

Chair of Bioprocess Engineering

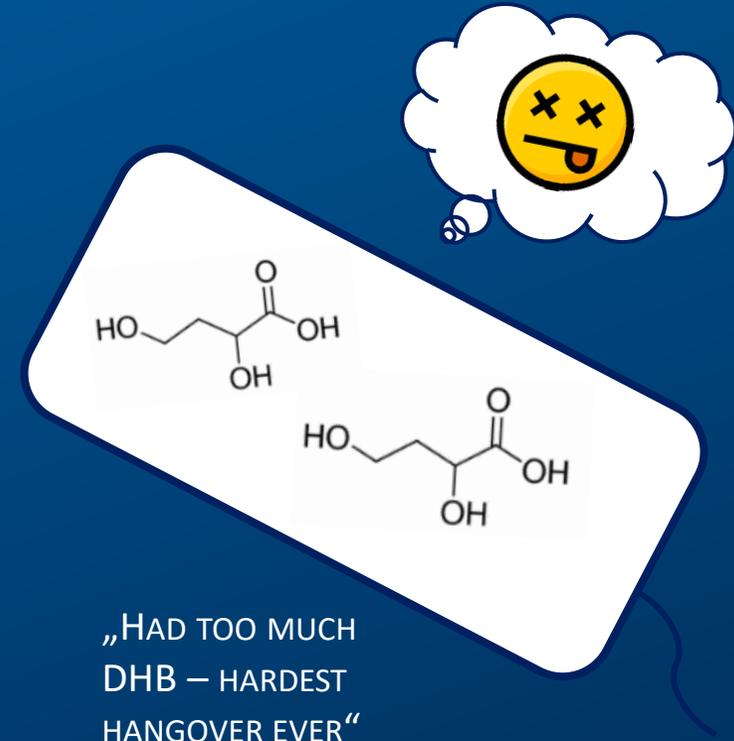
Engineering of DHB resistance

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„HAD TOO MUCH
DHB – HARDEST
HANGOVER EVER“

- E. COLI

Context and motivation

Sustainable production of amino acids

Most amino acids are currently synthesized by fermentation processes

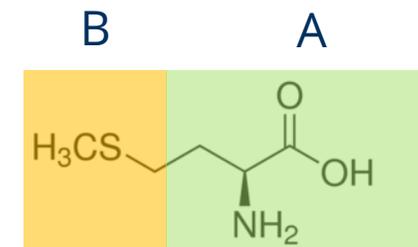
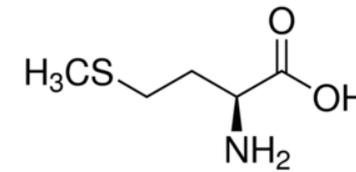
- Exception: (L)-methionine
- Important supplement for animal nutrition
- Production volume reached 1 million tons in 2014

Methionine production is dominated by petroleum based synthesis

- High metabolic production costs in wild type *E. coli*

Establishment of a two step process for microbial production

- 1) Production of a **functional carbohydrate** in *E. coli* (**A**)
- 2) Chemical incorporation of sulphur to form (L)-methionine (**B**)



Context and motivation

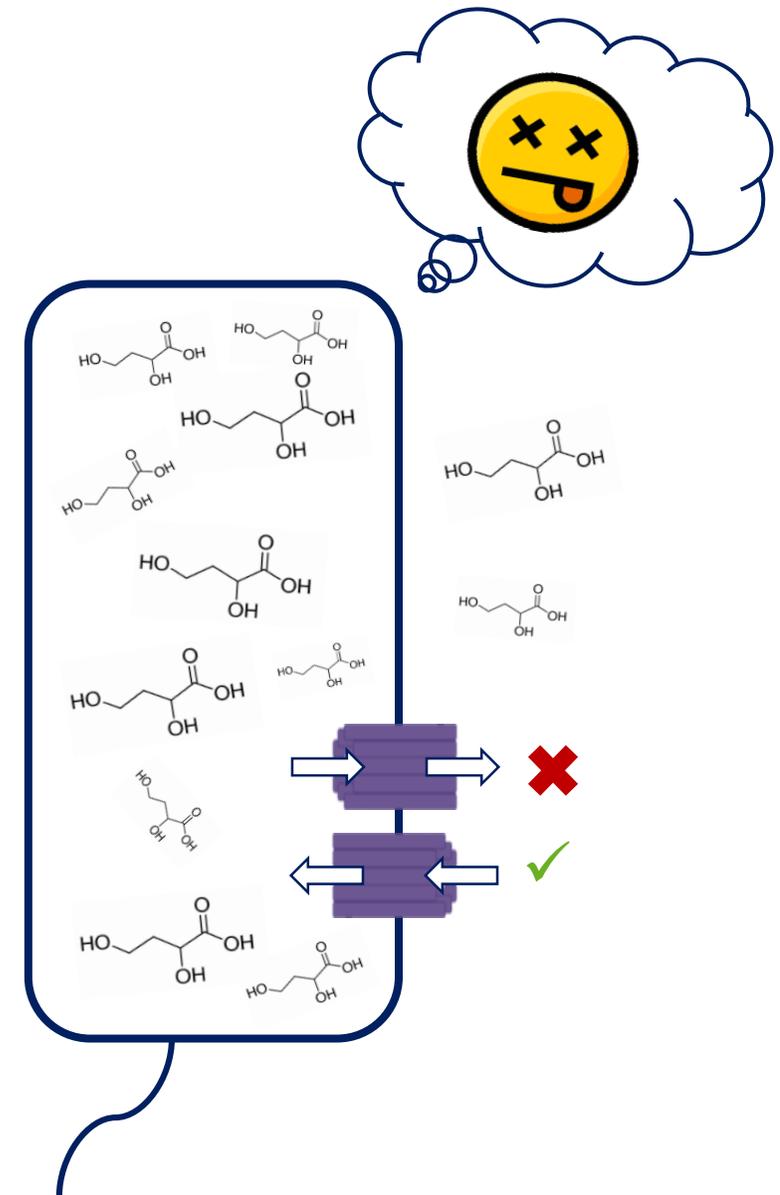
Sustainable production of amino acids

Functional carbohydrate is 2,4-Dihydroxybutyrate (DHB)

- Naturally not produced in *E. coli*
- Produced via a synthetic pathway
- Accumulation of DHB is toxic
- No transporter proteins known to export DHB

Central idea of the project

- Identification of a DHB exporting permease
- Strain engineering to reduce the toxic effect of DHB



Applied techniques

...mainly molecular biological methods

Strain engineering via homologous recombination

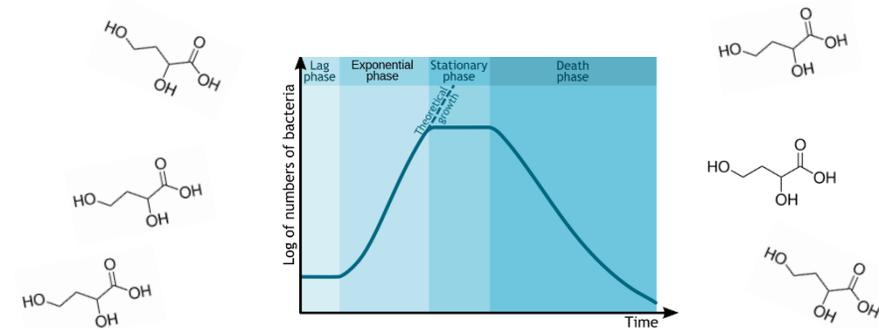
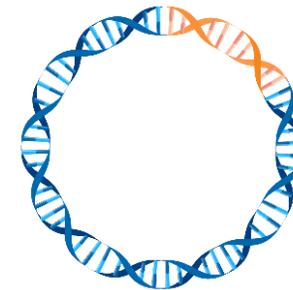
- Deletion of genes in the *E. coli* genome
- Overexpression of genes via promoter exchange

Molecular biology

- Plasmid construction via PCR / Gibson assembly
- Creation of genomic libraries of various species
- DeepSequencing analysis

Growth experiments

- Determination of specific growth rates



State of the project

Engineering DHB resistance

✓ Successful construction and application of genomic libraries

- *E. coli* strains harboring genomic library plasmids were able to grow at much higher DHB concentrations

✓ Identification of genes which contribute to DHB resistance

- Introduction of additional gene copies resulted in a significant increase in DHB tolerance in *E. coli*
- Partial elucidation of the toxic effect of DHB



- **More clones need to be screened and new libraries have to be tested!**

Want to join...?

Here's what you could do

Learn the basic stuff - construction of genomic libraries

- DNA of various bacteria will be used used to screen a lot of genes which are not native to *E. coli*



Functionalization of libraries of distantly related bacteria of *E. coli*.

- ... cause there actually is some kind of language barrier



Making the screening procedure big via DeepSequencing approach

- Allows to screen thousands and millions of clones

