## Exercises for "Quantum Phase Transitions"

Summer 24

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Exercise 6 (12.07.24)

## 1. Quantum Ising chain with second-neighbor exchange

(4 points)

Consider a quantum Ising chain with second-neighbor exchange in a transverse field,

$$H_{\rm I} = -\sum_{n} \left( J\sigma_n^z \sigma_{n+1}^z + J_2 \sigma_n^z \sigma_{n+2}^z + Jg \sigma_n^x \right). \tag{1}$$

Here, the spin-1/2 operators are represented by Pauli matrices  $\sigma_n^x$  and  $\sigma_n^y$  that fulfill the algebra:

$$\sigma_n^z \sigma_n^z = \sigma_n^x \sigma_n^x = 1,$$

$$\sigma_n^z \sigma_n^x = -\sigma_n^x \sigma_n^z,$$

$$\sigma_n^z \sigma_m^x = \sigma_m^x \sigma_n^z,$$
for  $m \neq n$ .
$$(2)$$

- (a) Determine the dispersion relation of a domain-wall excitation to lowest order in g.
- (b) Determine the dispersion relation of a flipped-spin excitation in the limit  $g \gg 1$ .
- (c) Interpret the results.

## 2. Self-duality of the quantum Ising chain

(6 points)

We wish to derive the dual representation of the one-dimensional quantum Ising chain in a transverse field,

$$H_{\rm I} = -J \sum_{n} \left( \sigma_n^z \sigma_{n+1}^z + g \sigma_n^x \right). \tag{3}$$

(a) First, introduce spin operators on the dual lattice, i.e., the lattice where the sites are given by the bonds of the original lattice,

$$\tau_n^x = \sigma_{n+1}^z \sigma_n^z,$$

$$\tau_n^z = \prod_{m \le n} \sigma_m^x,$$
(4)

and show that they satisfy the algebra (2) as well.

- (b) Express the Hamiltonian (3) in terms of the dual operators.
- (c) Use the dual Hamiltonian to derive a relation between the energy eigenvalues at coupling g and coupling 1/g.
- (d) Argue that the critical point of  $H_{\rm I}$  is at g=1. Which further assumptions are needed?