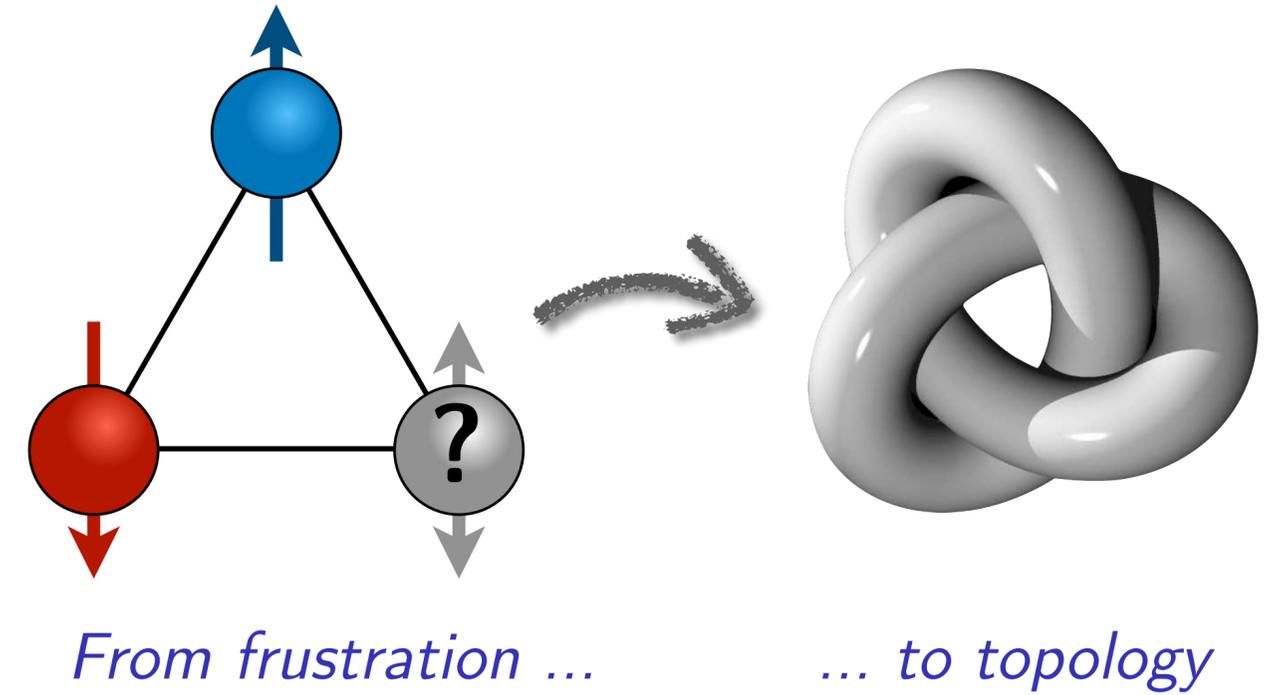


Topological phases of matter in frustrated quantum magnets

Lukas Janssen
TU Dresden



[Ylebru, CC BY-SA 3.0, via Wikimedia Commons]

Urban Seifert (Santa Barbara)
Sreejith Chulliparambil (Dresden)

Xiao-Yu Dong (Ghent)
Matthias Vojta (Dresden)
Hong-Hao Tu (Dresden)

Shouryya Ray (Dresden)
John Gracey (Liverpool)

Bernhard Ihrig (Cologne)
Daniel Kruti (Cologne)
Michael Scherer (Cologne)



Outline

- (1) Introduction: *Topological phases of matter*
- (2) Spin-1/2: *Kitaev spin model*
- (3) Spin-3/2: *Kitaev spin-orbital models*
- (4) Conclusions

Slides available on <https://tu-dresden.de/physik/qcm/vortraege>



Outline

(1) Introduction: *Topological phases of matter*

(2) Spin-1/2: *Kitaev spin model*

(3) Spin-3/2: *Kitaev spin-orbital models*

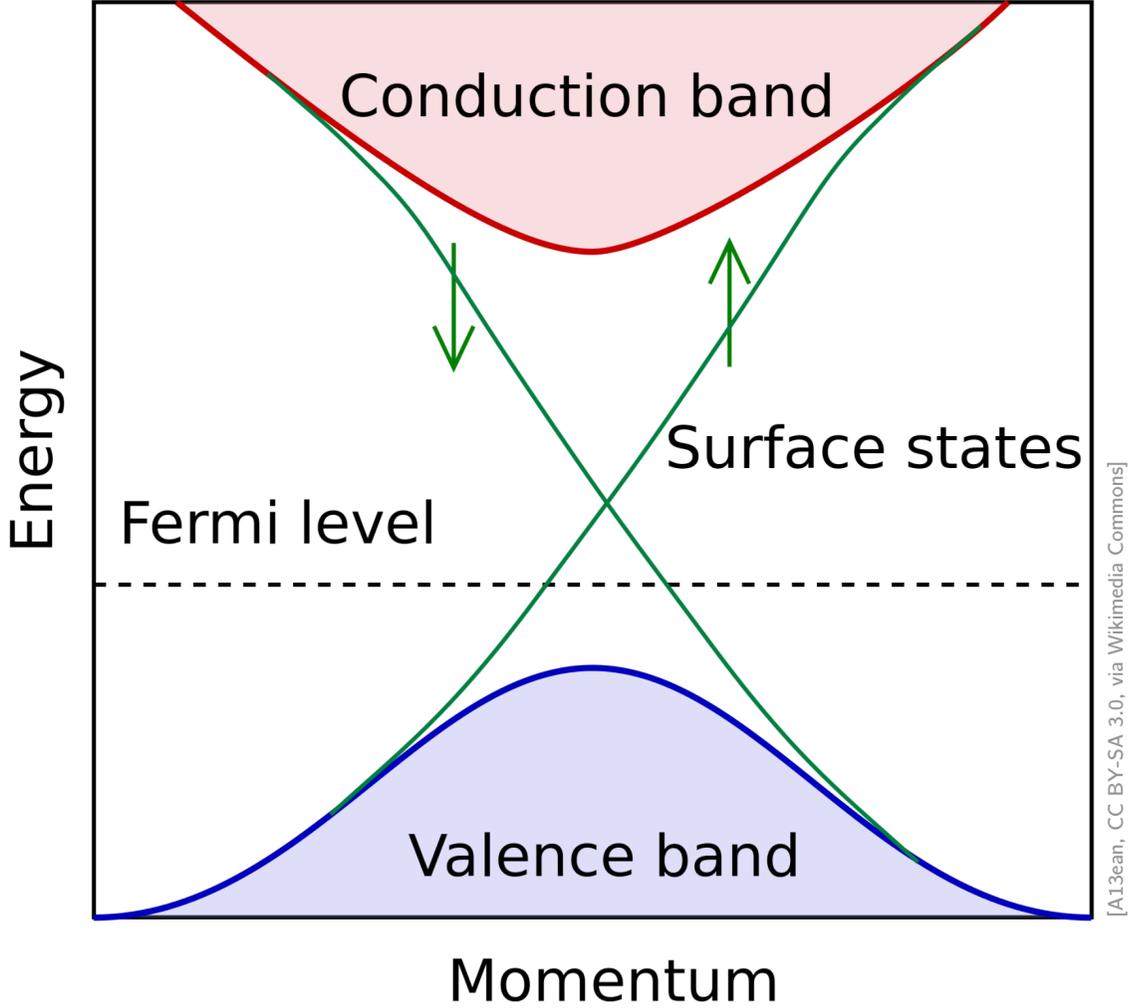
(4) Conclusions

Slides available on <https://tu-dresden.de/physik/qcm/vortraege>



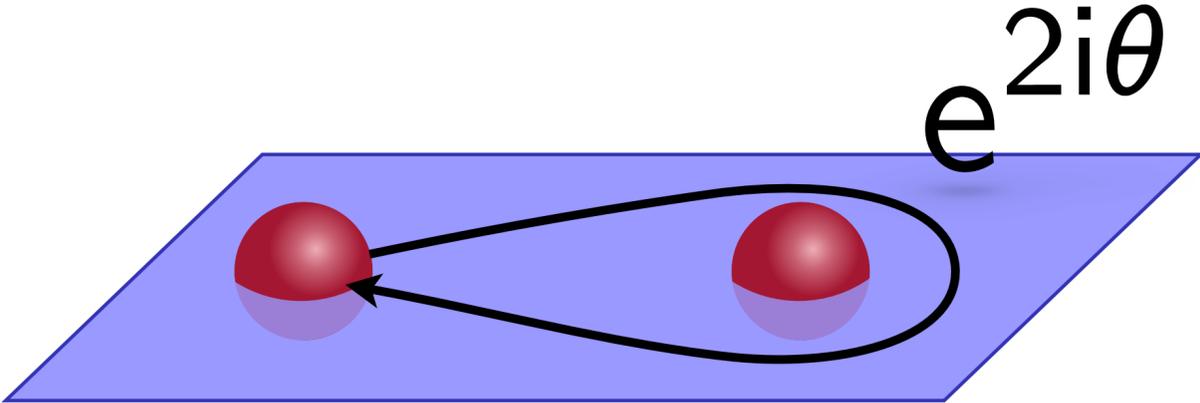
Topological phases of matter

“Phases with exotic edges”



Gapless surface states

“Phases with exotic excitations”



Exchange statistics with $\theta \notin \{0, \theta\}$

Anyons

Topological superconductors

Chiral $p + ip$ superconductor:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{BdG}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{p}} \Psi_{\mathbf{p}}^{\dagger} [\vec{d}(\mathbf{p}, \mu) \cdot \vec{\sigma}] \Psi_{\mathbf{p}},$$

$$\vec{d}(\mathbf{p}, \mu) = (-2|\Delta|p_y, -2|\Delta|p_x, \frac{p^2}{2m} - \mu)$$

Topological superconductors

Chiral $p + ip$ superconductor:

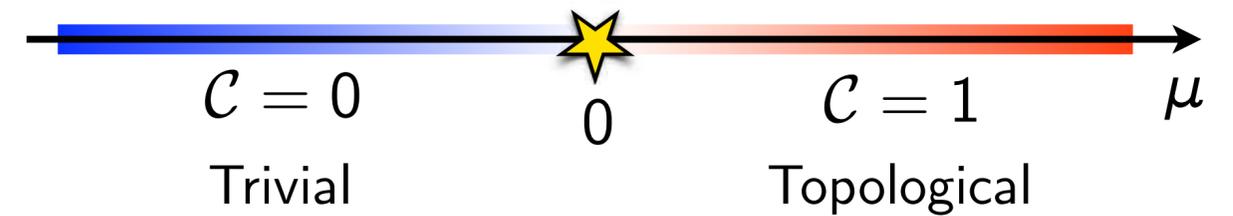
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Chern number:

$$\mathcal{C} = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int d^2\mathbf{p} \frac{\epsilon^{ij}}{|\vec{d}|^3} \vec{d} \cdot (\partial_{p_i} \vec{d} \times \partial_{p_j} \vec{d})$$

Phase diagram:



Topological superconductors

Chiral $p + ip$ superconductor:

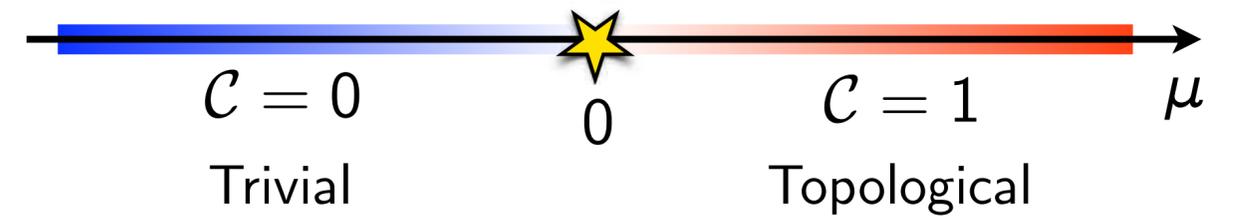
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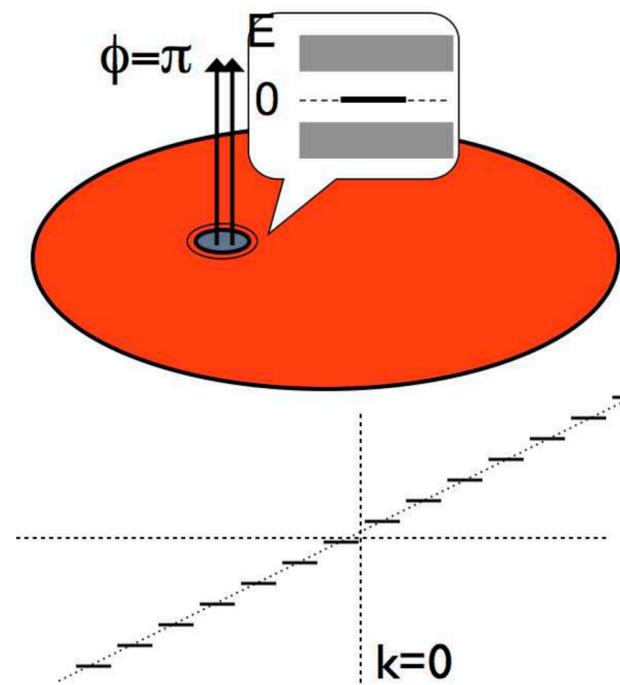
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Phase diagram:



Vortices:



Topological superconductors

Chiral $p + ip$ superconductor:

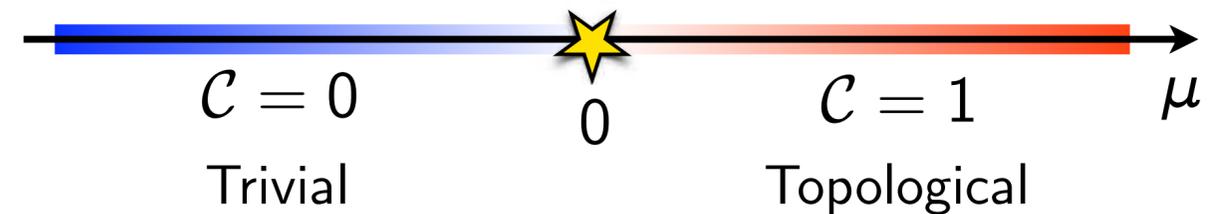
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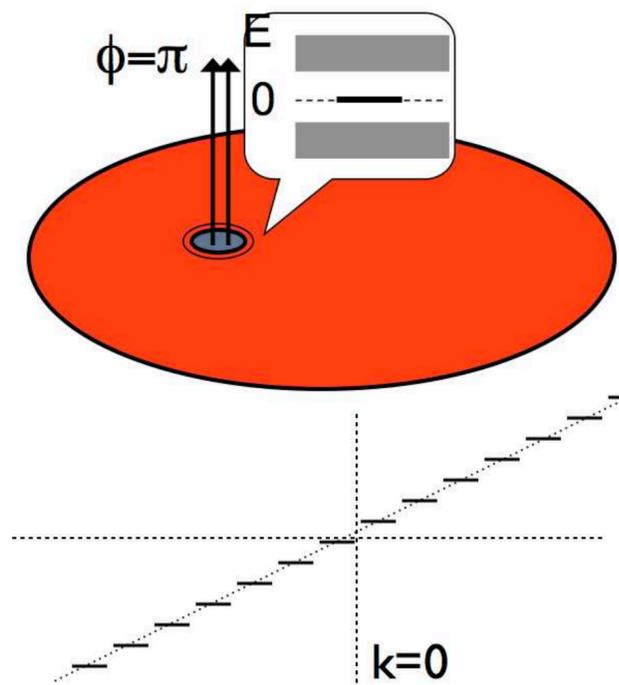
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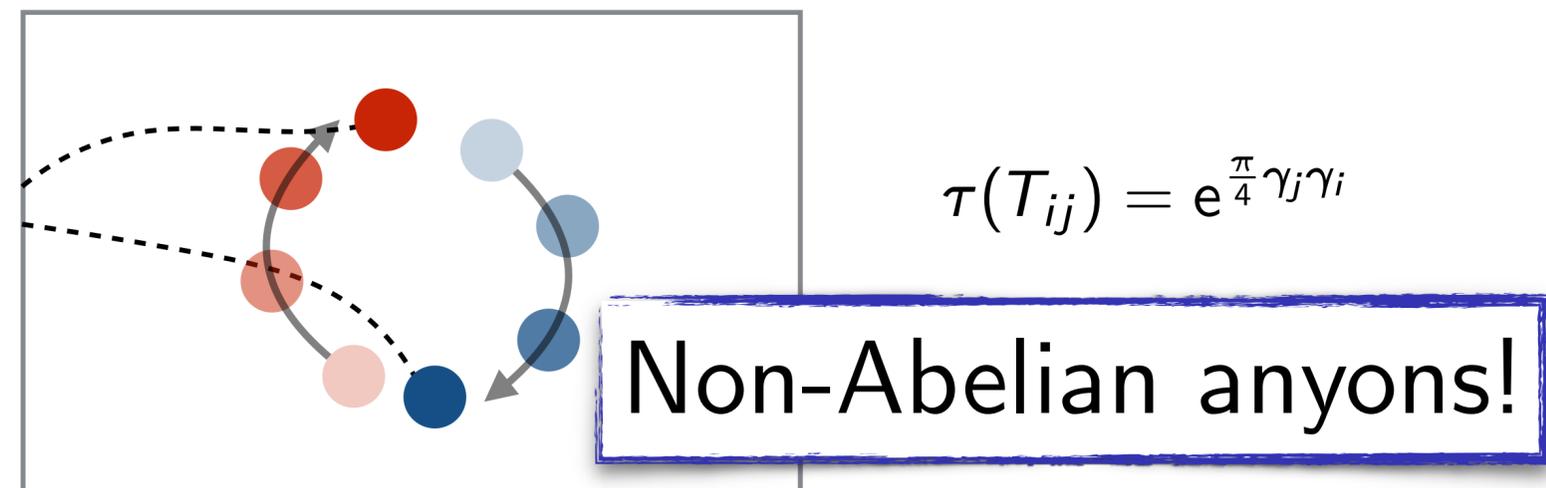
Phase diagram:



Vortices:

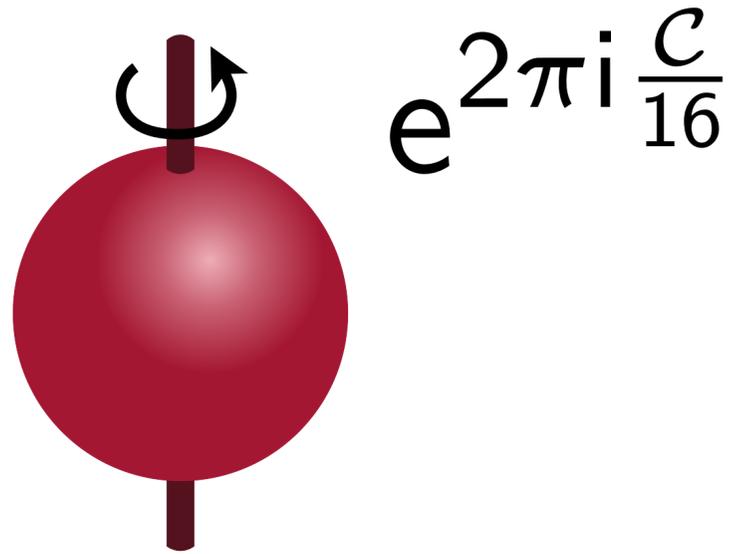


Exchange statistics:



Kitaev's 16-fold way

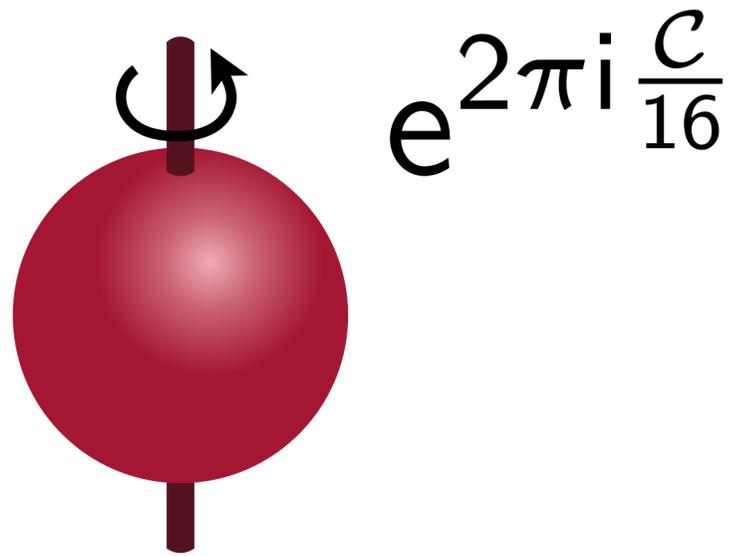
Topological spin:



16 classes of topological SCs!

Kitaev's 16-fold way

Topological spin:



16 classes of topological SCs!

Q1. How to **realize** them?

Q2. How to **detect** them?

Outline

- (1) Introduction: *Topological phases of matter*
- (2) Spin-1/2: *Kitaev honeycomb model*
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Frustrated magnets

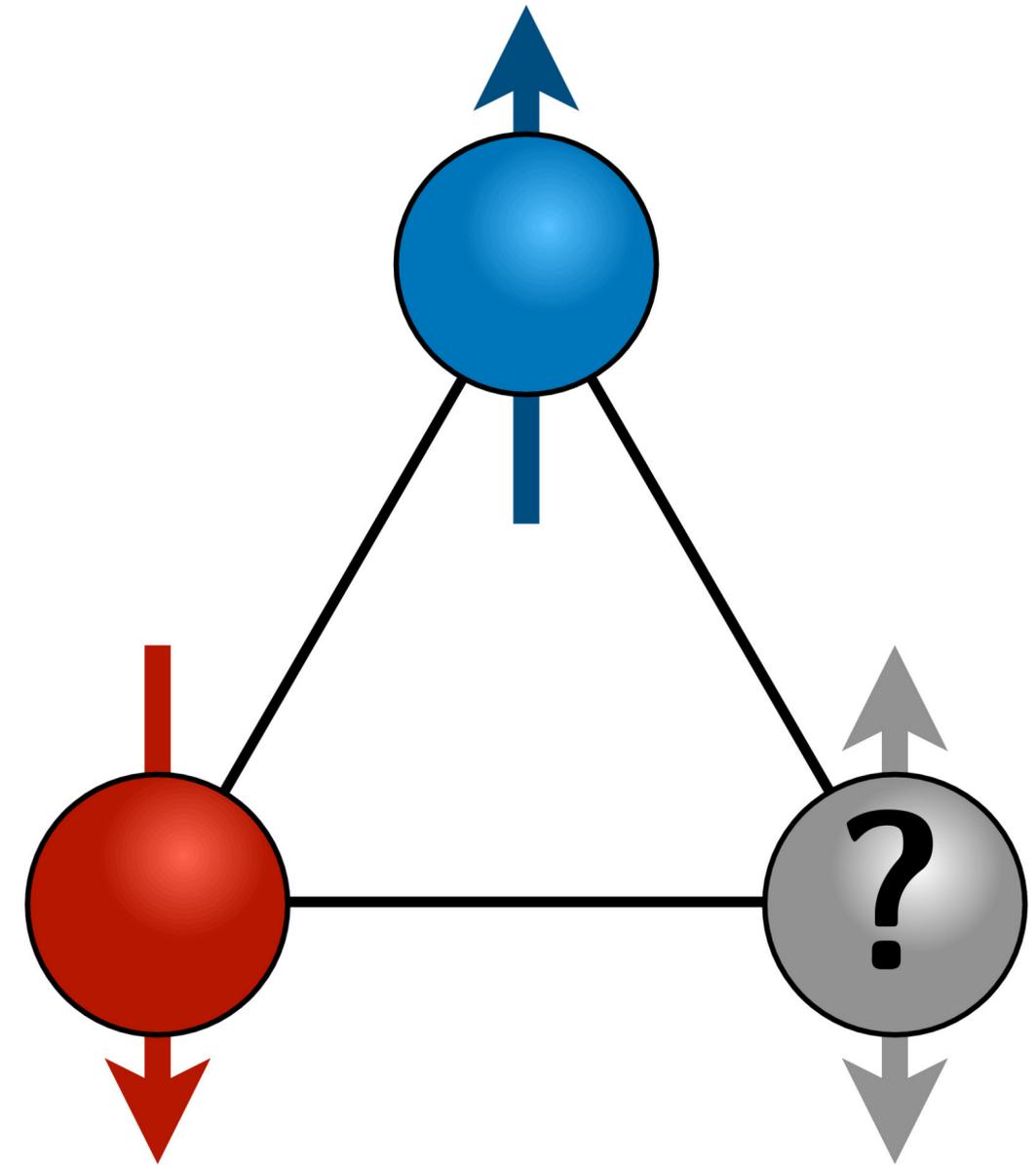
Frustration:

Not all local constraints can be simultaneously **satisfied**

Consequences:

Classical: Exponentially large ground-state manifold

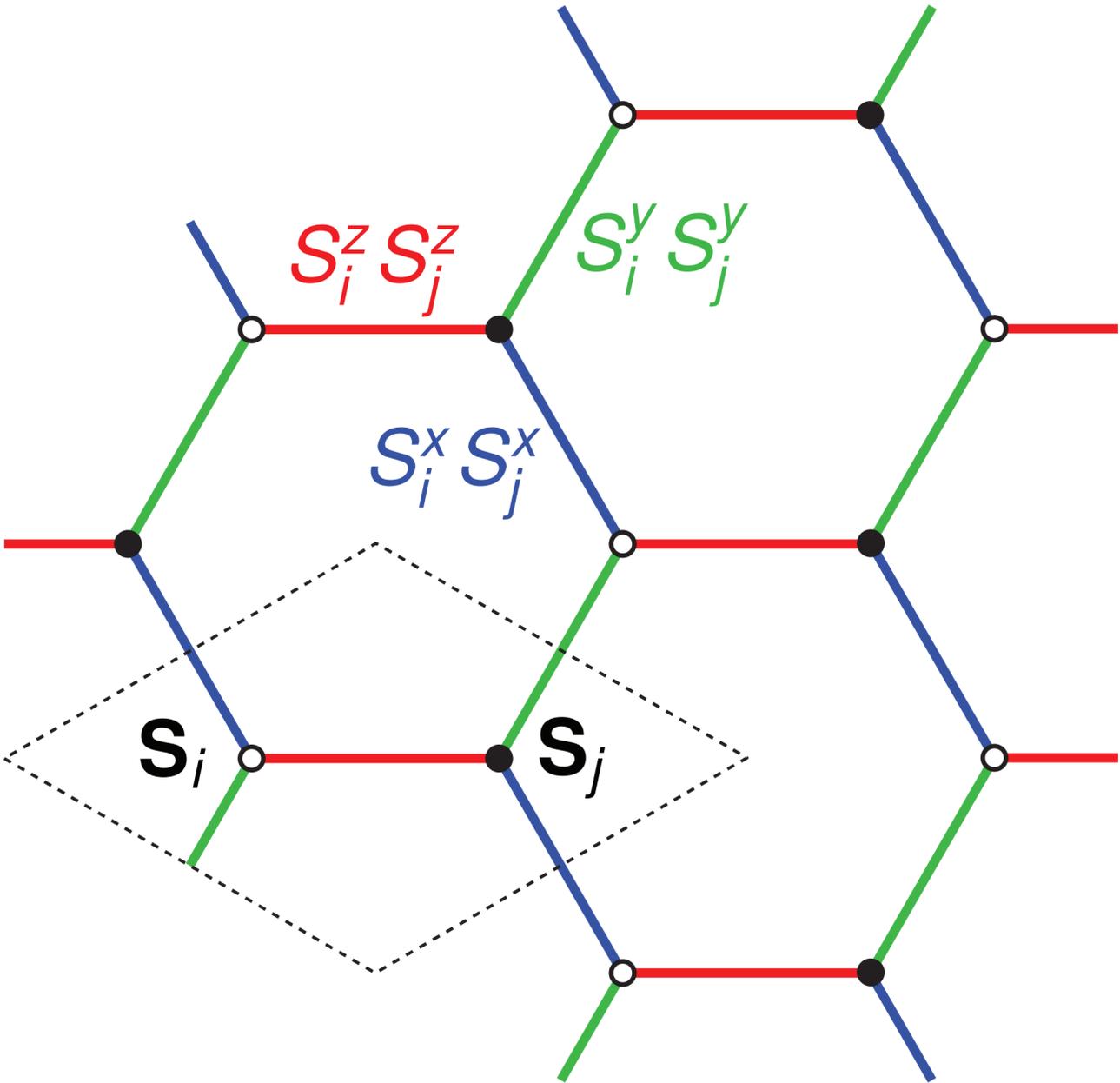
Quantum: New phases of matter?



Antiferromagnetic coupling of **3** Ising spins

Kitaev honeycomb model

Spin-1/2 on honeycomb lattice:



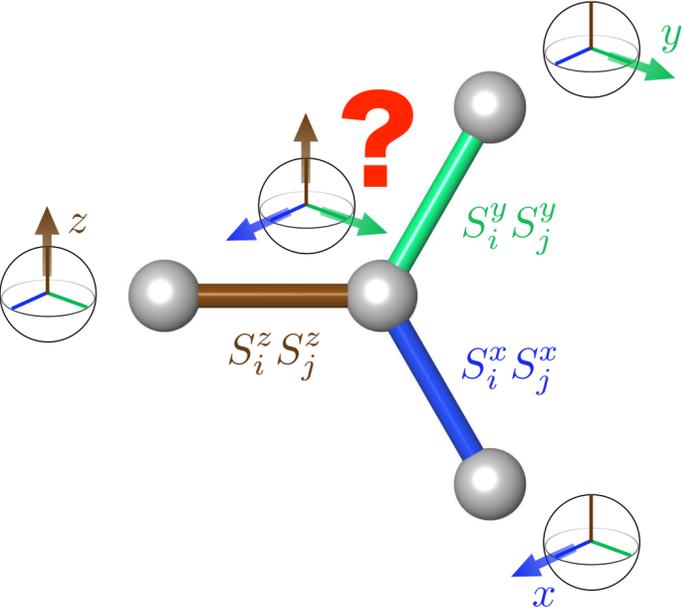
Hamiltonian:

$$H = -K_x \sum_{\text{blue links}} \sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x - K_y \sum_{\text{green links}} \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y - K_z \sum_{\text{red links}} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$

[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]



Alexei Kitaev



Exchange frustration

Review: [Trebst, arXiv:1701.07056]

Parton construction

Majorana representation:

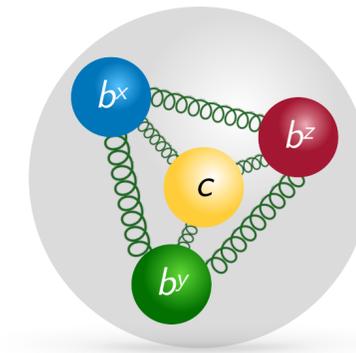
$$\sigma^x \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^x = ib^x c$$

$$\sigma^y \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^y = ib^y c$$

$$\sigma^z \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^z = ib^z c$$



1 spin



4 Majoranas
with gauge constraint

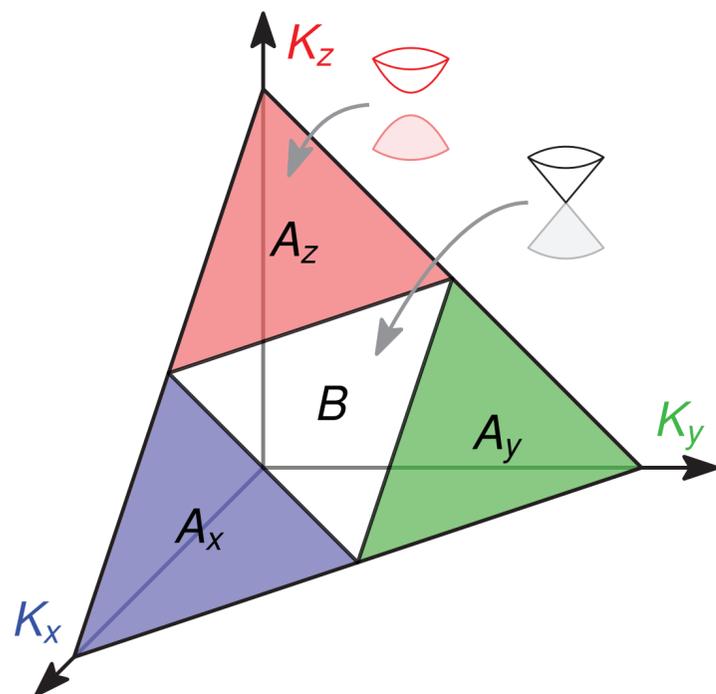
Fractionalization:

$$H \mapsto \tilde{H} = -i \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} K_\gamma \underbrace{(ib_i^\gamma b_j^\gamma)}_{\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} = \hat{u}_{ij}^\dagger} c_i c_j$$

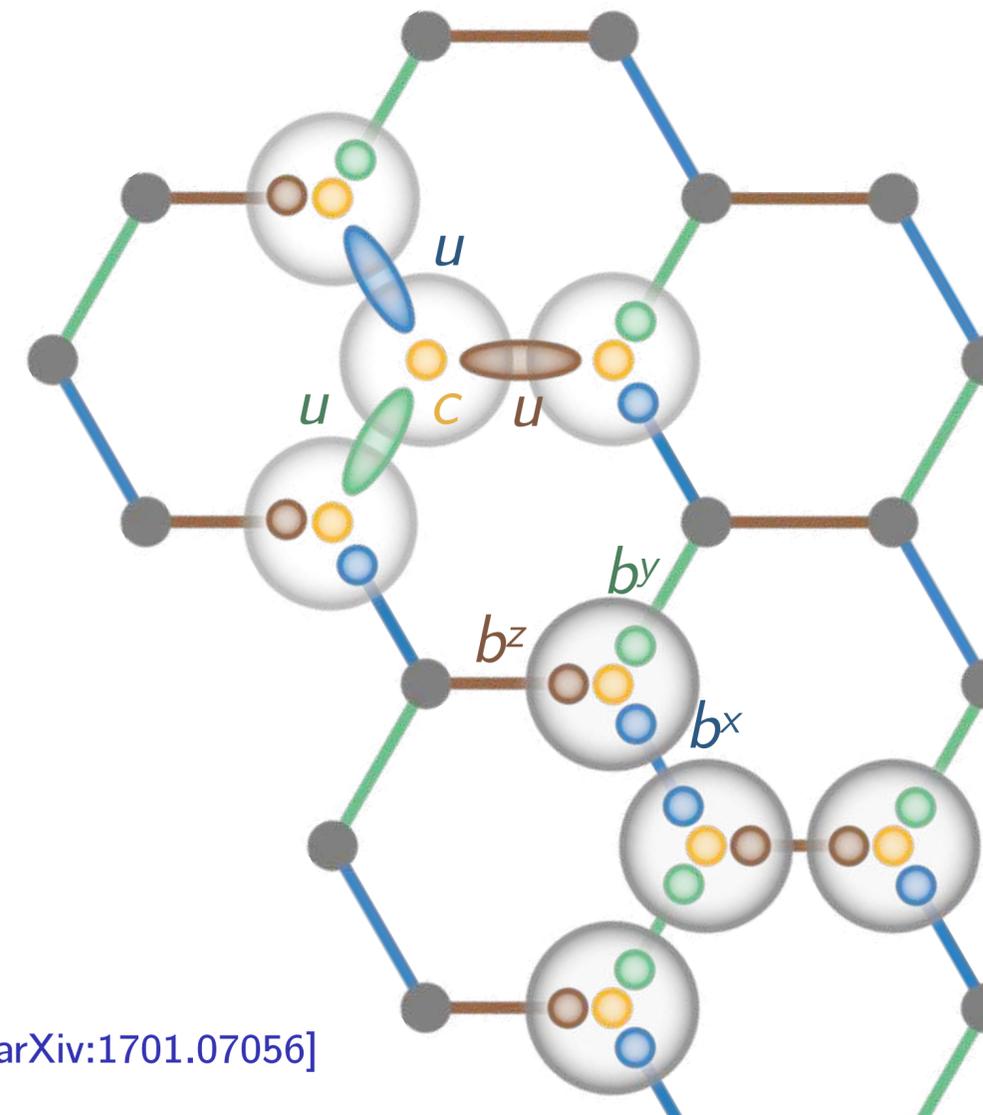
static!

Ground-state flux pattern: $u \equiv 1$
[Lieb, PRL '94]

Fermion spectrum:

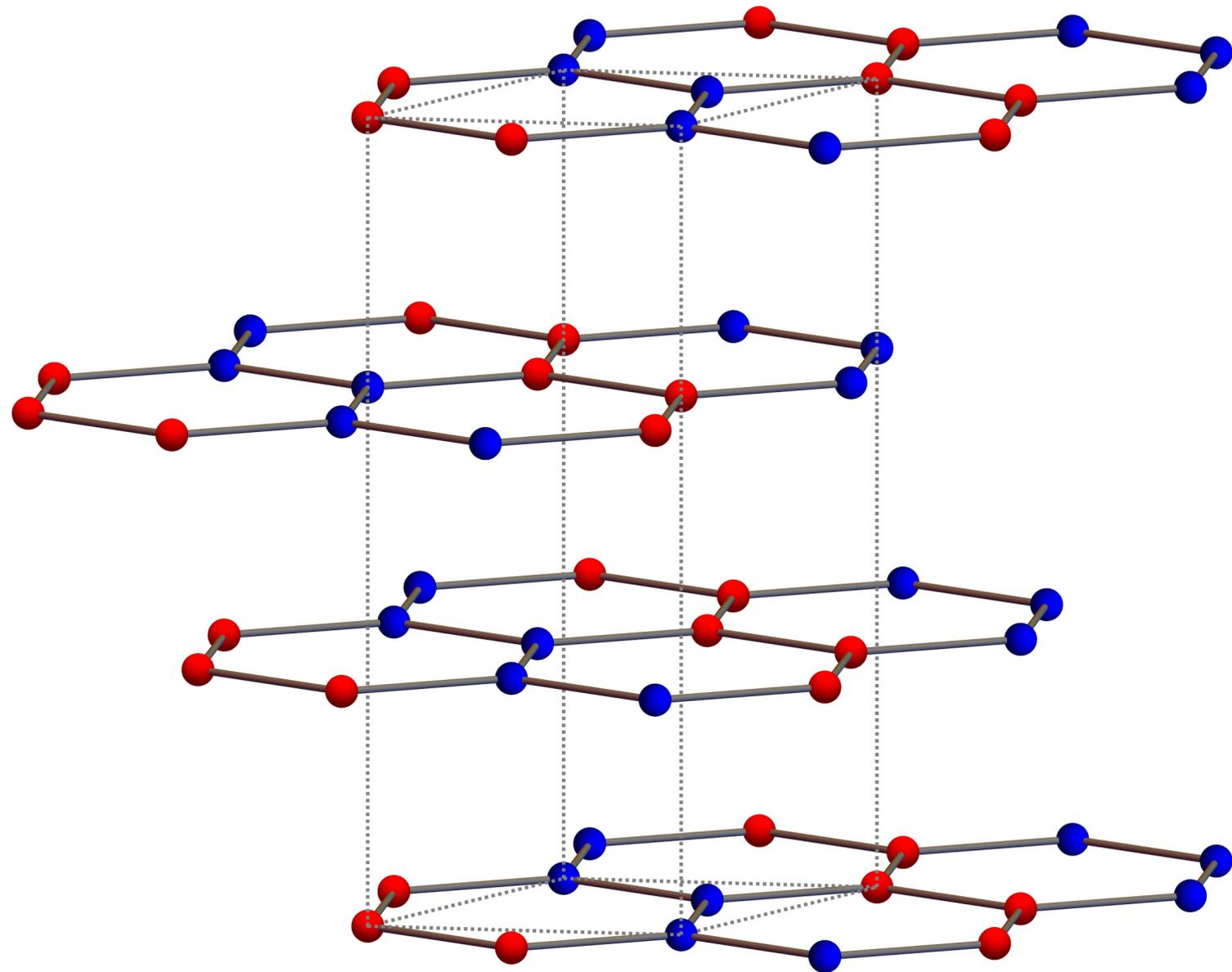


Review: [Trebst, arXiv:1701.07056]



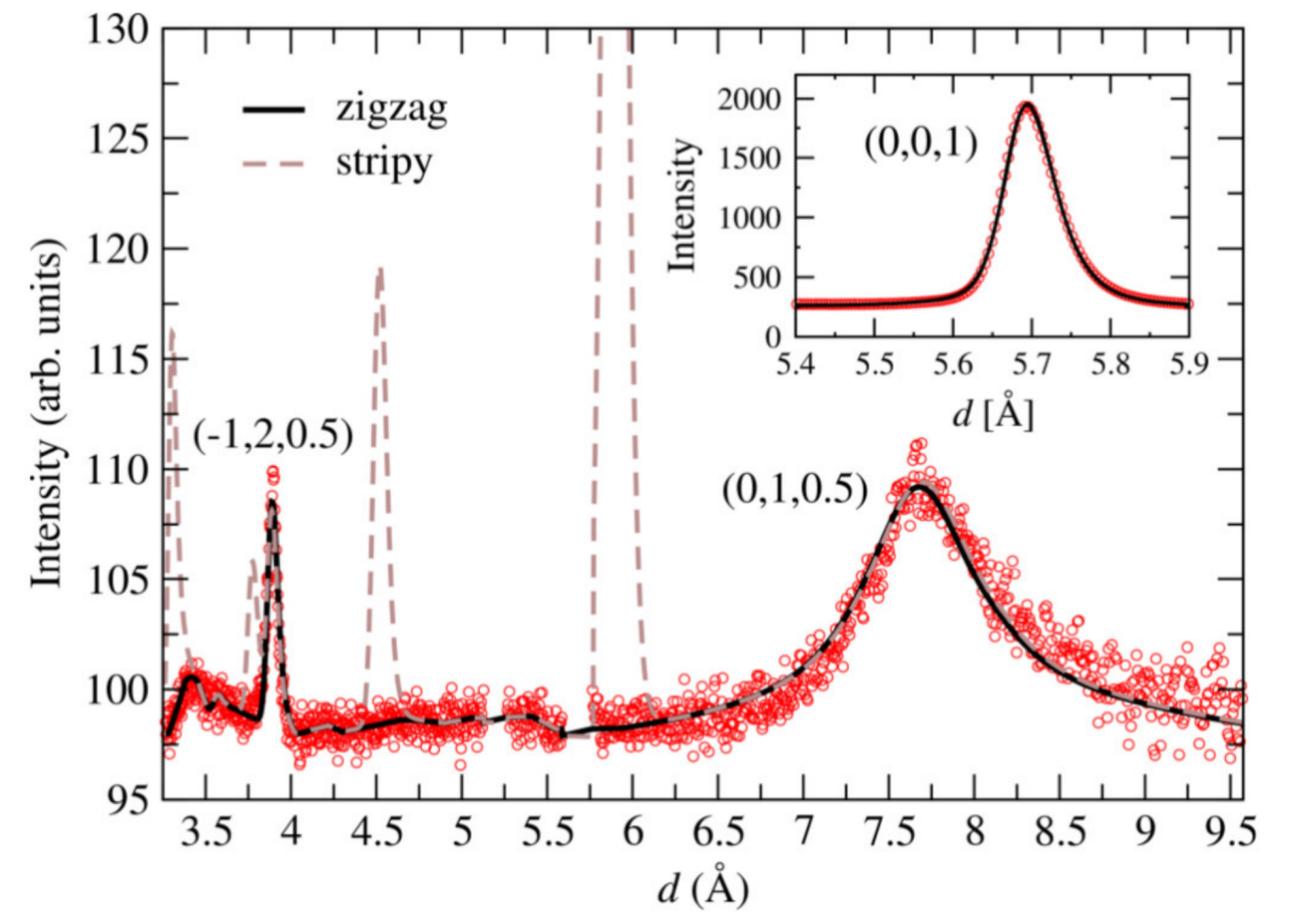
α -RuCl₃ in zero field: Zigzag antiferromagnet

Zigzag order:



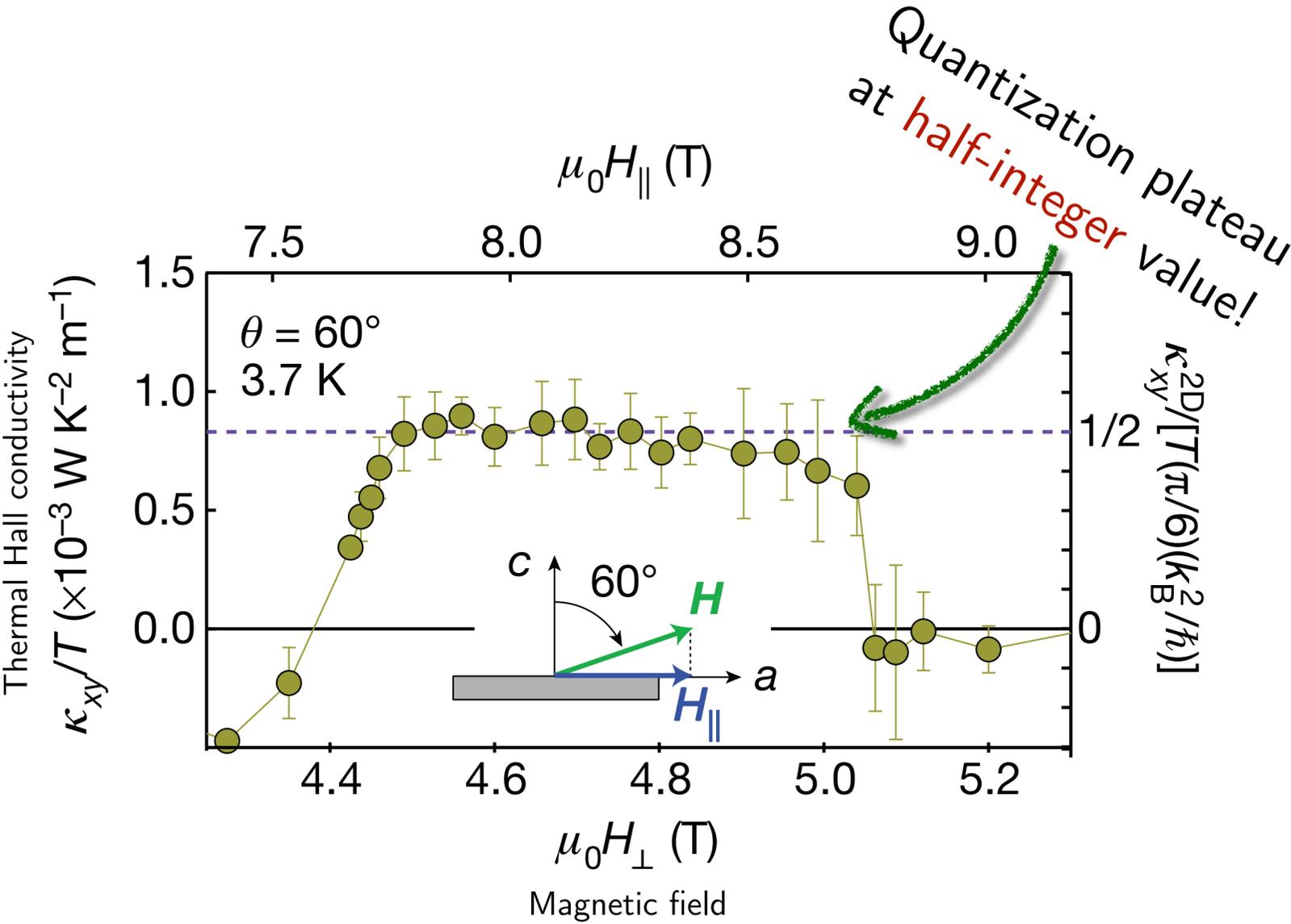
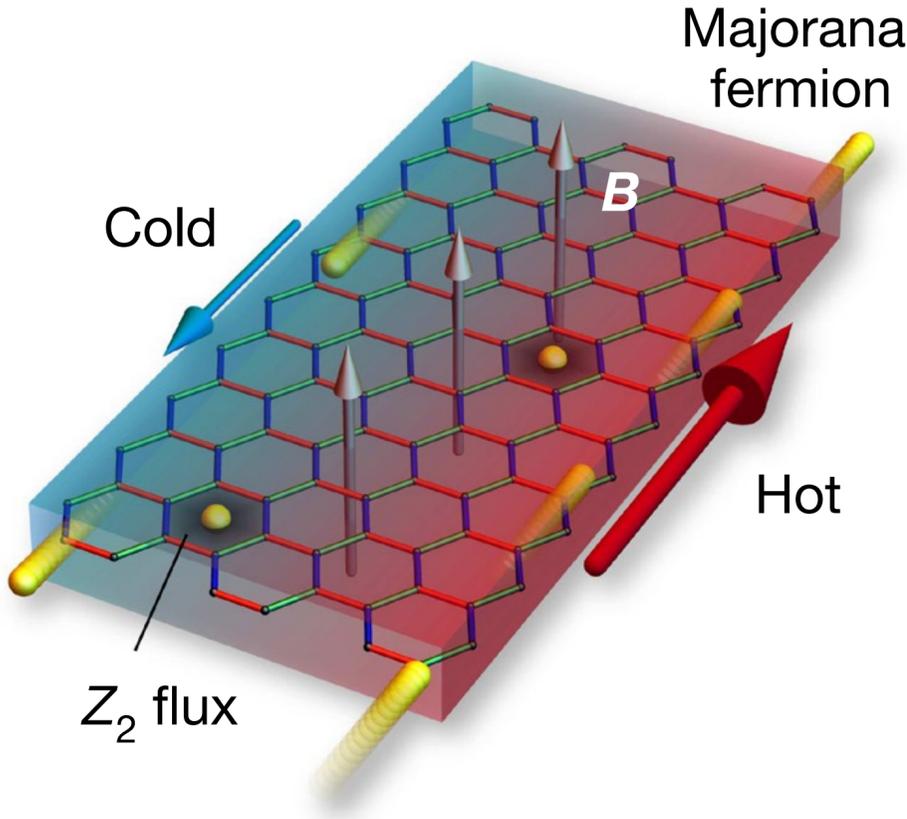
Neutron diffraction:

[Johnson *et al.*, PRB '15]



Experimental search: α -RuCl₃ in field

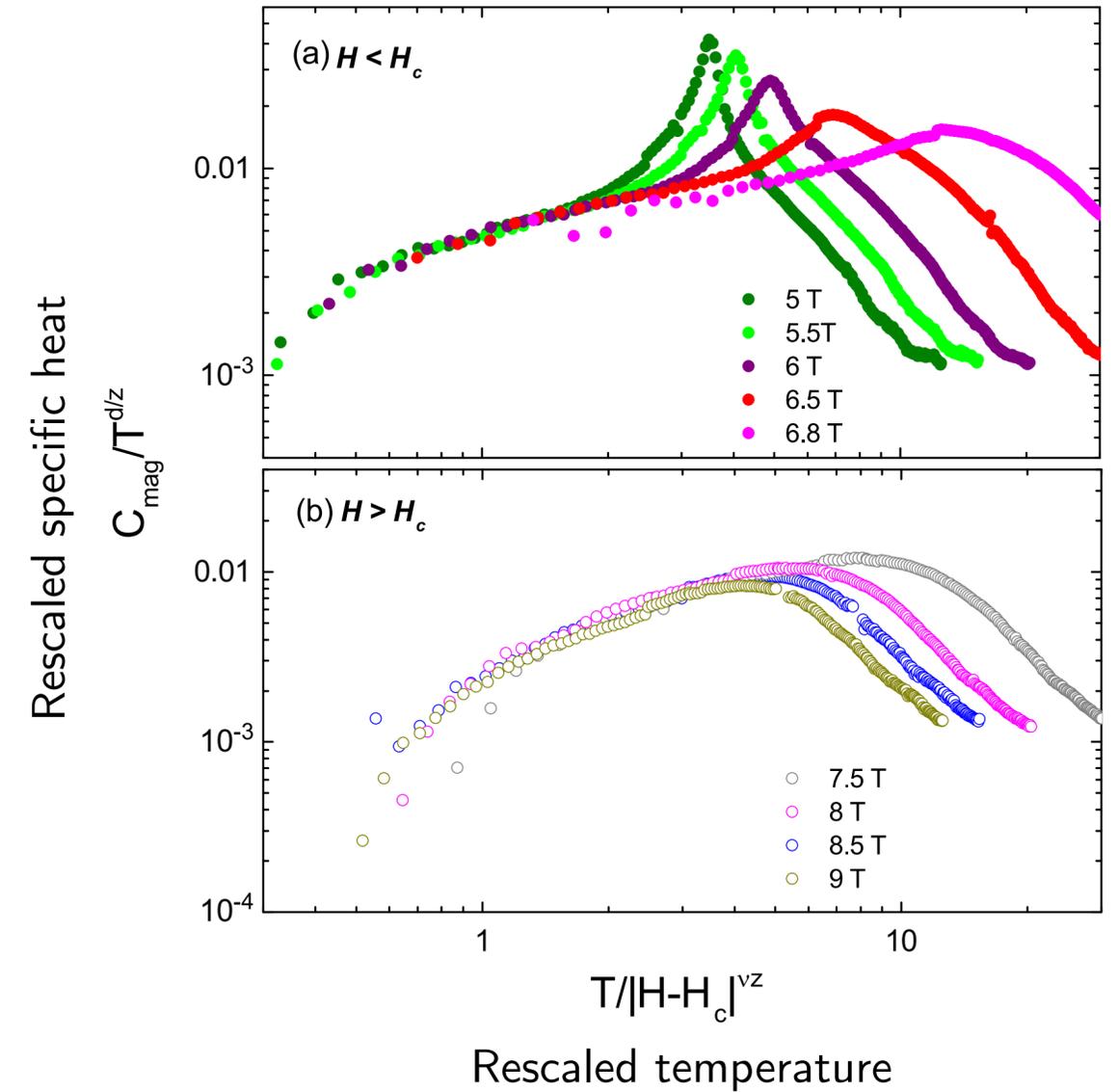
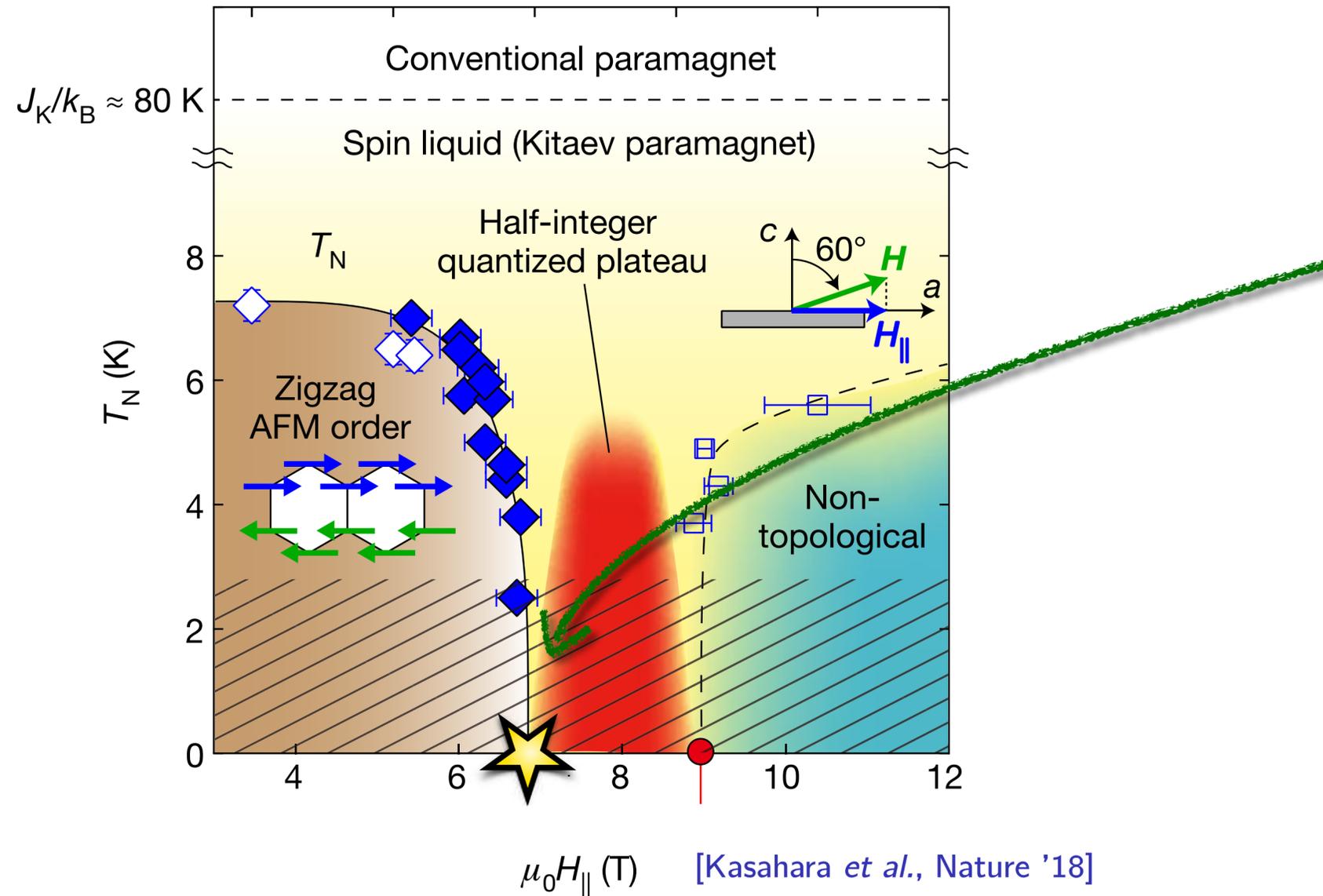
Half-integer thermal Quantum Hall effect:



[Kasahara *et al.*, Nature '18]
 Topical Review: [LJ & Vojta, JPCM '19]

Smoking-gun signature of Majorana edge states?

α -RuCl₃: Field-induced quantum criticality



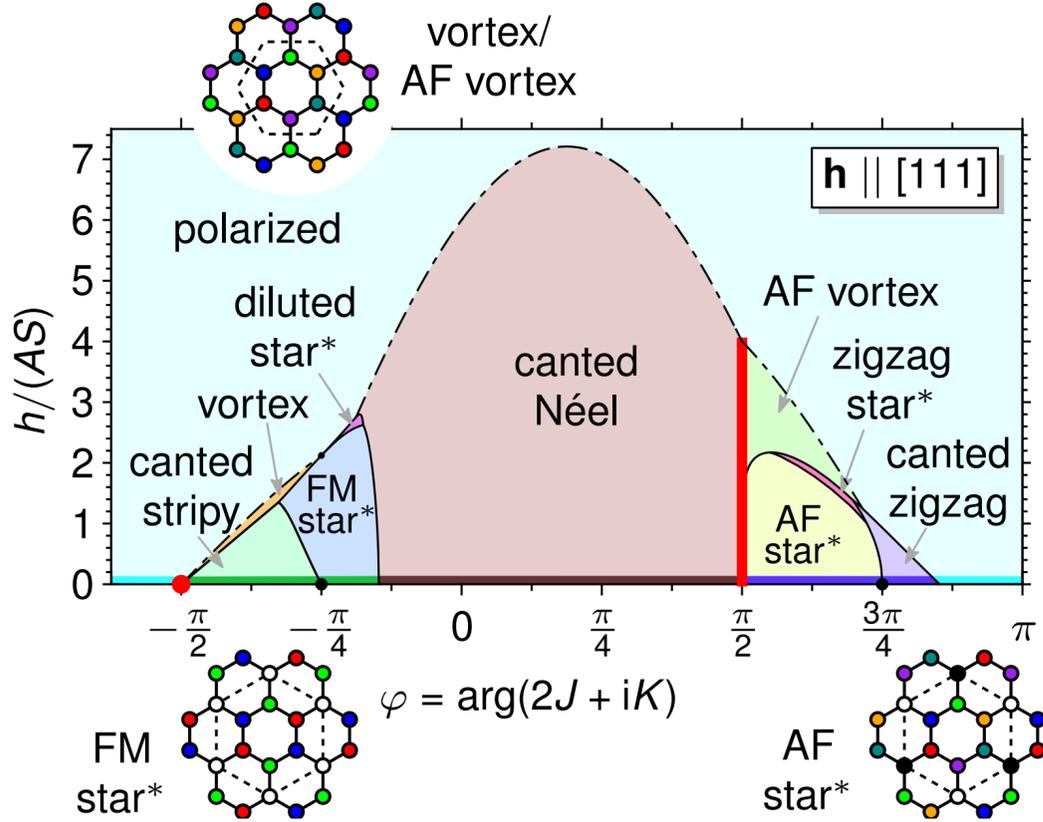
... with $z \approx 1$ and $\nu \approx 0.7$

[Wolter, Corredor, LJ, *et al.*, PRB '17]

Fractionalized transition?

Kitaev-Heisenberg models in field

Classical ($S \rightarrow \infty$)

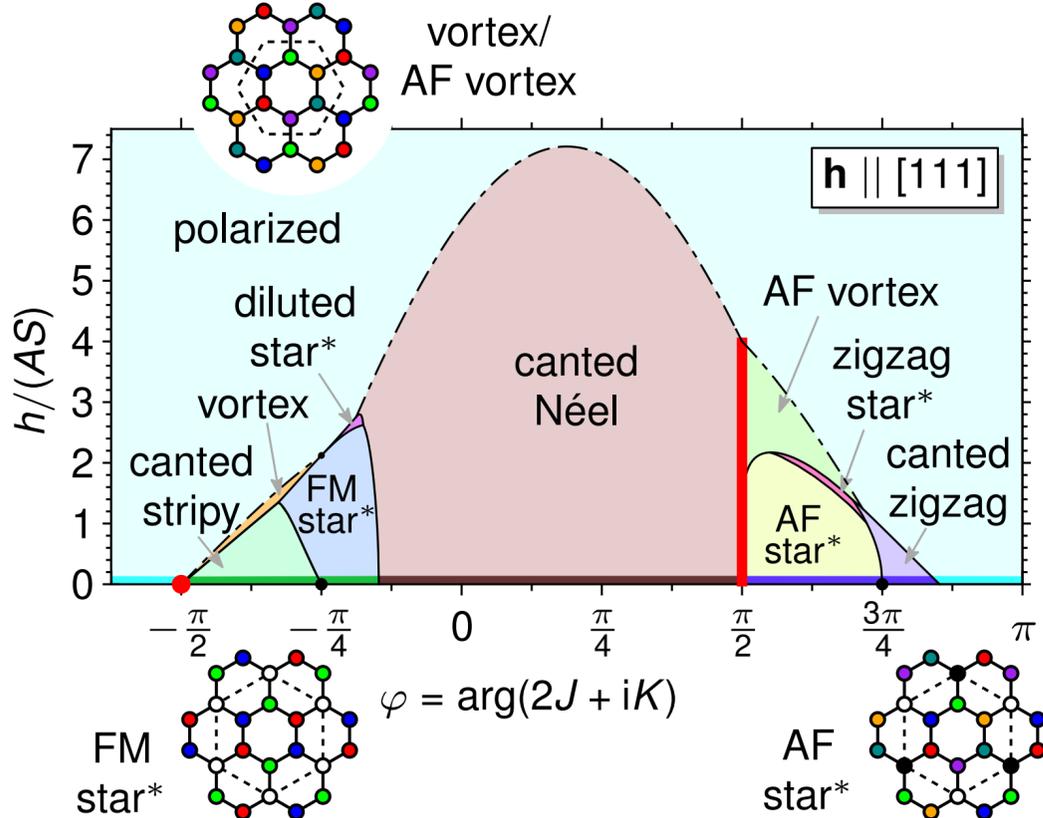


[LJ, Andrade, Vojta, PRL '16]

... linear spin-wave theory
& classical Monte Carlo

Kitaev-Heisenberg models in field

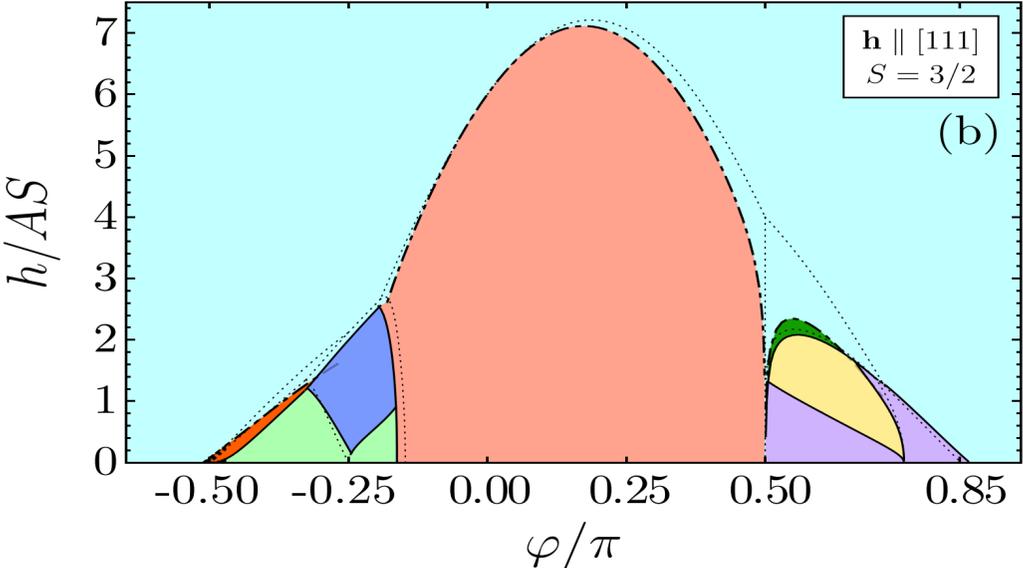
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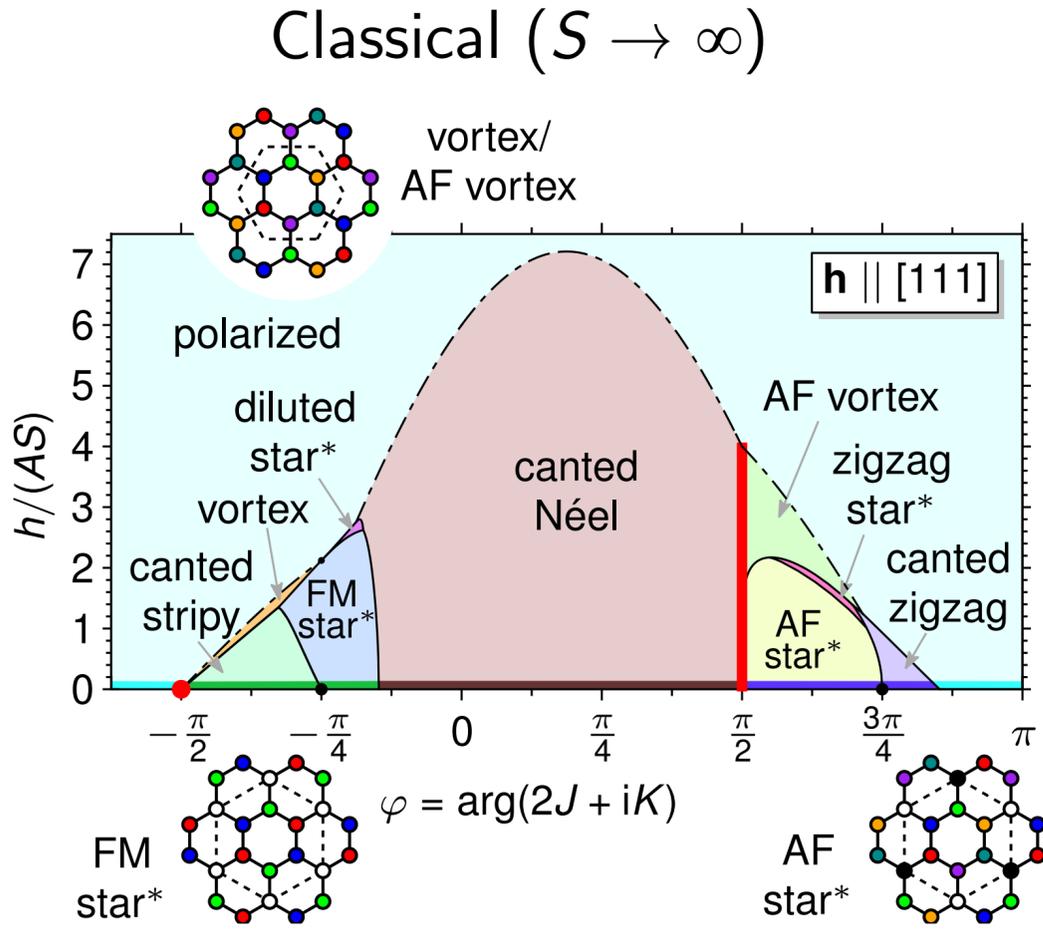
Semiclassical ($S = 3/2$)



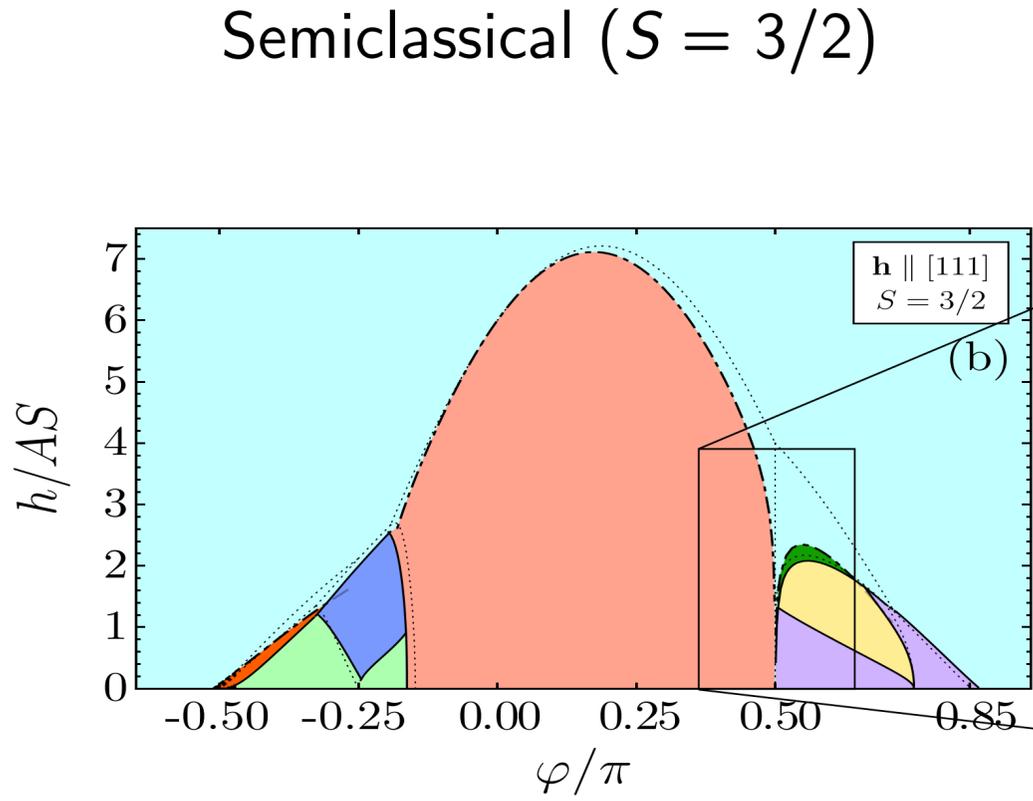
[Consoli, LJ, Vojta, Andrade, PRB '20]

... nonlinear spin-wave theory

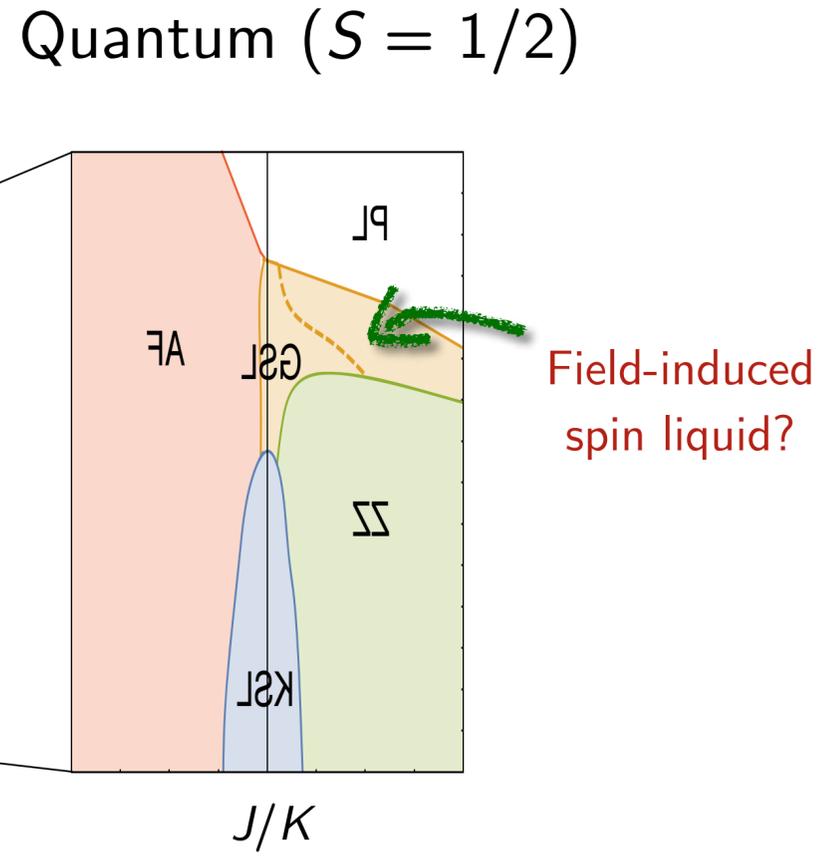
Kitaev-Heisenberg models in field



[LJ, Andrade, Vojta, PRL '16]
... linear spin-wave theory
& classical Monte Carlo



[Consoli, LJ, Vojta, Andrade, PRB '20]
... nonlinear spin-wave theory



[Hickey & Trebst, Nat. Commun. '19]
... 24-site ED

Technical challenge: Dynamical \mathbb{Z}_2 gauge field!

... no sign-problem-free QMC available: [Sato & Assaad, PRB '21]

Outline

(1) Introduction: *Topological phases of matter*

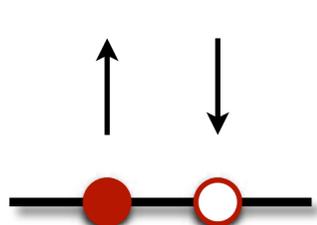
(2) Spin-1/2: *Kitaev honeycomb model*

(3) Spin-3/2: *Generalized Kitaev models*

(4) Conclusions

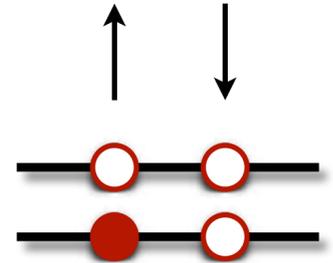
Generalizations of Kitaev model: Spin-orbital liquids

Spin + orbital + ... degrees of freedom:



$$\sigma^\alpha \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$\mathcal{C} = 0, 1$$



$$\sigma^\alpha \otimes \tau^\beta = \gamma^i \quad 4 \times 4$$

$$\mathcal{C} = 2, 3$$



...

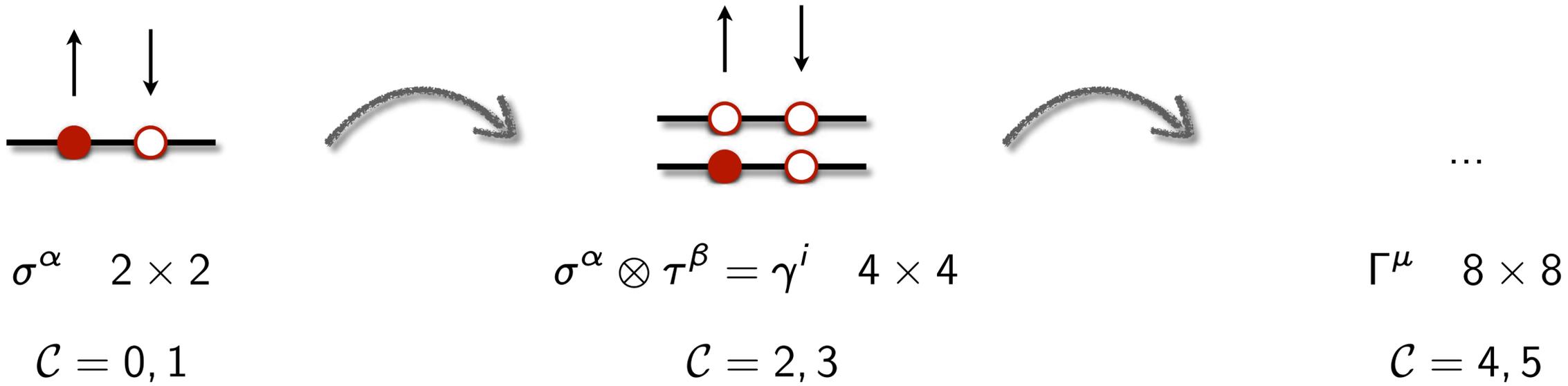
$$\Gamma^\mu \quad 8 \times 8$$

$$\mathcal{C} = 4, 5$$

... can realize all 16 topological superconductors
 [Chulliparambil, ..., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]

Generalizations of Kitaev model: Spin-orbital liquids

Spin + orbital + ... degrees of freedom:



... can realize all 16 topological superconductors
 [Chulliparambil, ..., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]

Example #1 (square lattice):

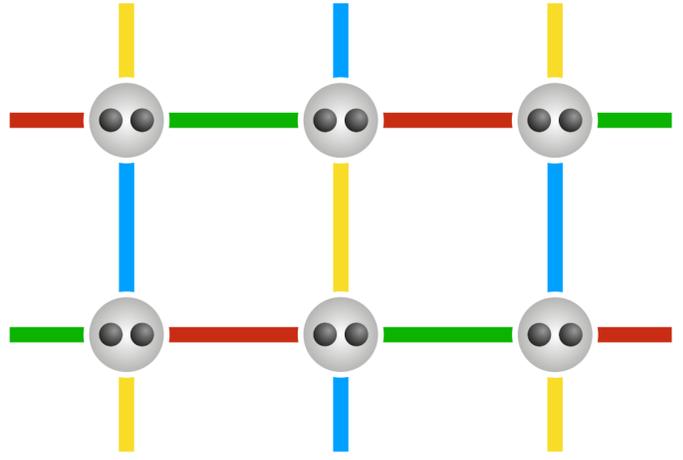
$$H_K = -K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} (\sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y) \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma$$

XY spin Kitaev orbital

Majorana representation:

- $\sigma^y \otimes \tau^x = ib^1 c^x$
- $\sigma^y \otimes \tau^y = ib^2 c^x$
- $\sigma^y \otimes \tau^z = ib^3 c^x$
- $\sigma^x \otimes \mathbb{1} = ib^4 c^x$
- $\sigma^z \otimes \mathbb{1} = ic^y c^x$

... recover known model for $j = 3/2$ spin liquid:
 [Yao, Zhang, Kivelson, PRL '09]
 [Nakai, Ryu, Furusaki, PRB '12]

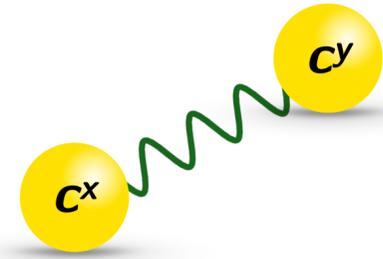


2 itinerant fermions
 $\mathcal{C} = 2$

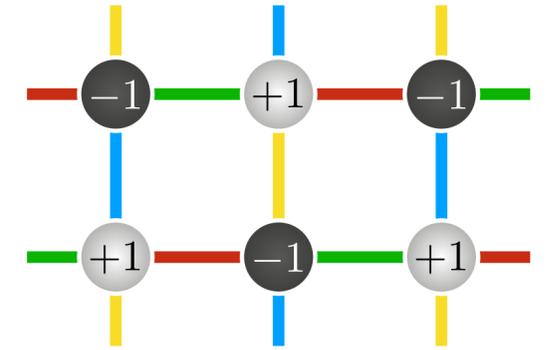
Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

Ising perturbation:

$$H = H_K + J^z \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$



“Kitaev” spin-orbital liquid



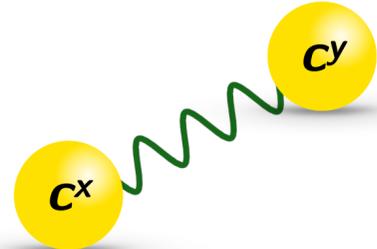
Ising spin order



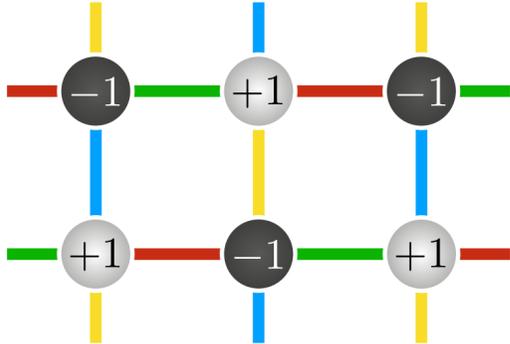
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Ising spin order



Parton representation:

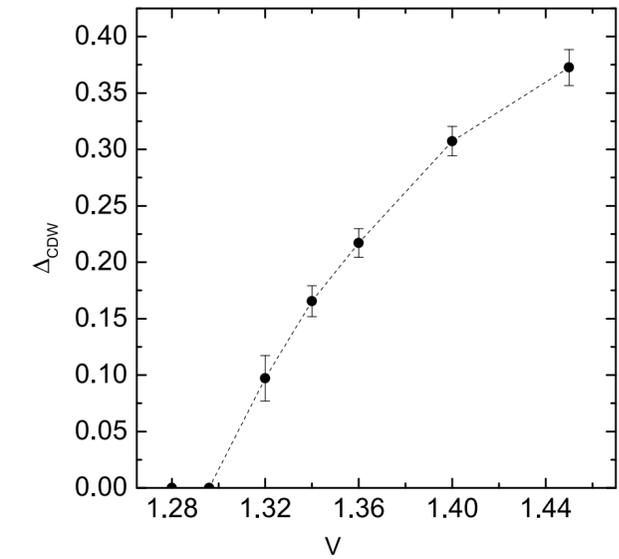
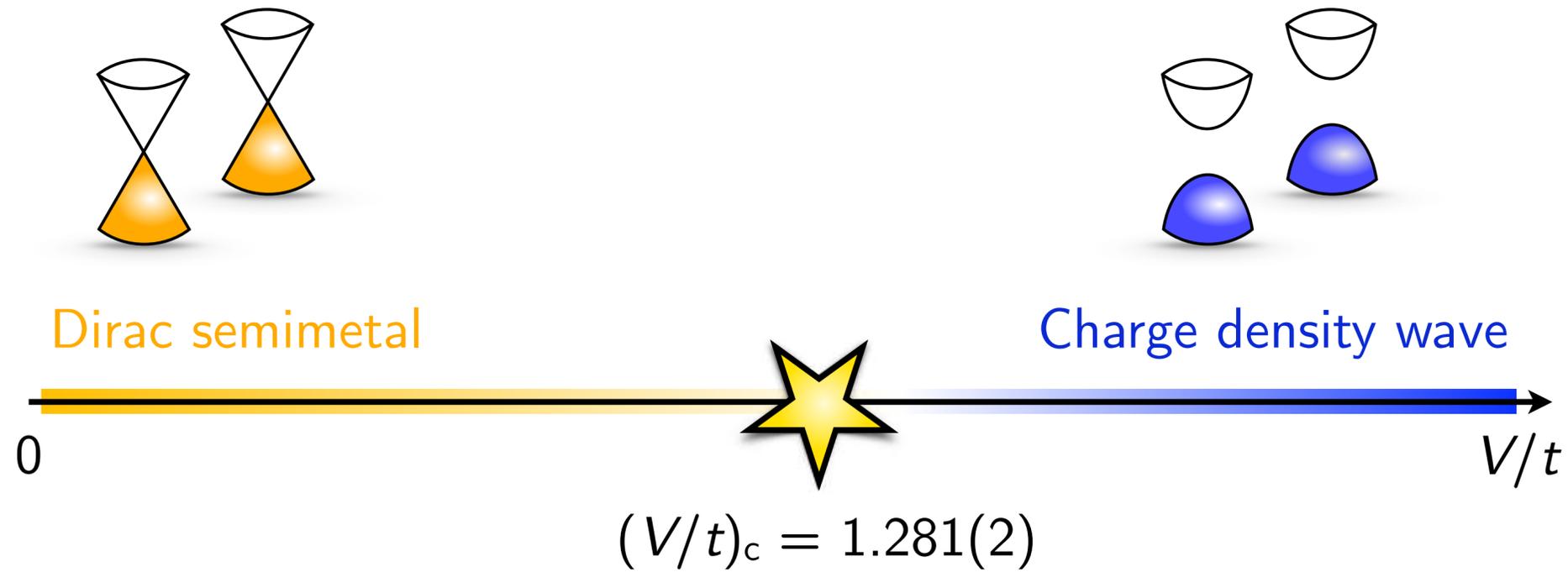
$$H \mapsto \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \left[2K u_{ij} (f_i^\dagger f_j + f_j^\dagger f_i) + 4J^z (n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2}) \right]$$

hopping parameter $t = 2K$
 π flux
nearest-neighbor repulsion $V = 4J^z$
 $f = \frac{1}{2}(c^x + ic^y)$
electron density $f^\dagger f$

Ground-state flux pattern:
[Lieb, PRL '94]

Spin-orbital model \mapsto interacting fermions on π -flux lattice

Spinless fermions on π -flux lattice: QMC



[Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]

[Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]

[Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

Gross-Neveu- \mathbb{Z}_2 universality:

$$1/\nu = 1.12(1), \quad \eta_\phi = 0.51(3)$$

[Gracey, IJMP '94]

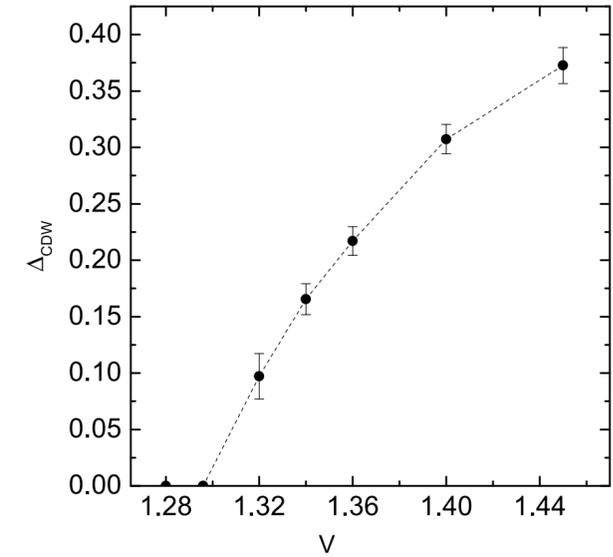
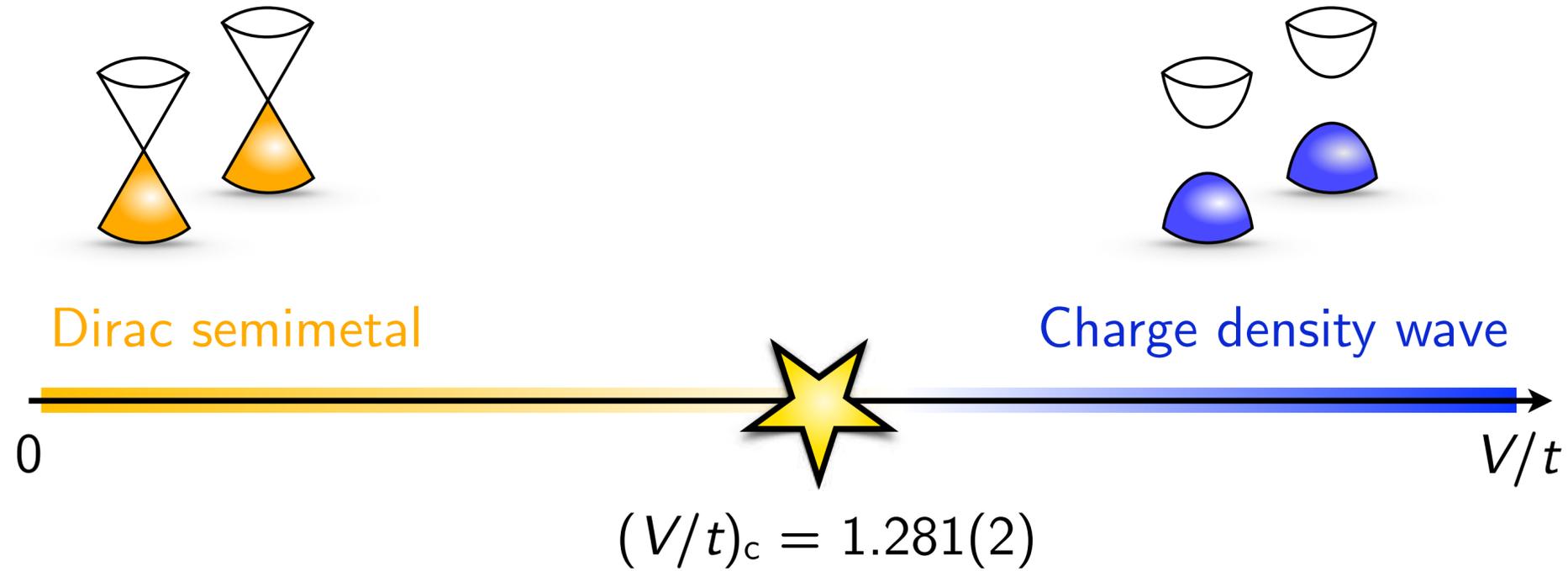
[LJ & Herbut, PRB '14]

[Iliesiu *et al.*, JHEP '18]

[Ihrig, Mihaila, Scherer, PRB '18]

...

Spinless fermions on π -flux lattice: QMC



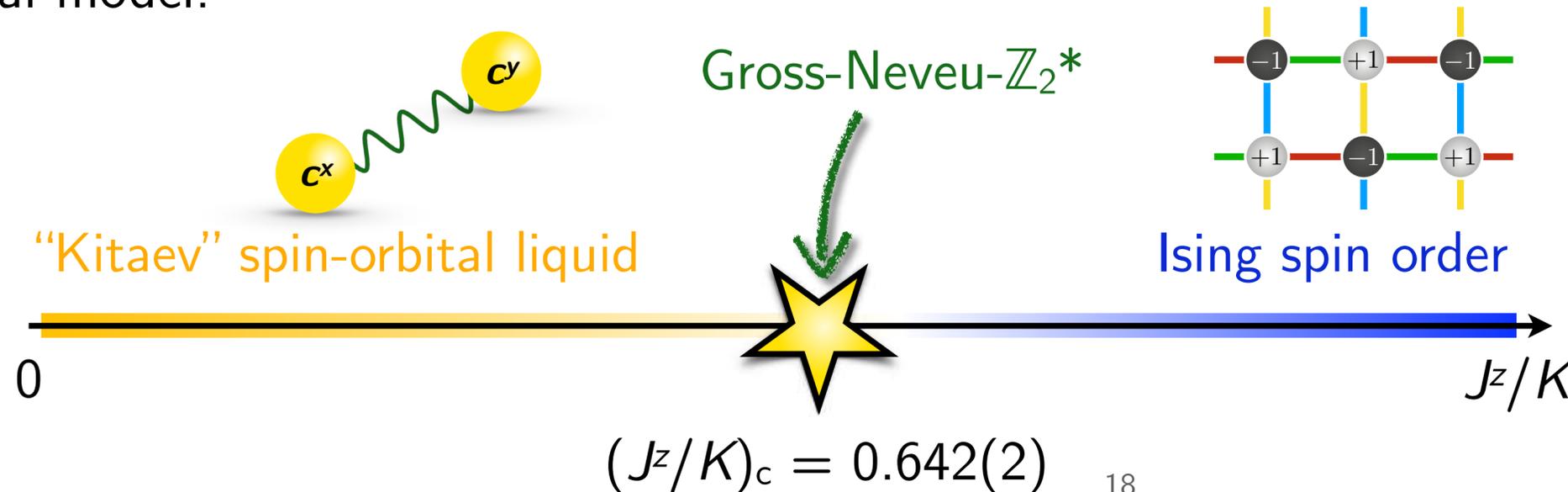
[Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]
 [Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]
 [Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

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 [Iliesiu *et al.*, JHEP '18]
 [Ihrig, Mihaila, Scherer, PRB '18]

Spin-orbital model:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

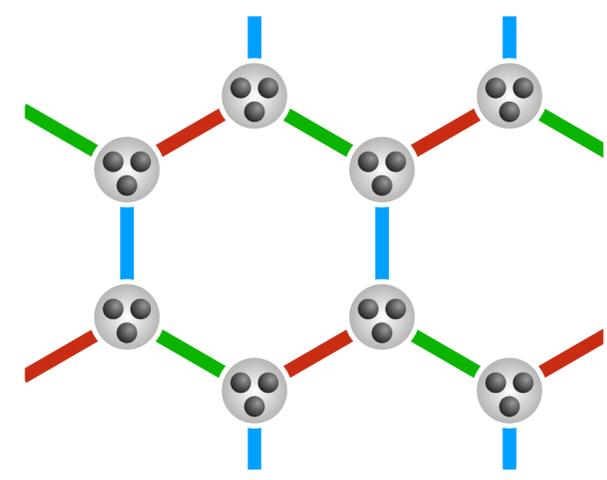
Example #2 (honeycomb lattice):

$$H = -K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$

... for $J = 0$ equivalent to known models:

[Yao & Lee, PRL '11]

[Natori & Knolle, PRL '20]

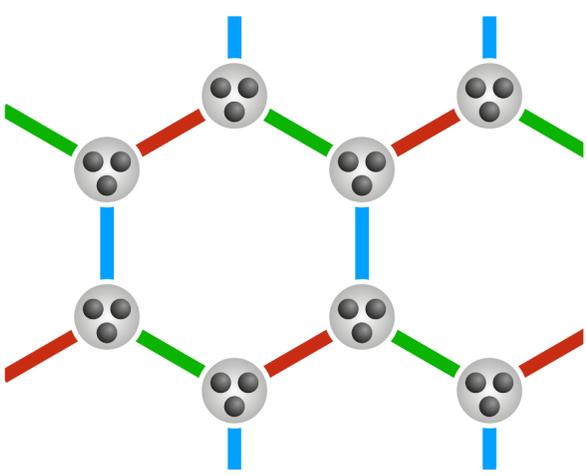


Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

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... for $J = 0$ equivalent to known models:
 [Yao & Lee, PRL '11]
 [Natori & Knolle, PRL '20]



3 itinerant fermions
 $\mathcal{C} = 3$

Majorana representation:

$$H \mapsto \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \left[K u_{ij} c_i^\top c_j + \frac{J}{4} (c_i^\top \vec{L} c_i) \cdot (c_j^\top \vec{L} c_j) \right]$$

$c \equiv \begin{pmatrix} c_x \\ c_y \\ c_z \end{pmatrix}$

spin-1 matrices

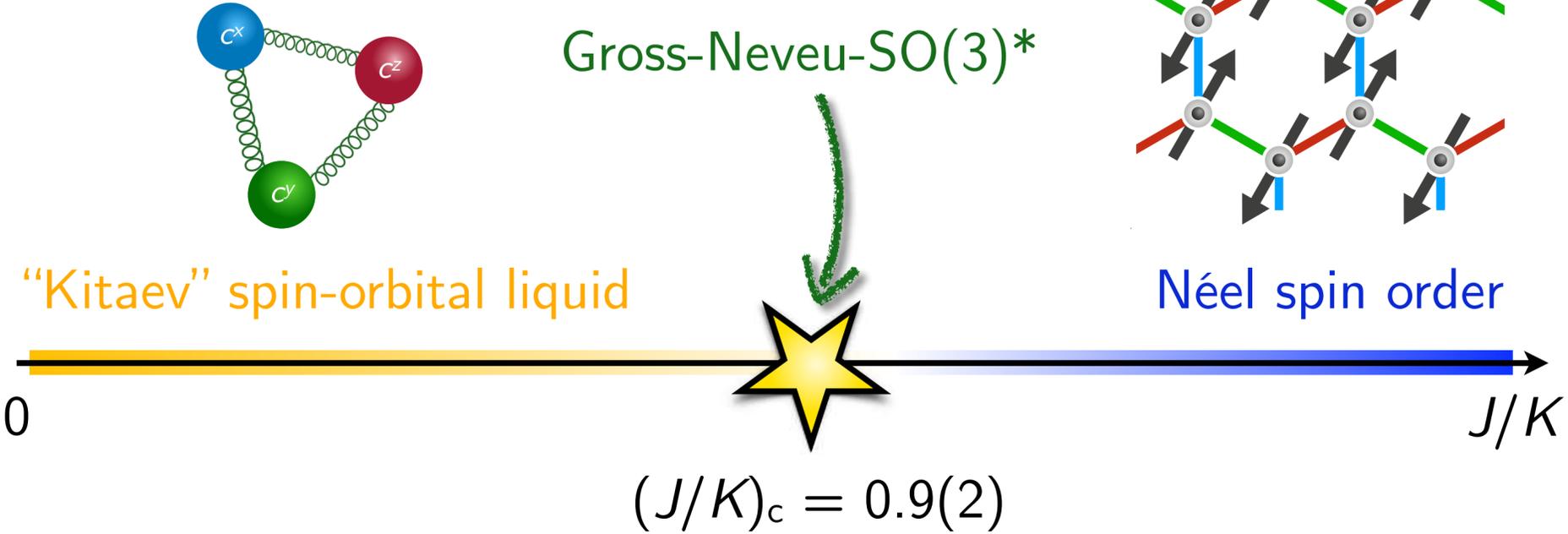
0 flux

Ordered state:

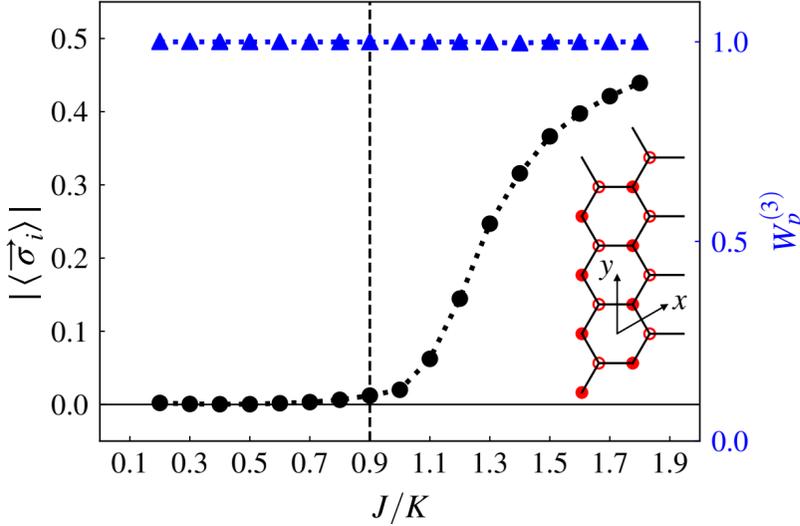
$$\langle c_{iA}^\top \vec{L} c_{iA} \rangle \neq \langle c_{jB}^\top \vec{L} c_{jB} \rangle \quad \text{spin density wave}$$

Gross-Neveu-SO(3)* quantum criticality

Phase diagram:



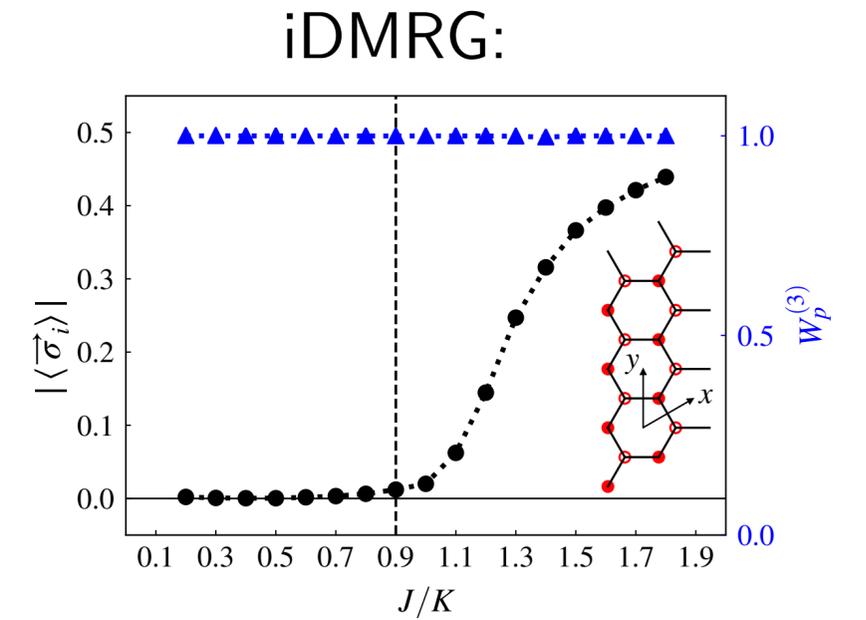
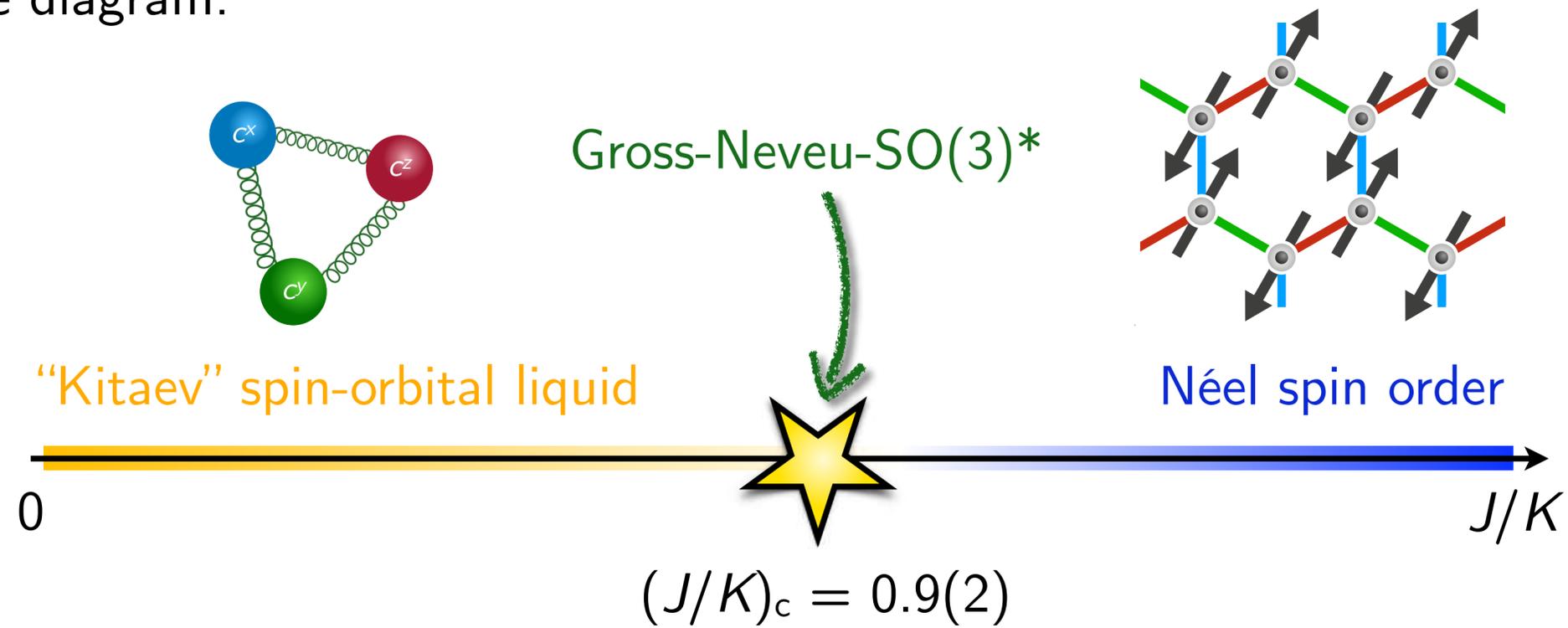
iDMRG:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

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Phase diagram:



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Effective field theory:

$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x}d\tau \left[\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu\psi + g\vec{\varphi} \cdot \bar{\psi}(\mathbb{1}_2 \otimes \vec{L})\psi \right]$$

“Gross-Neveu-SO(3)”

Critical exponents:

... from:

- large- N expansion @ $O(1/N^2)$
- 4- ϵ expansion @ 3-loop
- functional RG @ LPA'

$$1/\nu = 1.03(15)$$

$$\eta_\phi = 0.42(7)$$

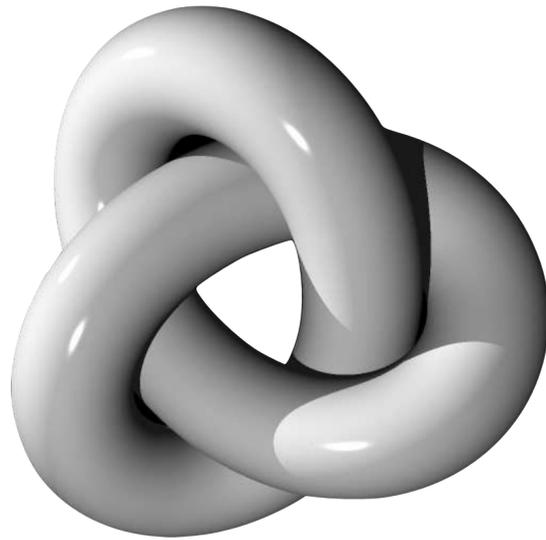
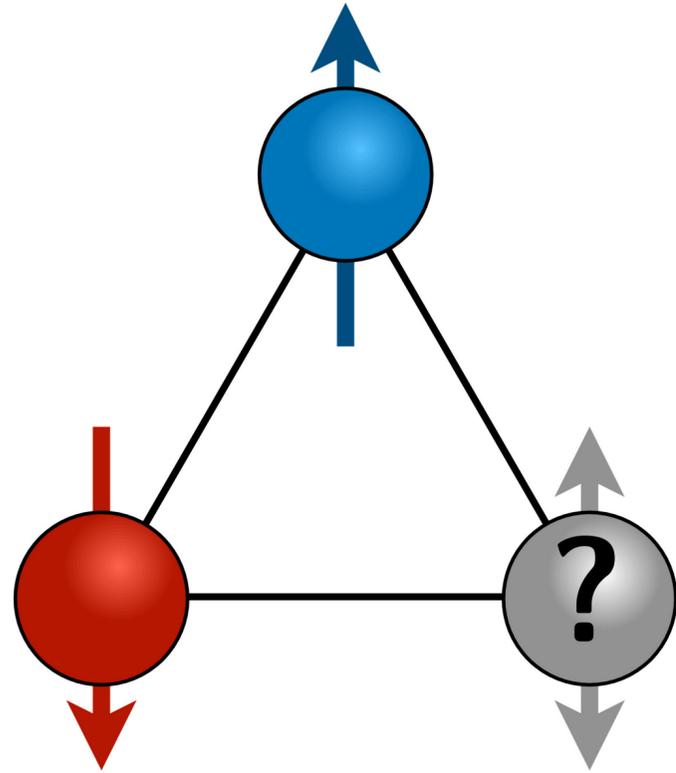
[Ray, Ihrig, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

Sign-problem-free QMC: [Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, arXiv:2108.06346]

Outline

- (1) Introduction: *Topological phases of matter*
- (2) Spin-1/2: *Kitaev honeycomb model*
- (3) Spin-3/2: *Generalized Kitaev models*
- (4) Conclusions

Conclusions

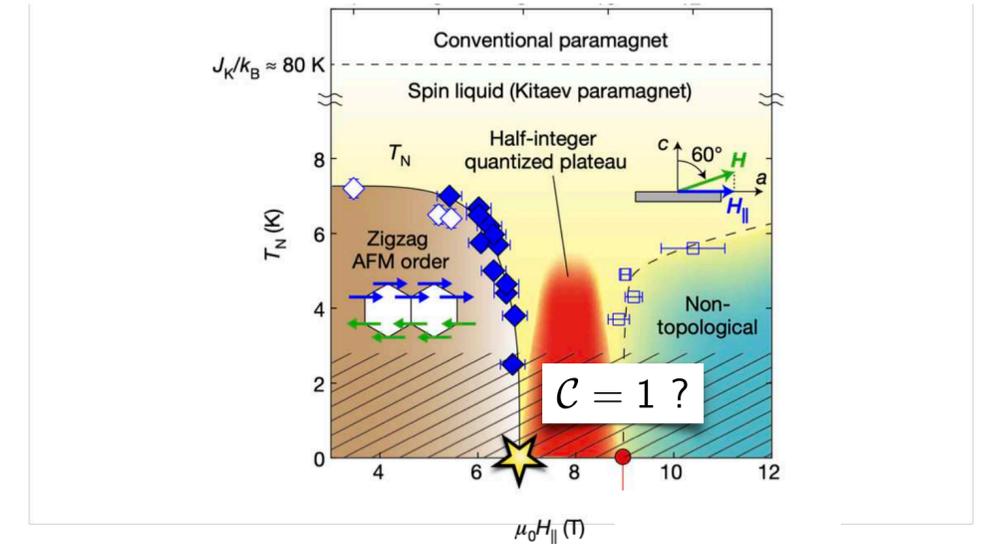


[Ylebru, CC BY-SA 3.0, via Wikimedia Commons]

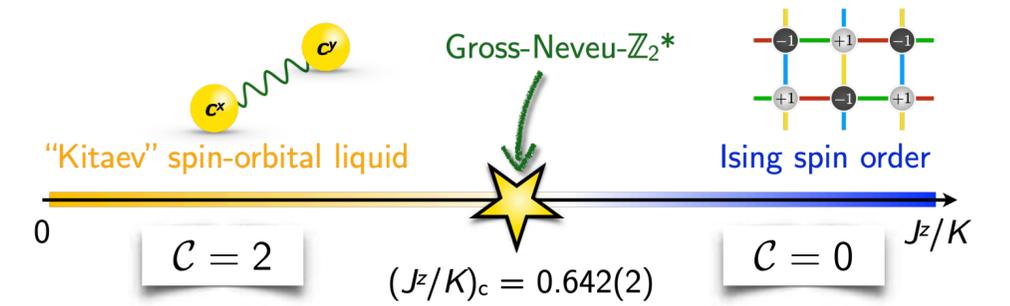
From frustration ...

... to topology

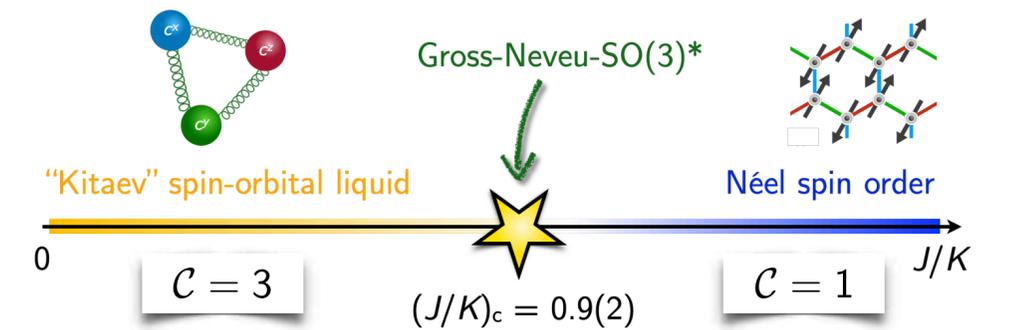
α -RuCl₃ in field



Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model



Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

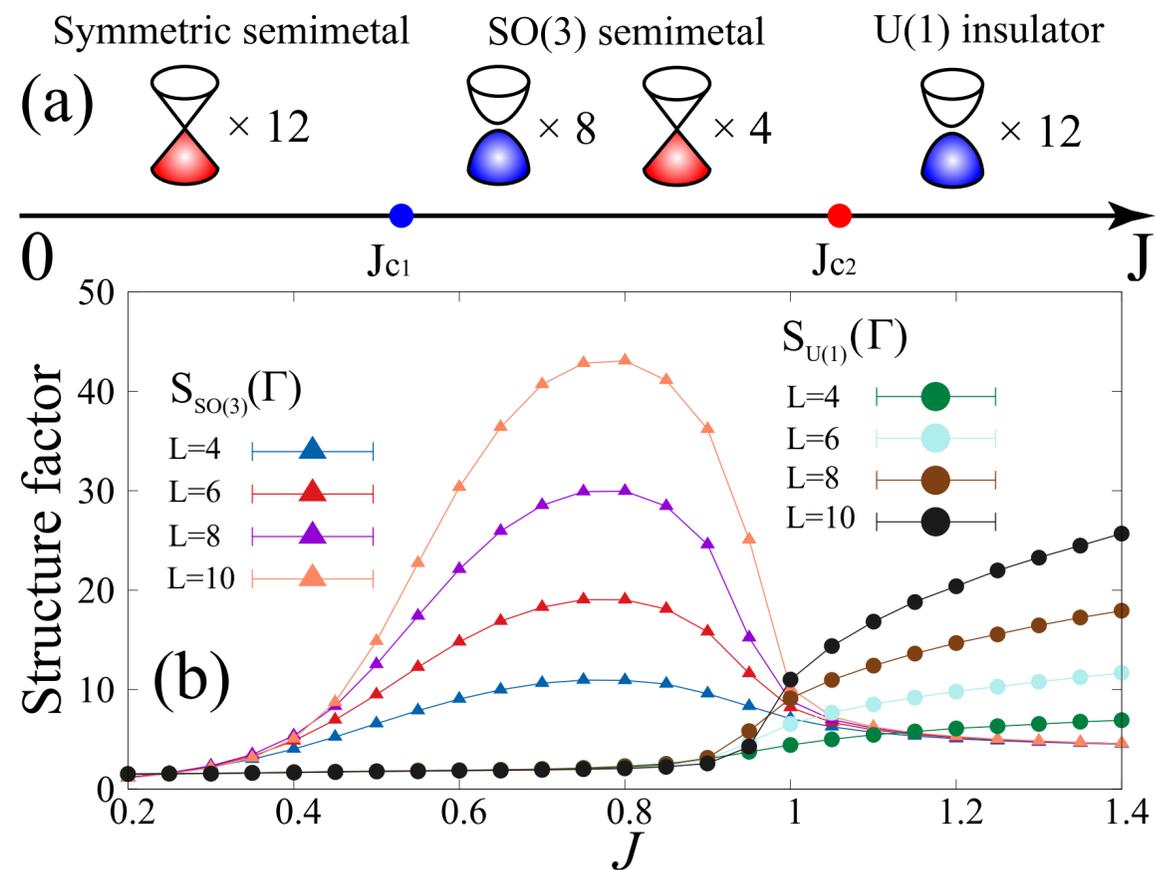


Gross-Neveu-SO(3): Sign-problem-free QMC

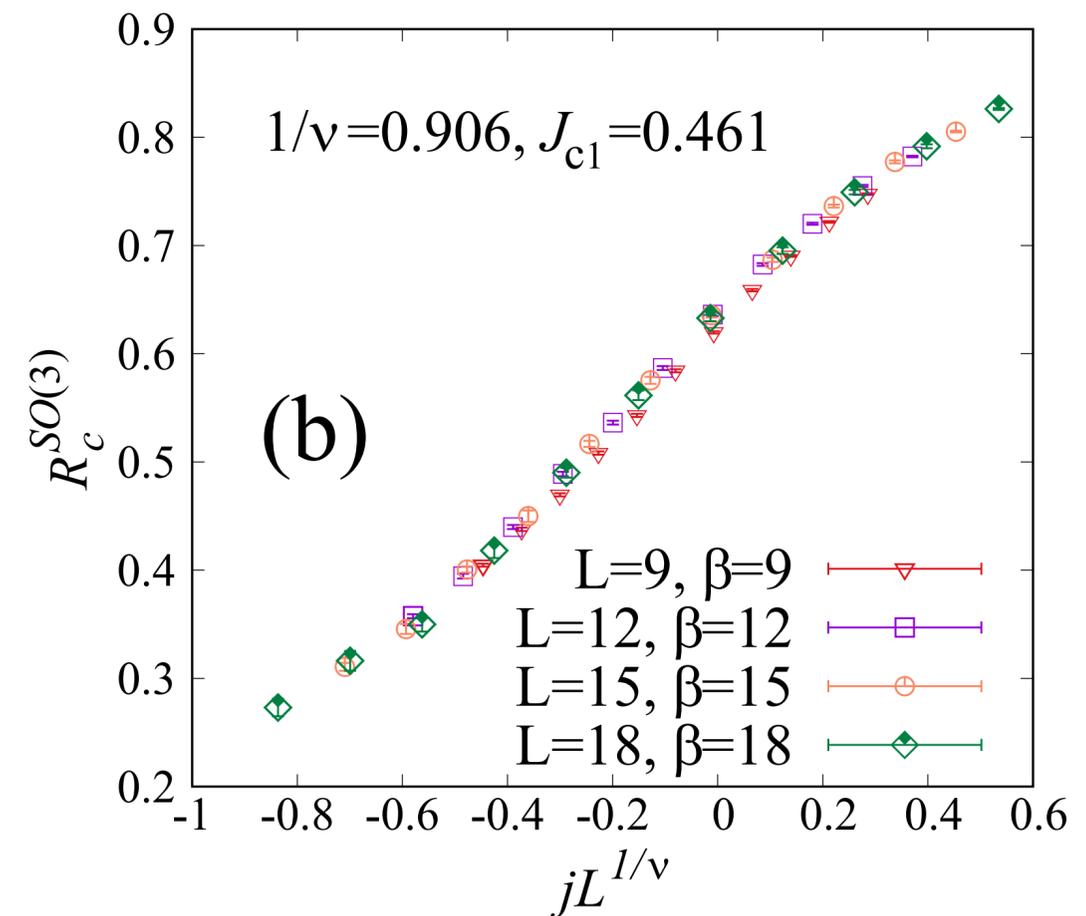
Hamiltonian:

$$H = -t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} c_{i\sigma\lambda}^\dagger c_{j\sigma\lambda} - J \sum_{i\alpha} \left(c_{i\sigma\lambda}^\dagger K_{\sigma\sigma'}^\alpha \tau_{\lambda\lambda'}^z c_{i\sigma'\lambda'} \right)^2$$

Phase diagram:



Finite-size scaling collapse:

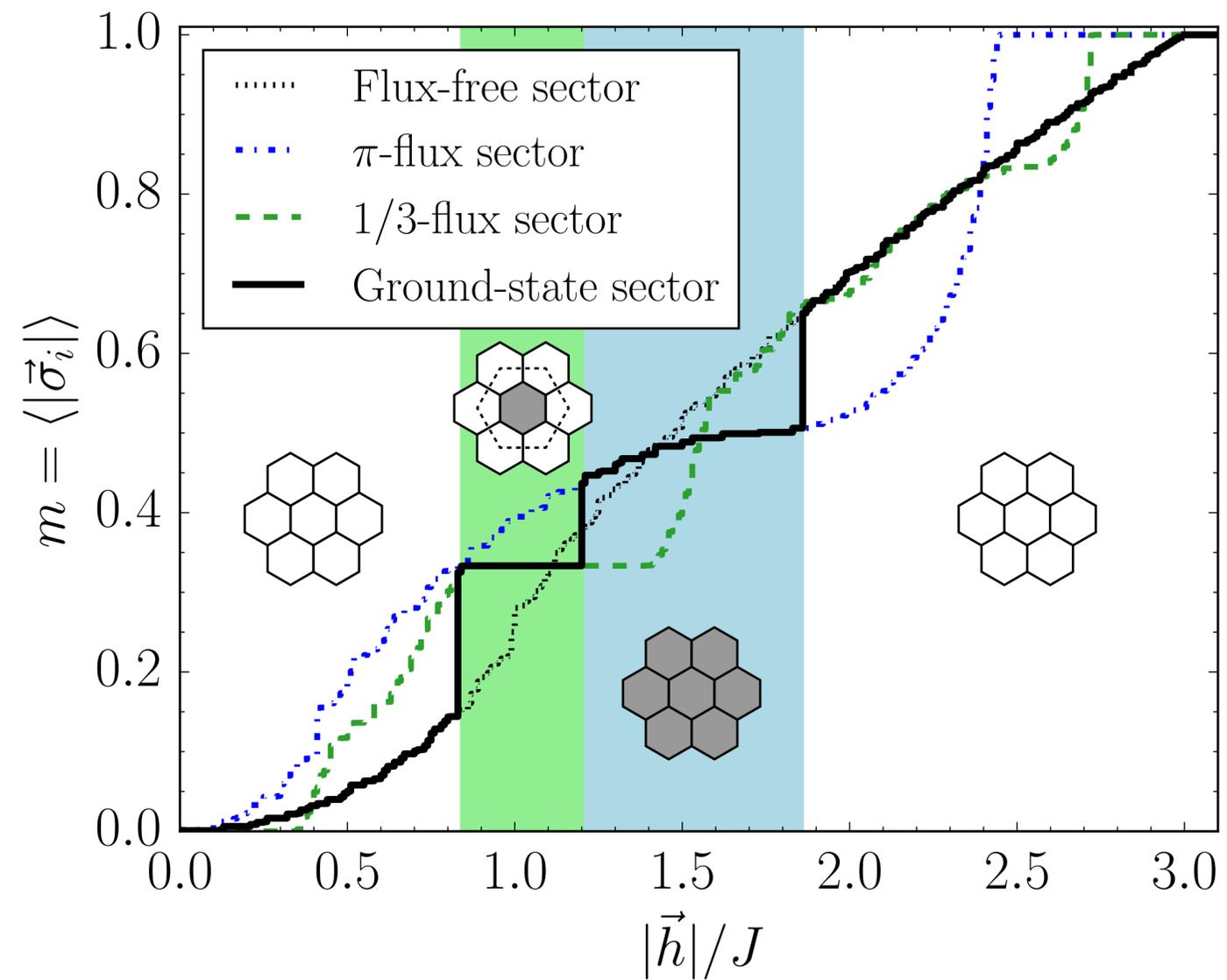


Spin-orbital model in external magnetic field

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} (\vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j) \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (\vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j) \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j - \vec{h} \cdot \sum_i \vec{\sigma}_i \otimes \mathbb{1}$$

Magnetization:



Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising*

Transverse-field Ising:

$$H = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

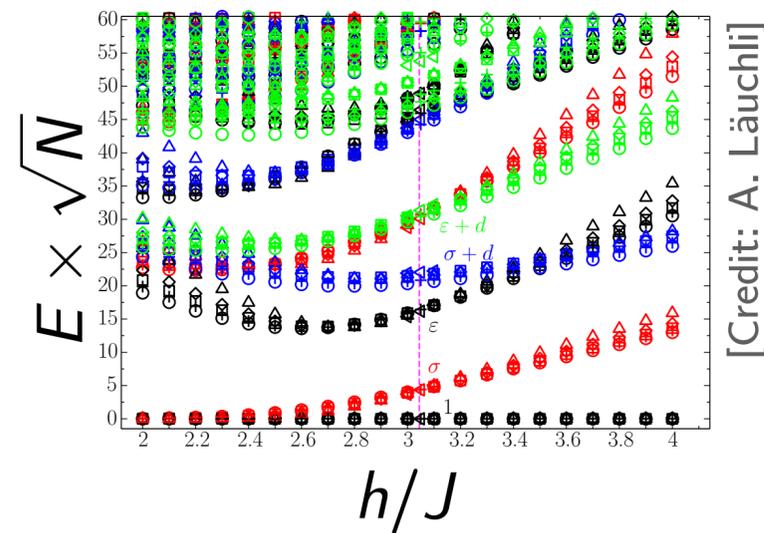
Transverse-field toric code:

$$H = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising*

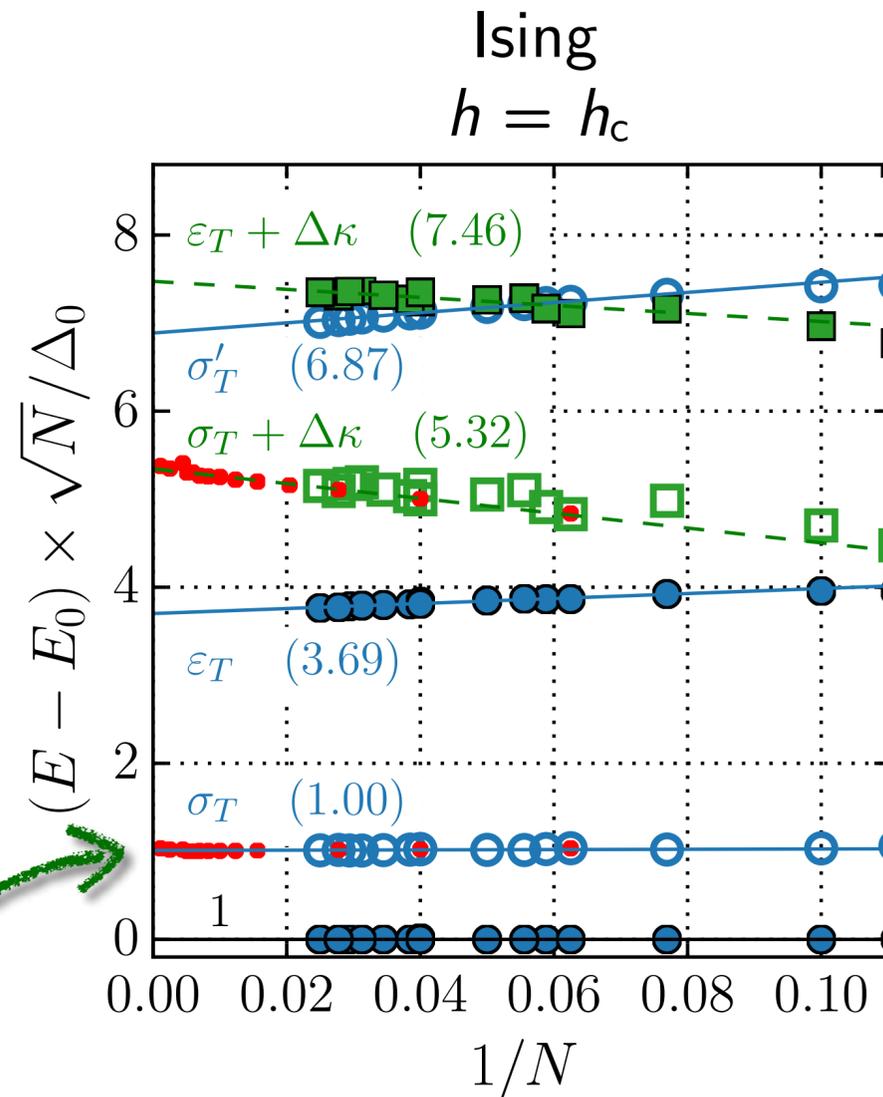
Transverse-field Ising:

$$H = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



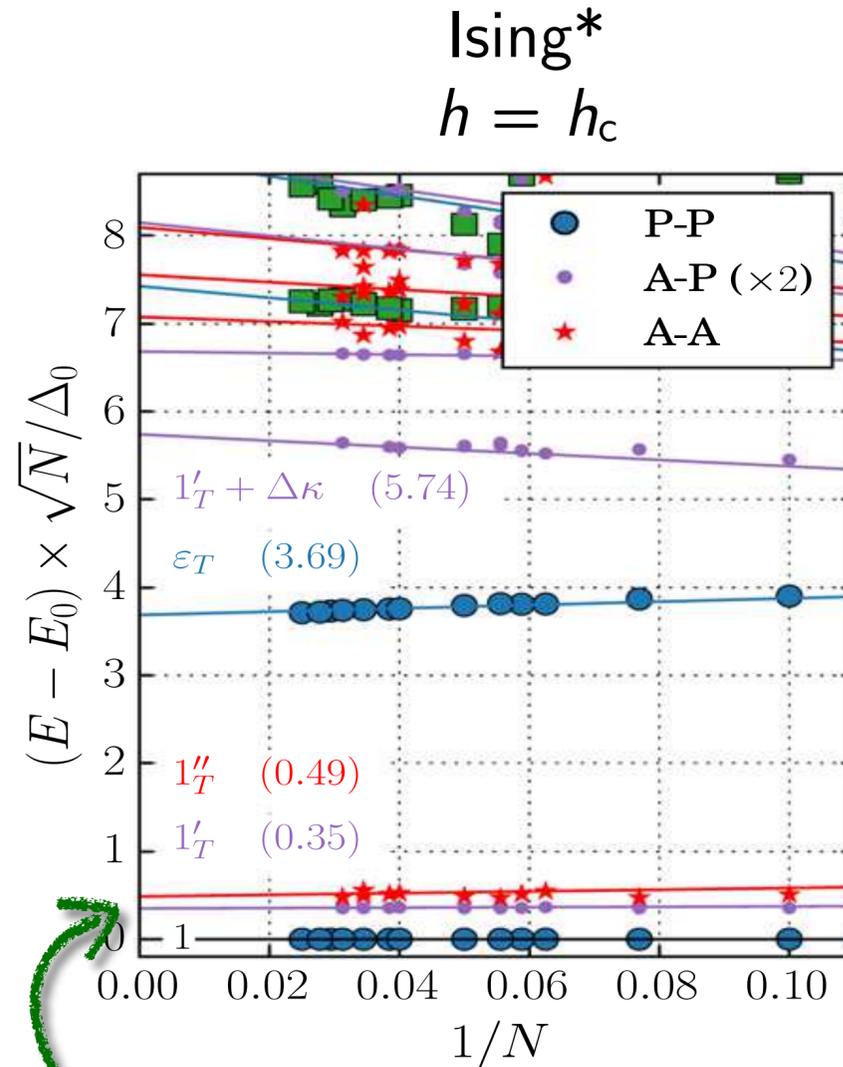
[Credit: A. Läuchli]

missing in Ising*

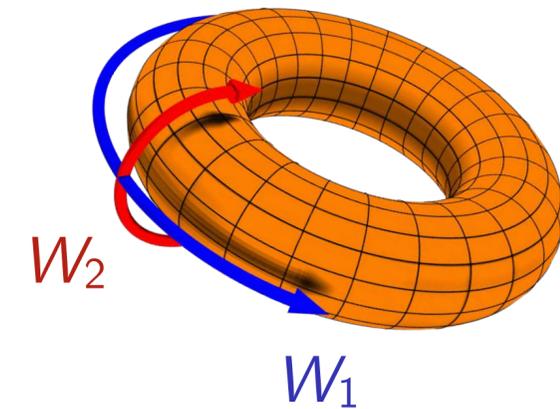


Transverse-field toric code:

$$H = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$



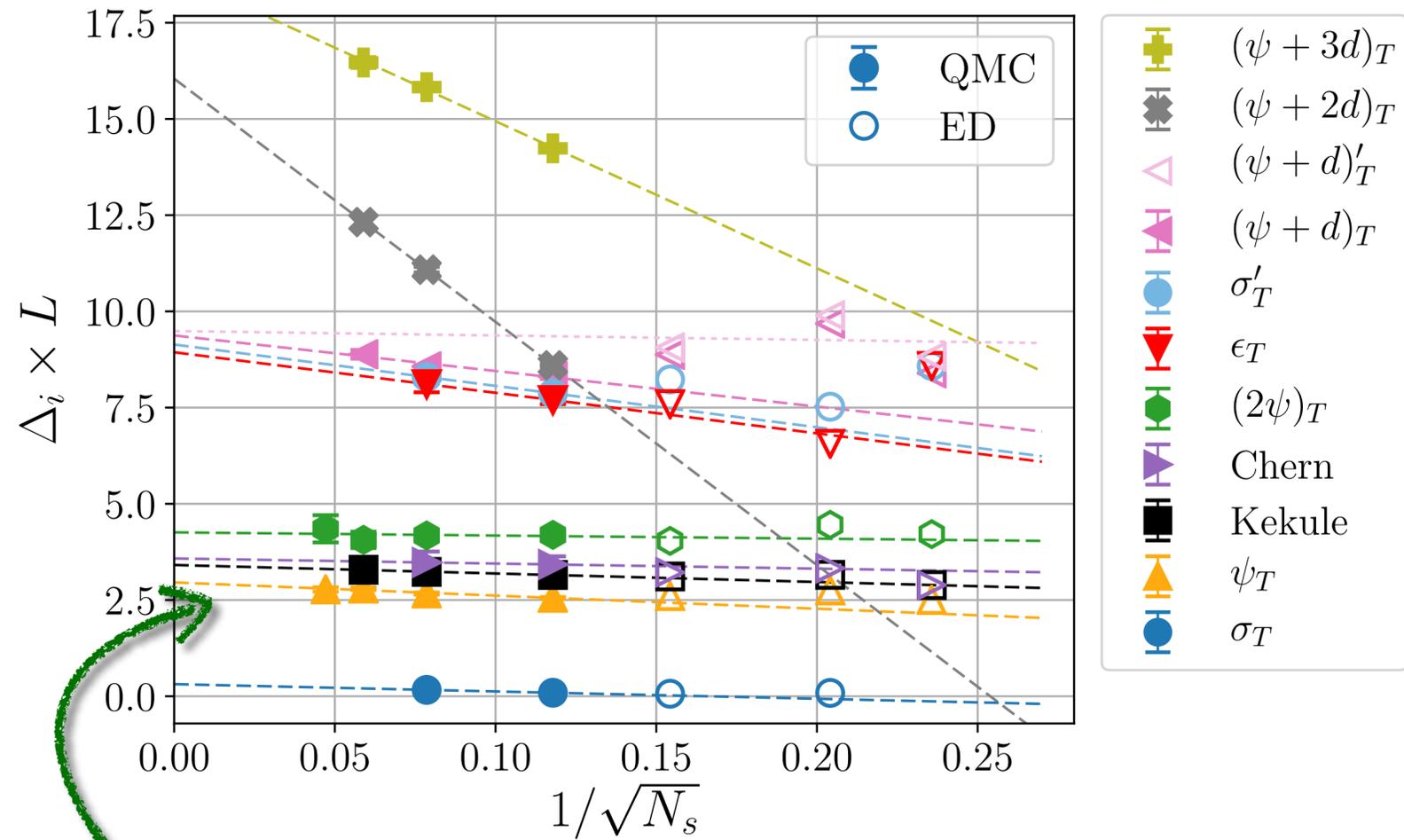
topological "copies"



[Schuler, Whitsitt, Henry, Sachdev, Läuchli, PRL '16]

Gross-Neveu vs Gross-Neveu*

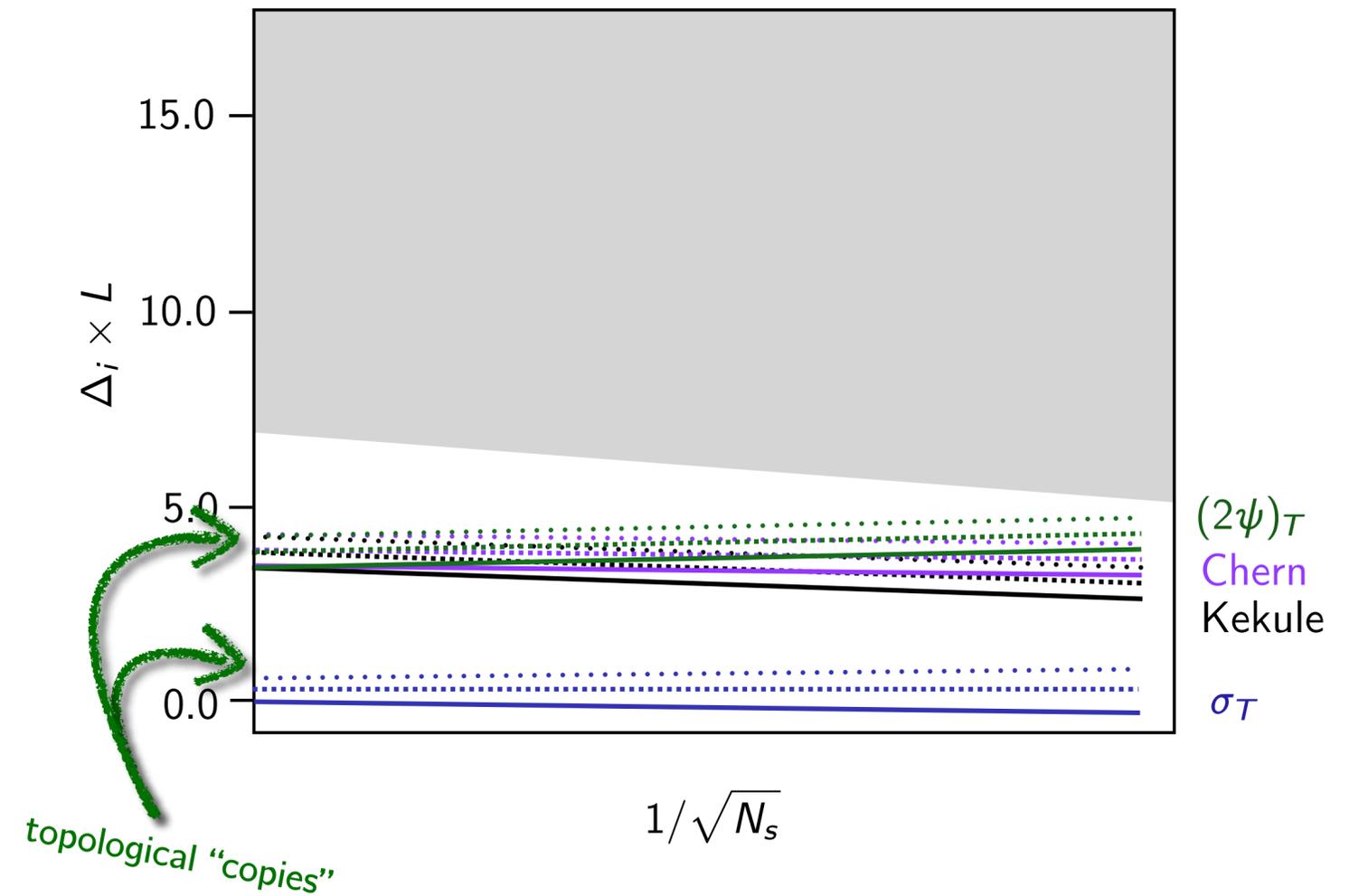
Gross-Neveu- \mathbb{Z}_2



missing in GN*

[Schuler et al., PRB '21]

Gross-Neveu- \mathbb{Z}_2^* (schematic)



topological "copies"

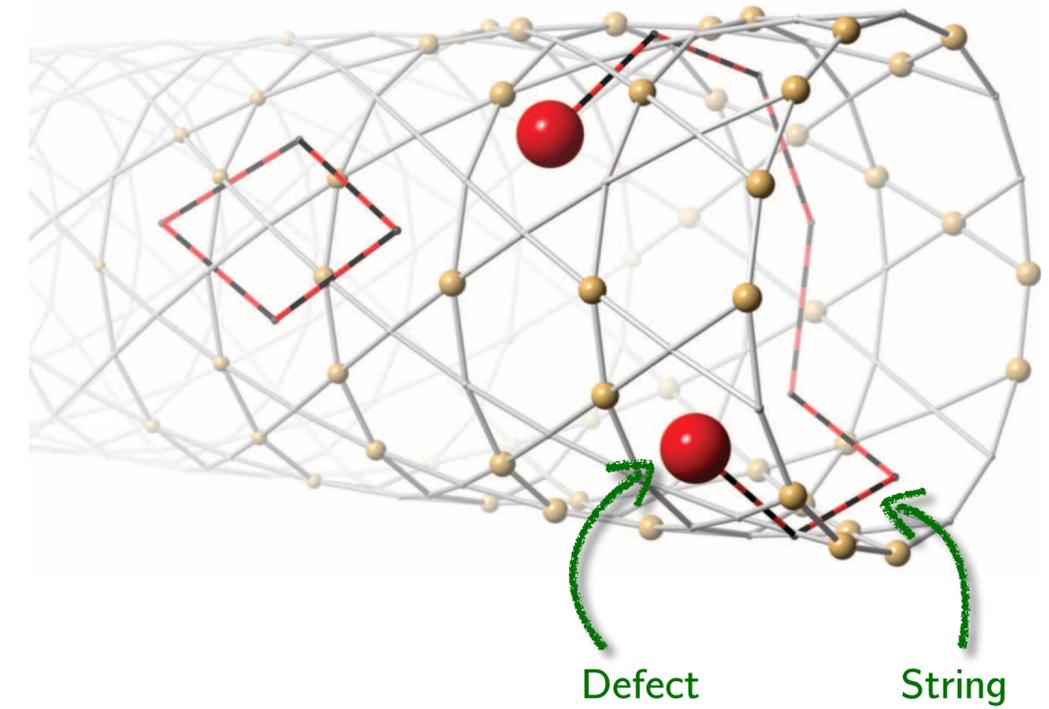
... testable in future simulations

Fractionalized quantum criticality: XY*

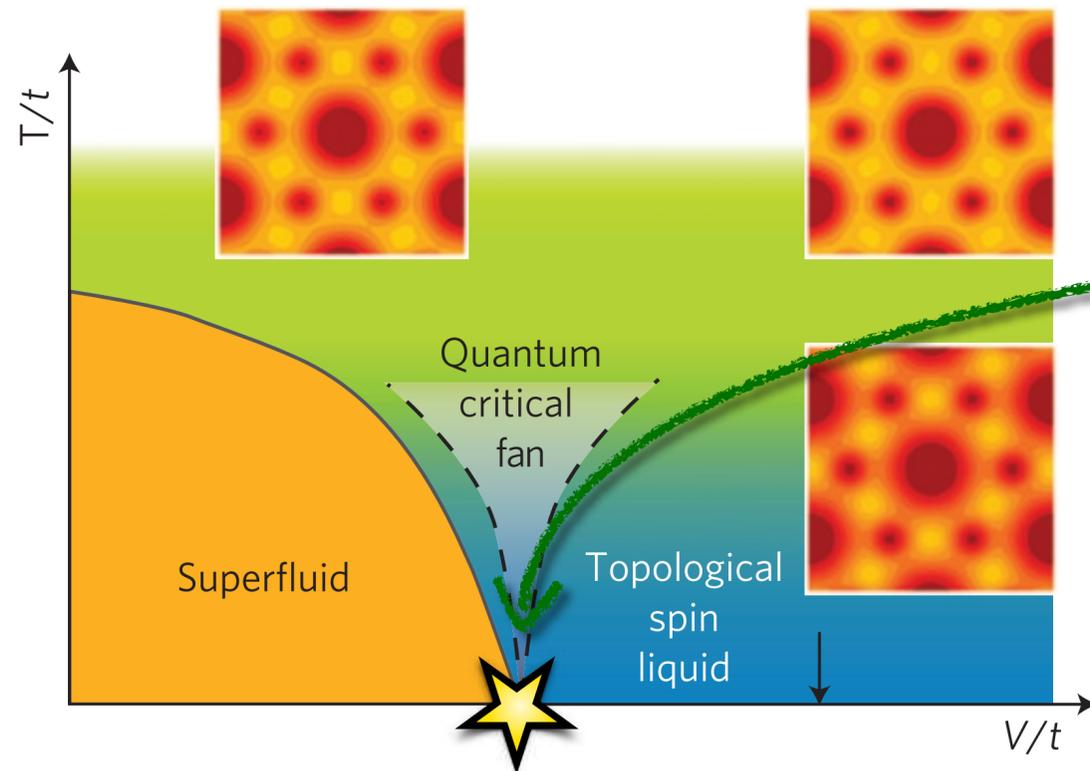
Bose-Hubbard-like model (kagome lattice):

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \left[b_i^\dagger b_j + b_i b_j^\dagger \right] + V \sum_{\text{hex}} (n_{\text{hex}})^2$$

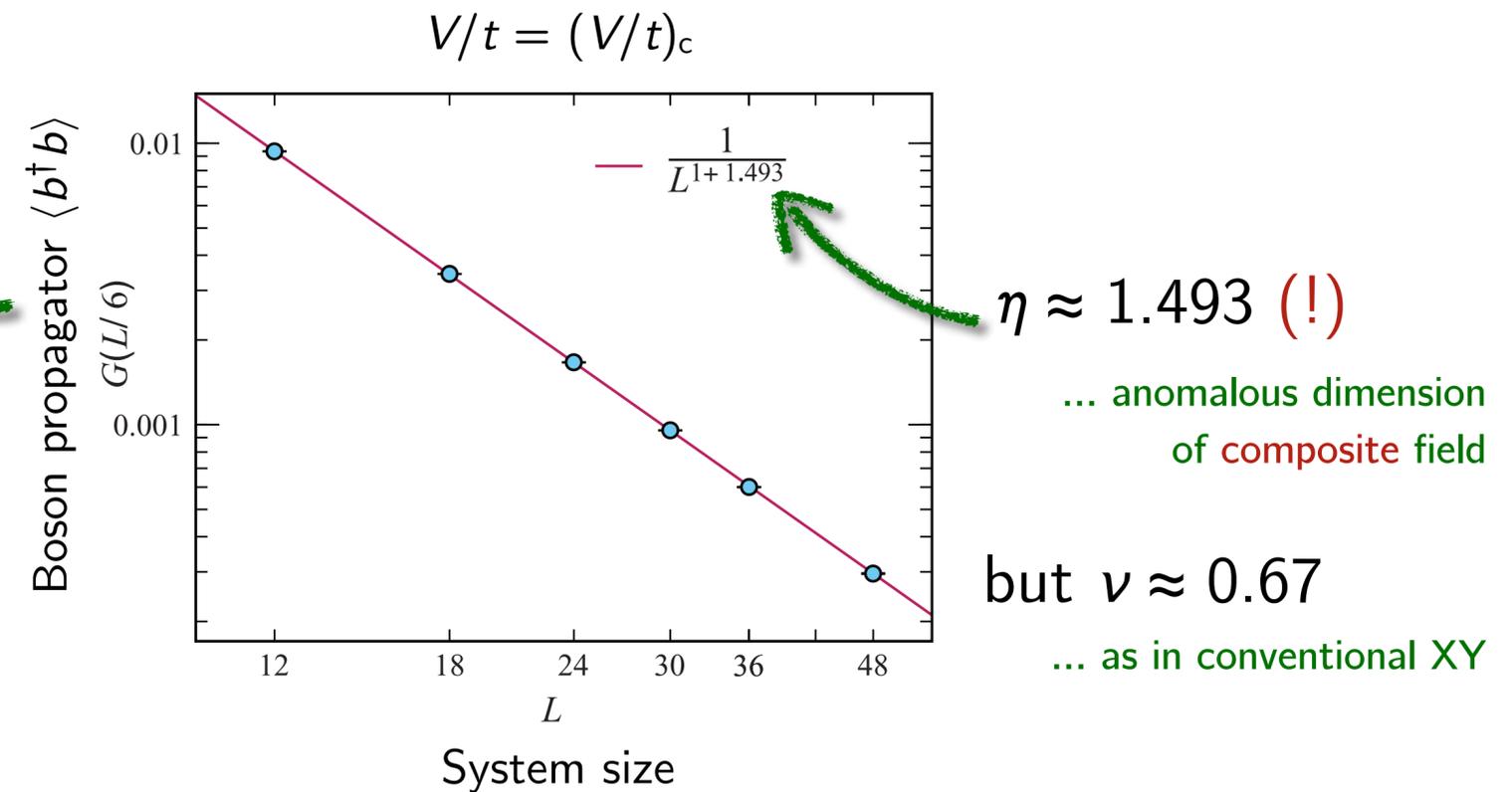
↑ Hopping bosons
↑ Boson density in plaquette



Phase diagram:



[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]



[Isakov, Melko, Hastings, Science '12]
 [Chubukov, Senthil, Sachdev, PRL '94]