

# **Transdisciplinarity: Hidden connections between various fields of knowledge**

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**TU Dresden, 21<sup>st</sup> July 2011**

# Organization

- **Unity of Knowledge- The need due to complex current problems**
- **Unity of Knowledge- The Hope-Unity in human thinking**
- **Unification of fragmented knowledge in different worlds- One of the missions of Systems Science**
- **Transdisciplinarity- discovering hidden connections between and establishing a common platform for people from diverse disciplines**
- **An example: Philosophy-Mathematics-Genetics for a holistic understanding of a class of mathematical forms**
- **A genetic molecular model for mathematical concepts**
- **Generations of concepts**
- **A general perspective of the evolution**
- **Discussion and conclusion**

# Unity of Knowledge- The need

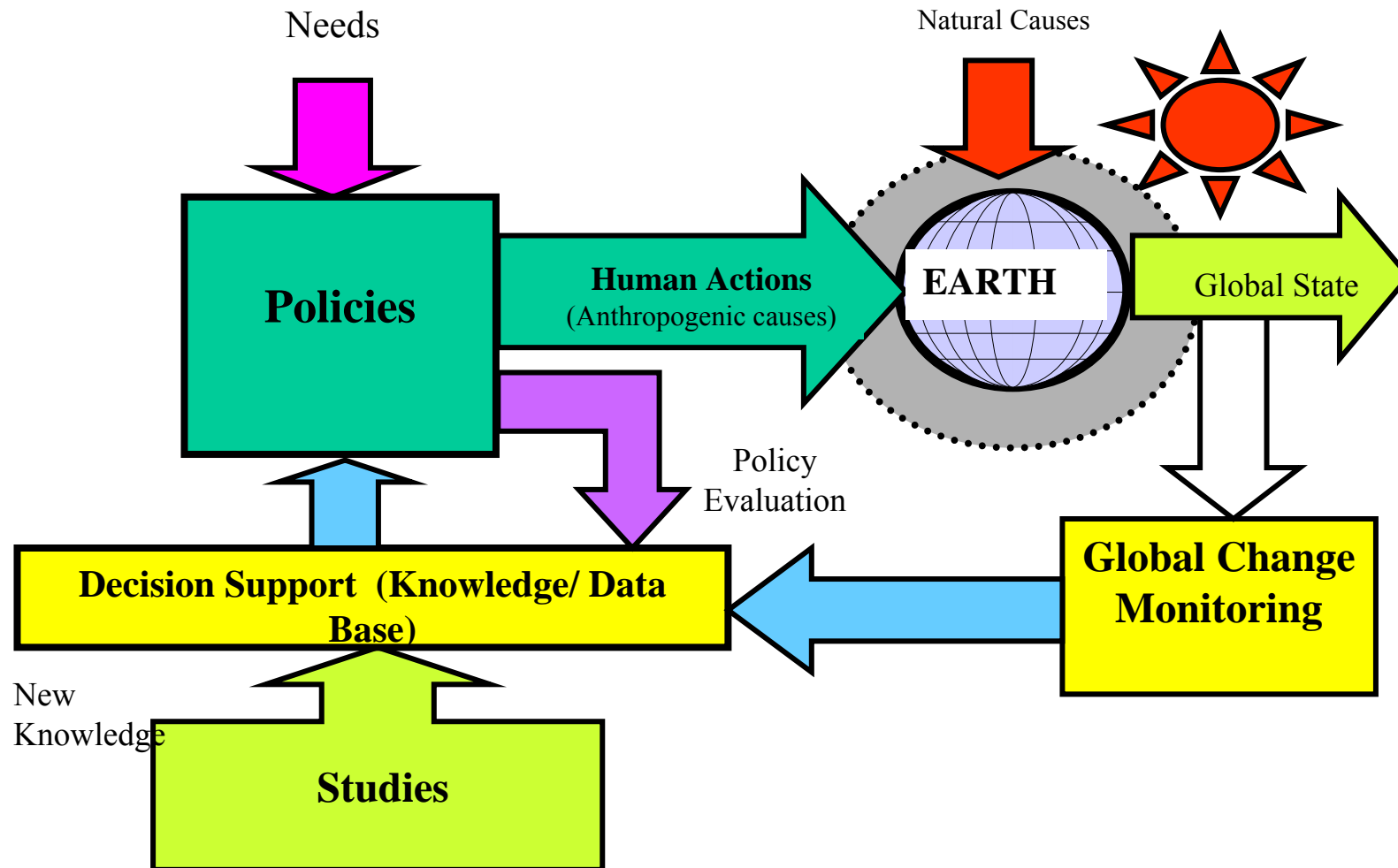
- **Complex current problems that require the support of knowledge from diverse disciplines**
- **One of the CHALLENGING problems is that of SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT**

# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

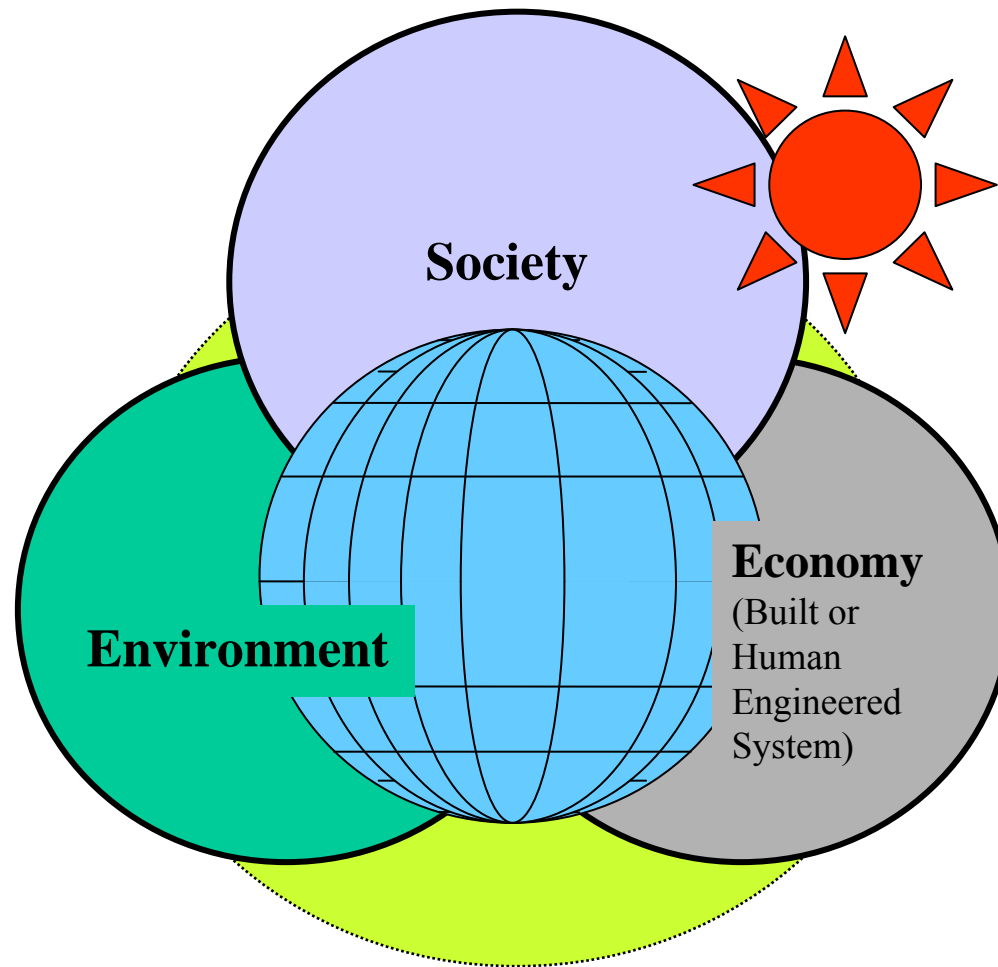
- is “*development that meets the needs of the present generation without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.*”  
-Brundtland Commission (1987)

**Agenda-21 (Earth Summit Rio,  
1992): A document to guide  
human actions for Sustainable  
Development in the 21<sup>st</sup>  
Century**

A great challenge in this context for  
Systems Science and  
Engineering:  
**“THE GRAND DYNAMIC  
SYSTEM”**

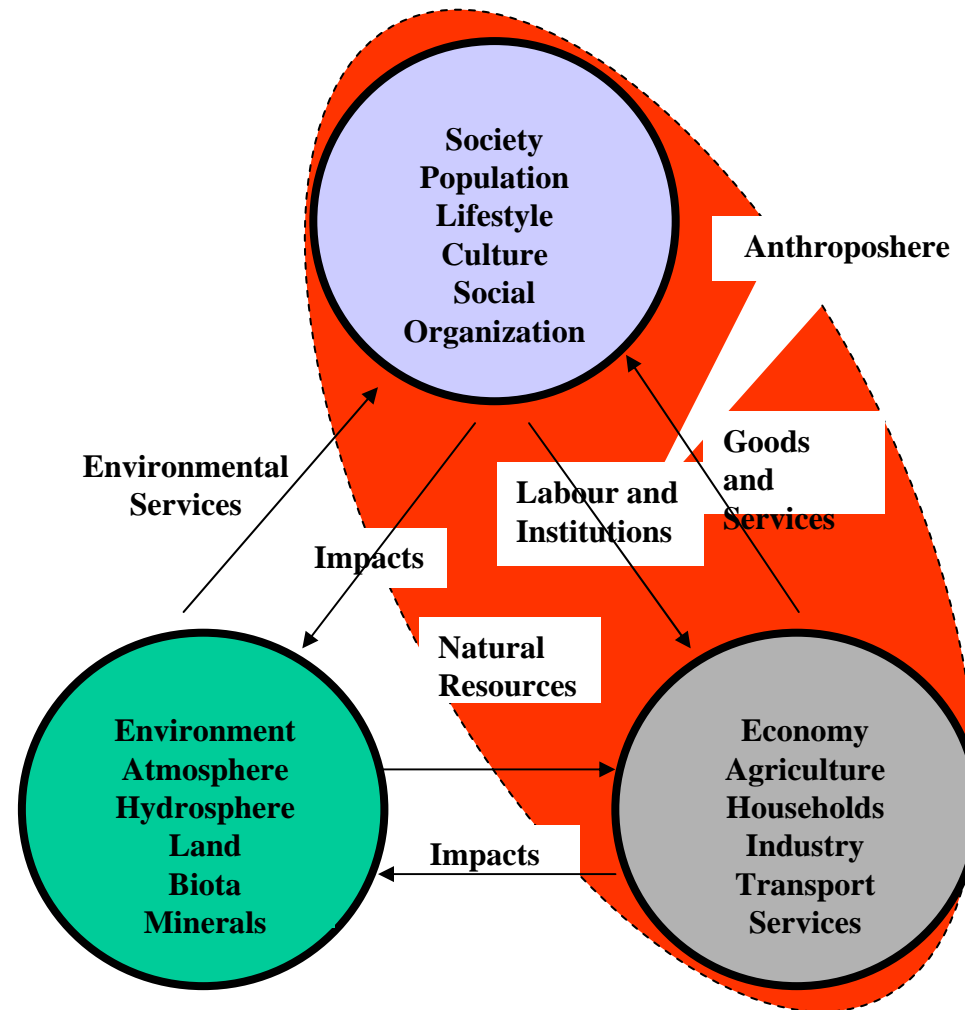


## THE GRAND DYNAMIC SYSTEM “THE EARTH SYSTEM”



MAJOR SUBSYSTEMS OF **OUR** GRAND SYSTEM





**Complex interactions among the various subsystems**

# UNITY OF KNOWLEDGE - CHALLENGES

Diversity of

- 'WORLDS'
- DISCIPLINES
- ENTITIES
- CONCEPTS
- PERSPECTIVES
- 'LANGUAGES'
- levels of 'COMPLEXITY',  
'QUANTIFIABILITY', 'UNCERTAINTY',  
'VAGUENESS', etc.

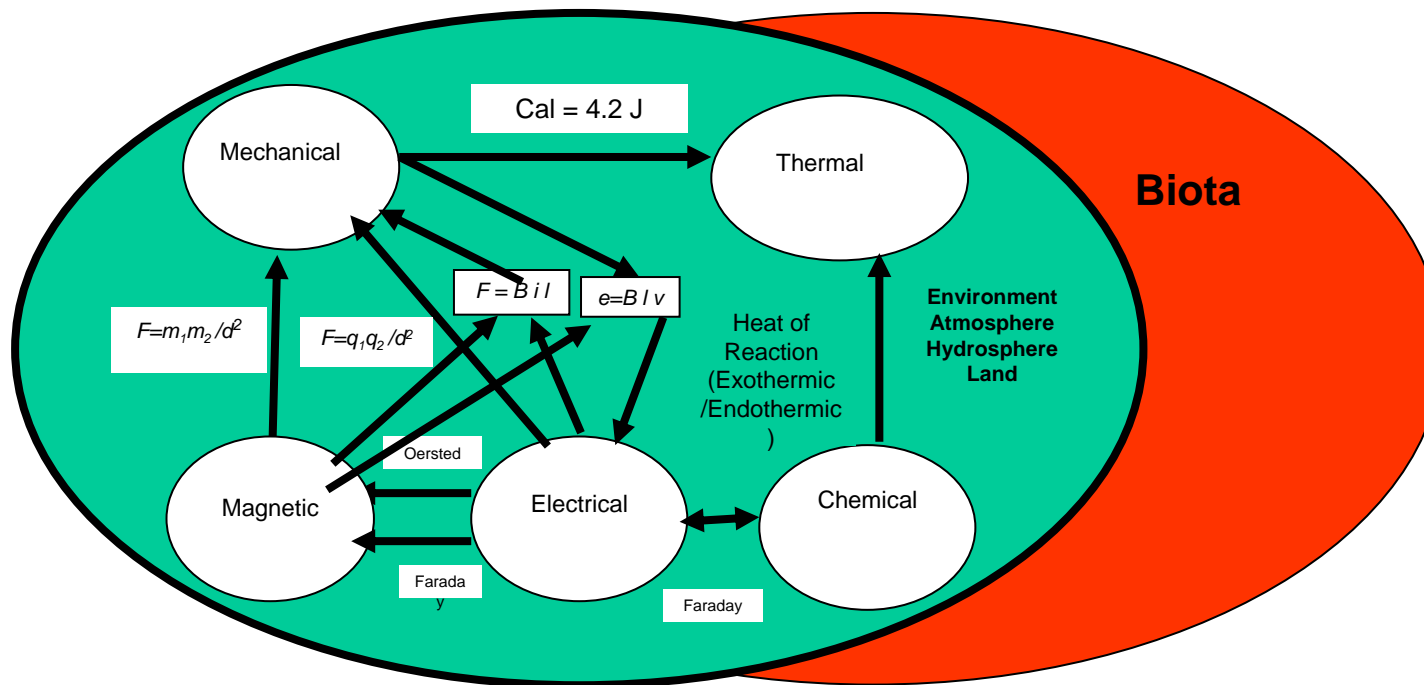
**UNITY OF KNOWLEDGE – THE  
BASIS FOR MAJOR HOPE  
All disciplines are products  
of the  
HUMAN KNOWLEDGE  
INDUSTRY**

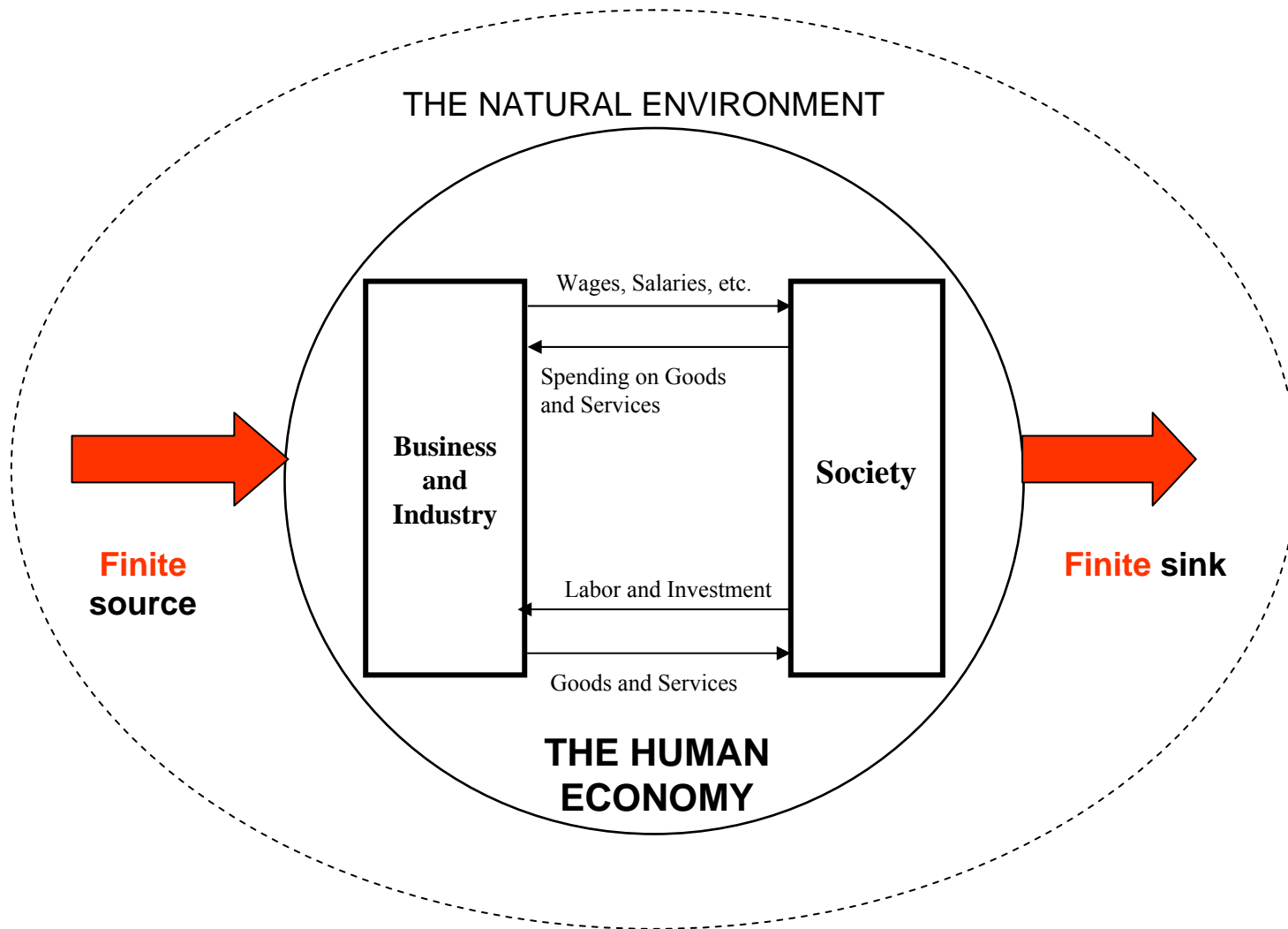
**GENETICALLY**  
**the same type of PLANT –**  
**THE HUMAN MIND**

# **HISTORY OF UNIFICATION OF KNOWLEDGE**

- **DISCOVERY OF HIDDEN  
CONNECTIONS BETWEEN  
DIFFERENT WORLDS – BEGAN  
ONLY A FEW HUNDRED YEARS  
AGO IN PARTS OF THE 'ABIOTIC'  
NATURAL SYSTEM**

# HIDDEN CONNECTIONS IN THE 'ABIOTIC' WORLDS





**The connection between HUMAN ECONOMY and THE  
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT**

# **TRANSDISCIPLINARY PATHWAYS across DIVERSE DISCIPLINES**



# **A case study**

## **‘MATHEMATICS-PHILOSOPHY-GENETICS’**

- **To appreciate the role of certain philosophical concepts in laying the foundations for mathematics**
- **To identify an evolutionary pattern in the development of a species of mathematical concepts**
- **To visualize the ‘GENETIC’ structure behind the evolution (FOUR base units)**
- **To demonstrate the evolution of a species mathematical concepts by ‘MUTATION’ of the ‘FOUR’ base units.**
- **The common traits of the species of mathematical**

# **THE NUMBER CONCEPT**

- **The Babylonians- position value concept**
- **Early limitations**

**The key concepts seemingly  
inspired by the HINDUS  
through their spiritual  
philosophy**

# The Key Concepts

## **ZERO (& INFINITY)**

- The Hindu (not religious but geographical—related to the region around and beyond the *Indus / Sindhu / Hindu* river) intellect and spiritual philosophy
- The concept of GOD and its possible influence on the creation of ZERO-INFINITY concepts

***Brahma Gñaanam***  
**(Understanding The Supreme)**

**Prayers addressed to The Supreme in 'Srimahabhagavatham'  
(Chapter 8, Section 3) by the renowned Telugu poet *Bammera Potana*,  
reflect these concepts**

**73**

*By whom the universe is created;  
Within whom it remains absorbed;  
The Supreme Lord,  
Who is the Root Cause;  
Who is devoid of origin, middle and end;  
Who happens to be everything;  
In such a One, the Self-Created; I seek refuge.*

**74**

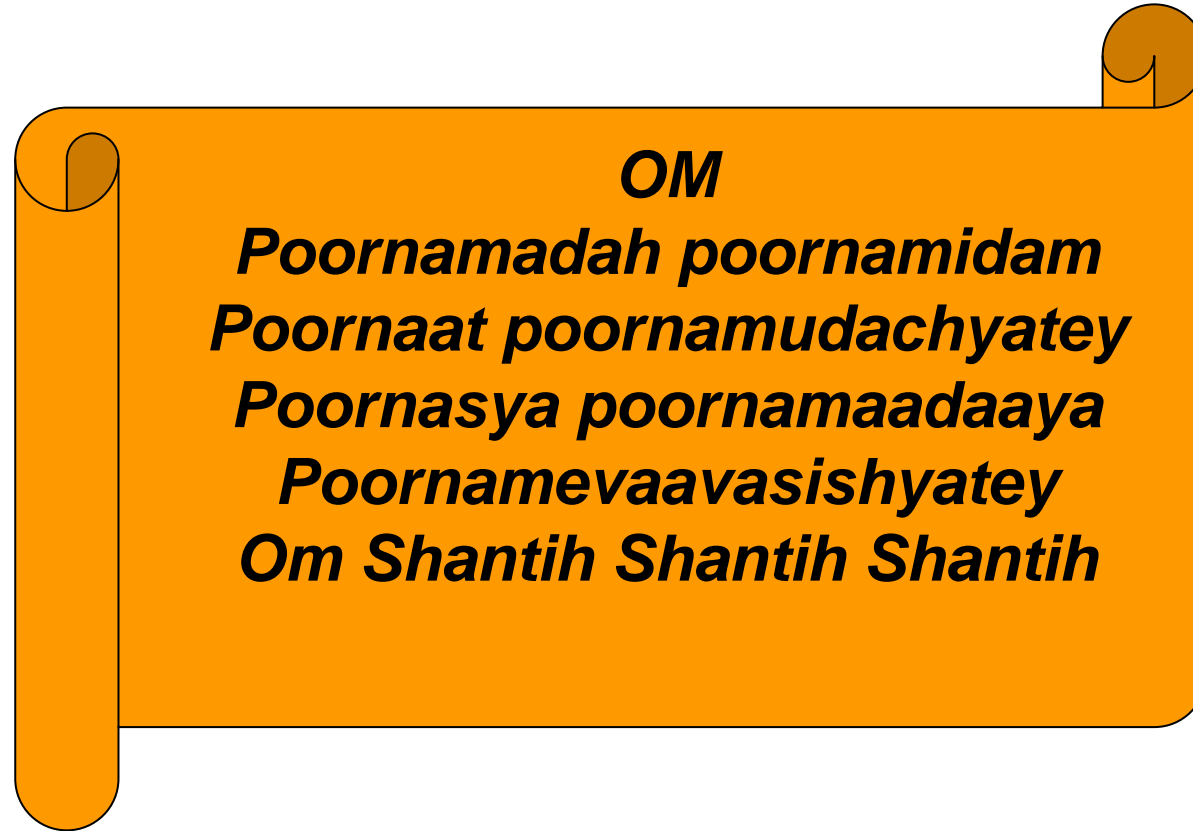
*I think of the One  
That is the universe both exclusive and inclusive of Himself,  
The eternal witness to all events, The Spotless and The Untarnished,  
The Self-created.*

83

*....The Supreme Lord,  
The First, The Ineffable,  
The Goal of spiritual pursuits,  
The Complete One,  
The Supreme Soul,  
The Brahma, The Other One,  
The physical sense defying,  
The Largest and The Smallest - I propitiate.*

85

*The Lord who is without gender,  
Without any physical form,  
Not (physically) evidenced by actions properties, differences and places  
And yet in the background happens to be all these - I think of Him.*



- *That (The Supreme Being) is FULL, This (Universe) is FULL*
- *FULLNESS arises out of FULLNESS*
- *When the FULLNESS from The FULL is taken away  
FULLNESS only remains (  $f - f = f$  )*



$$f - f = f \quad (!)$$

- A property possessed only by **zero** and **infinity**
- Two non-physical (supernatural!) entities
- Devoid of sign and immeasurable
- Inseparably tied to each other

# Synonyms for ZERO

- *Aakaasham*
- *Gaganam*
- *Shuunyam*
- *Antariksham*
- *Marutpatham*

- **Source: '*Saankhya Nighantu*' in '*Muhurtha Darpanam*'**
- ***Nighantu*: A book of synonyms ( Dictionary)**
- ***Muhurtha Darpanam*: Mirror of Moments (of time)**

## TWELVE written by different peoples

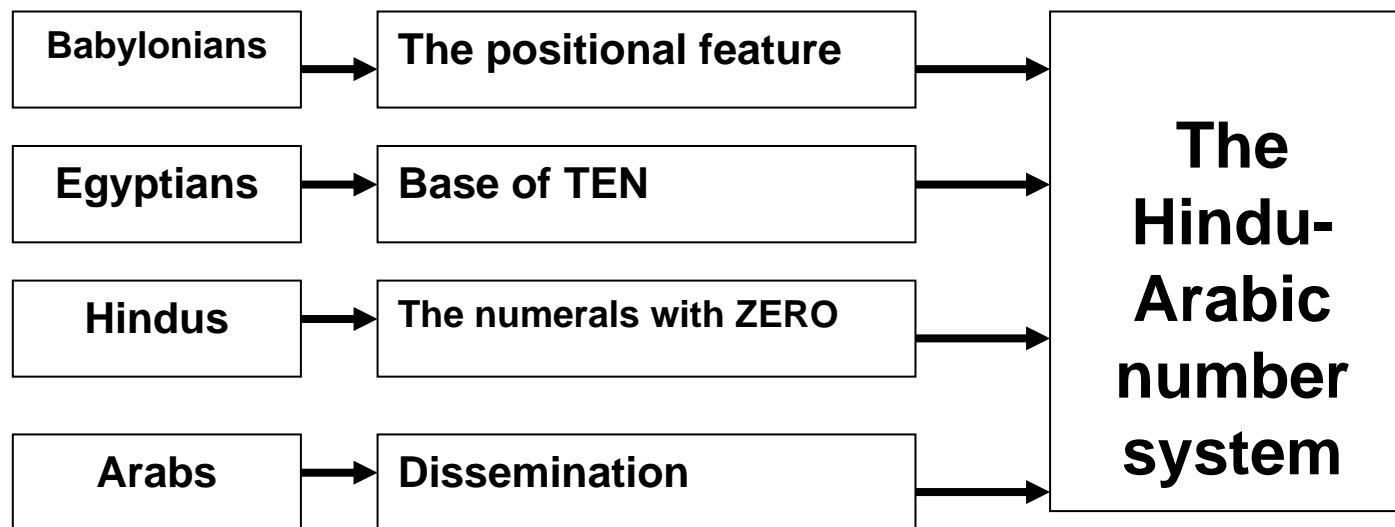
People	Expression
<b>Babylonians</b>	𐎶𐎵𐎶
<b>Romans</b>	XII
<b>Egyptians</b>	ⲘⲚ
<b>Mayans</b>	⋮
<b>Greeks(Attic)</b>	ΔⲚ
<b>Greeks(Ionian)</b>	ιβ
<b>Hindus</b>	12

# Evolution of the pattern

## Babylonians

- **Positional feature**
- **Basis TEN and SIXTY mixed**
- **Multiples of SIXTY and ONE-SIXTIETH appear in the same way as UNITS**
- **SIXTY is still used in astronomy / geometry (angle) , and time**

# The decimal system



**Md. Ibn-Musa Al Khowarizmi's famous manual translated into  
Latin in the 12<sup>th</sup> Century  
The symbols were standardized in the 16<sup>th</sup> Century**

# Number System Features

**Symbols:** 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

**Base (Radix):** TEN

**Positional rule:** Power law

# Representation pattern

Position value	...	$r^2$	$r^1$	$r^0$	$r^{-1}$	$r^{-2}$	...
Location Address	...	2	1	0	-1	-2	...
Spatial pattern of symbols	...	$d_2$	$d_1$	$d_0$	$d_{-1}$	$d_{-2}$	...








**$r = \text{TEN}$**

**A number N: Inherently zero-dimensional**

**Representation renders it one-dimensional**

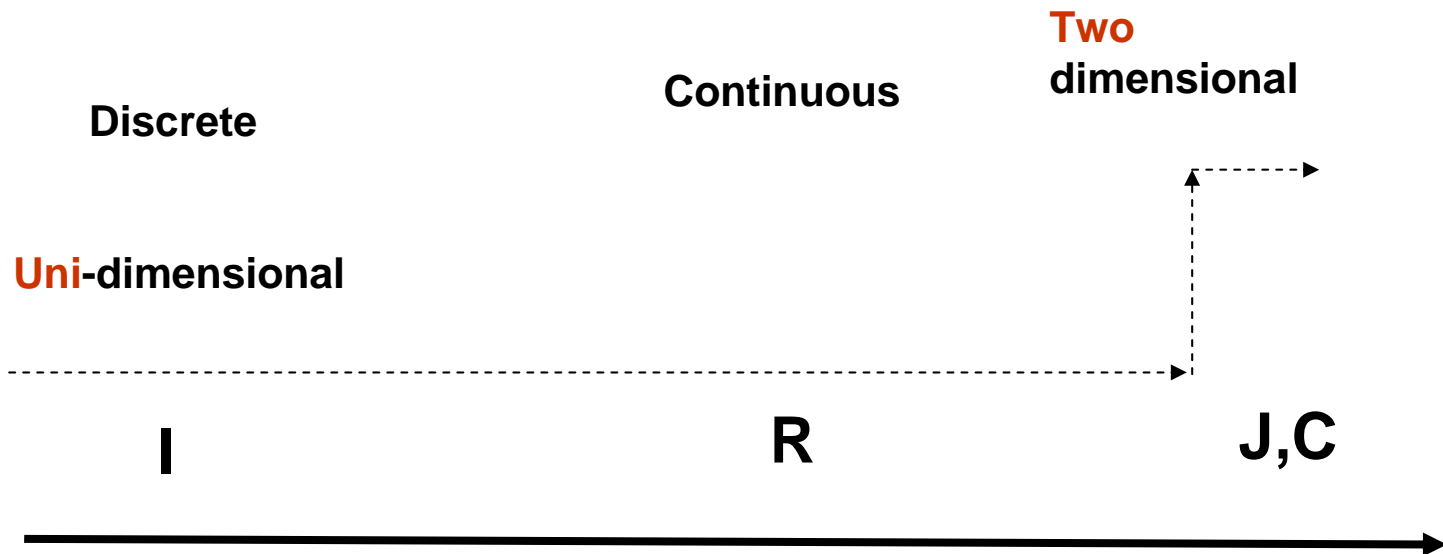
$$N = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{k=\infty} d_k r^k$$

# Various ancient systems of denoting numbers

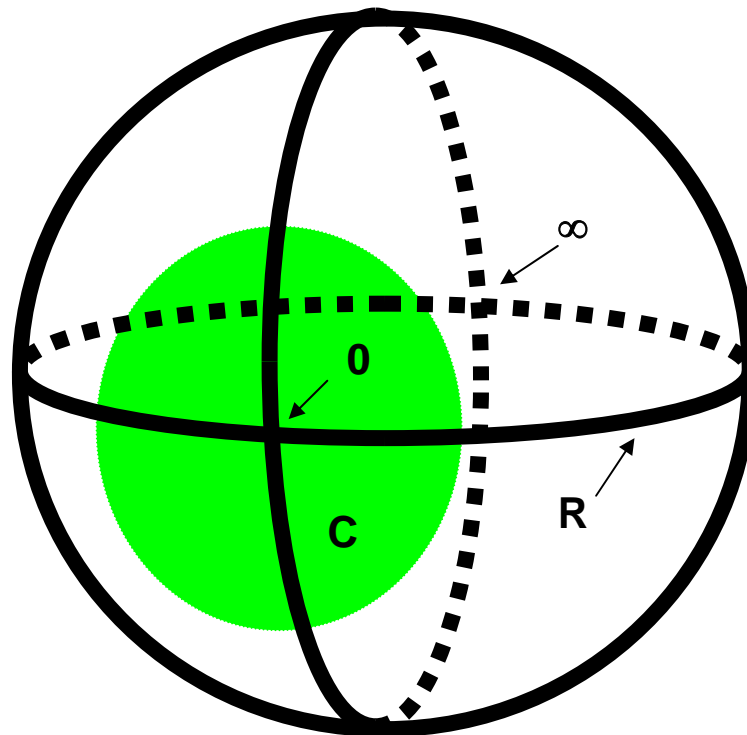
Babylonian	Y	YY	YY Y	YYY Y	YY YY Y	YYY YYY	YYY YYY Y	YYY YYY YY	YYYY YYYY Y	<	
Egyptian	I	II	III	IIII	III II	III III	IIII III	IIII IIII	III III III	Ⲙ	
Greek	A	B	Γ	Δ	E	F	Z	H	θ	I	
Roman	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	
Ancient Chinese	一	二	三								
Mayan	.	..	...	....	—	. —	.. —	... —	.... —	— —	∪
Hindu	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	0



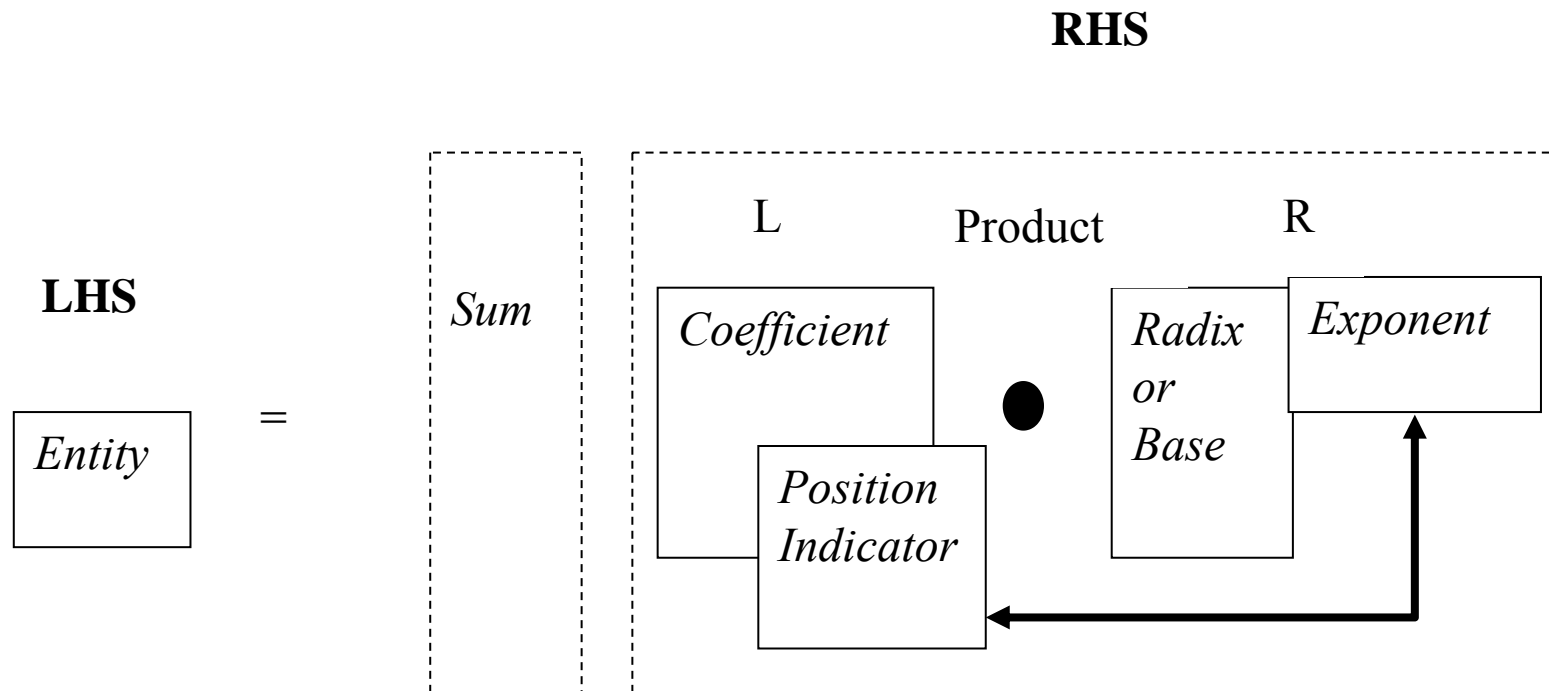
# Development of The course of evolution of the number concept (the subunits I,R,J,C)



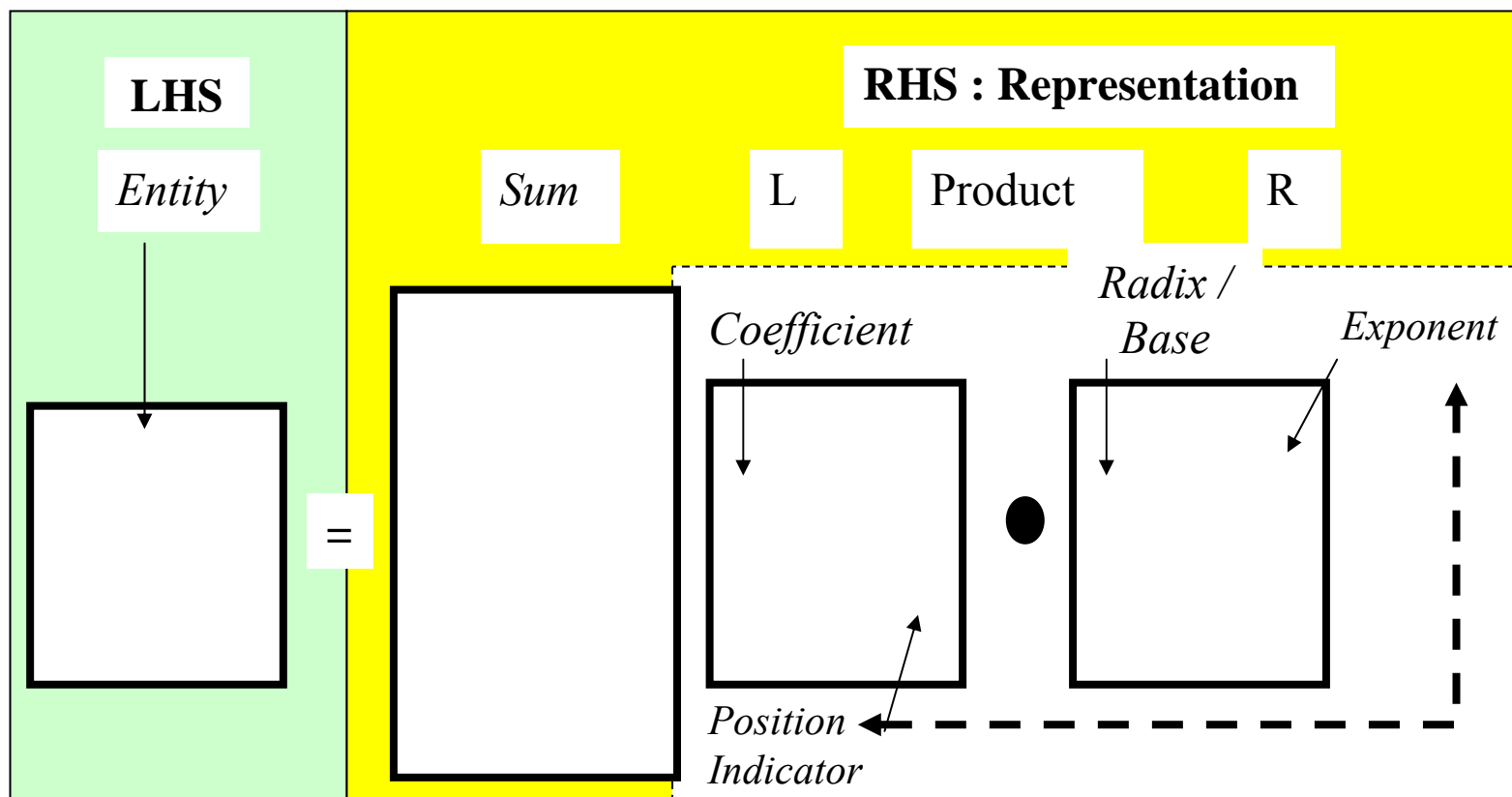
# The number space



# The generic SOP structure of the number system



# Template (The structure of the molecule)



# Number Systems

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Entity} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{N} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{Sum} \\ \boxed{\sum_{k=-\infty}^{k=\infty} d_k r^k} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{L} \\ \text{Coefficient} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{d_k} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Position Indicator} \end{array} \cdot \begin{array}{c} \text{Product} \\ \text{R} \\ \text{Radix / Base} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{r^k} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Exponent} \end{array}$$

A dashed blue arrow points from the 'Position Indicator' label to the 'Exponent' label, indicating that the position index  $k$  is the same for both the coefficient and the radix power.

$$d_k = \left\lfloor \frac{N}{r^k} \right\rfloor - \left\lfloor \frac{N}{r^{k+1}} \right\rfloor r$$

**Radix :**

**Coefficient :**

**Position index:**

**Position value:**

**Remarks:**

$r$ : +ve integer  $\geq 2$

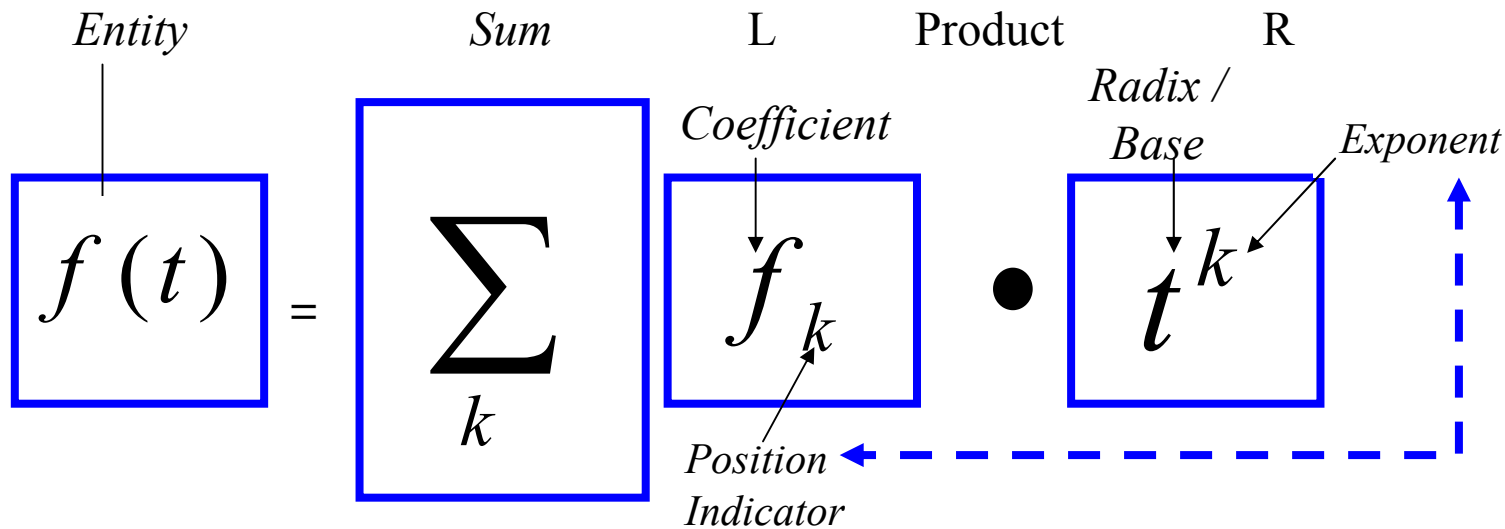
$0 \leq d_k \leq r-1$

$k$ : Real integer

$r^k$

Power law

# Function as Power Series



$$f_k = \frac{1}{k!} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} f(t)$$

*Radix :* Real,  $t$   
*Coefficient :* Real,  $f_k$   
*Position index:*  $k$ : Real integer  
*Position value:*  $t^k$   
*Remarks:* Power law

# Discrete Fourier Series of a Periodic Function

Entity

Sum

L Coefficient

Product

R Radix / Base

Exponent

Position Indicator

$$f(t) = \sum_k f_k e^{j\Omega t k}$$

$$f_k = \frac{\Omega}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/\Omega}^{\pi/\Omega} f(t) e^{-j k \Omega t} dt$$

Radix :	$e^{j\Omega t}$
Coefficient :	Discrete spectrum, $f_k$
Position index:	$k$ : Real integer
Position value:	$e^{(j\Omega t)^k}$
Remarks:	Power law

# Generalized Functions

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \text{Entity} & & \text{Sum} & \text{L} & \text{Product} & \text{R} & \\
 & & & \text{Coefficient} & & \text{Radix / Base} & \text{Exponent !} \\
 \boxed{\phi(\tau)} & = & \boxed{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}} & \boxed{\phi(t)} & \bullet & \boxed{\delta(t-\tau)} & dt \\
 & & & \text{Position Indicator} & & & 
 \end{array}$$

$\phi(t) = \text{Generalized Function}$

Radix :	Dirac delta function $\delta(t)$
Coefficient :	Generalized function
Position index:	$\tau$ . Real
Position value:	Shifted delta function
Remarks:	Natural positioning



# Laplace Transform

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Entity} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{F(s)} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{Sum} \\ \boxed{\int_0^{\infty}} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{L} \\ \text{Coefficient} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{f(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Position Indicator} \end{array} \bullet \begin{array}{c} \text{Product} \\ \text{R} \\ \text{Radix / Base} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{e^{(-s)}} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Exponent} \\ t \end{array} dt$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint F(s) (e^t)^s ds$$

Radix : Complex variable  $e^{-s}$   
 Coefficient : Real  $f(t)$   
 Position index: Real  $t \in [0, \infty]$   
 Position value:  $e^{(-s)^t}$   
 Remarks: In general  $\alpha^{(-s)}$

# Fourier Transform

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & \text{Entity} & & \text{Sum} & & \text{L} & \text{Product} & & \text{R} \\
 & | & & & & & & & \\
 \boxed{F(\omega)} & = & \boxed{\int_0^{\infty}} & \boxed{f(t)} & \bullet & \boxed{e^{(-j\omega)^t}} & dt & \\
 & & & \text{Coefficient} & & \text{Radix /} & & \text{Exponent} \\
 & & & \swarrow & & \text{Base} & & \swarrow \\
 & & & & & & & t \\
 & & & \swarrow & & & & \\
 & & & \text{Position} & \leftarrow & & & \\
 & & & \text{Indicator} & & & & 
 \end{array}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \oint F(\omega) (e^{j\omega t}) d\omega$$

Radix : Complex variable  $e^{j\omega}$   
 Coefficient : Real  $f(t)$   
 Position index: Real  $t \in [0, \infty]$   
 Position value:  $e^{(-j\omega)^t}$   
 Remarks: Continuous spectrum

# z-Transform

Entity

Sum

L

Product

R

Radix / Base

Exponent

Coefficient

Position Indicator

$$F(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f_k (z^{-1})^k$$

$$f_k = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint F(z) z^{k-1}$$

Radix : Complex variable  $z^{-1}$

Coefficient : Real,  $f_k$

Position index:  $k$ : Positive integer

Position value:  $(z^{-1})^k$

Remarks: Positioning natural

# Mellin Transform

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Entity} \\
 \downarrow \\
 \boxed{F(m)} = \boxed{\int_0^{\infty}} \quad \text{Sum} \\
 \downarrow \\
 \boxed{f(t)} \cdot \boxed{t^{m-1} dt} \\
 \begin{array}{l}
 \text{Coefficient} \quad \text{Product} \quad \text{R} \\
 \text{Radix / Base} \quad \text{Exponent} \\
 \text{Position Indicator} \leftarrow
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

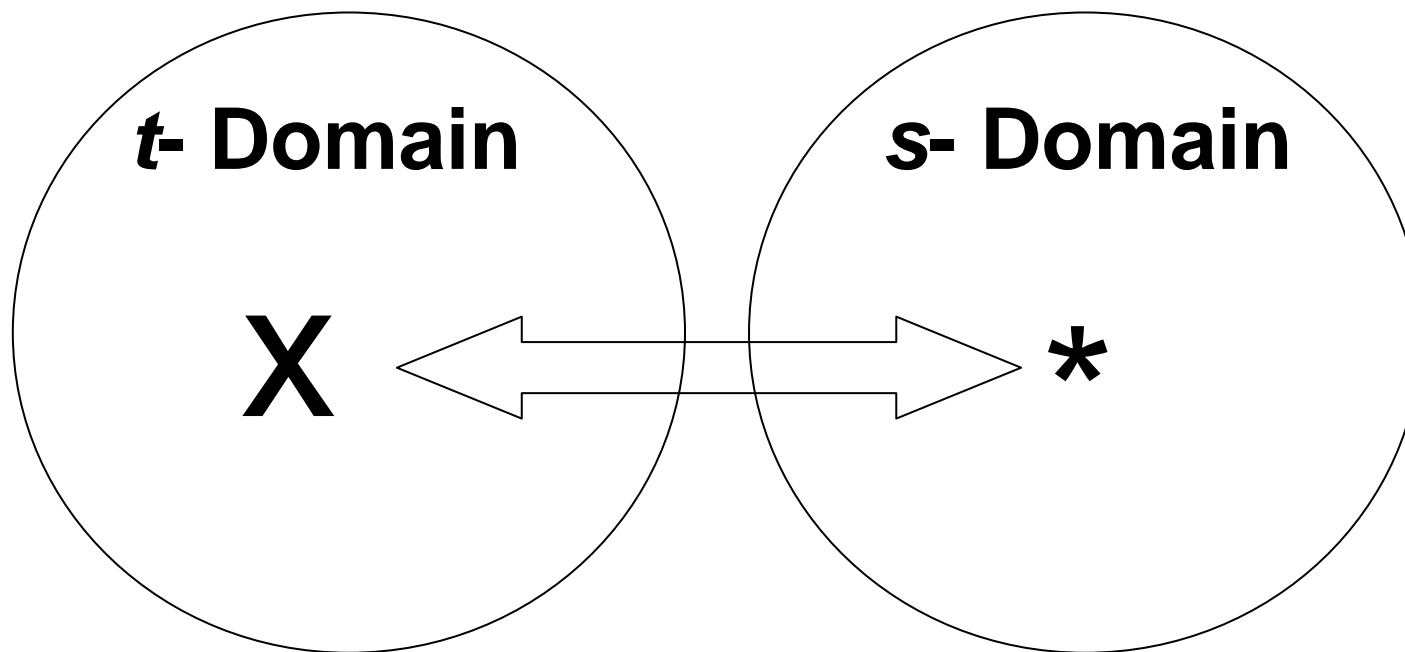
$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \oint F(m) t^m dm$$

Radix : Real,  $t$   
 Coefficient : Real  $f(t)$   
 Position index:  $t$   
 Position value:  $t^{m-1}$   
 Remarks: Power law

# Evolution of various SOP forms of mathematical expression from the Hindu system of number representation

Expression → Features ↓	Number system	Function as power series	Discrete Fourier series of a periodic function	Generalized function	Laplace transform	Fourier transform	Z- transform	Mellin transform
Radix (Base)	<i>Positive integer <math>r \geq 2</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>t</math></i>	<i><math>\exp(j\Omega t)</math></i>	<i><math>\delta(t)</math></i>	<i><math>\exp(-s)</math></i>	<i><math>\exp(-j\omega)</math></i>	<i><math>z^{-1}</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>t</math></i>
Coefficient	<i><math>0 \leq d_k \leq r-1</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>f_k</math></i>	<i><math>f_k</math></i>	<i>Generalized function</i>	<i>Real, <math>f(t)</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>f(t)</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>f_k</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>f(t)</math></i>
Position index (Exponent)	<i>Integer <math>k</math></i>	<i>Integer, <math>k</math></i>	<i>Integer, <math>k</math></i>	<i>Real, <math>\tau</math></i>	<i>Real <math>t \in [0, \infty]</math> continuous</i>	<i>Real <math>t \in [0, \infty]</math> continuous</i>	<i>Positive integer, <math>k</math></i>	<i><math>t</math></i>
Position value	<i><math>r^k</math></i>	<i><math>t^k</math></i>	<i><math>\exp(j\Omega t)^k</math></i>	<i><math>\delta(t-\tau)</math></i>	<i><math>[\exp(-s)]^t</math></i>	<i><math>[\exp(-j\omega)]^t</math></i>	<i><math>(z^{-1})^k</math></i>	<i><math>t^{m-1}</math></i>
Remarks	<i>Word length: Number of digits in the number expressio</i>		<i>Discrete spectrum: The set of coefficients</i>	<i>Natural positioning along <math>t</math></i>	<i>In general <math>\alpha^s</math> is also possible. <math>\alpha=e</math> normalize <math>s</math></i>	<i>Continuous spectrum</i>	<i>Positionin g natural</i>	

# Product-Convolution Duality



## Product of two numbers

$$M = m_2 r^2 + m_1 r + m_0$$

$$N = n_2 r^2 + n_1 r + n_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} M.N = & (m_2 n_2) r^4 + (m_1 n_2 + m_2 n_1) r^3 \\ & + (m_0 n_2 + m_1 n_1 m_2 n_0) r^2 + (m_0 n_1 + m_1 n_0) r + m_0 n_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sum_{j=-(k-1)}^{k-1} \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} m_i r^i n_{i-j} r^{i-j}, k=3$$

# Multiplication by convolution

Multiplication by convolution							
$n_2$	$n_1$	$n_0$					
		$m_2 n_0 r^2$					$j=-2$
		$m_2$	$m_1$	$m_0$			
	$n_2$	$n_1$	$n_0$				
		$m_2 n_1 r^3$	$m_1 n_0 r$				$j=-1$
		$m_2$	$m_1$	$m_0$			
		$n_2$	$n_1$	$n_0$			
		$m_2 n_2 r^4$	$m_1 n_1 r^2$	$m_0 n_0$			$j=0$
		$m_2$	$m_1$	$m_0$			
			$n_2$	$n_1$	$n_0$		
			$m_1 n_2 r^3$	$m_0 n_1 r$			$j=1$
		$m_2$	$m_1$	$m_0$			
				$n_2$	$n_1$	$n_0$	
				$m_0 n_2 r^2$			$j=2$
$m_2 n_2 r^4 + (m_1 n_2 + m_2 n_1) r^3 + (m_0 n_2 + m_1 n_1 + m_2 n_0) r^2 + (m_0 n_1 + m_1 n_0) r + m_0 n_0$							



## **Integral Transforms: An interpretation**

$$F(s) = \int f(t)K(s,t)dt$$

$$f(t) = \int F(s)K^{-1}(s,t)ds$$

Literally

$$K(s,t) : \text{“At } t\text{”}$$

$$K^{-1}(s,t) : \text{“At } s\text{”}$$

# Broader Meaning of Certain Terms

**BASIS**

**SPECTRUM**

**BANDWIDTH**

**TUNING**



# BASIS

**A fundamental set of entities chosen to express any other arbitrary entity**

**Fourier series: Sinusoidal functions**

**Money: All denominations of coins and notes**

**Binary number system: {0,1}**

**Decimal number system: {0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}**

**Power series:  $\{t^k, k = 0,1,2,3,\dots\}$**

**etc...**

# SPECTRUM

**Commonly it is the pattern of sinusoidal components in the information content of a signal**

**In general it is a pattern that shows how the basis is weighted in a representation.**

**In our general framework: A sequence of ‘coefficients’.**

**In the general sense, the following are also ‘**spectra**’:**

**A number in the binary system: 110011**

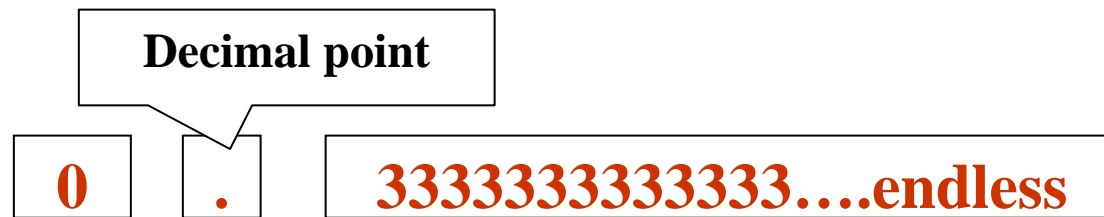
**A number in the decimal system: 3456**

# BANDWIDTH

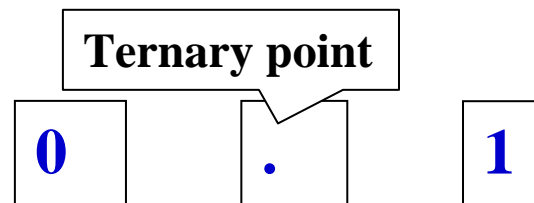
**The limits of a sequence of significant coefficients**

**In number representation, the term ‘word length’ is in the same sense**

The number ‘one third’ in the decimal system shows infinite ‘bandwidth’:



In the ternary system the ‘Spectrum’ becomes ‘Band limited’



# TUNING

Selecting particular components in a ‘spectrum’

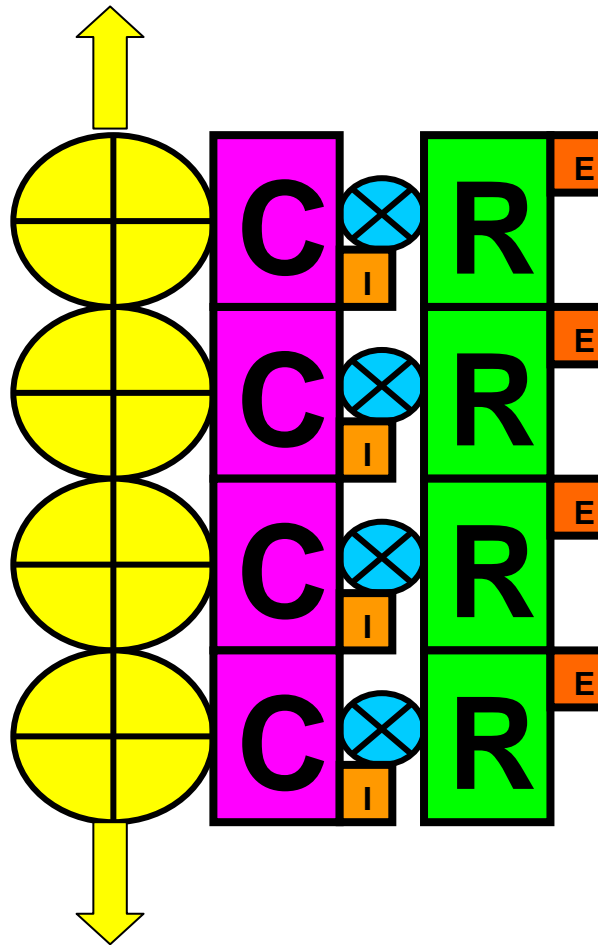
Unusual examples

Finding the **digit** in the ‘**hundreds place**’ in the **decimal representation of a number**

Finding the **value** of a function  $f(t)$  at  $t_1 > 0$

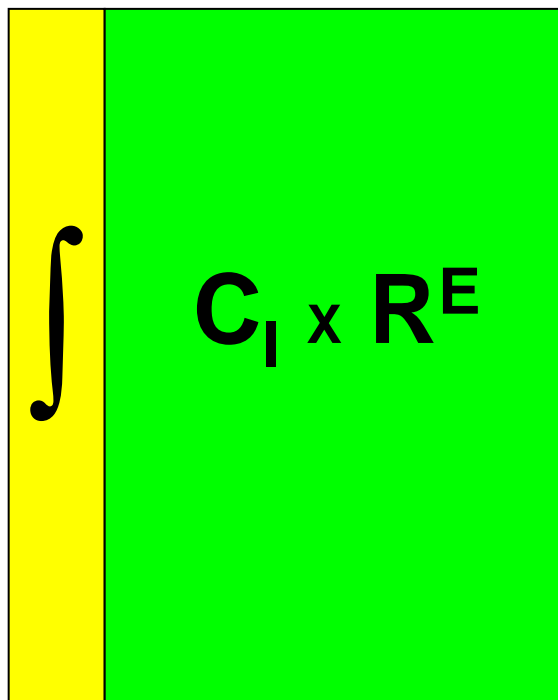
# **The discrete and continuous DNA-like ribbon models**

# The discrete ribbon





# The continuous ribbon



# Some interesting coincidences with 4 of the DNA

- The number of sub units in the ribbon models is 4
- The creator '*Brahma*' is regarded as 4-headed
- The perfect '*Dharma*' moves on four '*Paadas*'
- The land vertebrate creatures (including humans and other erect walking creatures) predominantly four legged (four limbed). The birds have 2 legs+2wings=4limbs

# Concluding remarks

- The mathematical concepts are not living things to be associated with genetic models. But they are created humans and perhaps, unknowingly, the evolution of concepts follows a similar pattern.
- Let us not look at all these with the usual rigor; in transdisciplinarity, you need to sacrifice some rigor
- Let us not also assess our attempt in terms of direct gains to any of the individual disciplines considered; although in our case study we have gained an interesting insight into a class of mathematical concepts and genetics and philosophy gained nothing
- This is another pursuit of knowledge- the unifying aspect between diverse disciplines

# Acknowledgements

**I am indebted to**

- **my teachers who taught me to how to think,**
- **my students who asked thought provoking questions, and**
- **my friends and colleagues who encouraged my thinking.**

# Dedication

- **There was a primary school teacher, who worked in remote and hard-to-access villages, who was also a Vedic and Astro scholar.**
- **I did not go to his school but he was the first to teach me the three R's.**

**He inspired this work, provided  
valuable discussions, and  
supplied some rare references  
from ancient Hindu literature.**

**Born in 1914, he came from a  
village of scholars like  
Kavyakantha Ganapati Muni,  
a long way to Kolkata on 20-  
12-1998, to rest for ever.**

**He was my father**





**Sri Ganti Venkatappadu (1914-1998)**

**This work is dedicated to  
his loving memory.**

**THANK YOU**

**MAY GOD BLESS YOU  
ALL**