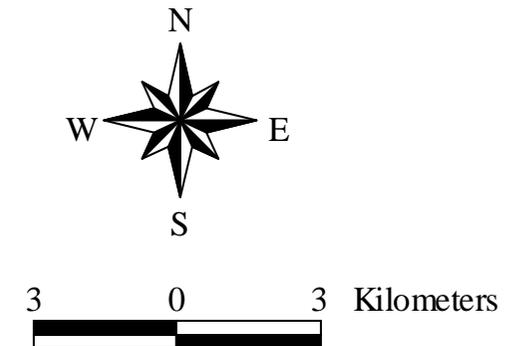
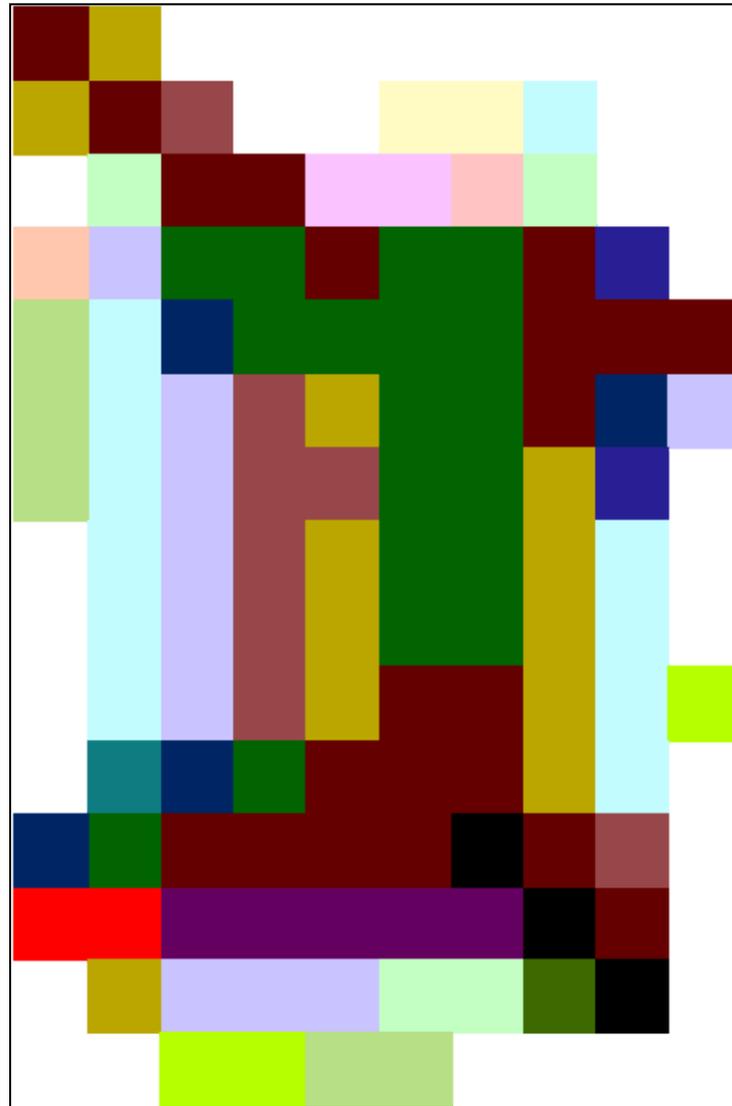
(c) Initial water table depth (m)



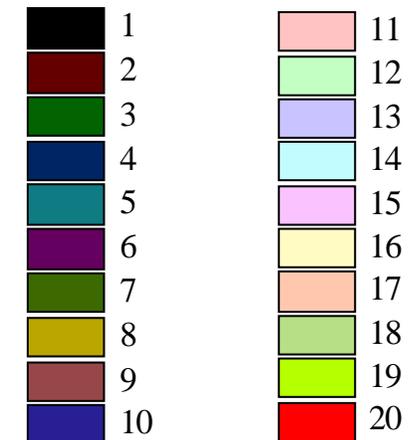
# HYDRUS - MODFLOW - Case Study

## Hypothetical regional-scale ground water flow problem:

MODFLOW zones  
used to define  
HYDRUS soil  
profiles



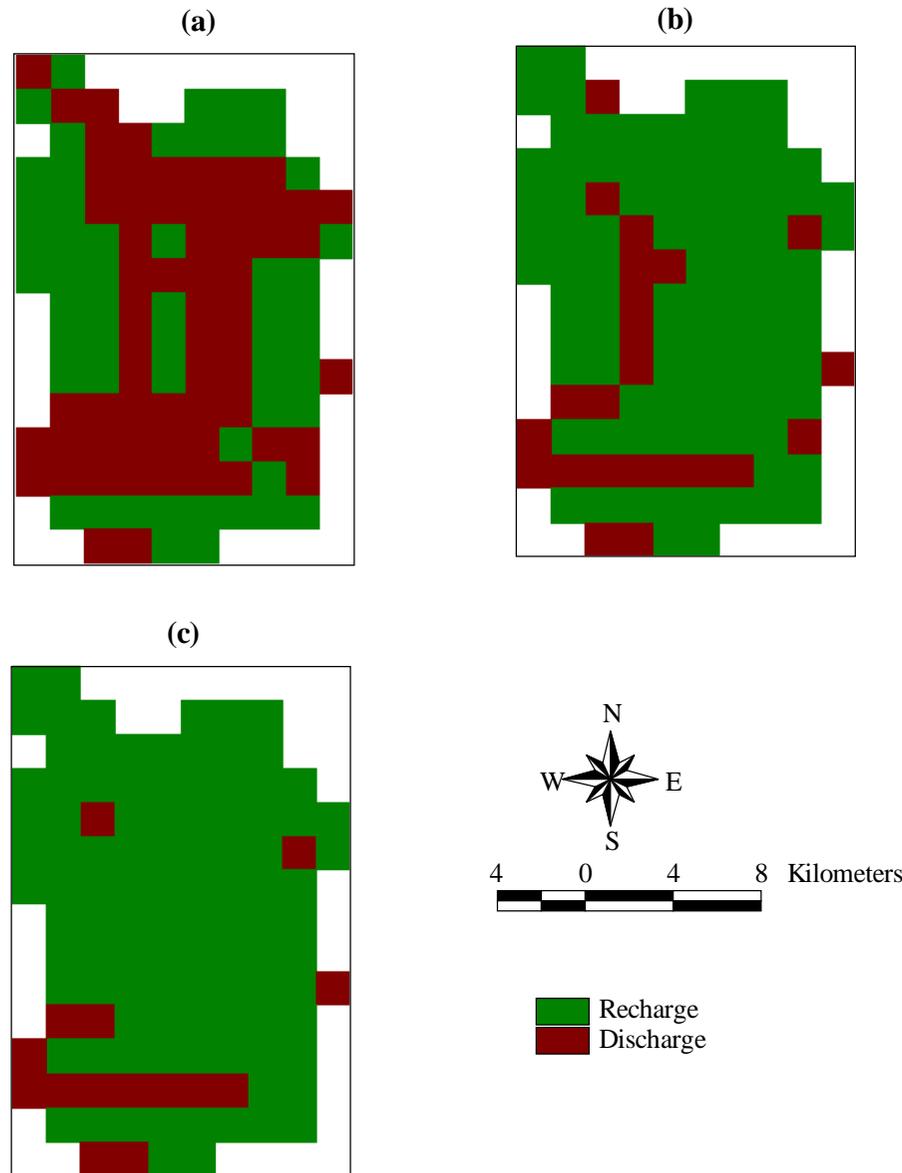
Zones



# HYDRUS - MODFLOW - Case Study

## Hypothetical regional-scale ground water flow problem:

Ground water table fluxes (recharge vs discharge) as predicted by the HYDRUS package at the end of stress periods (a) 3, (b) 6 and (c) 12.



# HYDRUS - Existing Applications

## Agricultural:

- ◆ **Irrigation management** (Bristow et al., 2002; Dabach et al., 2011)
- ◆ **Drip irrigation design** (Bristow et al., 2002; Kandelous et al., 2010, 2011)
- ◆ **Sprinkler irrigation design** (Hansen et al., 2007, 2008)
- ◆ **Tile drainage design and performance** (Mohanty et al., 1998, do Vos et al., 2000)
- ◆ **Studies of root and crop growth** (Vrugt et al., 2001, 2002; Šimůnek and Hopmans, 2010)
- ◆ **Salinization and reclamation processes** (Šimůnek and Suarez, 1998; Goncalves et al., 2006; Ramos et al., 2011)
- ◆ **Nitrogen dynamics and leaching** (Ventrella et al., 2001; Jacques et al., 2002)
- ◆ **Transport of pesticides and degradation products** (Wang et al., 1998; Pot et al., 2005; Köhne et al., 2010)
- ◆ **Non-point source pollution**
- ◆ **Seasonal simulation of water flow and plant response**
- ◆ ...

# HYDRUS - Existing Applications

## Non-Agricultural:

- ◆ **Leaching from radioactive waste sites at the Nevada test Site** (DRI, DOE)
- ◆ **Flow around nuclear subsidence craters at the Nevada test site** (Pohll et al., 1996; Wilson et al., 2000)
- ◆ **Capillary barrier at Texas low-level radioactive waste disposal site** (Scanlon, 1998)
- ◆ **Evaluation of approximate analytical analysis of capillary barriers** (Morris and Stormont, 1997; Kampf and Montenegro, 1997; Heiberger, 1998)
- ◆ **Landfill covers with and without vegetation** (Abbaspour et al, 1997; Albright, 1997; Gee et al., 1999, Scanlon et al., 2002)
- ◆ **Risk analysis of contaminant plumes from landfills**
- ◆ **Seepage of wastewater from land treatment systems**
- ◆ **Tunnel design - flow around buried objects** (Knight, 1999)
- ◆ **Highway design - road construction - seepage** (de Haan, 2002; Hanssen et al., 2005)
- ◆ **Stochastic analyses of solute transport in heterogeneous media** (Tseng and Jury, 1993; Roth, 1995; Roth and Hammel, 1996; Kasteel et al. 1999; Hammel et al., 1999; Roth et al., 1999; Vanderborght et al., 1998, 1999)
- ◆ **Lake basin recharge analysis** (Lee, 2000)

# HYDRUS - Existing Applications

## Non-Agricultural:

- ◆ **Stream-aquifer interactions**
- ◆ **Environmental impact of the drawdown of shallow water tables**
- ◆ **Analysis of cone permeameter and tension infiltrometer experiments** (Gribb et al., 1996; Kodešová et al., 1998, 1999; Šimůnek et al., 1997, 1998, 1999)
- ◆ **Virus and bacteria transport** (Shijven and Šimůnek, 2002; Bradford et al., 2002a,b; Yates et al., 2000; Gargiulo et al., 2007, 2008)
- ◆ **Hill-slope analyses** (Hopps et al., 2010)
- ◆ **Transport of TCE and its degradation products** (Scharlaekens et al., 2000; Casey and Šimůnek, 2002)
- ◆ **Multicomponent geochemical transport** (Jacques and Šimůnek, 2002, 2008, 2011)
- ◆ **Analyses of riparian systems** (Whitaker, 2000)
- ◆ **Fluid flow and chemical migration within the capillary fringe** (Silliman et al., 2002)
- ◆ **Flow in historical monuments** (Ishizaki et al., 2001)
- ◆ **Flow and transport around land mines** (Das et al., 2001; Šimůnek et al., 2001)
- ◆ **Analyses of Chloride profiles in deep vadose zones to evaluate historical fluxes** (Scanlon et al., 2003)

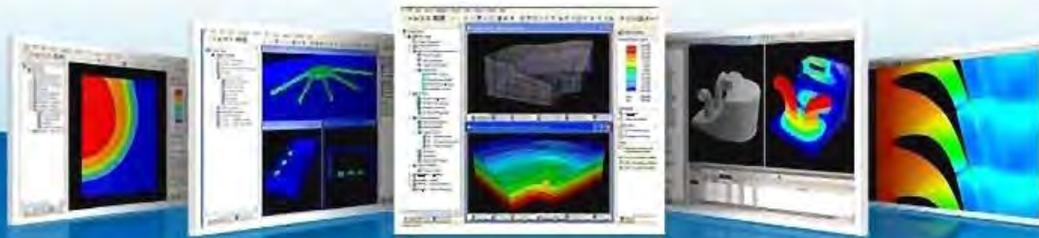
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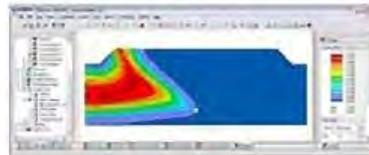
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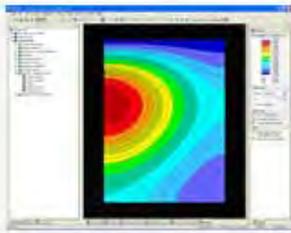
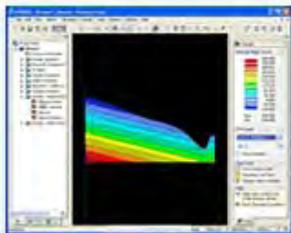
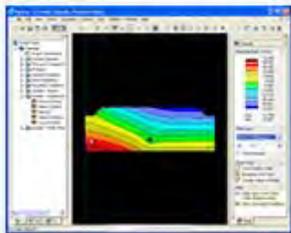
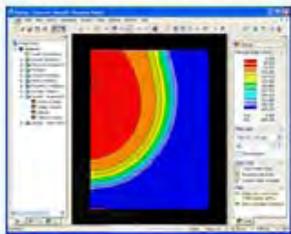
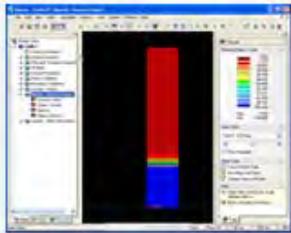
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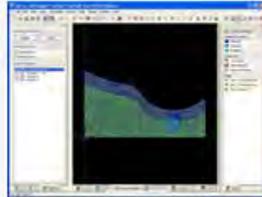
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# HYDRUS Tutorials

## Two-Dimensional Examples



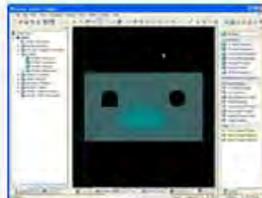
## Domain Design and FE-Mesh generation



### 2.01 - 2D Domain composed of three irregular regions

Video (1.2 MB) - [Play](#) - [Download](#)

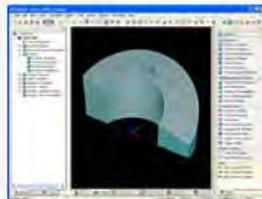
This demo demonstrates how to use multiple surfaces to define a single transport domain, and how these **multiple surfaces** can be used to assign various domain properties (e.g., materials).



### 2.02 - 2D Domain with holes and integrated subregion

Video (1.2 MB) - [Play](#) - [Download](#)

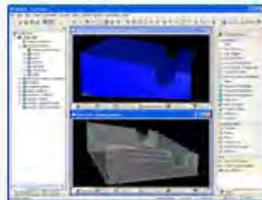
This demo demonstrates how to design a complex two-dimensional transport domain that includes two holes and an **internal surface**. The transport domain is then discretized using a **refined FE-Mesh** inside of the internal surface.



### 2.03 - 3D Domain, Solid 1 - three video tutorials

[Open tutorial](#)

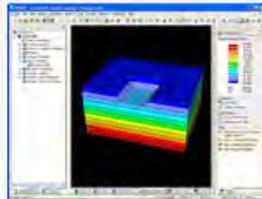
This series of three demos shows how users can create a transport domain shown on the picture. The demonstration is divided into three parts. First, the main transport domain is defined, then a vertical hole is created in the domain, after which the heights are adjusted.



### 2.04 - 3D Domain, Solid 2 - three video tutorials

[Open tutorial](#)

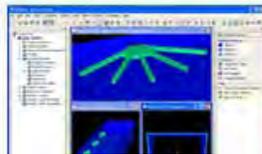
This series of three demos shows users how to create a **transport domain** shown on the picture and to discretize it into finite elements. We first create the transport domain, then add lines at the surface that will help us to discretize the transport domain into finite elements in the next step, after which we implement the finite element discretization.



### 2.05 - 3D Domain, Solid 3 - three video tutorials

[Open tutorial](#)

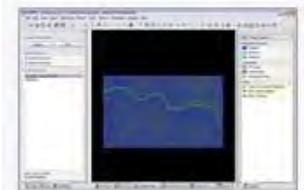
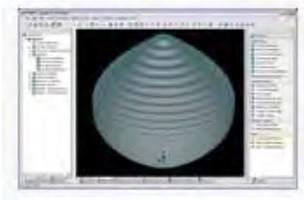
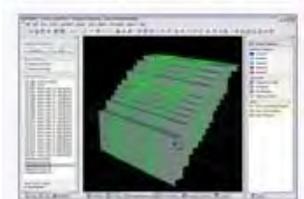
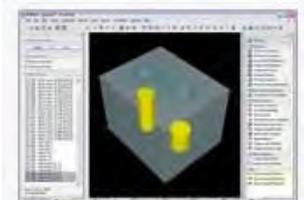
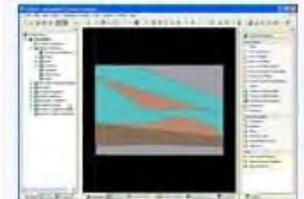
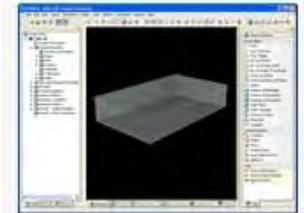
This series of three demos shows users how to create a **transport domain** in the picture, to discretize the domain into finite elements, to create sections, and to specify initial and boundary conditions.



### 2.06 - 3D Domain, Solid 4 - splitting a Solid into Sub-Layers and Columns

Video (5.3 MB) - [Play](#) - [Download](#)

This demo shows how to design a **complex three-dimensional transport domain** (which includes horizontal pipes). The transport domain is divided into four **sub-layers** (one with variable thickness). Additional **FE-Mesh sections** are generated as intersections of sub-layers and vertical columns. The use



# HYDRUS Discussion Forums

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	<a href="#">Effect of crop data on model convergence</a>	<a href="#">swyman</a>	2	285	06/28/2008 23:58:44 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
	<a href="#">Convergence on high precipitation events</a>	<a href="#">swyman</a>	5	395	06/28/2008 20:36:08 by: <a href="#">swyman</a>
	<a href="#">transport in porous media</a>	<a href="#">Belkis</a>	3	278	06/26/2008 11:27:38 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
	<a href="#">infiltration with variable bc</a>	<a href="#">kushner</a>	3	865	06/18/2008 14:23:37 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
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	<a href="#">HYDRUS-MODFLOW</a>	<a href="#">Srilert</a>	1	825	06/09/2008 17:58:47 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
	<a href="#">Summary - evapotranspiration</a>	<a href="#">ChrisD</a>	9	636	05/29/2008 09:18:15 by: <a href="#">Irina Prinz-Tran</a>
	<a href="#">Hargreaves PET calculations &amp; specified Ra</a>	<a href="#">John</a>	3	336	05/26/2008 21:54:08 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
	<a href="#">Surface ponding and evaporation</a>	<a href="#">ChrisD</a>	1	305	05/19/2008 20:44:26 by: <a href="#">Jirka</a>
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# HYDRUS Web Site: References

## HYDRUS References

See also [HYDRUS-1D selected references](#)

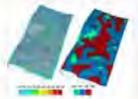
Outside reviews of the HYDRUS software packages

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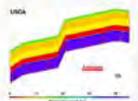
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L. Hopp and J.J. McDonnell Department of Forest Engineering, Oregon State University, Corvallis, USA  
Abstract [Hopp\\_AGU07\\_abstract.pdf](#) (19 kB), Read more about the project: [Hopp\\_AGU07.pdf](#) (4.4 MB)



**Dynamics of Water Flow in Putting Greens via Computer Simulation**  
McCoy, Ed. and Kevin McCoy, USGA Turfgrass and Environmental Research Online 5(17):1-15, 2006.  
Read more about the project [TurfGrass-2006.pdf](#) (636 kB)

Have we missed your work? Please, let us know. HYDRUS team.

## HYDRUS Workshops Proceedings

- [Proceedings of the First HYDRUS Workshop, October 19, 2005](#), S. Torkzaban and S. M. Hassanizadeh (eds.), Department of Earth Sciences, Utrecht University, The Netherlands, ISBN 90-39341125, **PDF document, size 4MB.**
- [Proceedings of the Second HYDRUS Workshop, March 28, 2008](#), J. Šimůnek and R. Kodešová (eds.) (eds.), Dept. of Soil Science and Geology, Czech University of Life Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic, ISBN 978-80-213-1783-3, **PDF document, size 3.3MB.**
- [Proceedings of the Third HYDRUS Workshop, June 28, 2008](#), Saito, H., M. Sakai, N. Toride, and J. Šimůnek (eds.), Dept. of Ecoregion Science, Tokyo University of Agriculture & Technology, Fuchu Tokyo, Japan, ISBN 978-4-9901192-5-6, **PDF document, size 7.2MB.**

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Including Hydrus-2D & Meshgen References (former version of HYDRUS 2D-Standard)  
(Notice that HYDRUS-2D is an update of both SWMS-2D and CHAIN-2D)

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## 2008

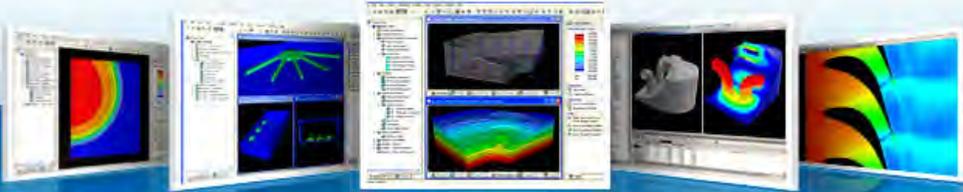
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Group	Description	Availability
<a href="#">Direct</a>	Basic Direct Problem Examples	Installed with the software
<a href="#">Inverse</a>	Basic Inverse Problem Examples	Installed with the software
<a href="#">HP1</a>	Examples demonstrating the HP1 program (coupled Hydrus-1D and PHREEQC)	Installed with the software
<a href="#">UNSATCH</a>	Examples demonstrating Unsatchem Module (major ion chemistry and carbon dioxide transport modules)	Installed with the software
<a href="#">Fracture</a>	Examples with Dual-Permeability Model and other nonequilibrium models, with emphasis on water flow	<a href="#">Download now</a> (3.9 MB)
<a href="#">VZJ</a>	Examples from Šimůnek and van Genuchten (2008) with emphasis on nonequilibrium solute transport. For more details see the article published in the VZJ Special Issue on Vadose Zone Modeling (2MB)	<a href="#">Download now</a> (5.4 MB)
<a href="#">Meteo</a>	Examples demonstrating new options for atmospheric boundary conditions	<a href="#">Download now</a> (0.8 MB)
<a href="#">Atmosph</a>	Examples demonstrating atmospheric boundary conditions with surface ponding or surface runoff	<a href="#">Download now</a> (0.4 MB)
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# Public Library of HYDRUS (2D/3D) Projects

## HYDRUS Projects - Drip

Project Group: Drip

Description: Examples involving subsurface drip irrigation; described in Hanson et al. (2006, 2008), Skaggs et al (2004), and Siyal et al. (2009).

Availability: [Download HYDRUS projects now](#) (11.1 MB)

Project	Description
Sub2f1a	Subsurface drip irrigation for the B fertigation strategy ( <b>fertigation near beginning of irrigation</b> ). Solutes considered: <b>urea-ammonium-nitrate, potassium, phosphorus</b> (Hanson et al., 2006).
Sub2f1c	Subsurface drip irrigation for the E fertigation strategy ( <b>fertigation near the end of irrigation</b> ). Solutes considered: <b>urea-ammonium-nitrate, potassium, phosphorus</b> (Hanson et al., 2006).
Sub2f3	Subsurface drip irrigation for the M50 fertigation strategy ( <b>fertigation during the middle 50% of the irrigation event</b> ). Solutes considered: <b>urea-ammonium-nitrate, potassium, phosphorus</b> (Hanson et al., 2006).
Sub1112	Subsurface drip irrigation, water table depth of 0.5 m, 0.3 dS/m, irrigation efficiency=0.9, 7 per week (Hanson et al., 2008).
Sub1212	Subsurface drip irrigation, water table depth of 0.5 m, 1.0 dS/m, irrigation efficiency =0.9, 7 per week (Hanson et al., 2008).
Sub2111	Subsurface drip irrigation, water table depth of 1.0 m, 0.3 dS/m, irrigation efficiency =0.9, 2 per week (Hanson et al., 2008).

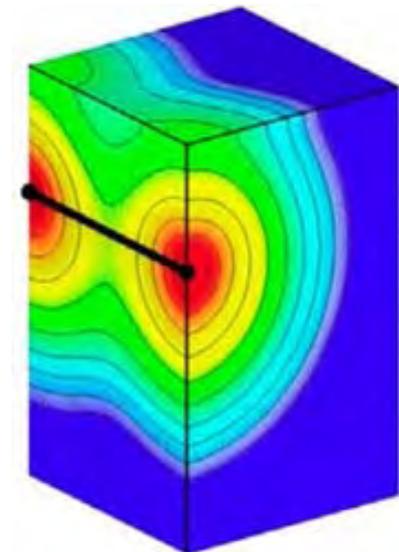
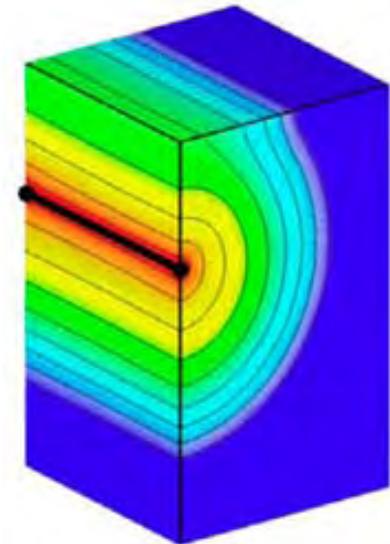
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Hanson, B. R., J. Šimůnek, and J. W. Hopmans, [Leaching with subsurface drip irrigation under saline, shallow ground water conditions](#), *Vadose Zone Journal*, doi:10.2136/VZJ2007.0053, Special Issue "Vadose Zone Modeling", 7(2), 810-818, 2008.

Skaggs, T. H., T. J. Trout, J. Šimůnek, and P. J. Shouse, [Comparison of Hydrus-2D simulations of drip irrigation with experimental observations](#), *J. of Irrigation and Drainage Engineering*, 130(4), 304-310, 2004.

Siyal, A. A., M. Th. van Genuchten, and T. H. Skaggs, [Performance of pitcher irrigation systems](#), *Soil Science*, 174(6), 312-320, 2009.



# Short Courses

HYDRUS shortcourse: November 18 -20, 2009, San Luis Potosí, Mexico

"Modeling Water Flow and Contaminant Transport in Soils and Groundwater Using the Hydrus Computer Software Packages"

"(Modelado del Flujo de Agua y Transporte de Contaminantes en Suelos y Agua Subterránea Usando los Paquetes de Cómputo Hydrus)"

Shortcourse instructor:

[Jirka Šimůnek](#), Dept. of Environmental Sciences, University of California, Riverside (CA)



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HYDRUS and HP1 shortcourse: September 28 - October 2, 2009, Gent, Belgium

"Simulating soil water movement and transport using the biogeochemical transport model HP1"

Belgium Nuclear Research Center, SCK.CEN, Mol, Belgium

Shortcourse instructors:

[Jirka Šimůnek](#), Dept. of Environmental Sciences, University of California, Riverside (CA)



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HYDRUS shortcourse: July 12-14, 2009, Sede Boqer Campus of the Ben-Gurion University, Israel

"Modeling water flow and contaminant transport in soils and groundwater using the HYDRUS software packages"

Albert Katz International School of Desert Studies at the Sede Boqer Campus of the Ben-Gurion University in Israel

The shortcourse instructors:

[Dr. Jirka Šimůnek](#), Dept. of Environmental Sciences, University of California, Riverside (CA)

Dr. Naftali Lazarovitch, French Associates Institute for Agriculture and Biotechnology of Drylands, The Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Sede Boqer Campus, Israel

The course begins with a detailed conceptual and mathematical description of water flow and solute transport processes in the vadose zone, followed by an brief overview of the use of finite element techniques for solving the governing flow and transport equations. Special attention is given to the highly nonlinear nature of the governing flow equation. Alternative methods for describing and modeling the hydraulic functions of unsaturated porous media are also described. "Hands-on" computer sessions will provide participants an opportunity to become familiar with the Windows-based HYDRUS-1D and HYDRUS (2D/3D) software packages. Emphasis will be on the preparation of



HYDRUS shortcourse: March 17-19, 2009, Prague, Czech Republic

"Advanced modeling of water flow and contaminant transport in porous media using the HYDRUS software packages"

Czech University of Life Sciences, Faculty of Agrobiolgy, Food and Natural Resources, Prague, Czech Republic PC Progress, Ltd, Prague, Czech Republic

The shortcourse instructors:

[Dr. Jirka Šimůnek](#), Dept. of Environmental Sciences, University of California, Riverside (CA)

Dr. Radka Kodešová, Department of Soil Science and Geology of the University of Life Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic

After a successful experience from our courses held in 2008 in [Prague](#) and [Japan](#), we will be offering a standard two-day HYDRUS course followed by a third day, during which we will be covering selected advanced HYDRUS topics.



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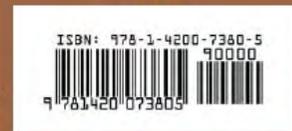
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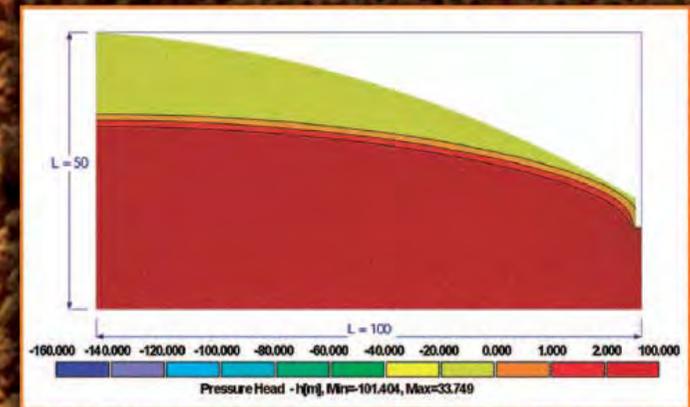
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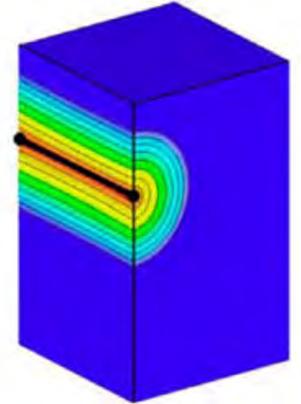
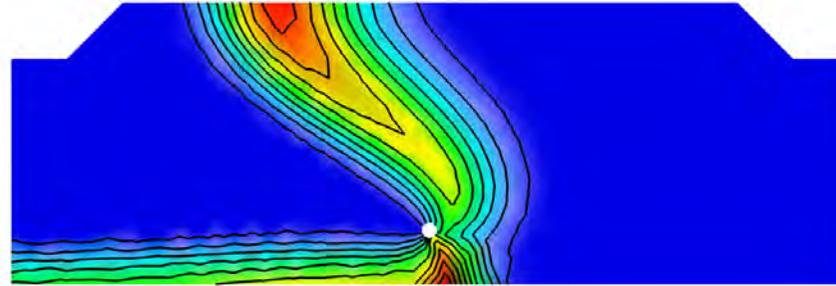
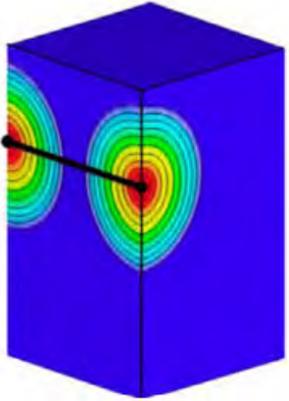
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# Questions?



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