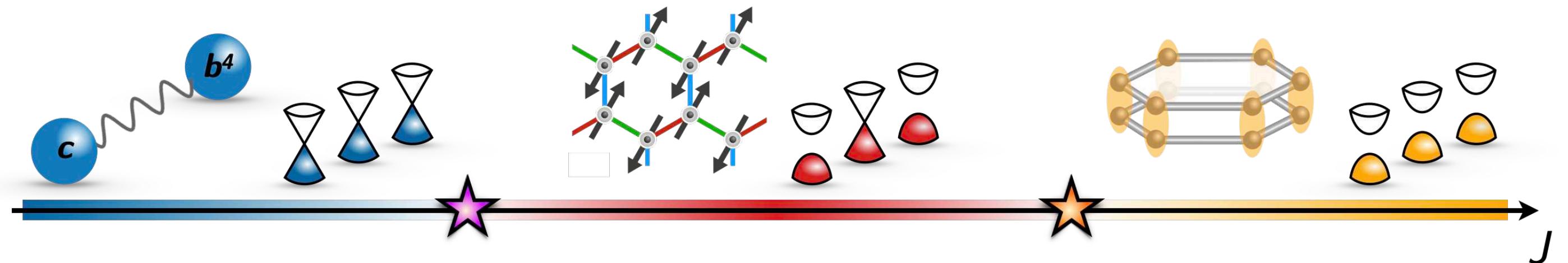
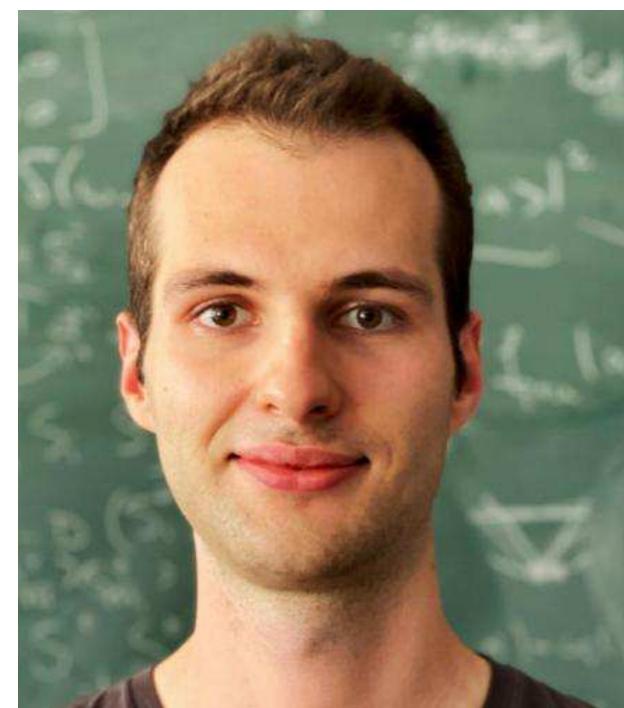


# Fractionalized fermionic quantum criticality



Lukas Janssen  
TU Dresden

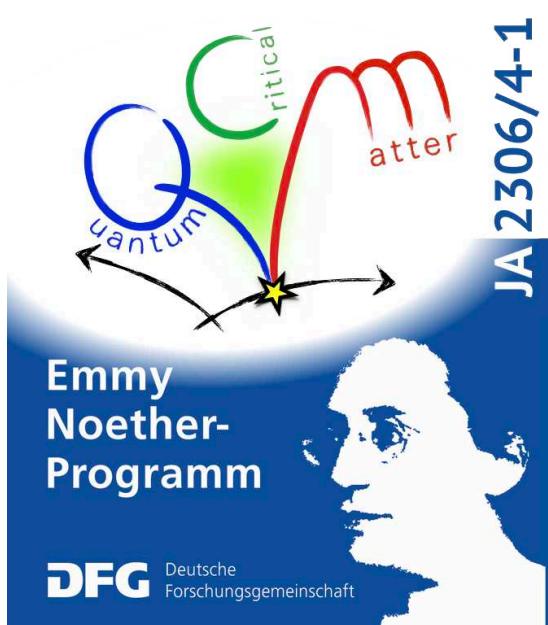


Urban Seifert, Santa Barbara



Zihong Liu, Würzburg

Fakher Assaad, Würzburg  
Sreejith Chulliparambil, Dresden  
Xiao-Yu Dong, Ghent  
Hong-Hao Tu, Dresden  
Matthias Vojta, Dresden  
Shouryya Ray, Odense  
Michael Scherer, Bochum

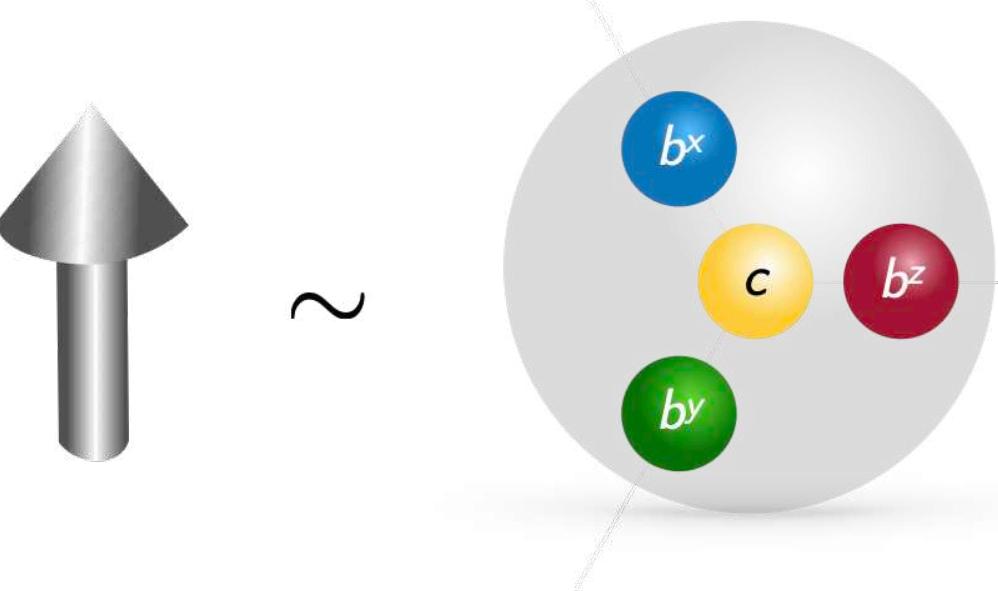


 **ct.qmat**  
Complexity and Topology  
in Quantum Matter  
Würzburg-Dresden Cluster of Excellence

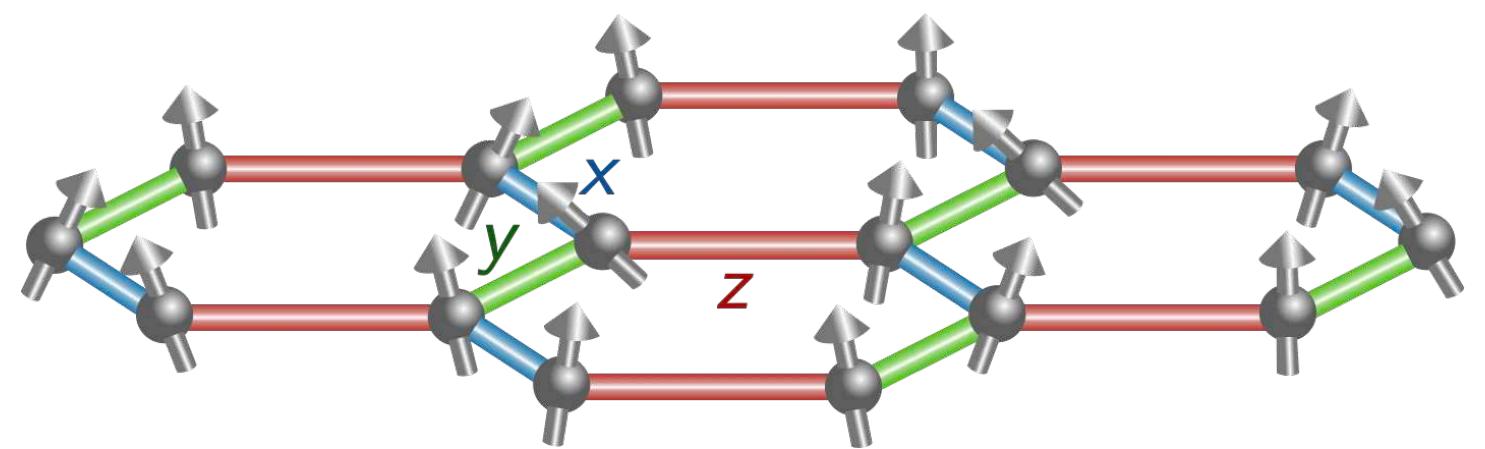


# Outline

(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality



(2) Frustrated spins and spin-orbitals



(3) Square-lattice Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model



(4) Honeycomb-lattice Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model



(5) Conclusions

# Outline

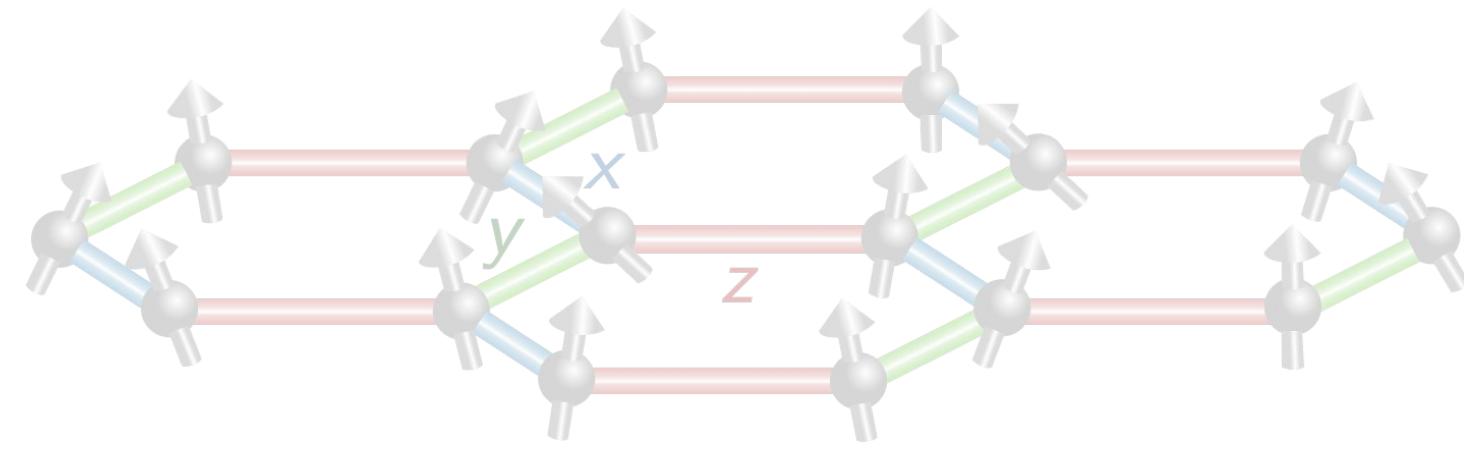
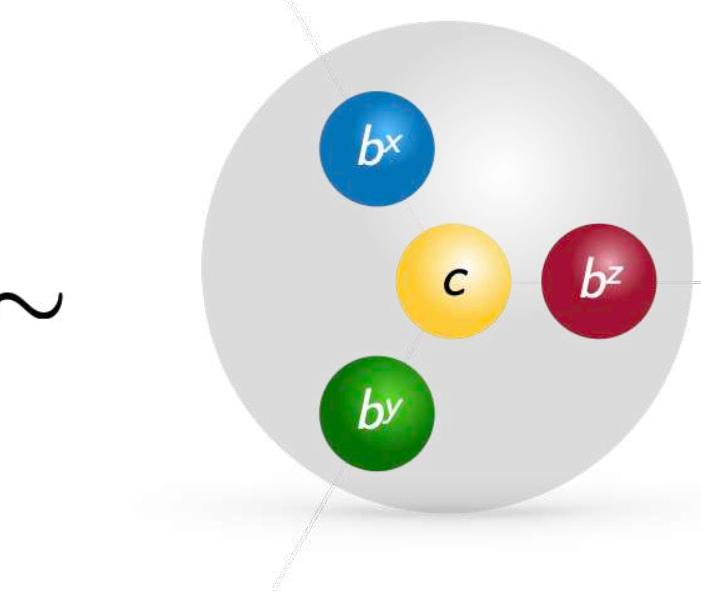
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality

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(5) Conclusions



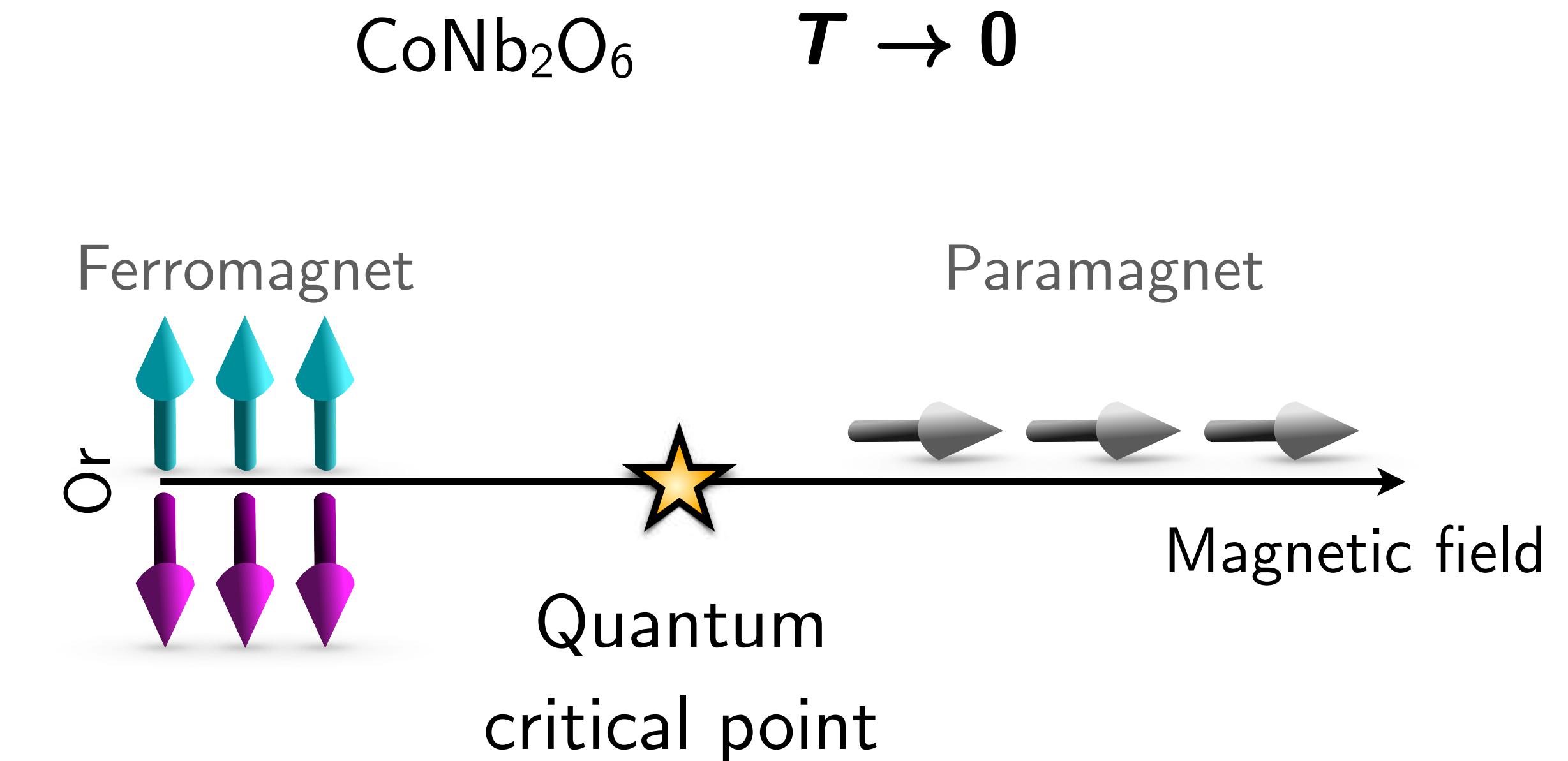
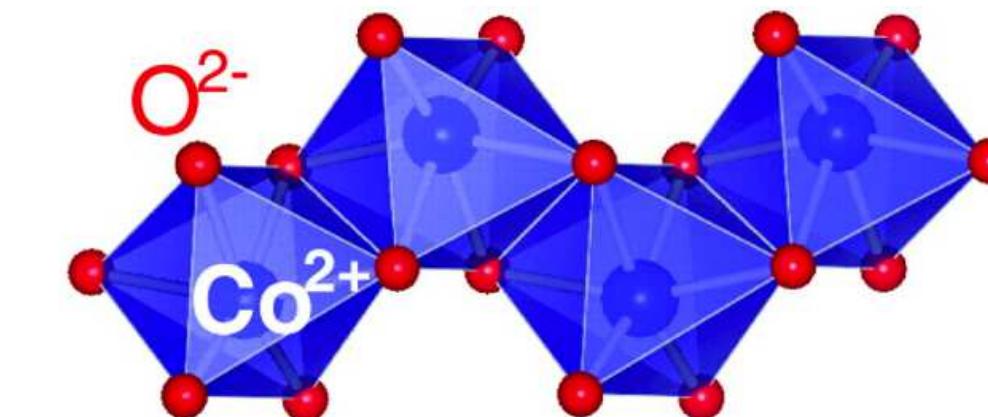
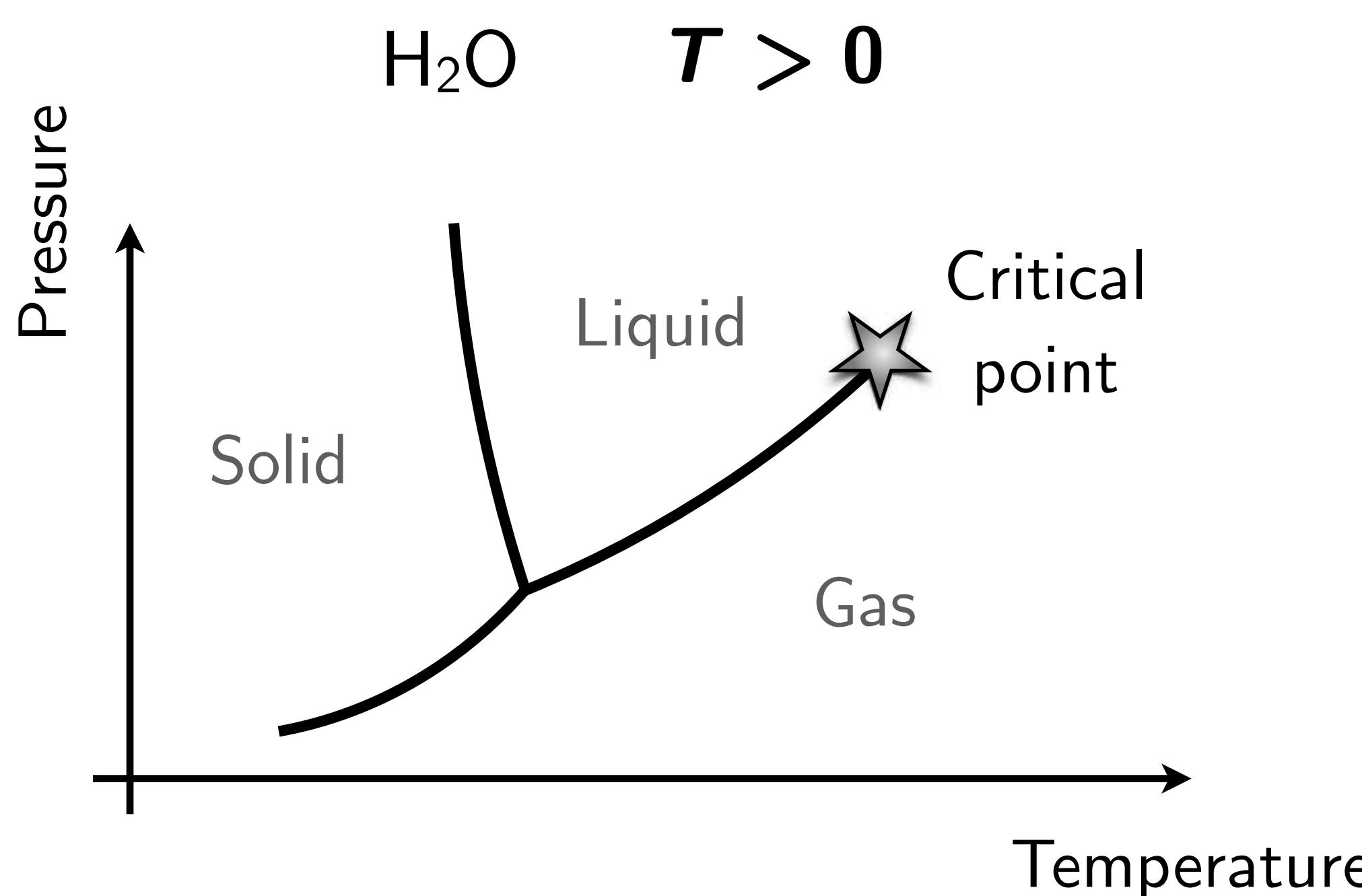
Kitaev spin-orbital liquid  
 $c$   
 $b^4$

Ising spin order

Kitaev spin-orbital liquid

$SO(3)$  Kitaev liquid

# Classical vs quantum criticality



[Coldea et al., Science '10]

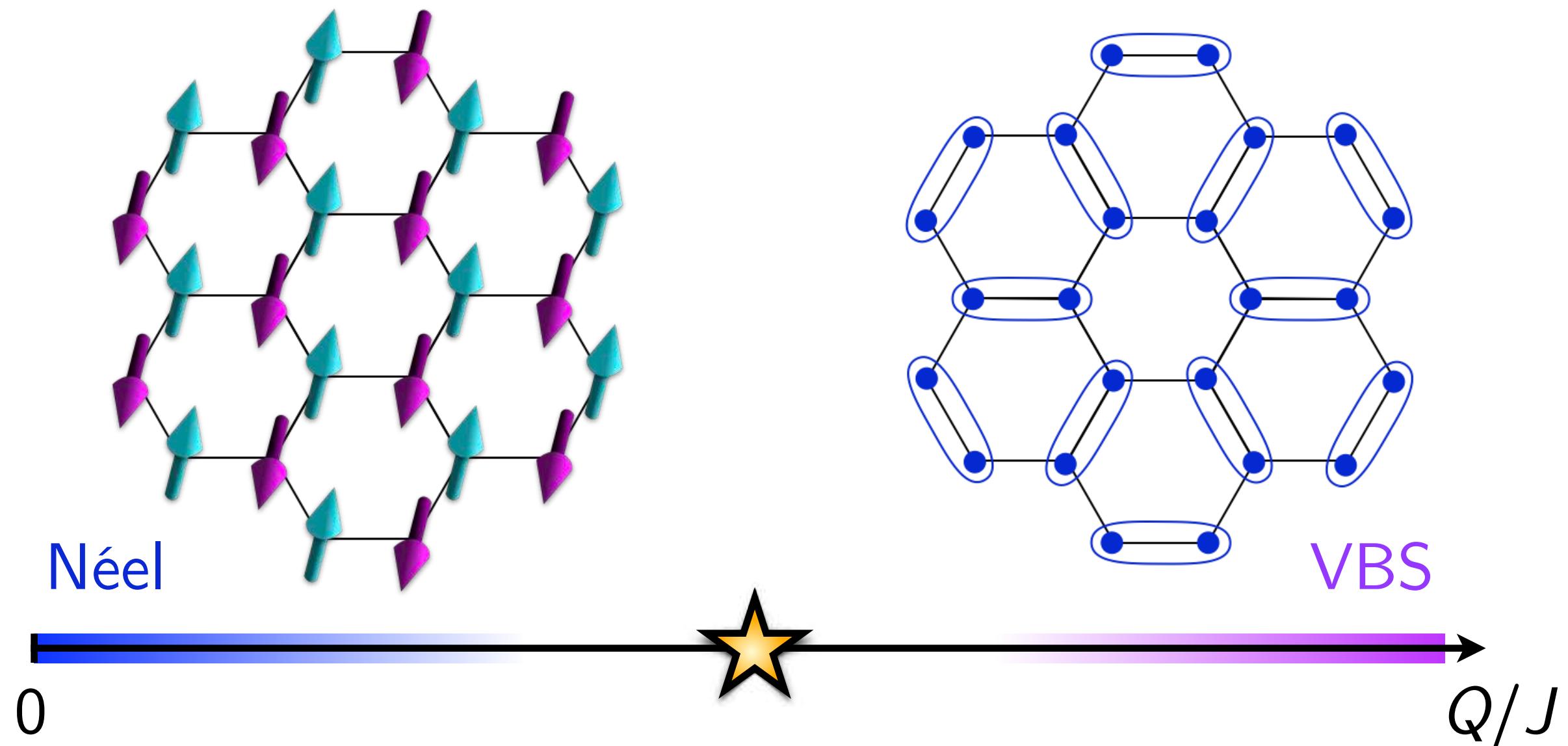
[Kinross et al., PRX '14]

[Morris et al., Kaul, Armitage, Nat. Phys. '21]

...

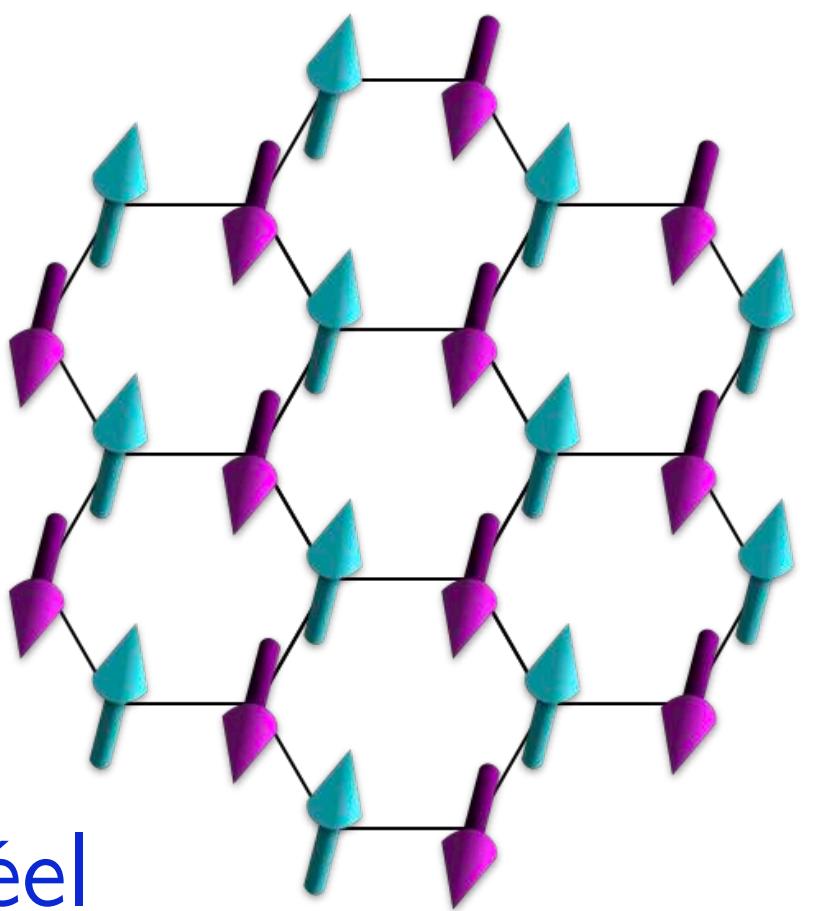
# Deconfined quantum criticality

$$\text{O} = (|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle) / \sqrt{2}$$

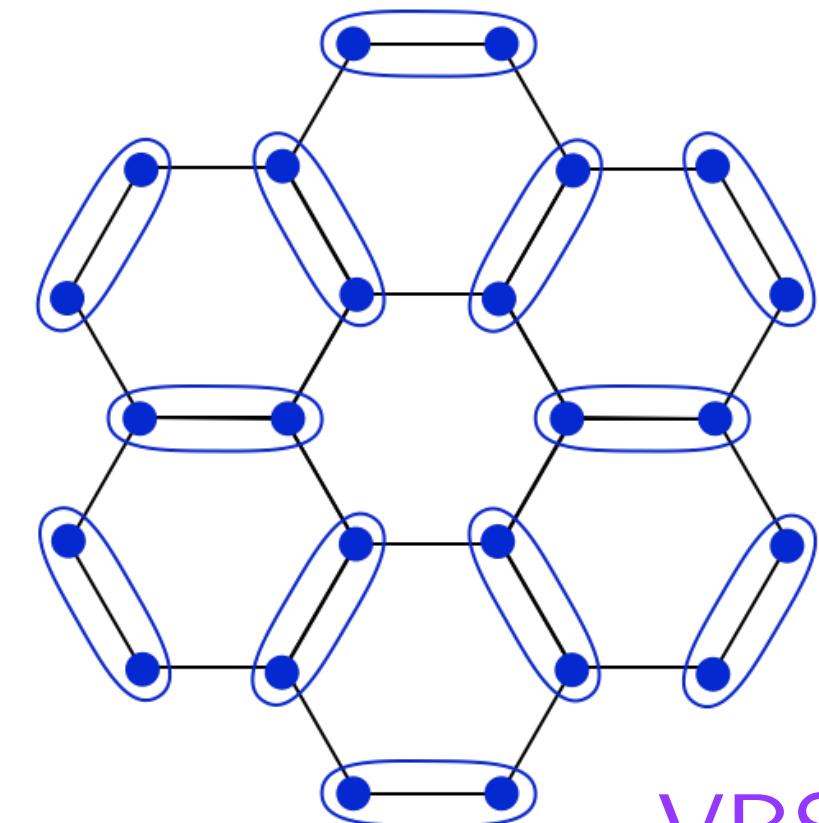


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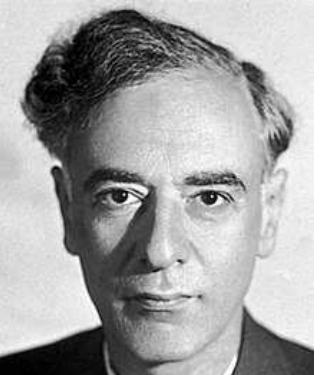
Néel



VBS

0

$Q/J$



Landau

Order parameter

Néel

VBS

Or

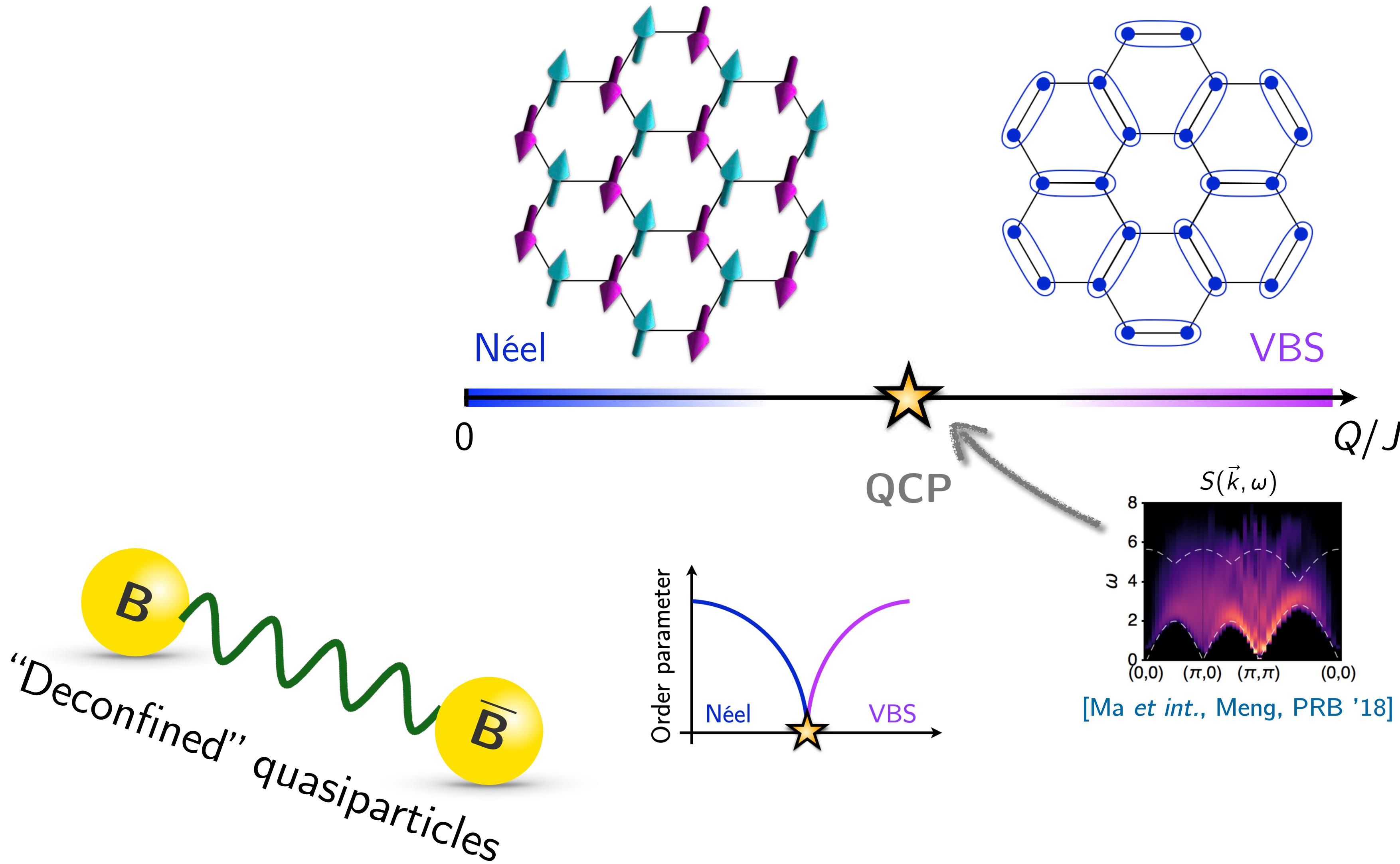
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Néel

VBS

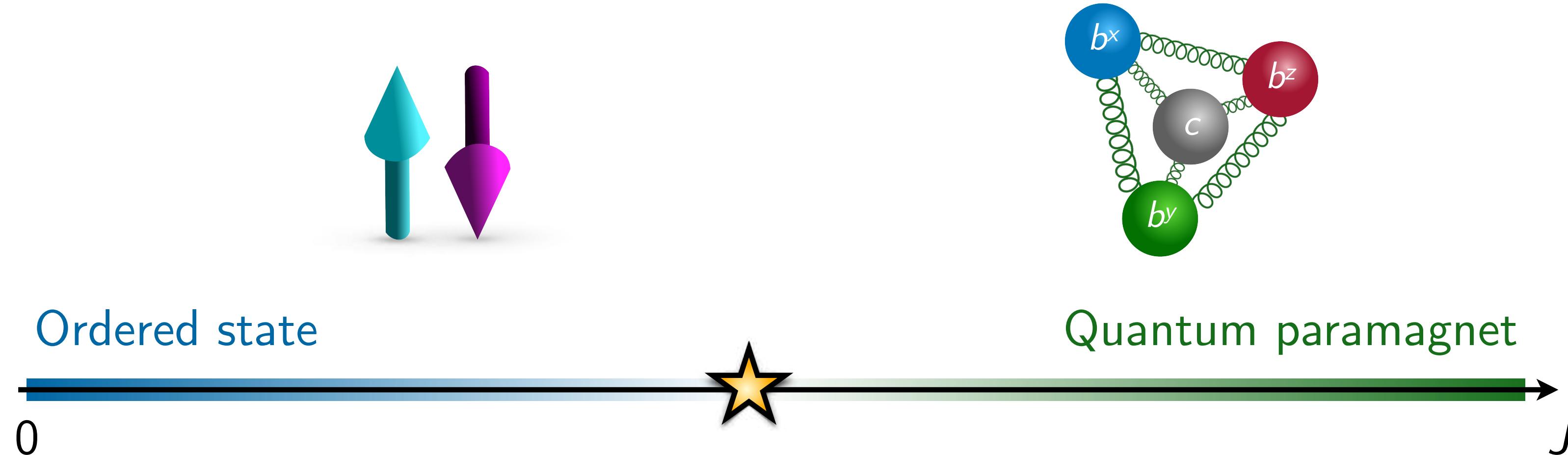
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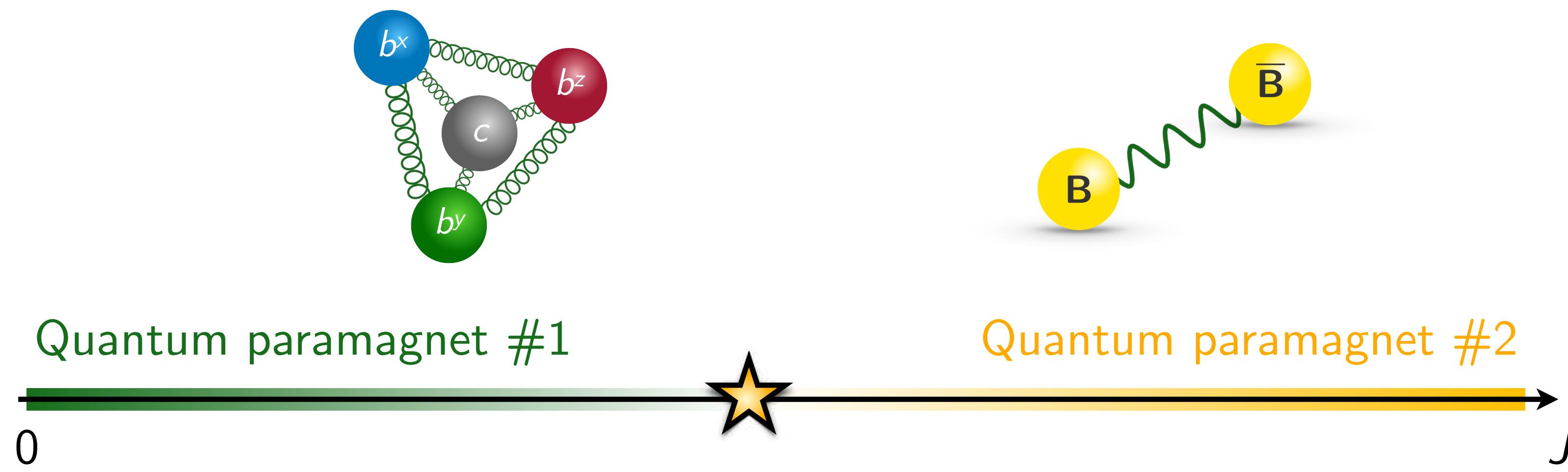


[Senthil et al., Science '04]  
[Pujari, Damle, Alet, PRL '13]  
[Block, Melko, Kaul, PRL '13]  
[Shao, Guo, Sandvik, Science '16]  
...

# Spin-liquid transitions



[Assaad & Grover, PRX '16]  
[Xu, Qi, Zhang, Assaad, Xu, Meng, PRX '19]  
[LJ, Wang, Scherer, Meng, Xu, PRB '20]  
...



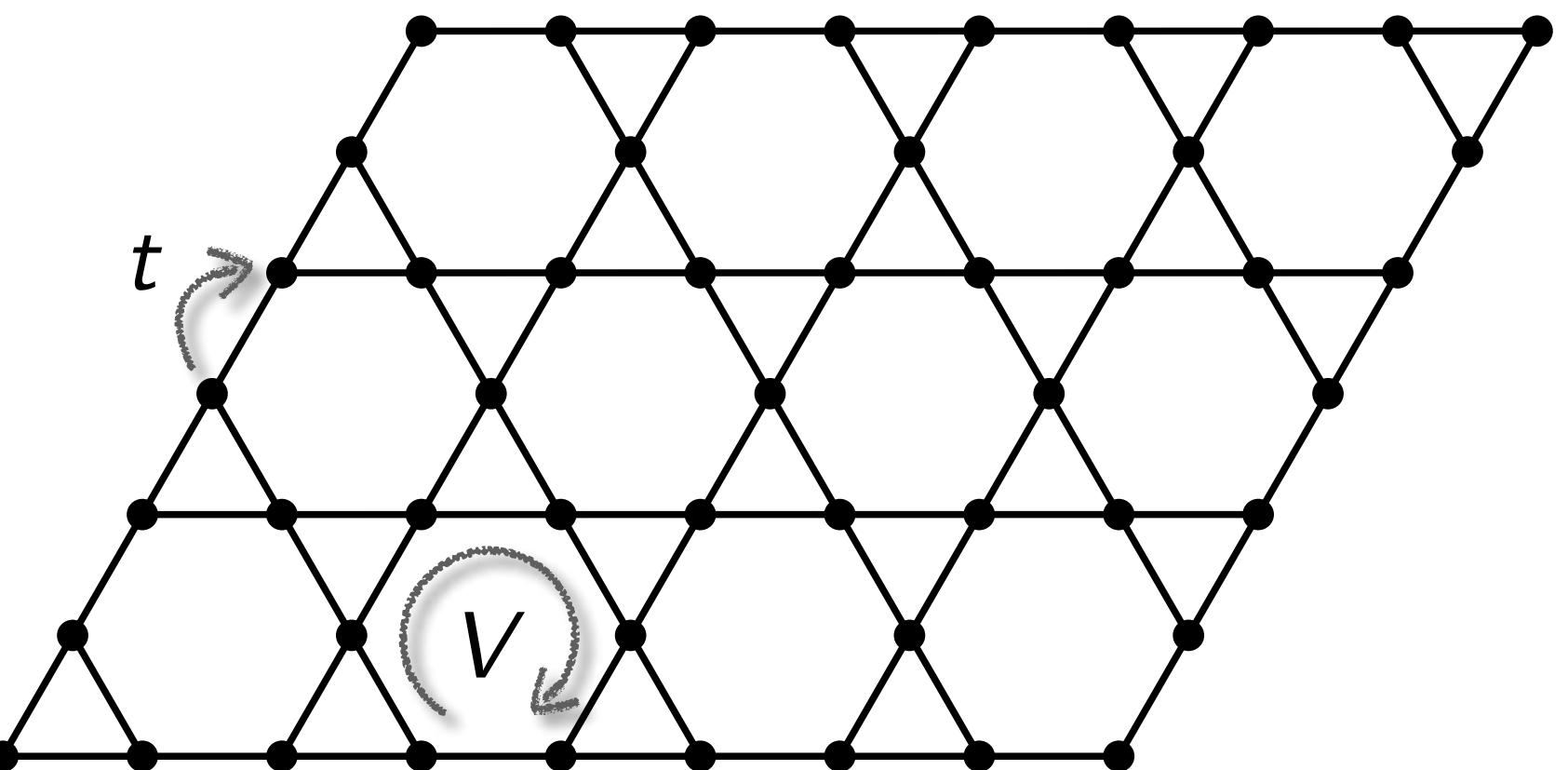
[Metlitski, Mross, Sachdev, Senthil, PRB '15]  
[LJ & He, PRB '17]  
[Boyack, Lin, Zerf, Rayyan, Maciejko, PRB '18]  
...

# Example: Kagome-lattice Bose-Hubbard model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} [b_i^\dagger b_j + b_i b_j^\dagger] + V \sum_{\textcircled{\text{O}}} (n_{\textcircled{\text{O}}})^2$$

...  $b_i$  hard-core bosons

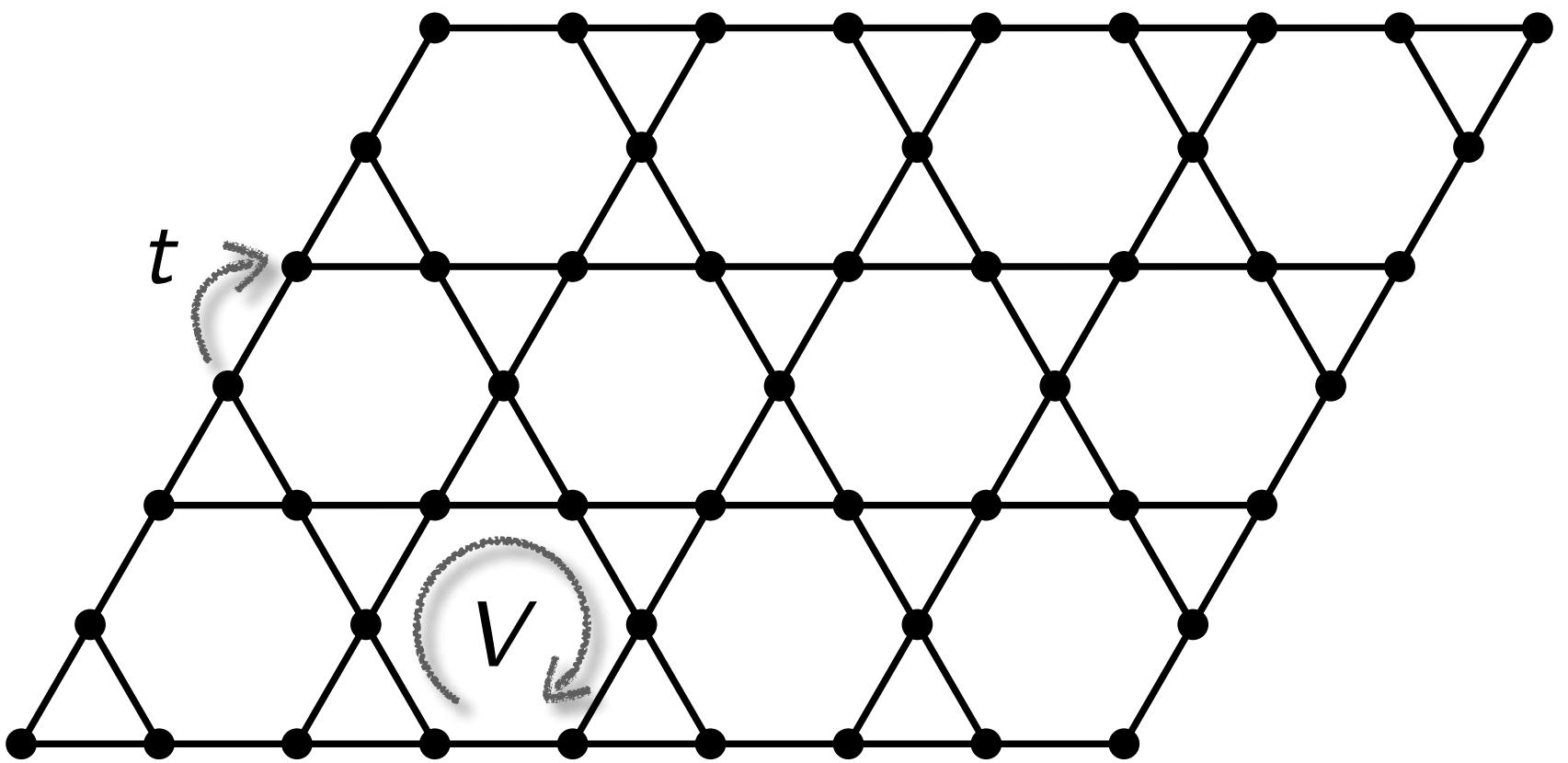


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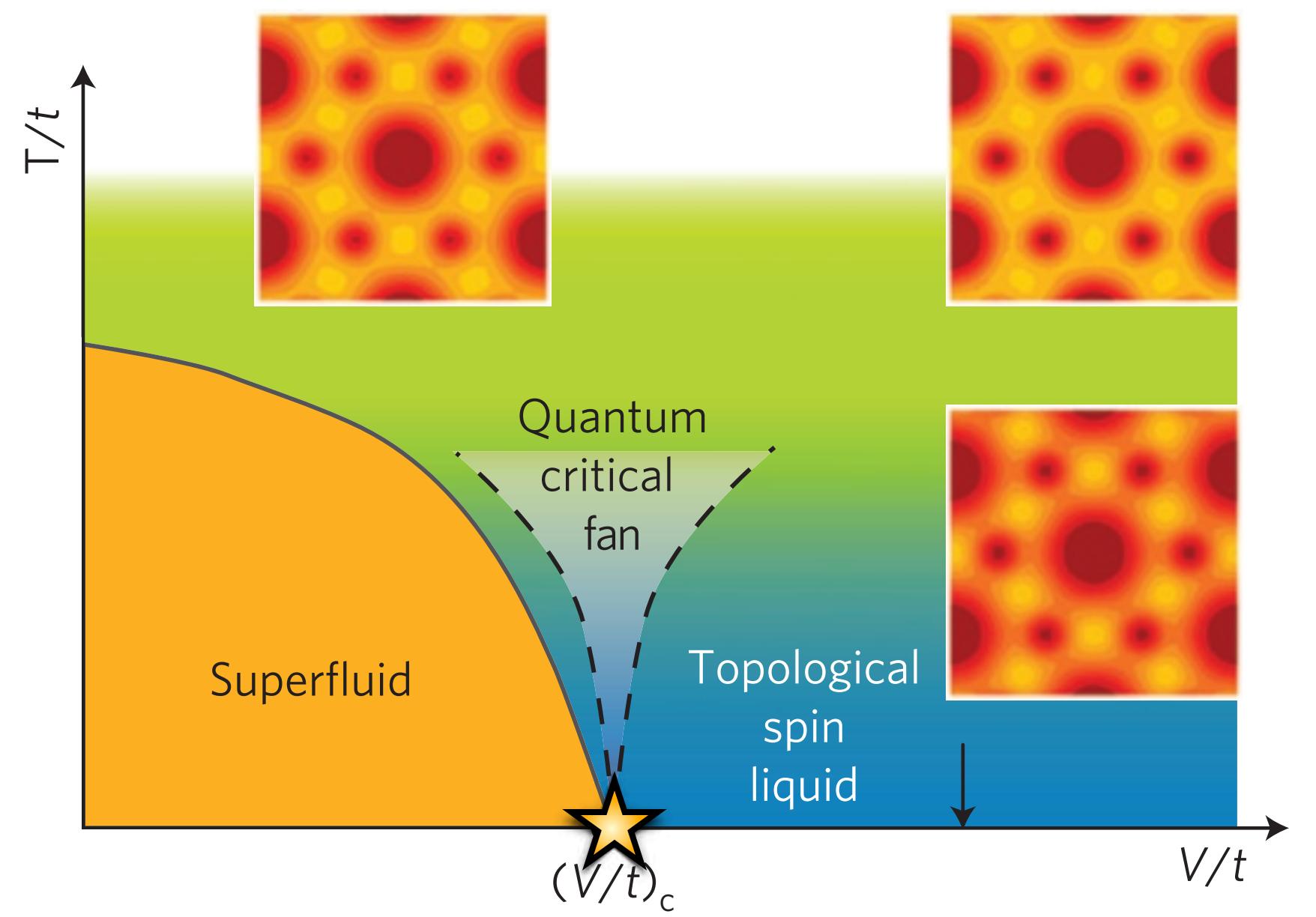
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Phase diagram:



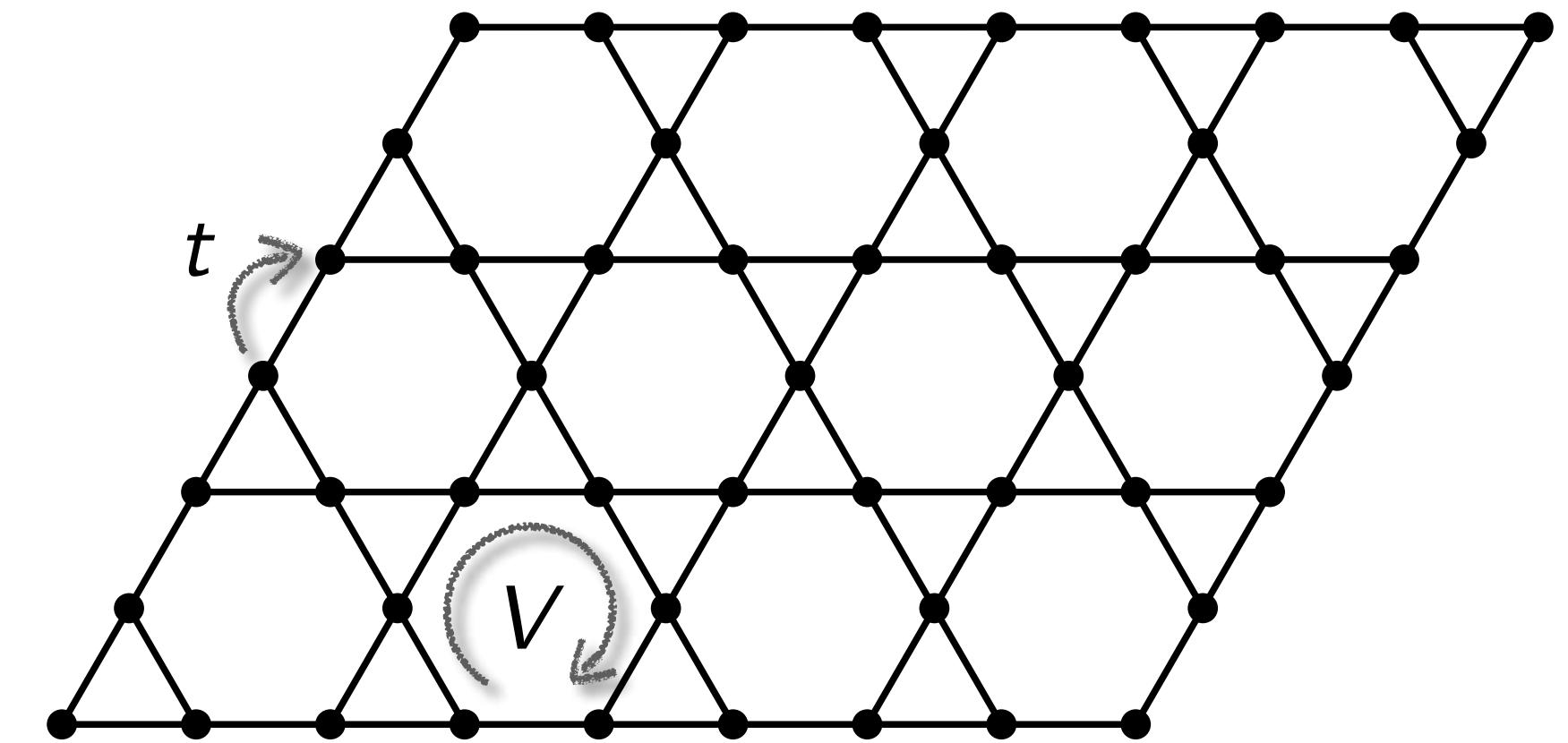
[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

# Example: Kagome-lattice Bose-Hubbard model

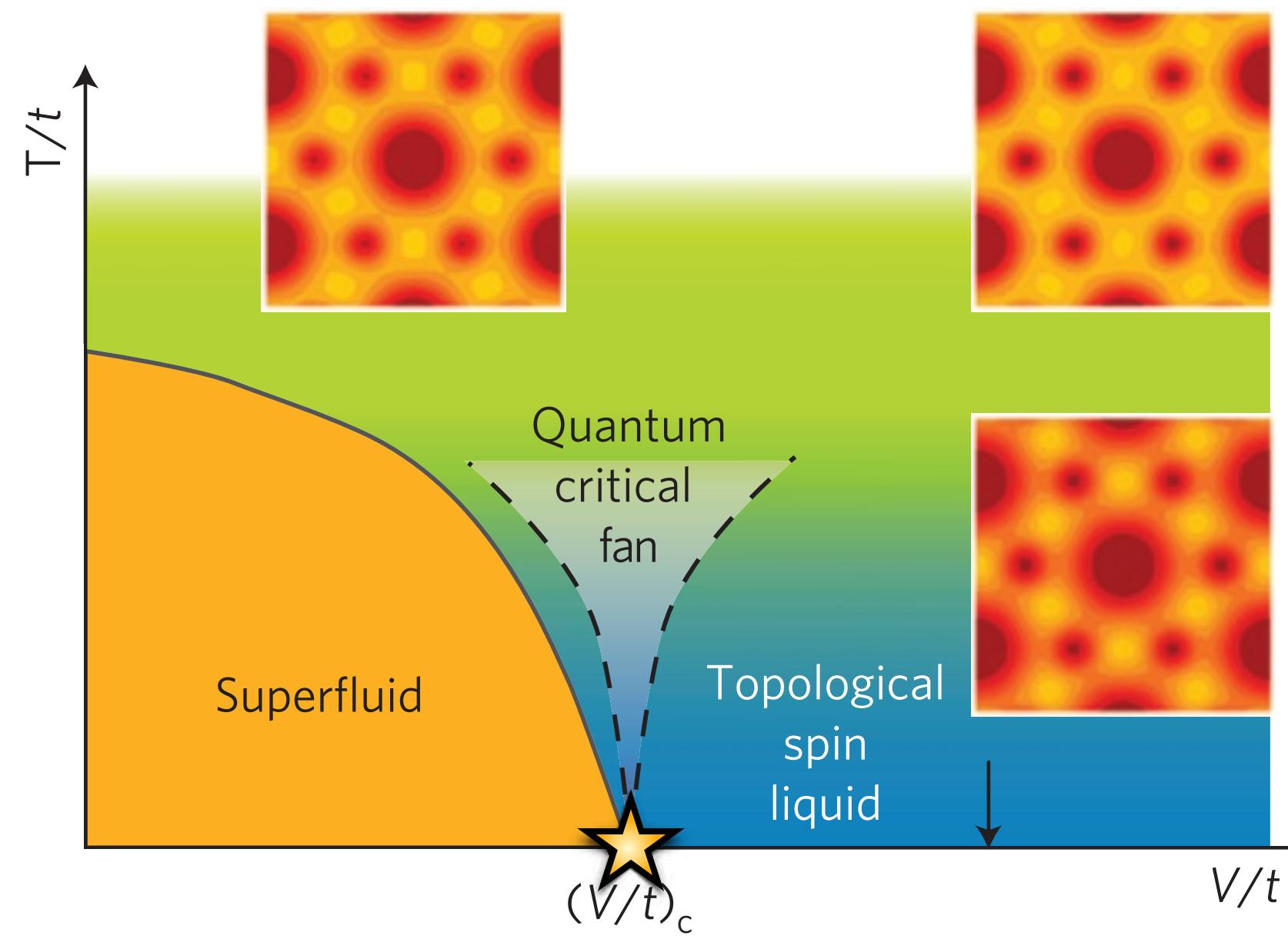
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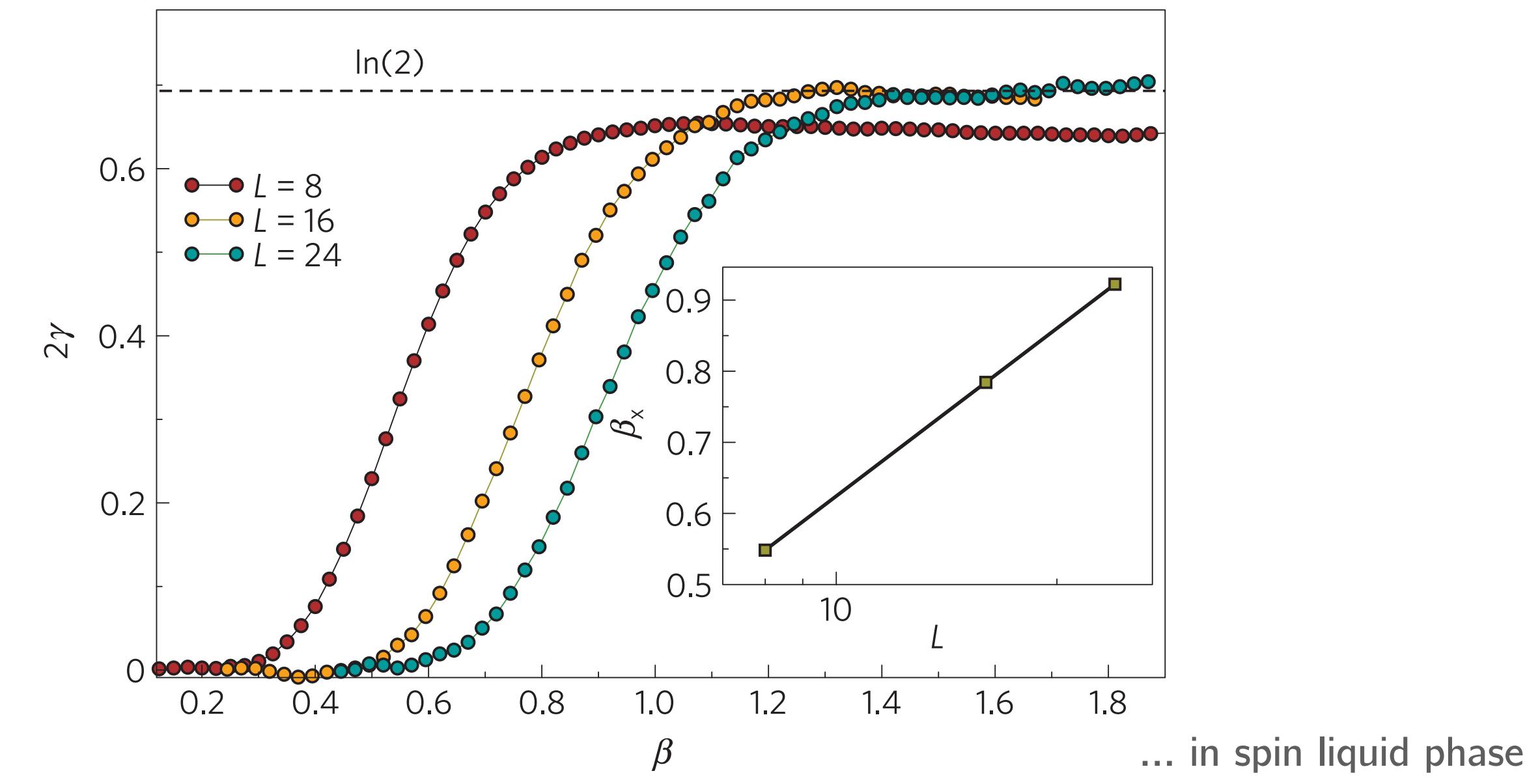
...  $b_i$  hard-core bosons



Phase diagram:



Entanglement entropy:  $S_n(A) = a\ell - \gamma + \dots$

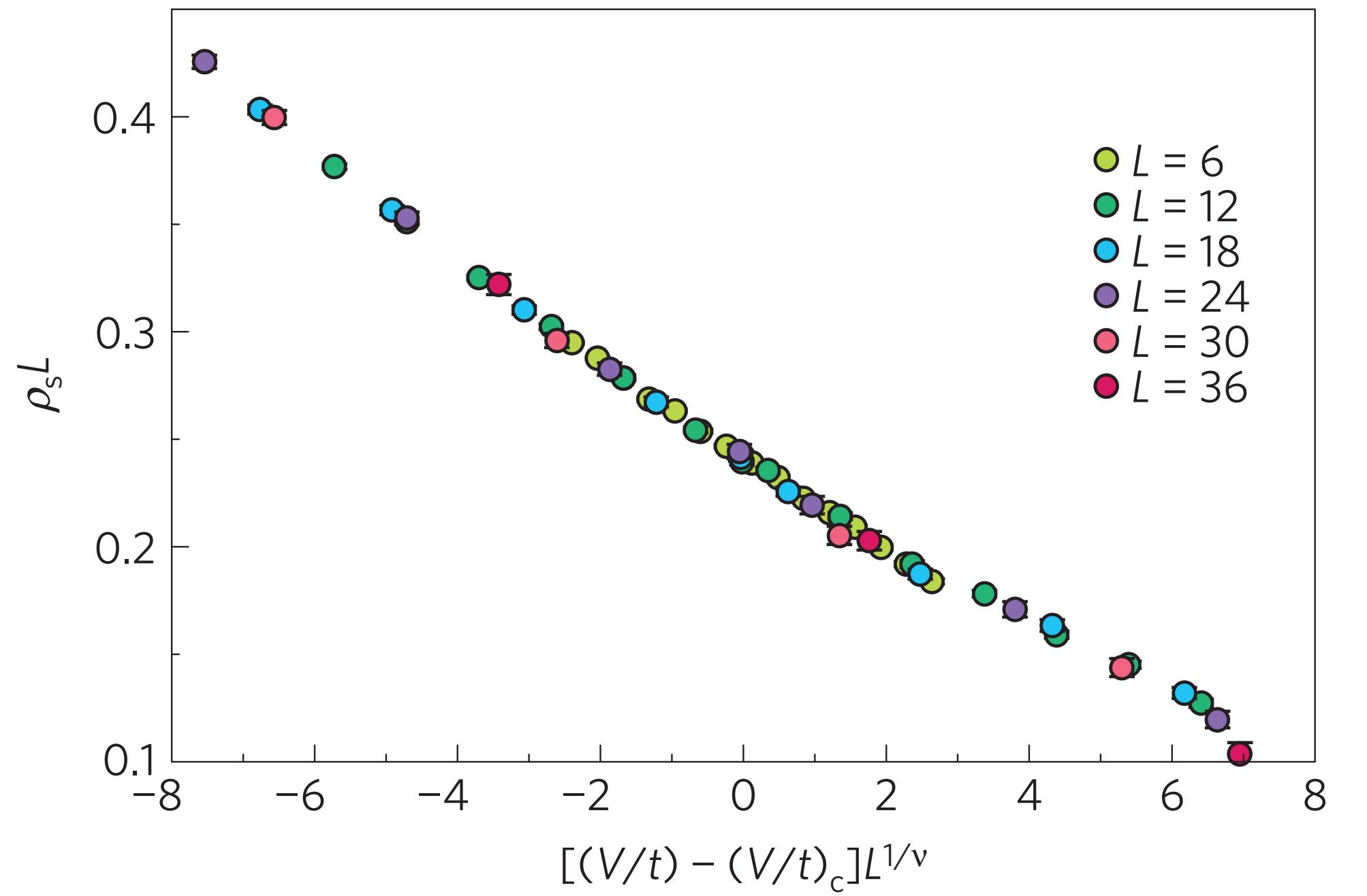


... in spin liquid phase

[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

# Quantum critical scaling: XY\*

Superfluid density:

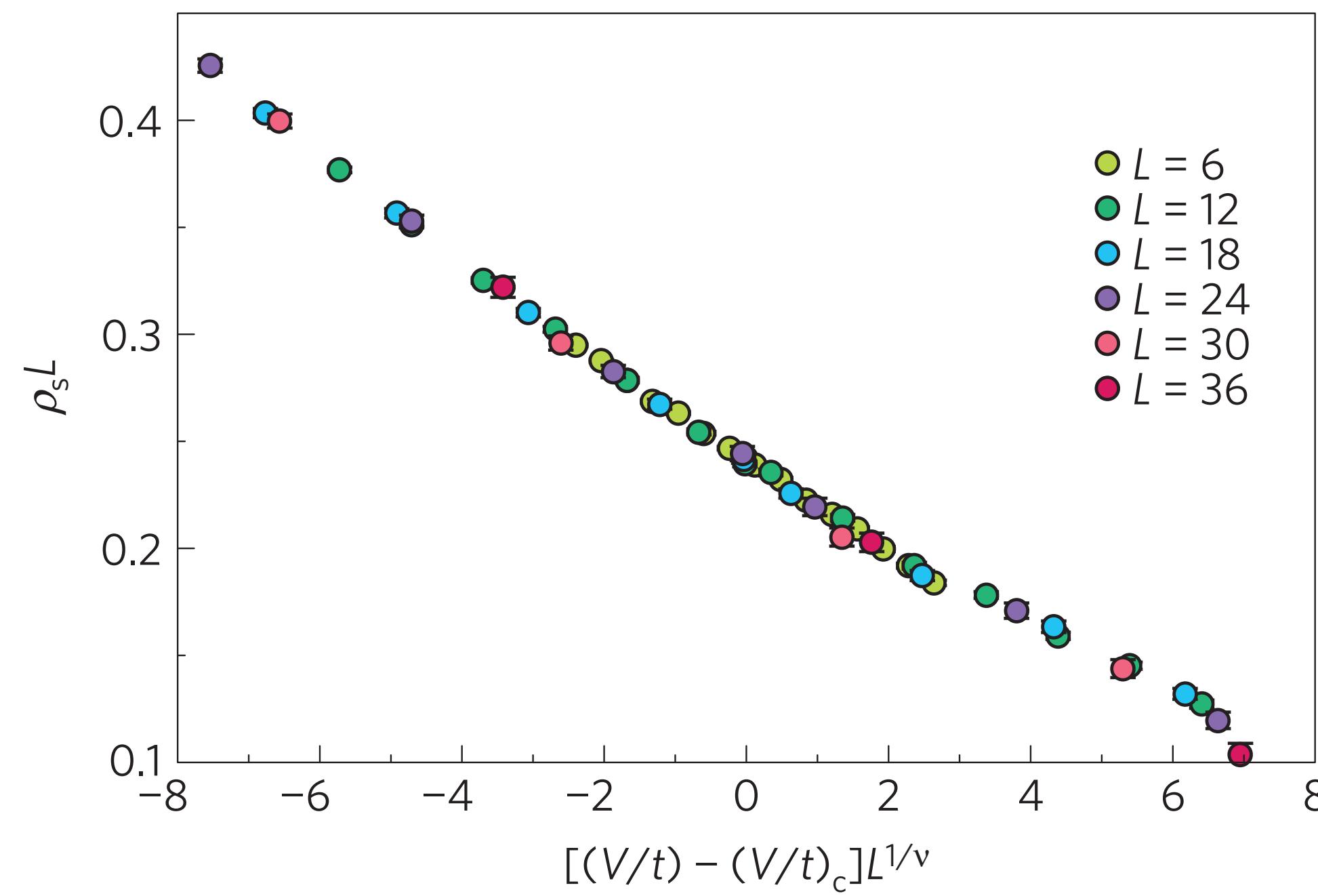


[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

$$\nu \approx 0.67 = \nu_{XY}$$

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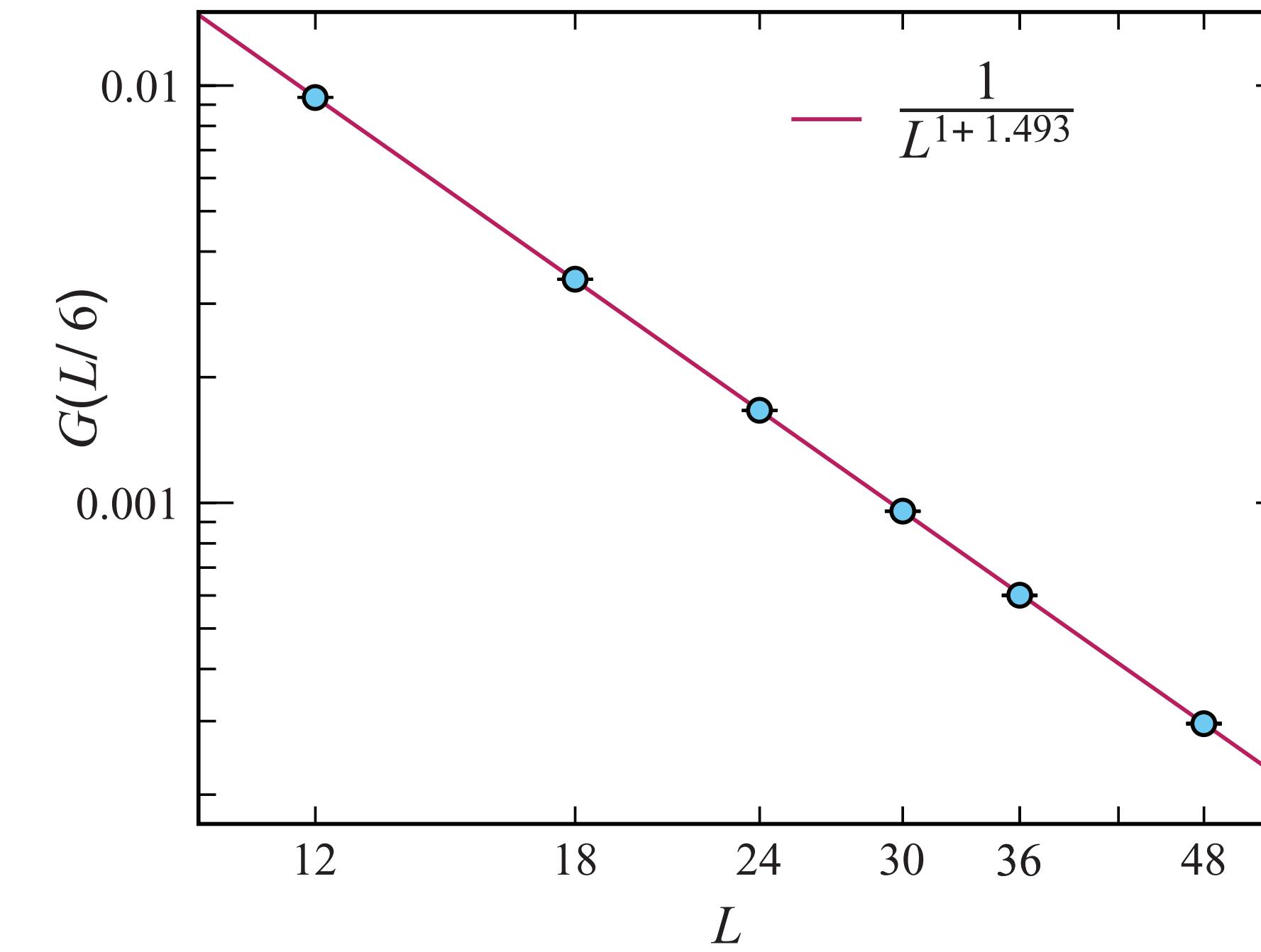
Superfluid density:



[Isakov, Hastings, Melko, Nat. Phys. '11]

$$\nu \approx 0.67 = \nu_{XY}$$

Two-point superfluid correlator:



[Isakov, Melko, Hastings, Science '12]

$$\eta \approx 1.49 \neq \eta_{XY} \approx 0.038$$

Order parameter *composite* of fractionalized particles!

... cf.  $\eta_T \approx 1.47$  from field theory

[Calabrese, Pelissetto, Vicari, PRE '02]

# Finite-size spectroscopy: Ising vs Ising\*

Transverse-field Ising:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

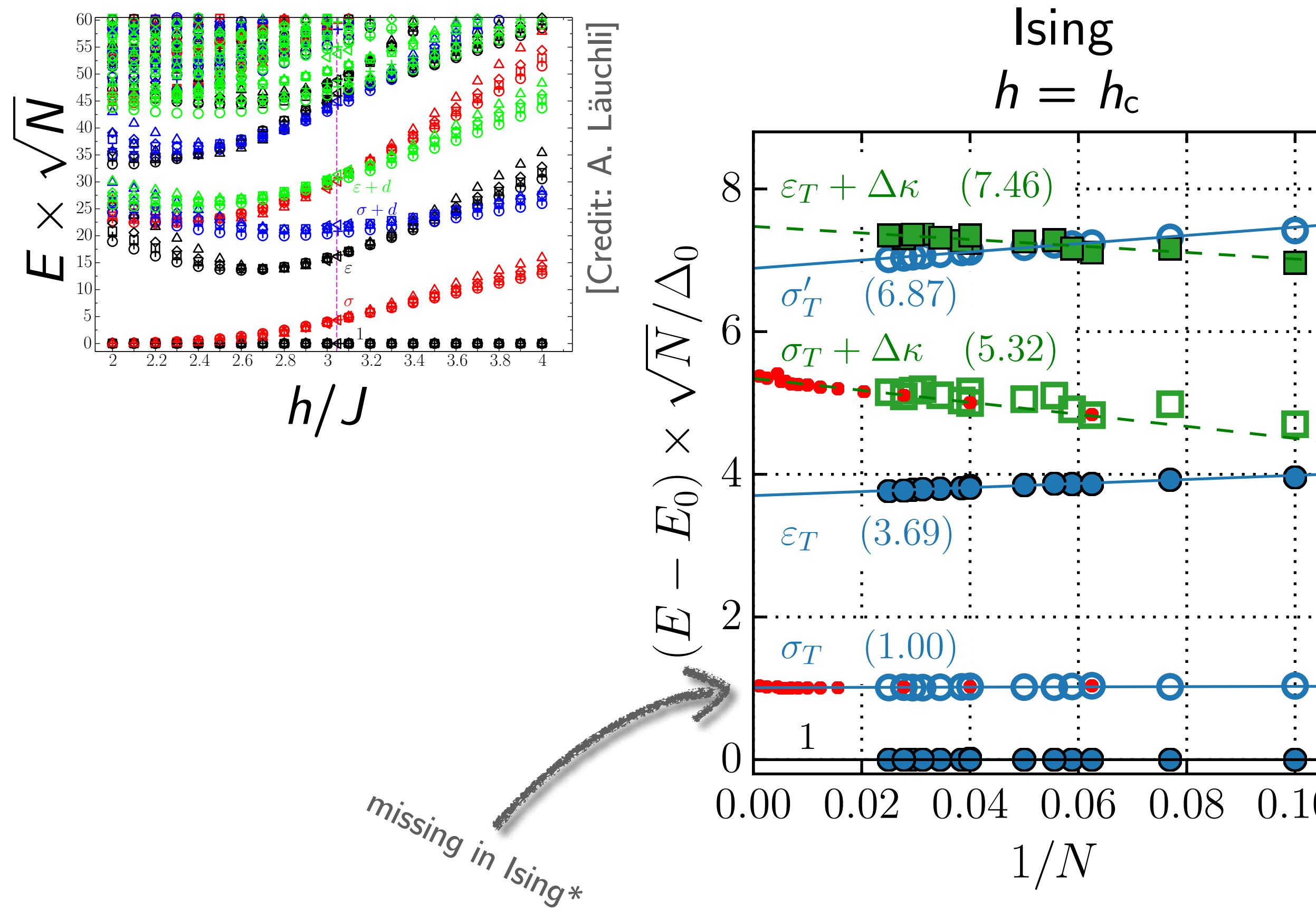
Transverse-field toric code:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_s \prod_{i \in s} \sigma_i^x - J \sum_p \prod_{i \in p} \sigma_i^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^x$$

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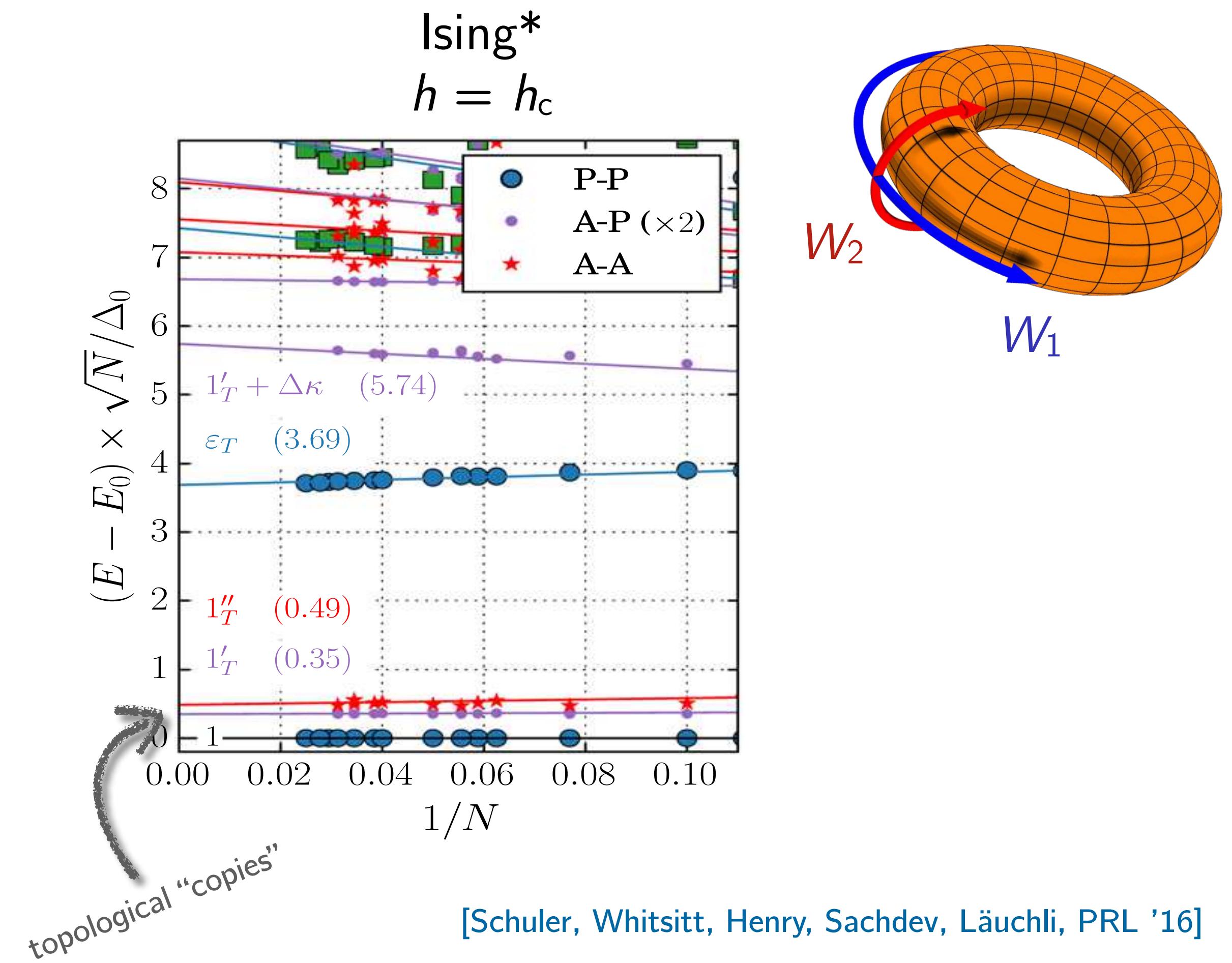
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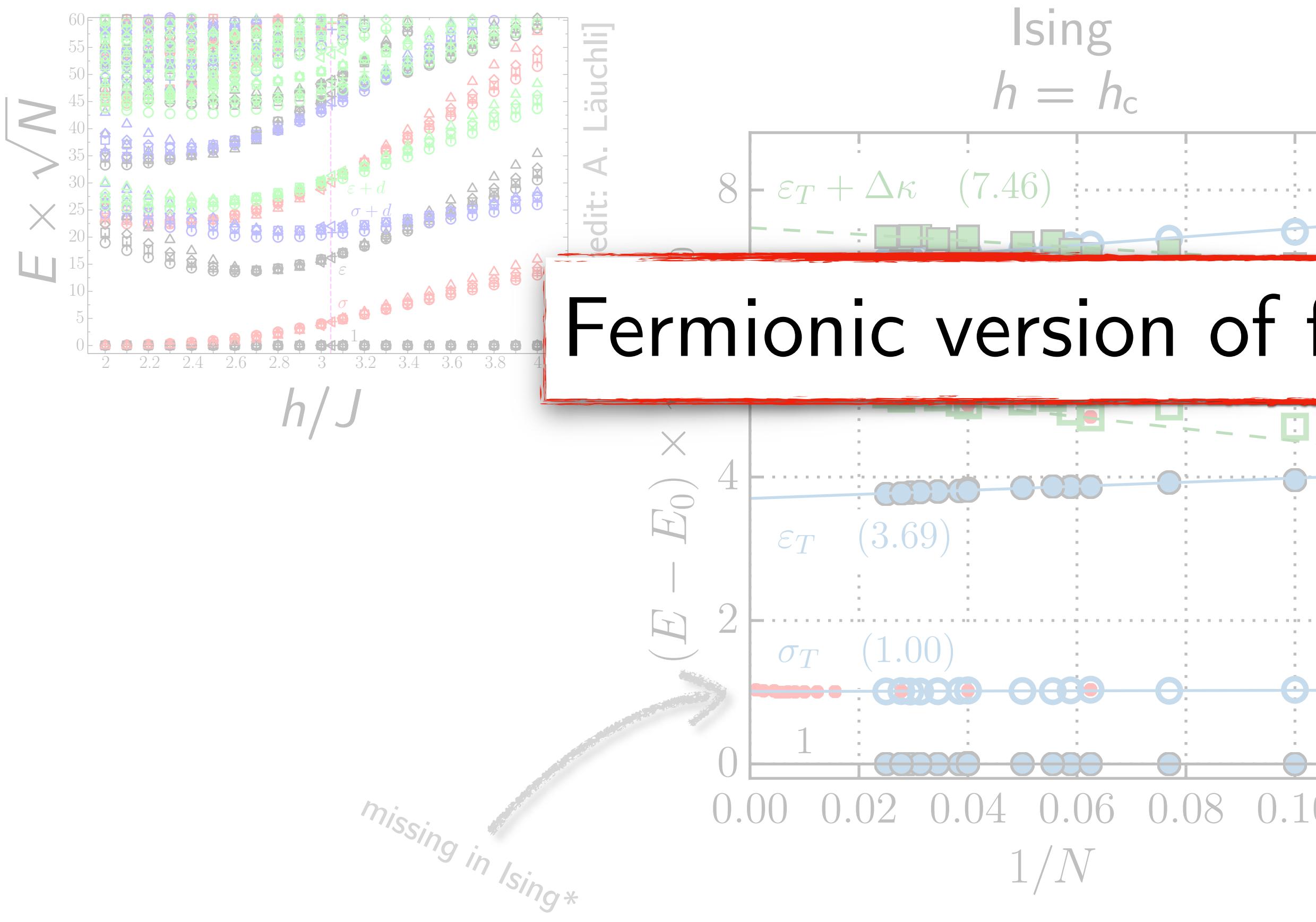
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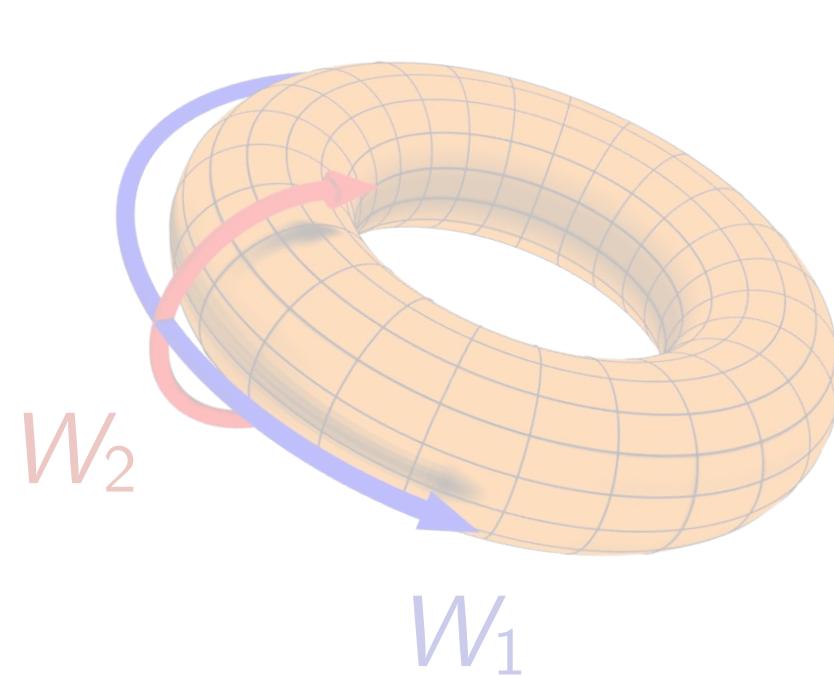
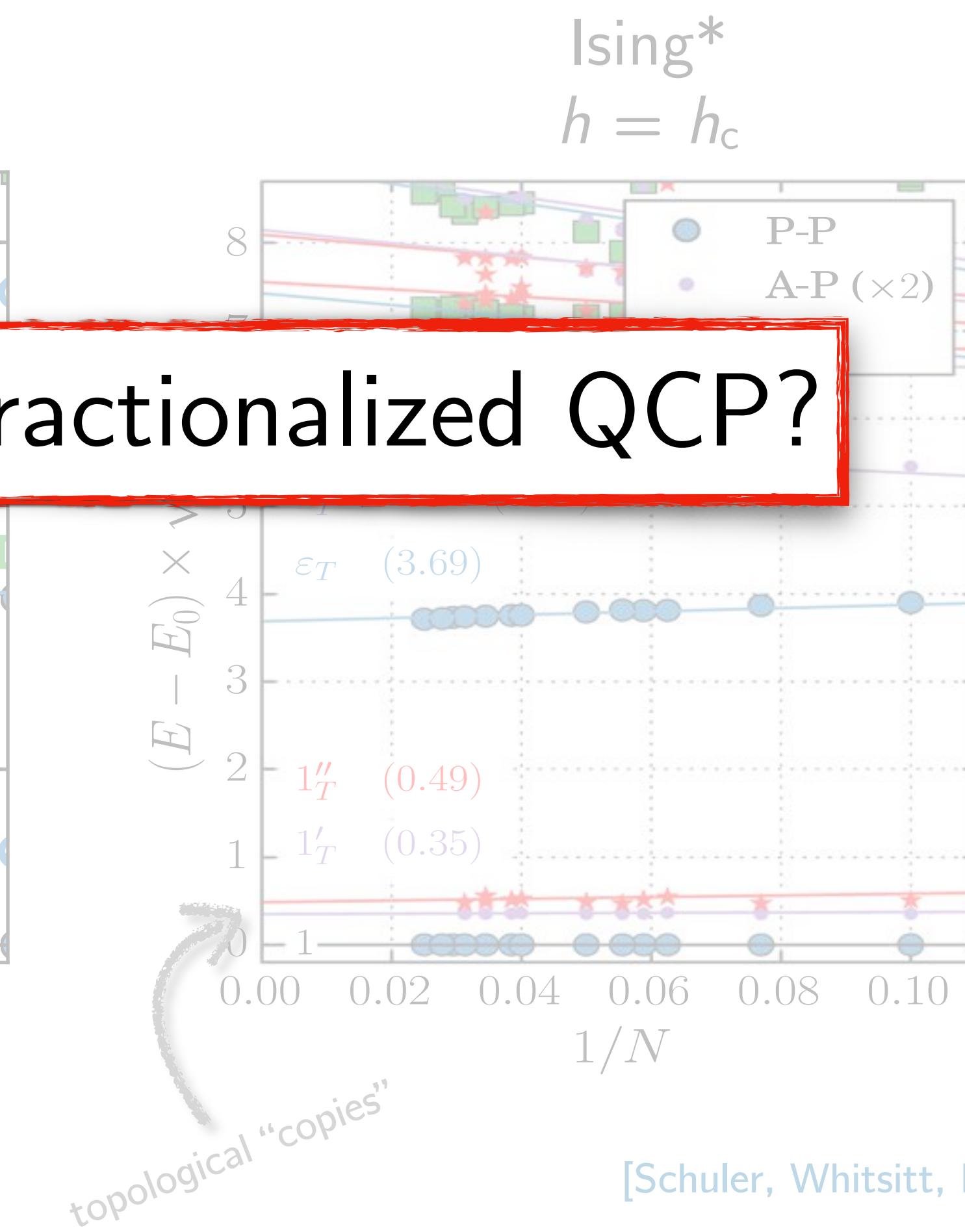
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[Schuler, Whitsitt, Henry, Sachdev, Läuchli, PRL '16]

# Outline

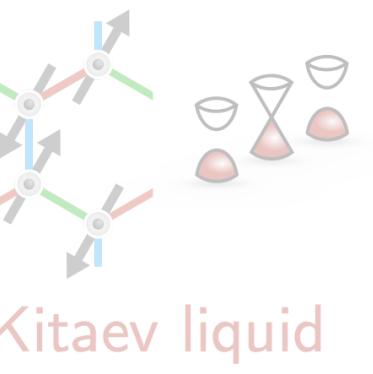
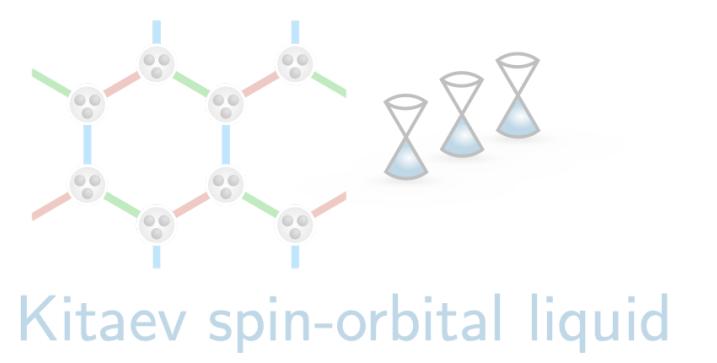
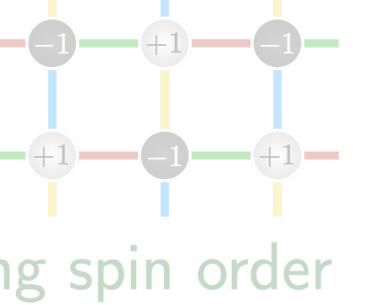
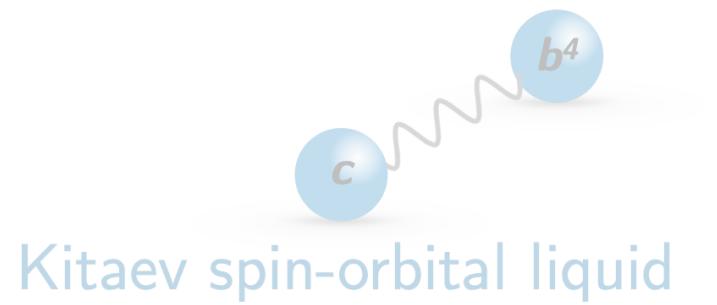
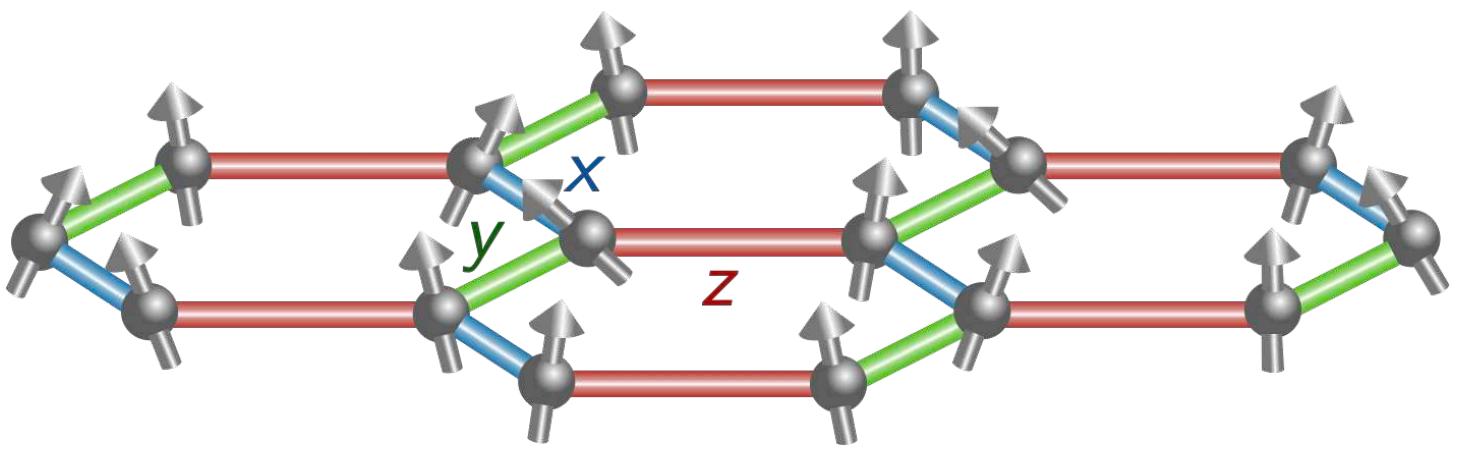
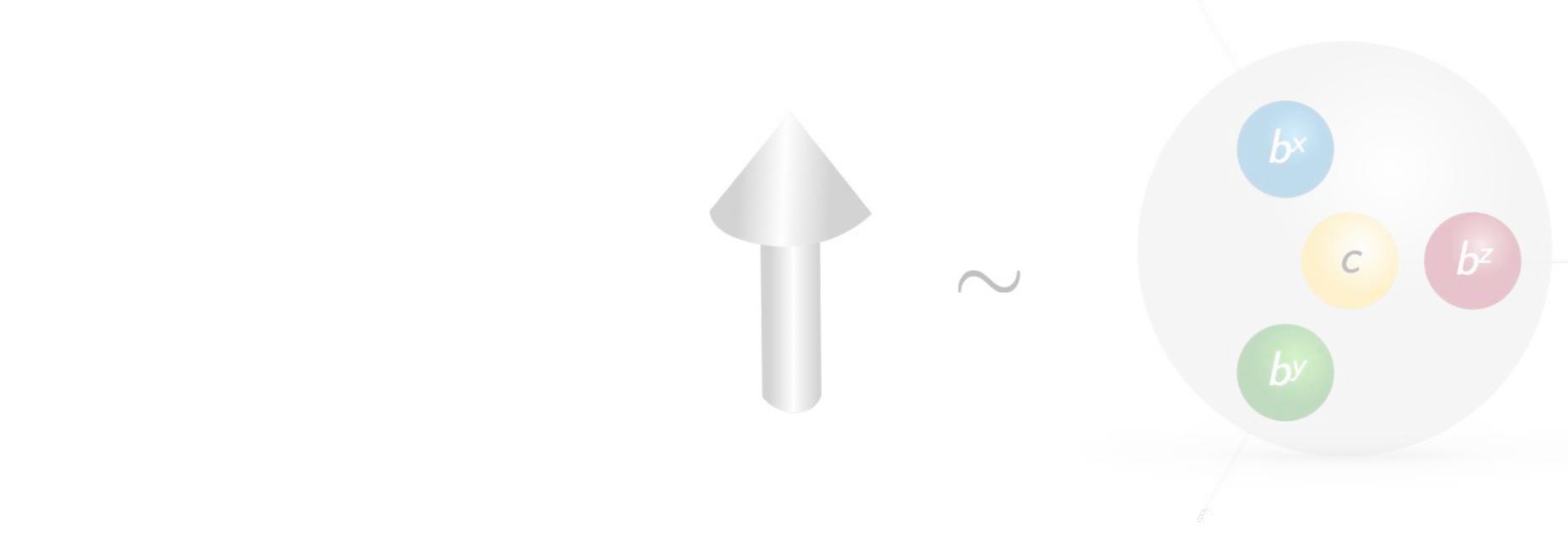
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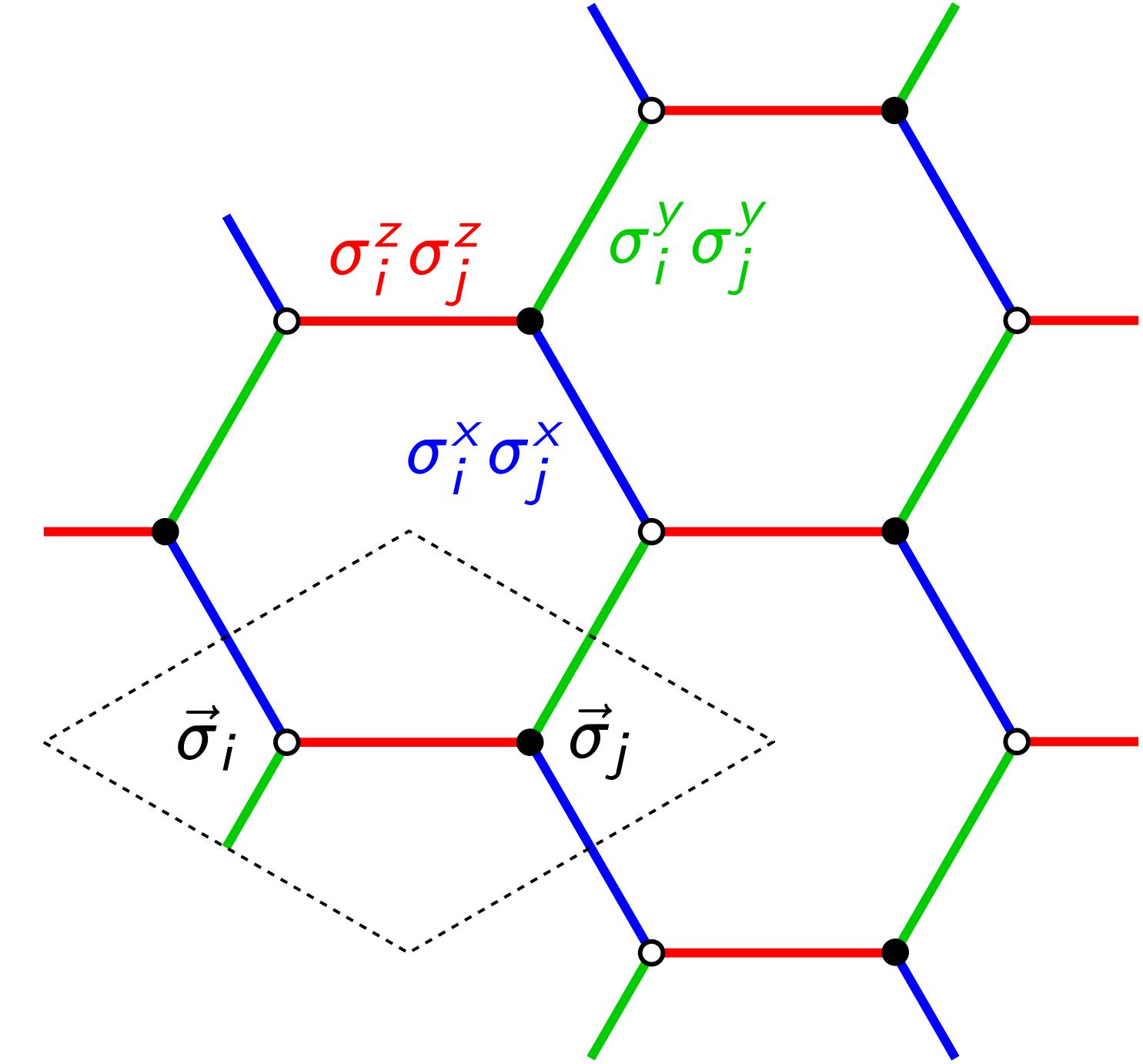
(5) Conclusions



# Kitaev spin-1/2 model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\text{blue links}} \sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + K \sum_{\text{green links}} \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y + K \sum_{\text{red links}} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$



[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

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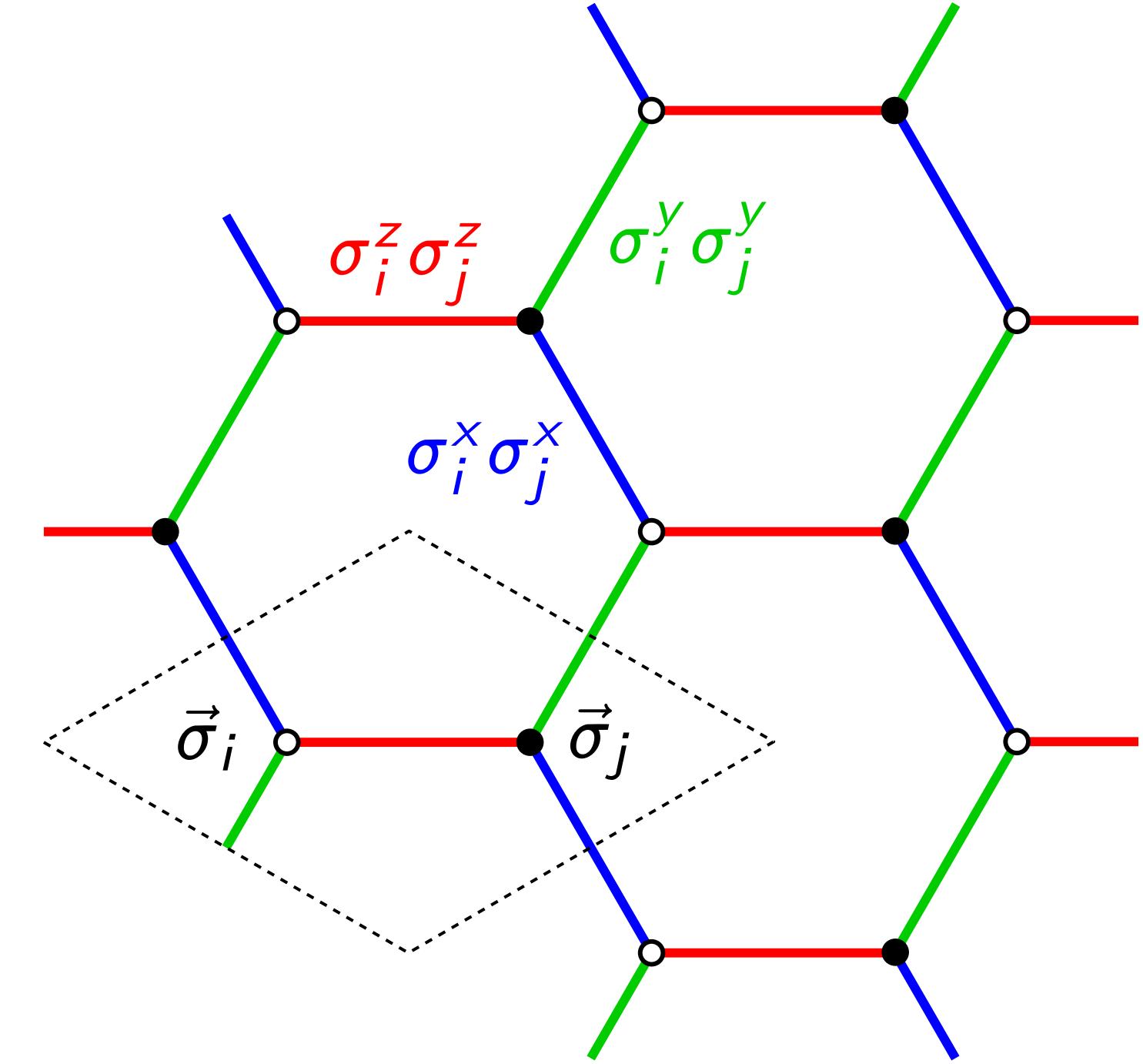
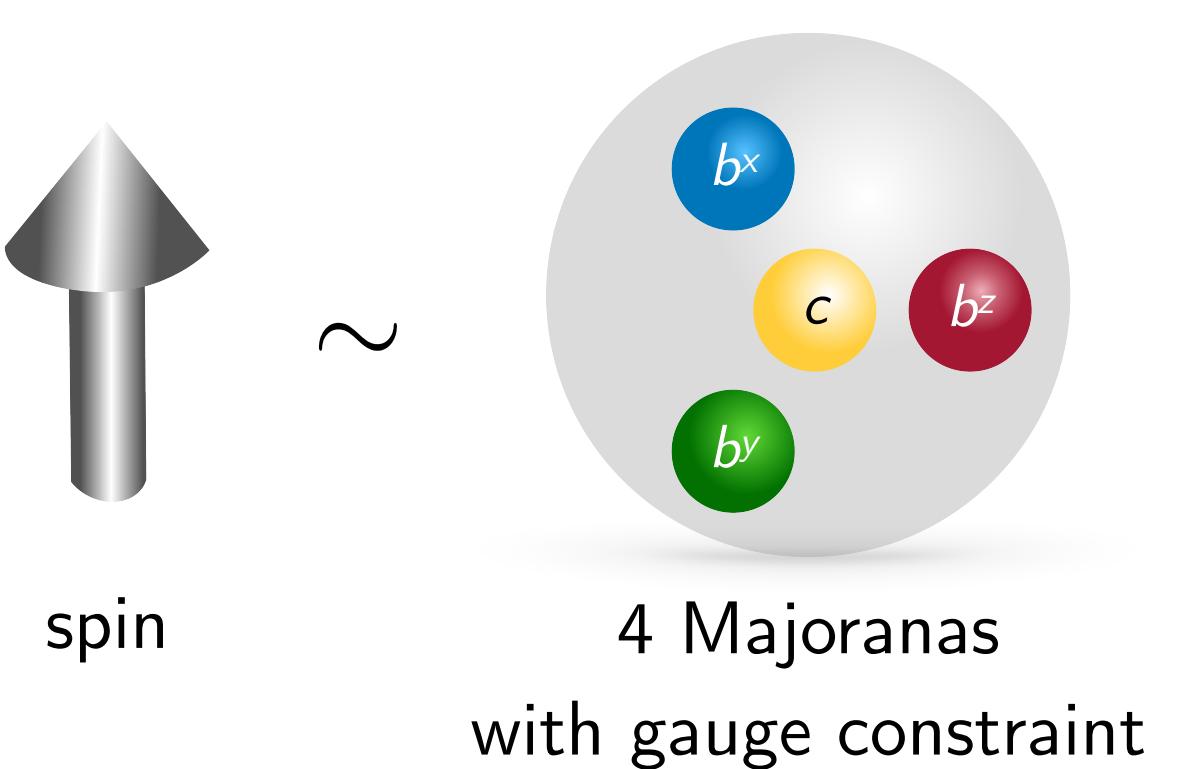
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Majorana representation:

$$\sigma^x \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^x = i b^x c$$

$$\sigma^y \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^y = i b^y c$$

$$\sigma^z \mapsto \tilde{\sigma}^z = i b^z c$$

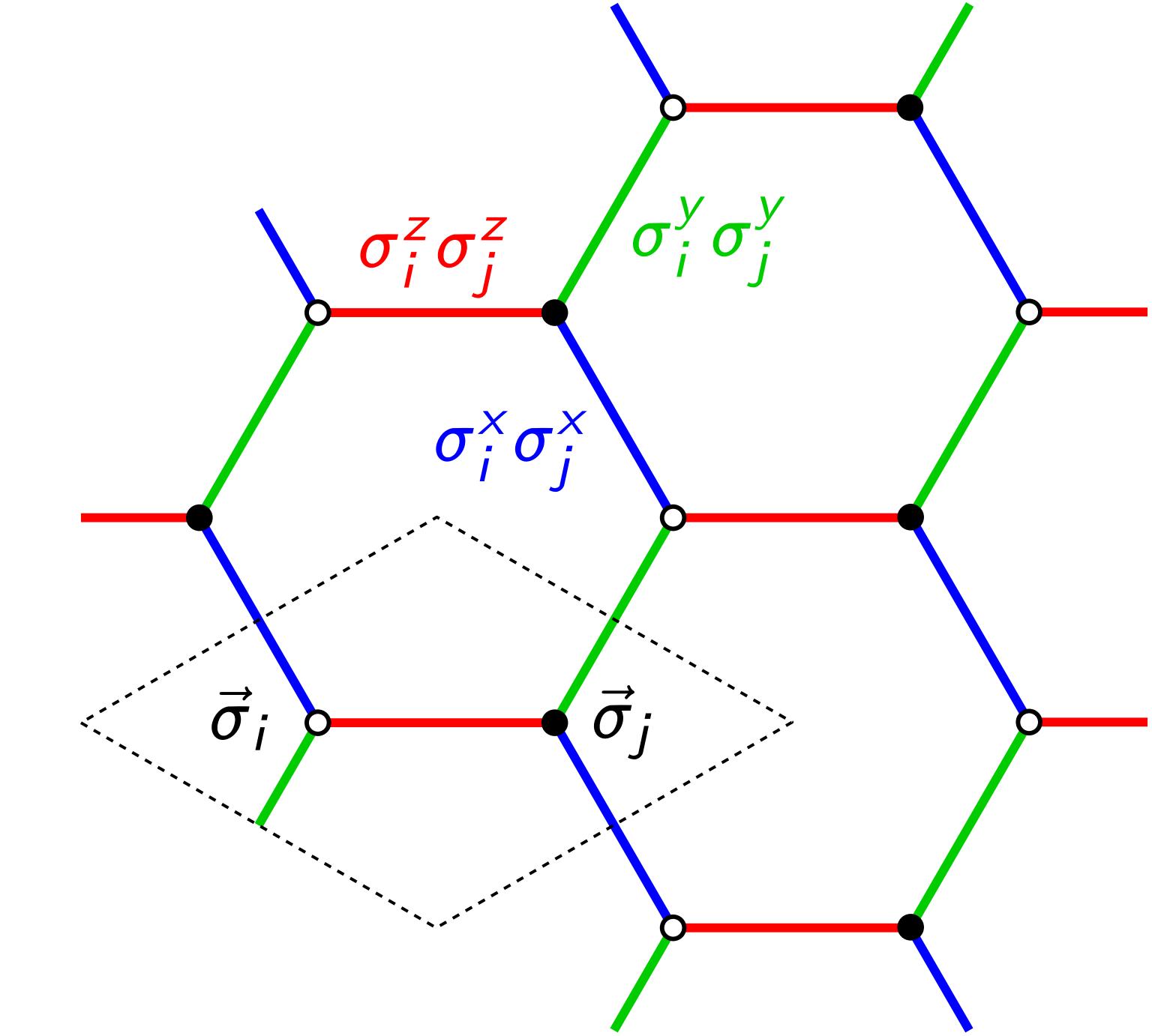


[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

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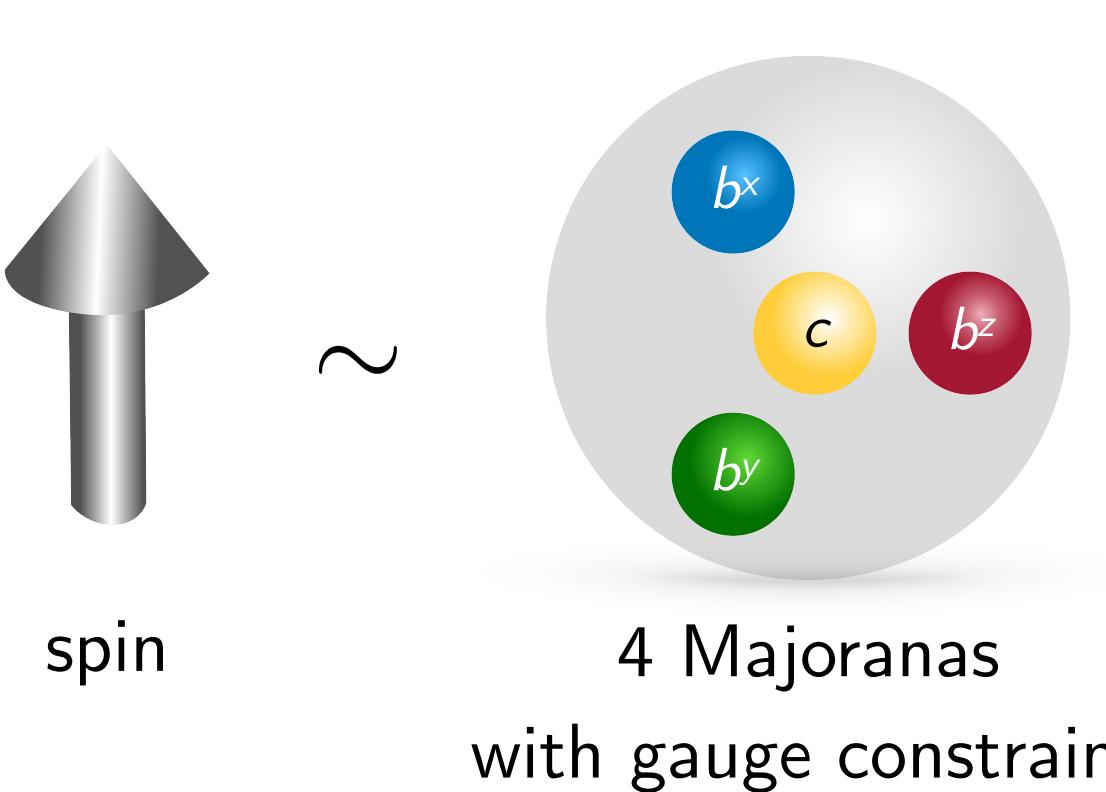
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Fractionalization:

$$\mathcal{H} \mapsto \tilde{\mathcal{H}} = iK \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} (i b_i^\gamma b_j^\gamma)}_{\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} = \hat{u}_{ij}^\dagger} c_i c_j$$

with  $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \tilde{\mathcal{H}}] = 0 \Rightarrow$  static  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  gauge field!

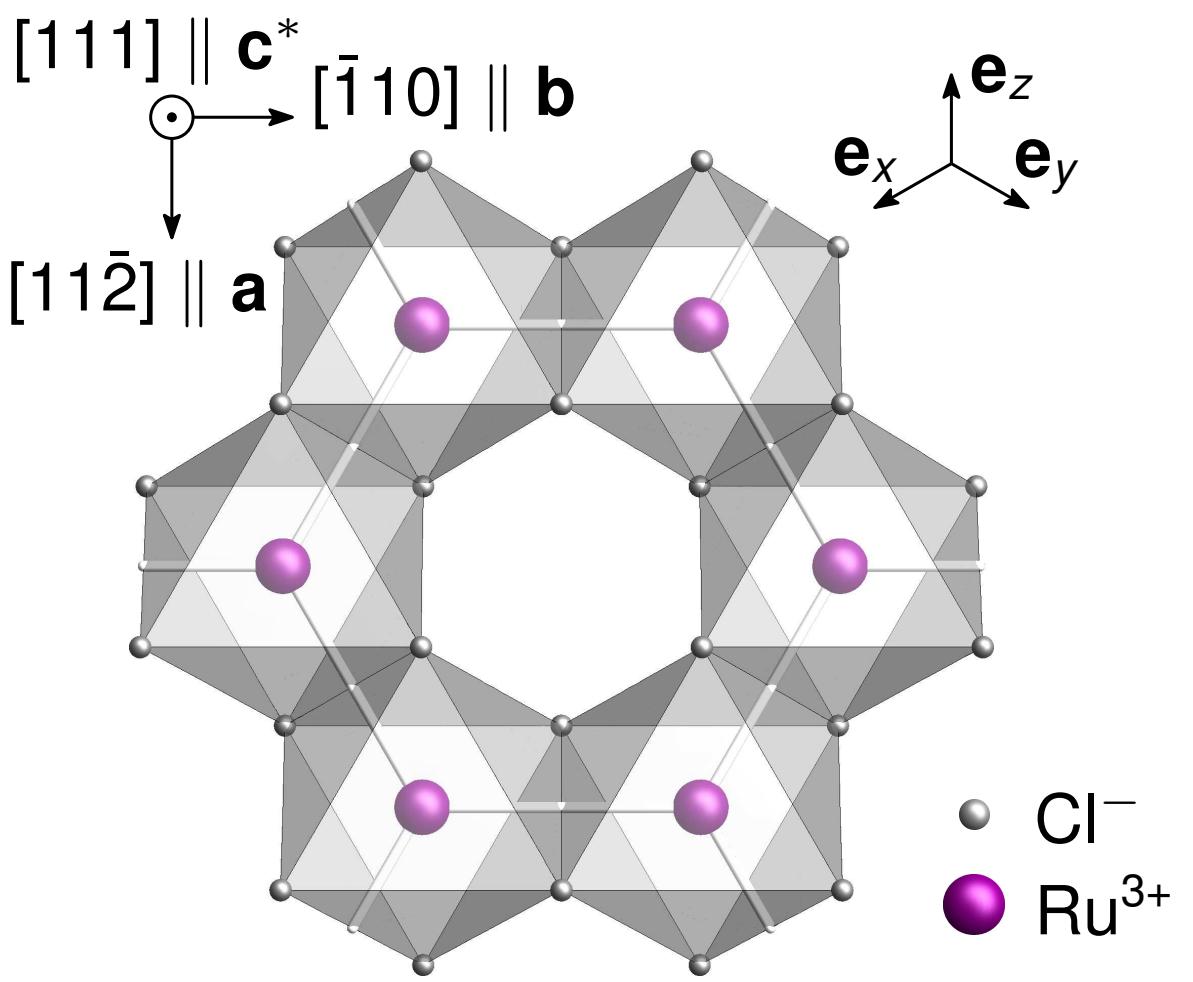
Ground-state flux pattern:  $u = 1$   
[Lieb, PRL '94]

[Kitaev, Ann. Phys. '06]

# Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-1/2 model

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$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \sigma_i^\gamma \sigma_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j$$



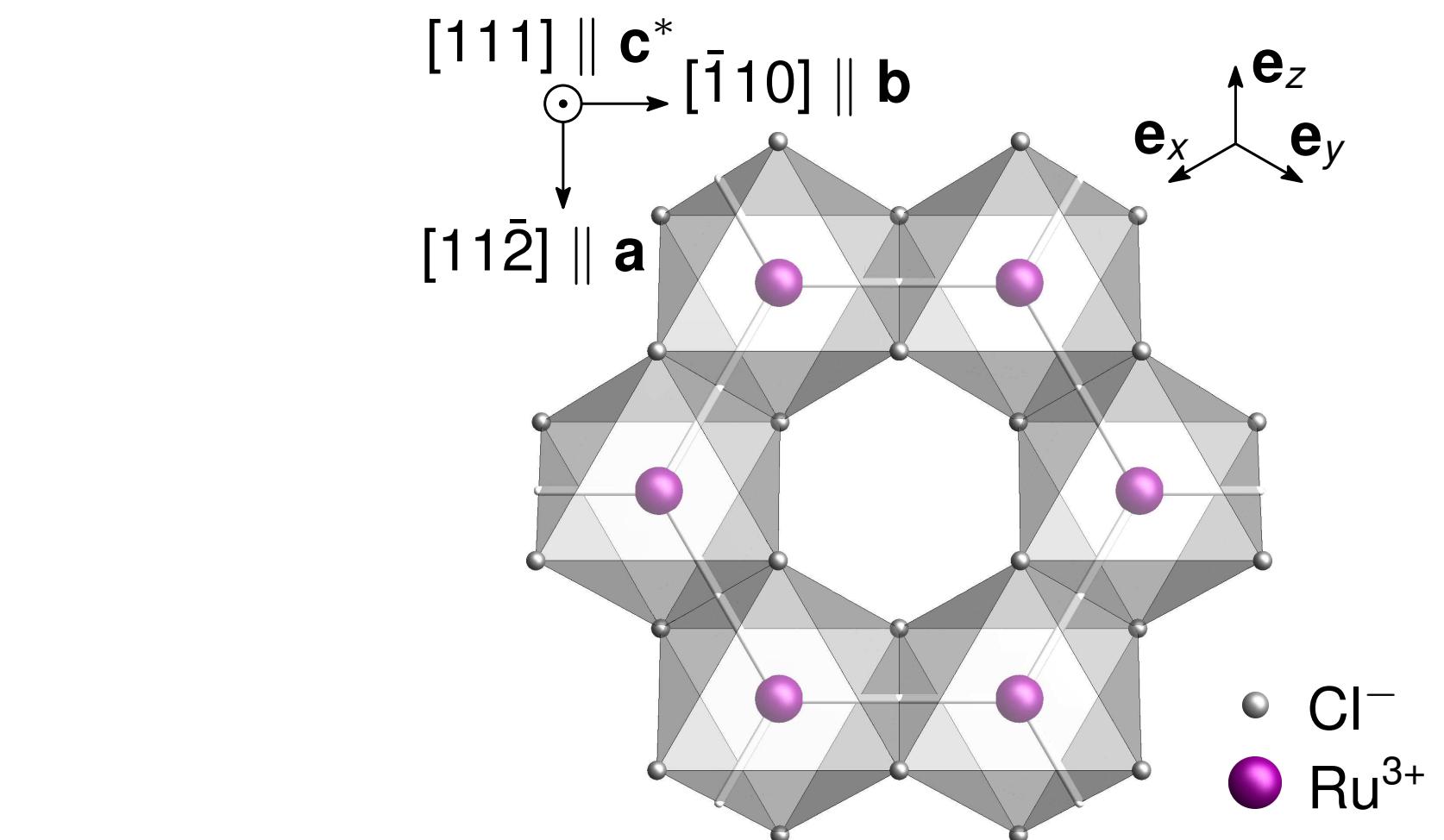
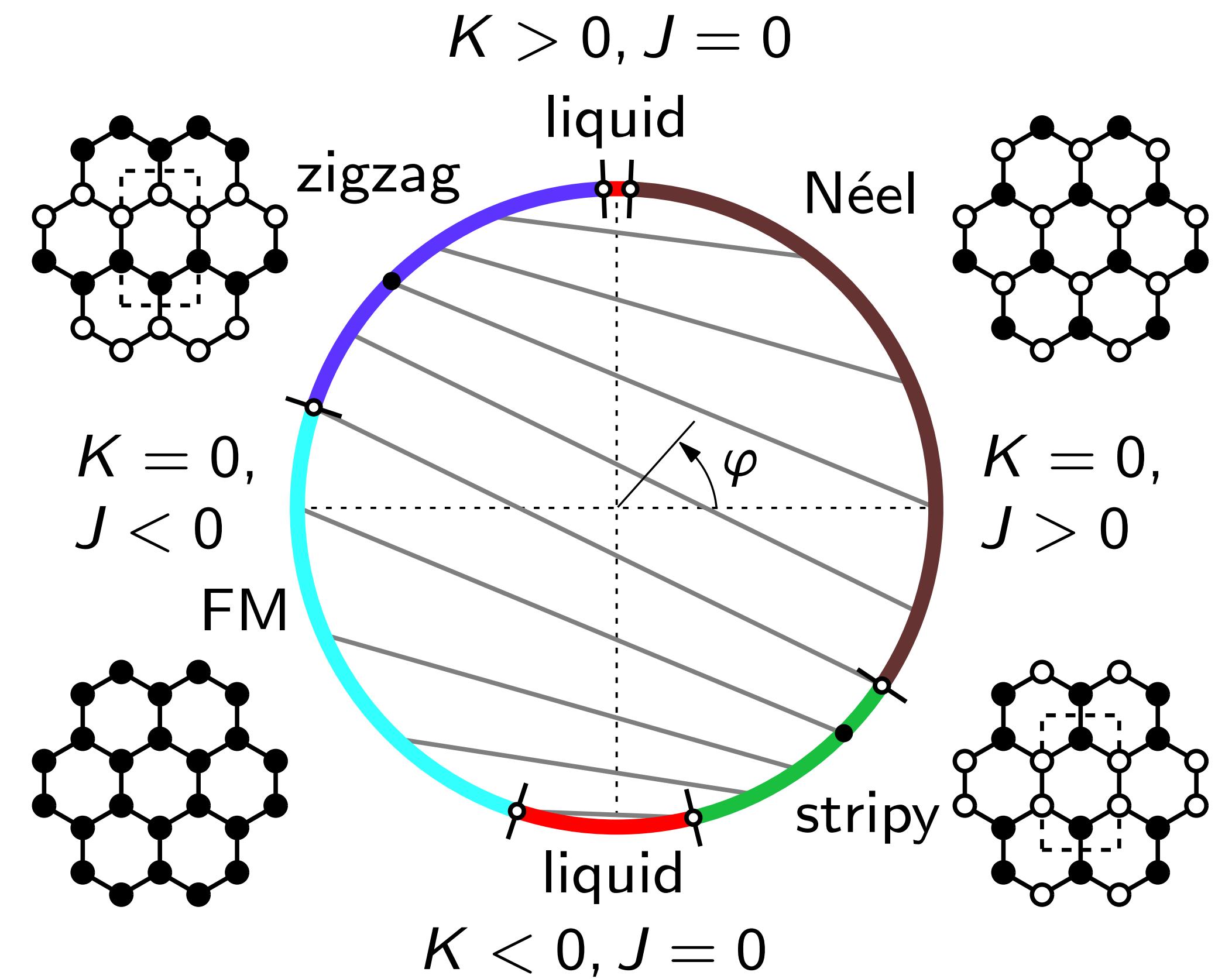
... possible relevance to  $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>IrO<sub>3</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>2</sub>TeO<sub>6</sub>, ...

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Phase diagram:



... possible relevance to  $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>IrO<sub>3</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>Co<sub>2</sub>TeO<sub>6</sub>, ...

$$J = A \cos \varphi$$

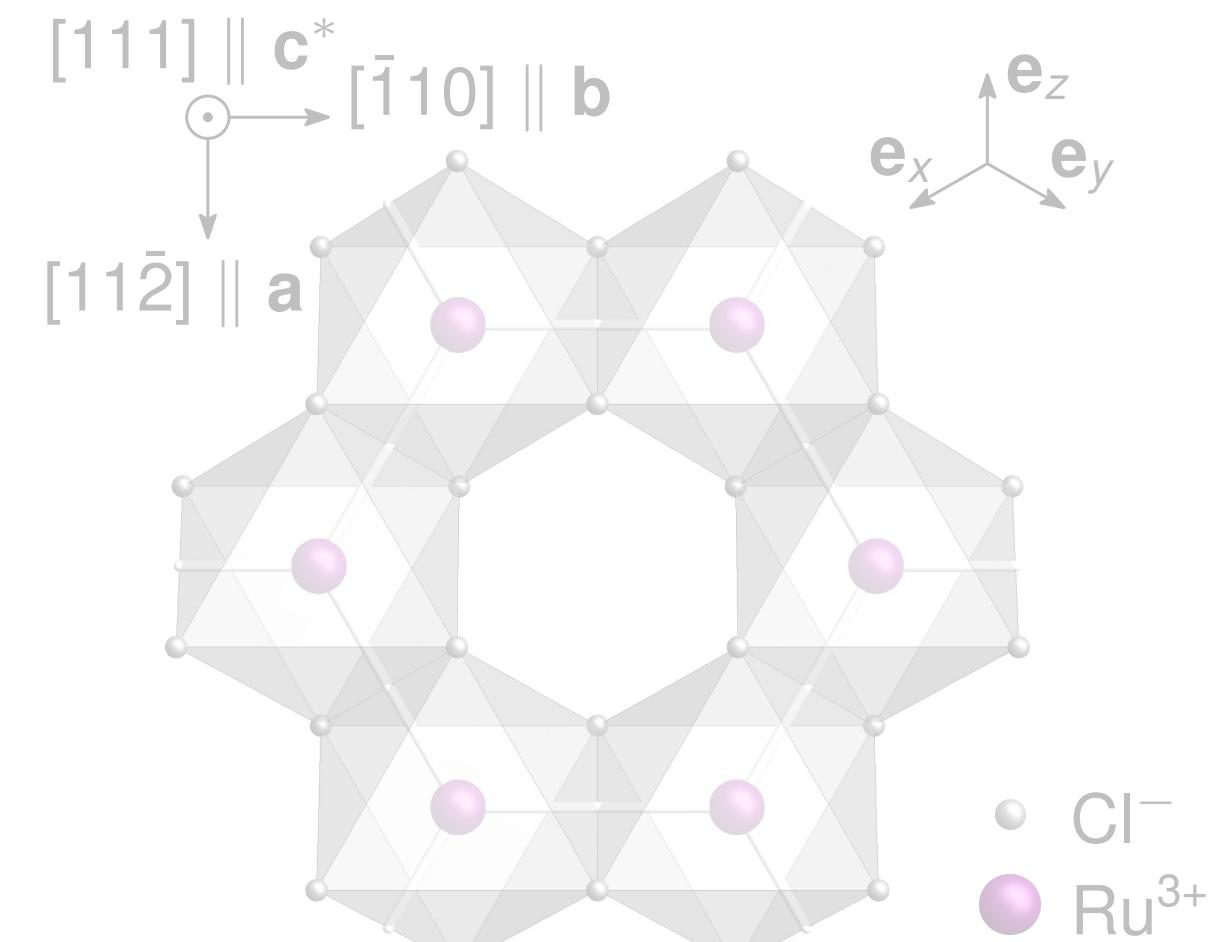
$$K = 2A \sin \varphi$$

... from 24-site ED: [Chaloupka, Jackeli, Khaliullin, PRL '13]

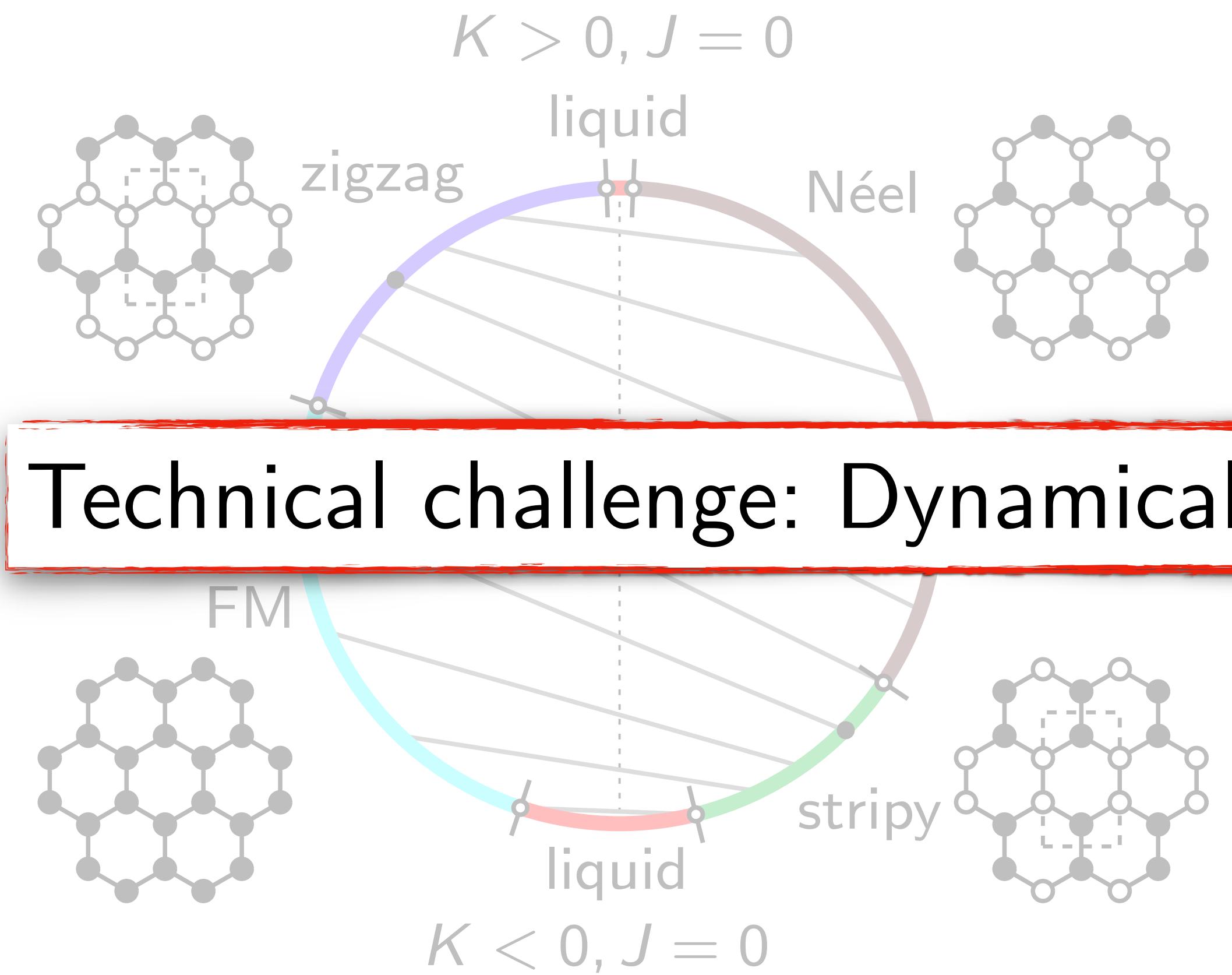
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Phase diagram:



... possible relevance to  $\alpha\text{-RuCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{Co}_2\text{TeO}_6$ , ...

... no sign-problem-free QMC available: [Sato & Assaad, PRB '21]

... from 24-site ED: [Chaloupka, Jackeli, Khaliullin, PRL '13]

# Kitaev's 16-fold way of anyon theories

Clifford algebra:

$$\{\Gamma^\mu, \Gamma^\nu\} = 2\delta^{\mu\nu}$$

Representations:



... can realize all 16 topological SCs:  
[Chulliparambil, ..., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]

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Clifford algebra:

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Representations:

$$\sigma^\alpha \quad 2 \times 2 \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \gamma^i \quad 4 \times 4 \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \Gamma^\mu \quad 8 \times 8 \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \dots$$

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \left( \Gamma_i^\gamma \Gamma_j^\gamma + \sum_{\beta=\gamma_m+1}^{2q+3} \Gamma_i^{\gamma\beta} \Gamma_j^{\gamma\beta} \right)$$

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Fractionalization:

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with  $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \tilde{\mathcal{H}}] = 0 \Rightarrow$  static  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  gauge field!

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[Chulliparambil, ..., LJ, Tu, PRB '20]

# Outline

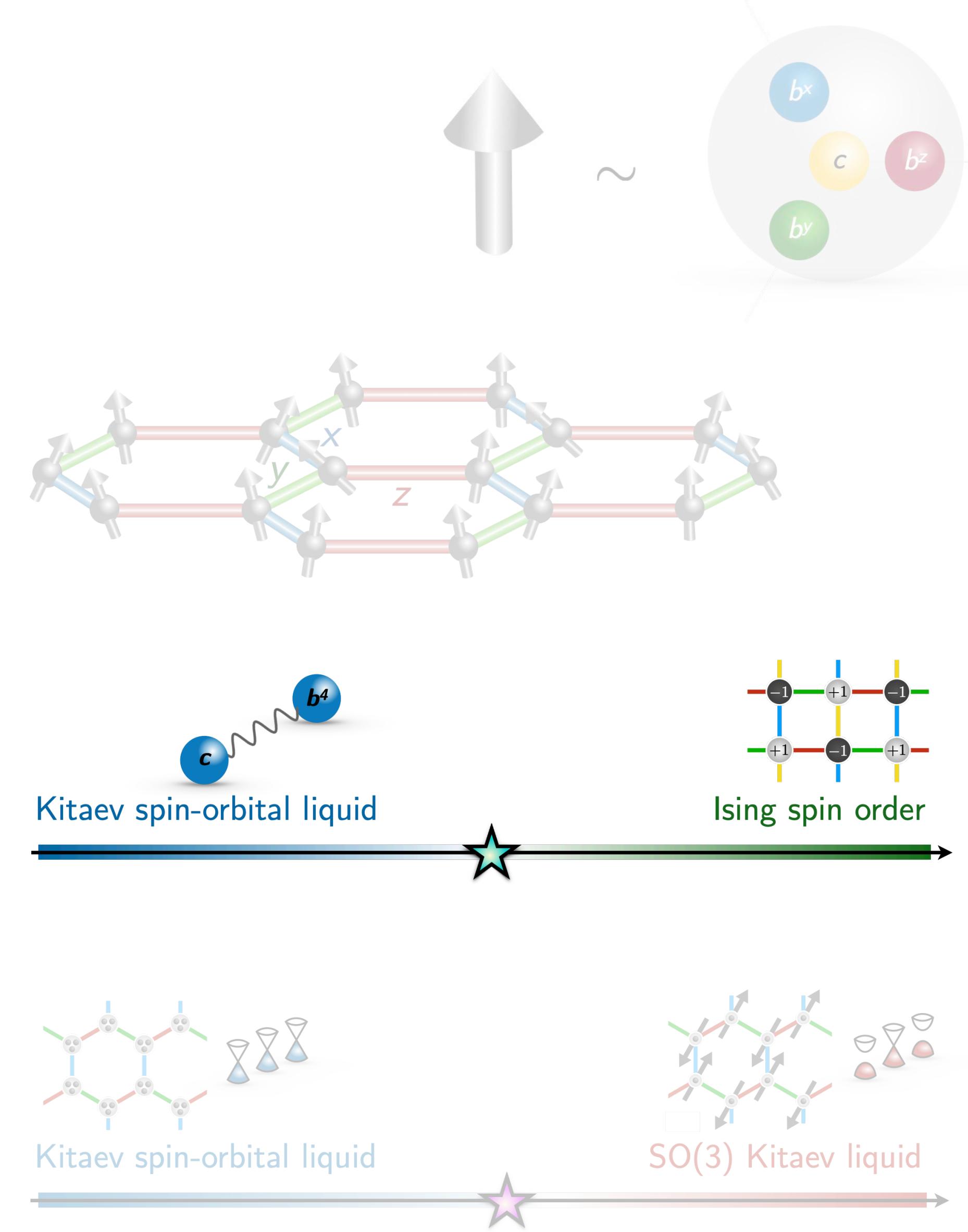
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality

(2) Frustrated spins and spin-orbitals

(3) Square-lattice Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

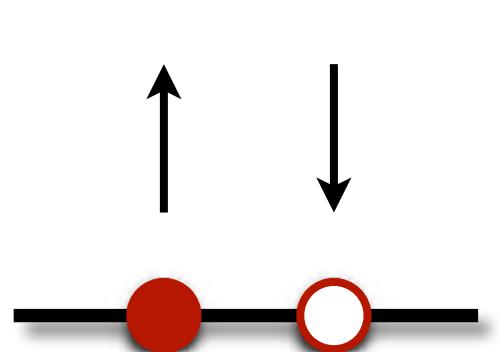
(4) Honeycomb-lattice Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

(5) Conclusions

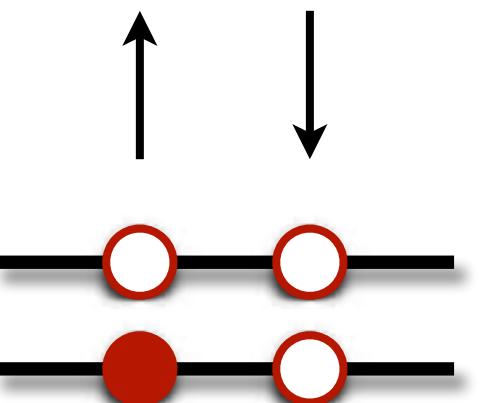


# Kitaev spin-orbital models

Spin + orbital + ... degrees of freedom:



$$\sigma^\alpha \quad 2 \times 2$$



$$\sigma^\alpha \otimes \tau^\beta = \gamma^i \quad 4 \times 4$$

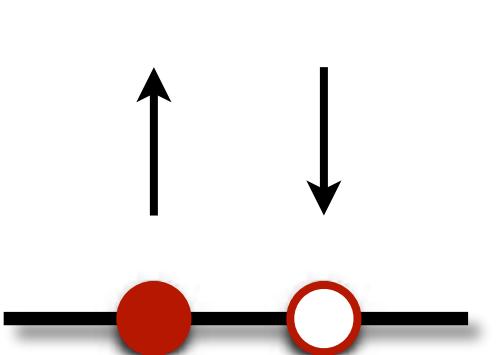


...

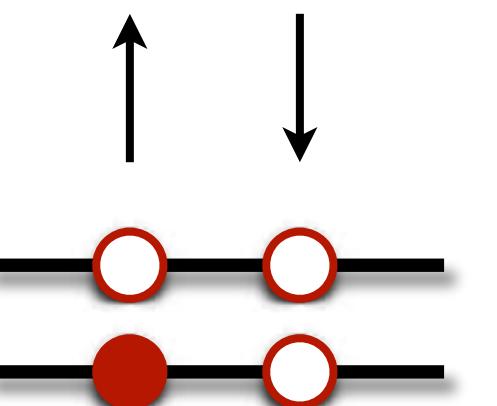
$$\Gamma^\mu \quad 8 \times 8$$

# Kitaev spin-orbital models

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$$\sigma^\alpha \quad 2 \times 2$$



$$\sigma^\alpha \otimes \tau^\beta = \gamma^i \quad 4 \times 4$$



...

$$\Gamma^\mu \quad 8 \times 8$$

Spin-orbital representation:

$$\gamma^1 = \sigma^y \otimes \tau^x = i b^1 c$$

$$\gamma^2 = \sigma^y \otimes \tau^y = i b^2 c$$

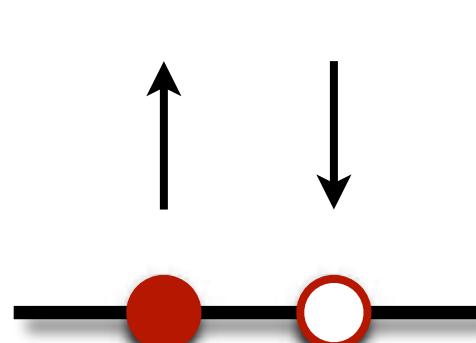
$$\gamma^3 = \sigma^y \otimes \tau^z = i b^3 c$$

$$\gamma^4 = \sigma^x \otimes \mathbb{1} = i b^4 c$$

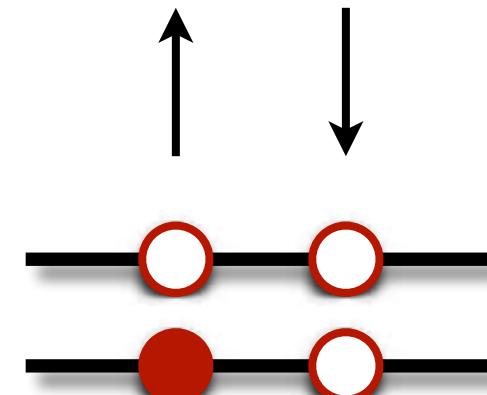
$$\gamma^5 = \sigma^z \otimes \mathbb{1} = i b^5 c$$

# Kitaev spin-orbital models

Spin + orbital + ... degrees of freedom:



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$$\sigma^\alpha \otimes \tau^\beta = \gamma^i \quad 4 \times 4$$



...

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$$\gamma^4 = \sigma^x \otimes \mathbb{1} = i b^4 c$$

$$\gamma^5 = \sigma^z \otimes \mathbb{1} = i b^5 c$$

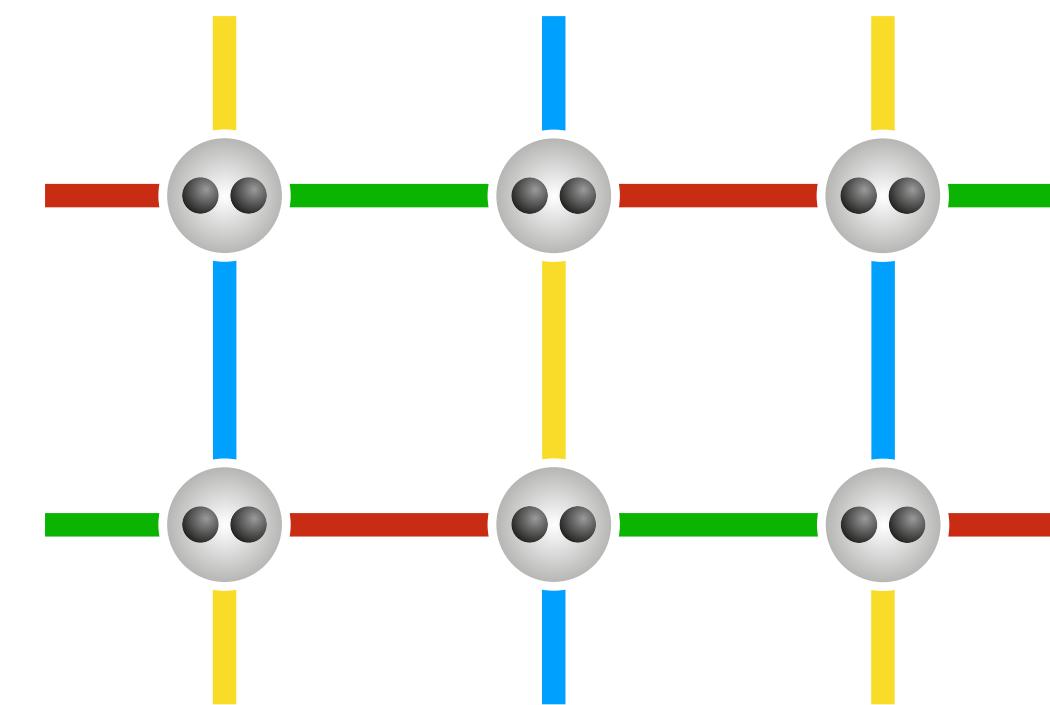
Example (square lattice):

$$H_K = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} (\sigma_i^x \sigma_j^x + \sigma_i^y \sigma_j^y) \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma$$

*XY spin*

*Kitaev orbital*

$$\mapsto iK \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \hat{u}_{ij} (c_i c_j + b_i^5 b_j^5)$$



2 itinerant fermions

... recover known model for  $j = 3/2$  spin liquid:

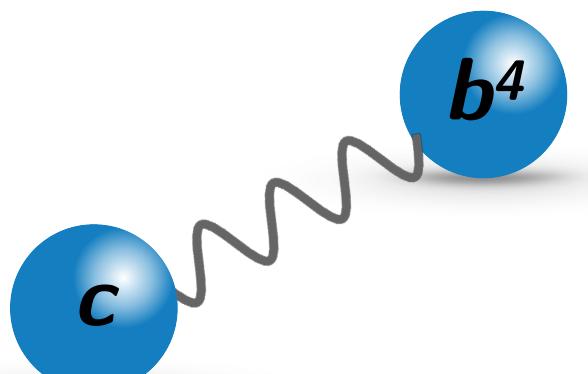
[Yao, Zhang, Kivelson, PRL '09]

[Nakai, Ryu, Furusaki, PRB '12]

# Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

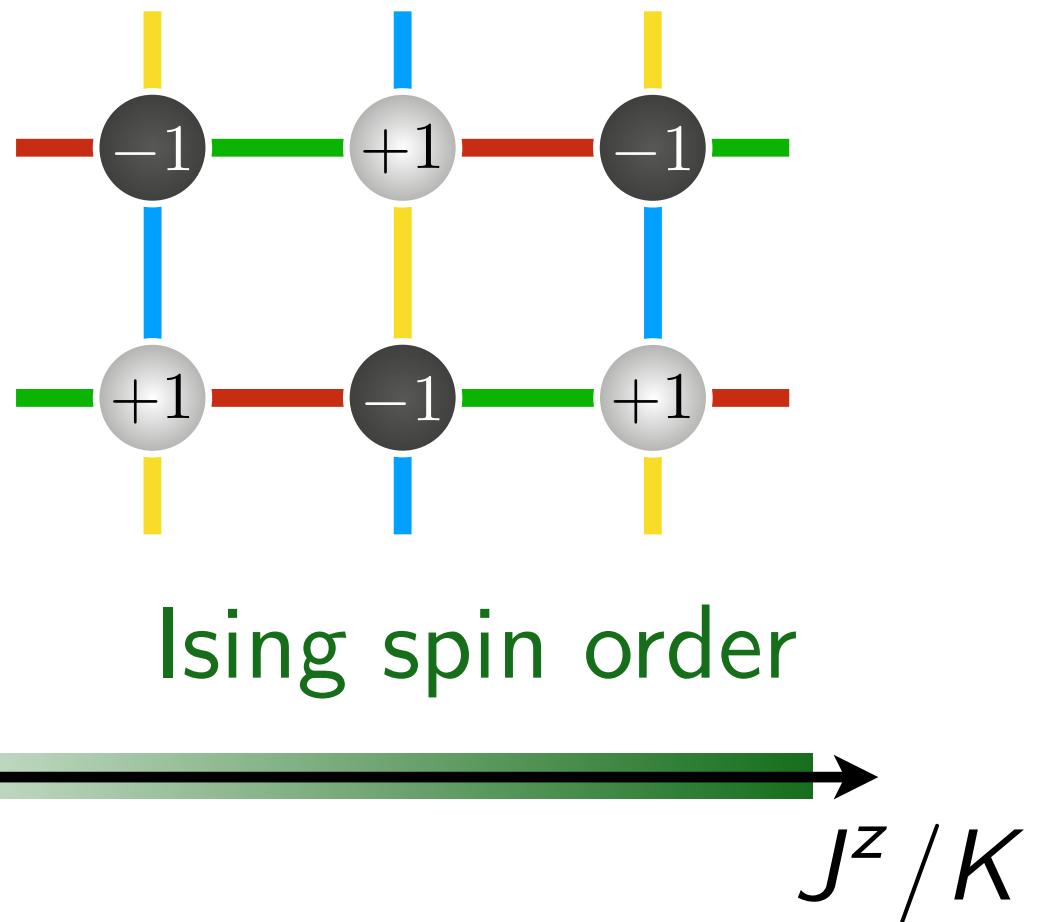
Ising perturbation:

$$H = H_K + J^z \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$



Kitaev spin-orbital liquid

0



# Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

Ising perturbation:

$$H = H_K + J^z \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$



Parton representation:

$$H \mapsto \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \left[ 2K u_{ij} (f_i^\dagger f_j + f_j^\dagger f_i) + 4J^z (n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2}) \right]$$

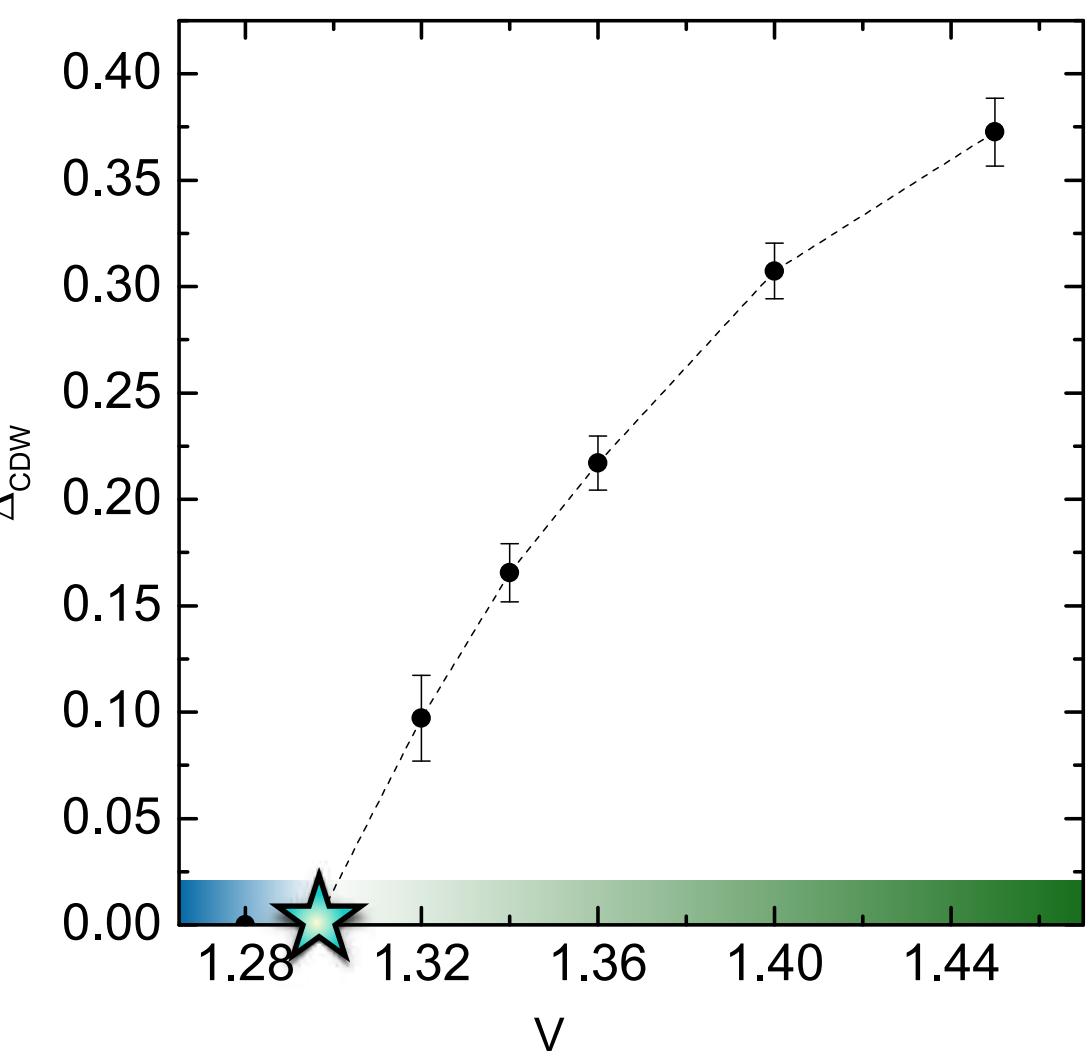
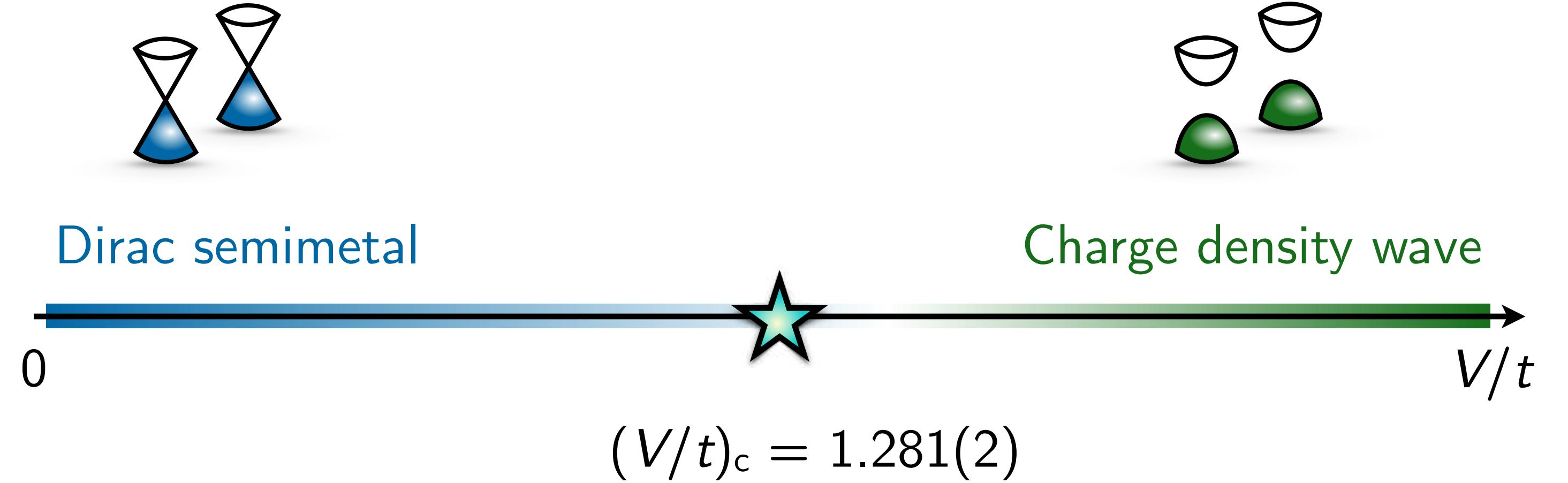
Annotations explain the terms:

- "hopping parameter  $t = 2K$ " points to the term  $2K u_{ij}$ .
- " $\pi$  flux" points to the term  $(f_i^\dagger f_j + f_j^\dagger f_i)$ .
- "nearest-neighbor repulsion  $V = 4J^z$ " points to the term  $(n_i - \frac{1}{2})(n_j - \frac{1}{2})$ .
- " $f = \frac{1}{2}(c + i b^5)$ " is a complex fermion operator defined below.
- "electron density  $f^\dagger f$ " points to the term  $(f_i^\dagger f_i + f_j^\dagger f_j)$ .

Ground-state flux pattern:  
[Lieb, PRL '94]

Spin-orbital model  $\mapsto$  interacting fermions on  $\pi$ -flux lattice

# Spinless fermions on $\pi$ -flux lattice: QMC



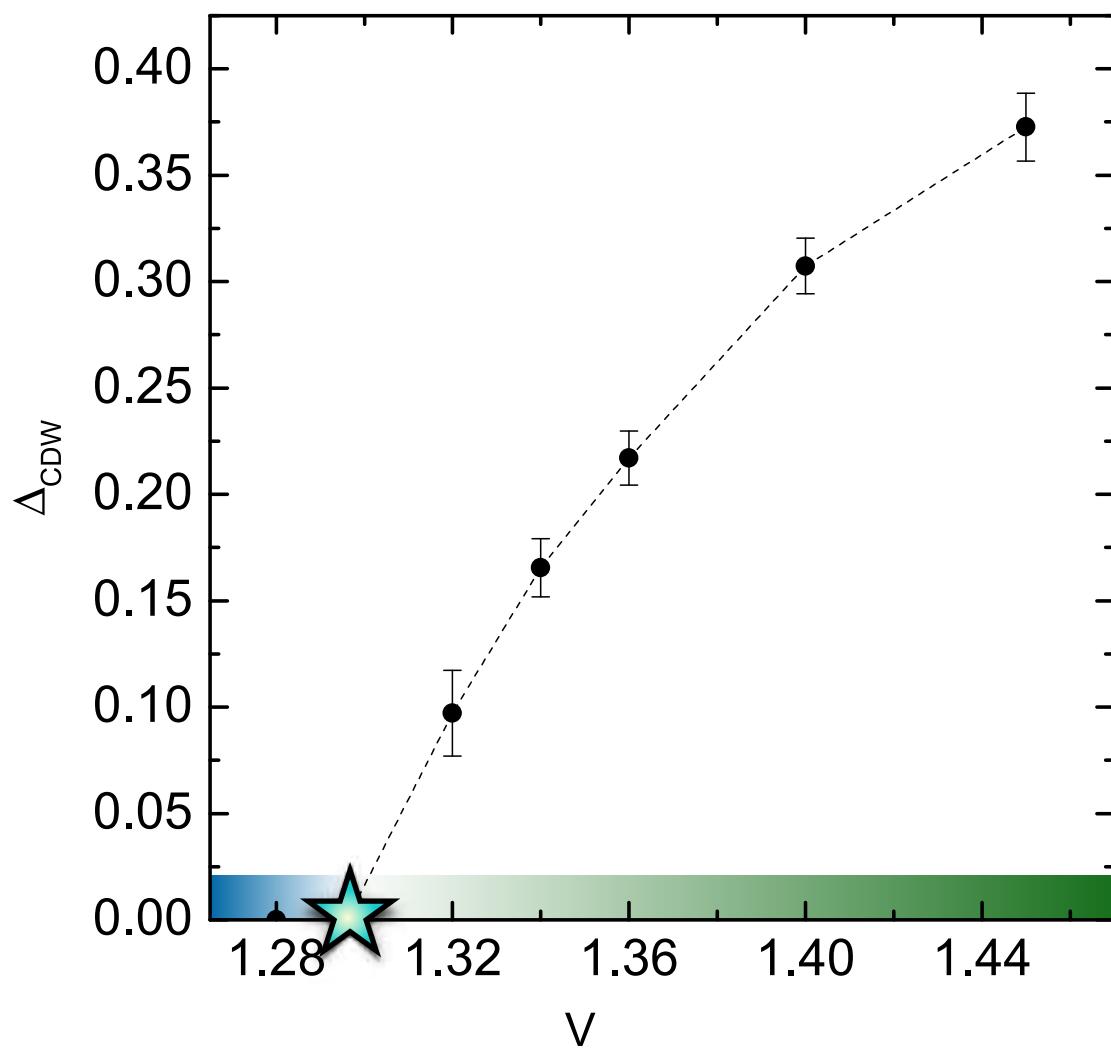
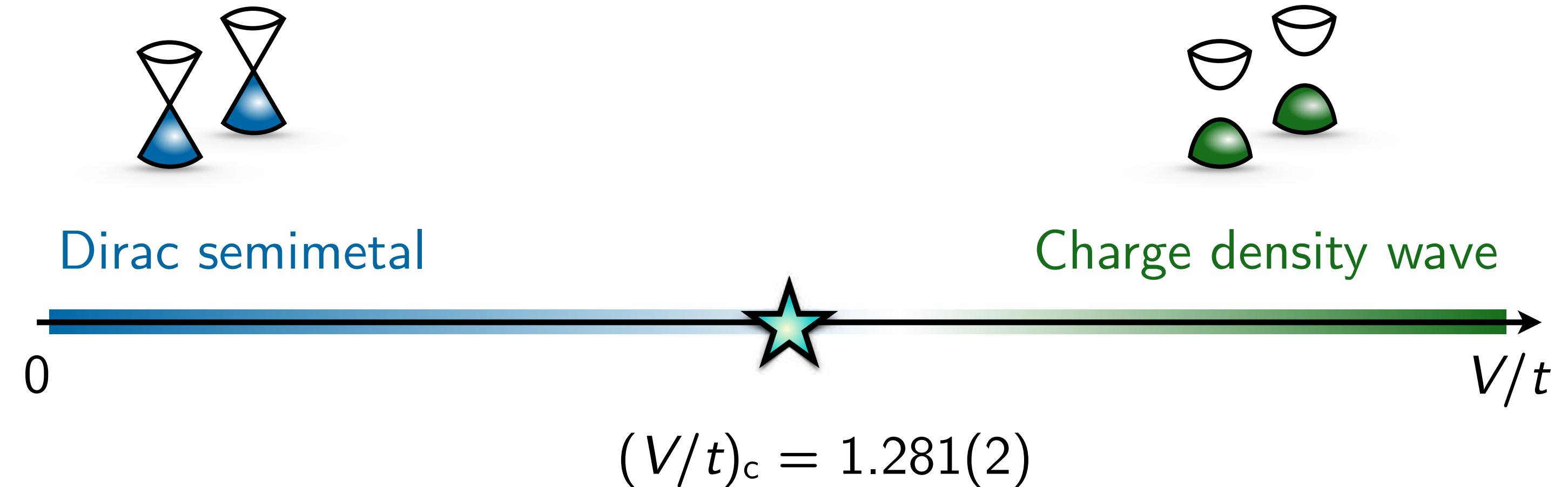
[Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]

[Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]

[Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

...

# Spinless fermions on $\pi$ -flux lattice: QMC



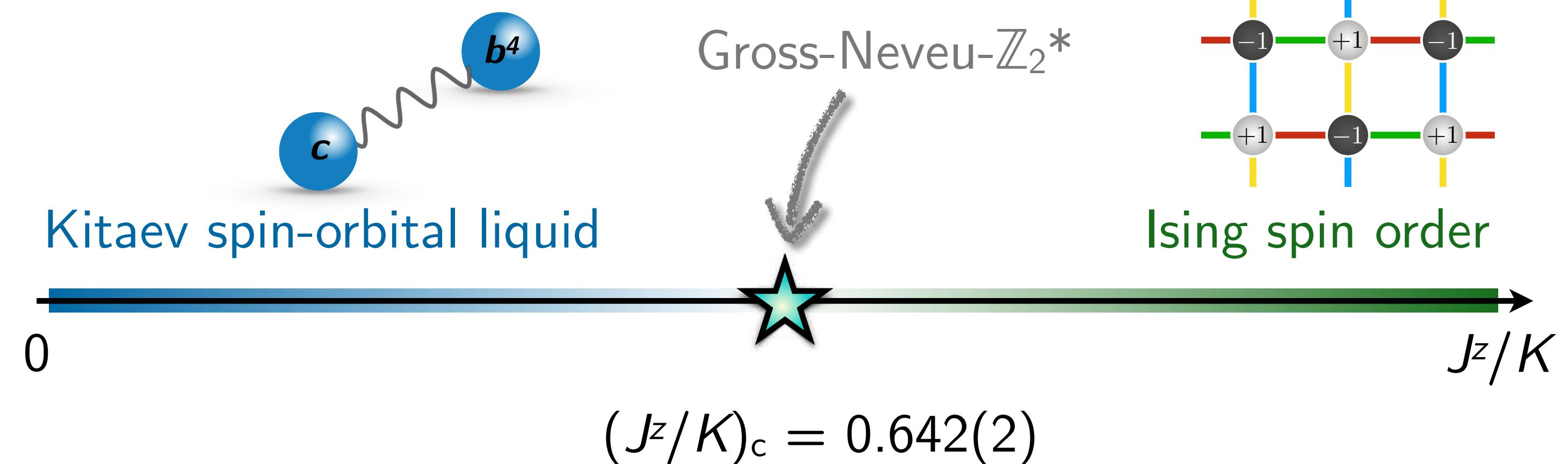
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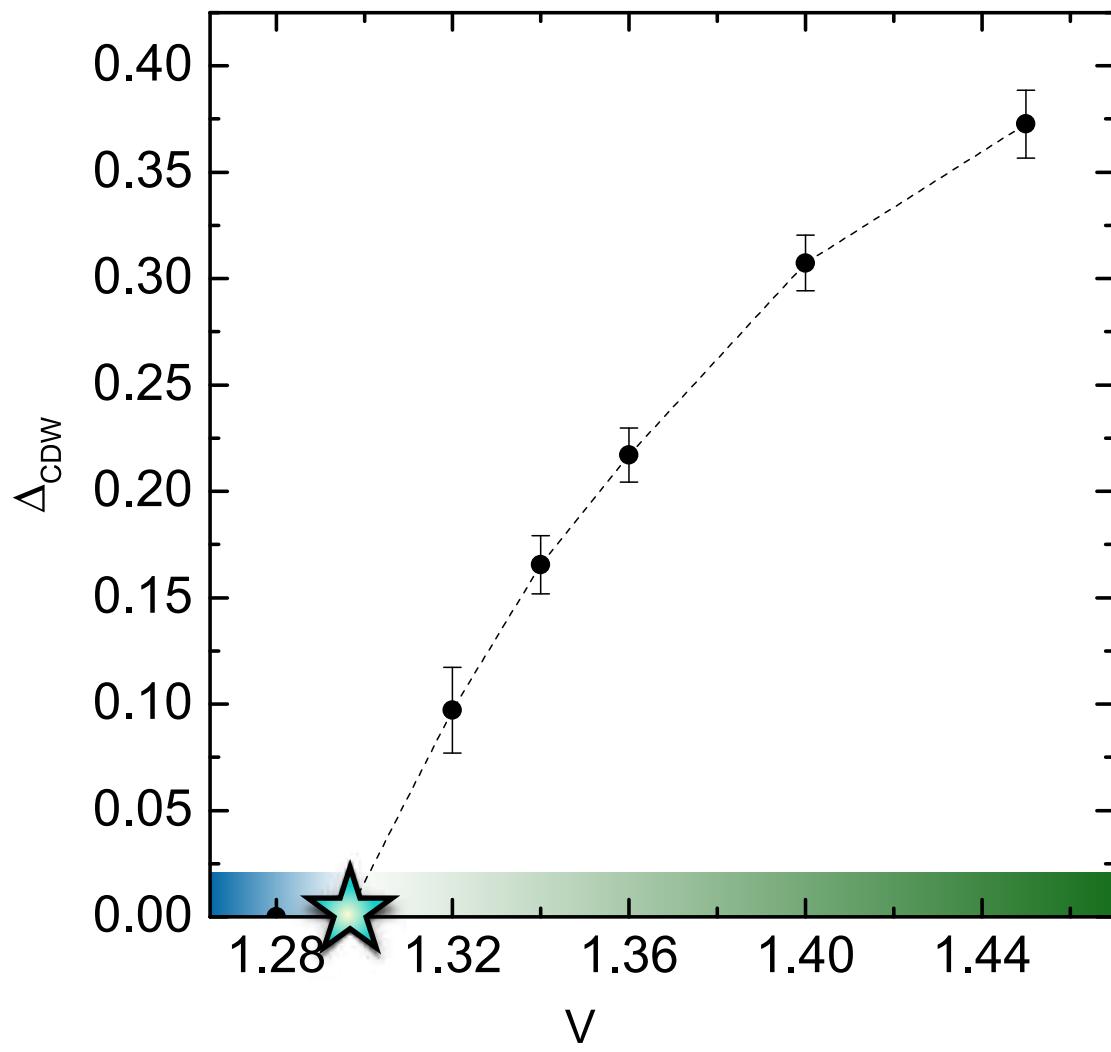
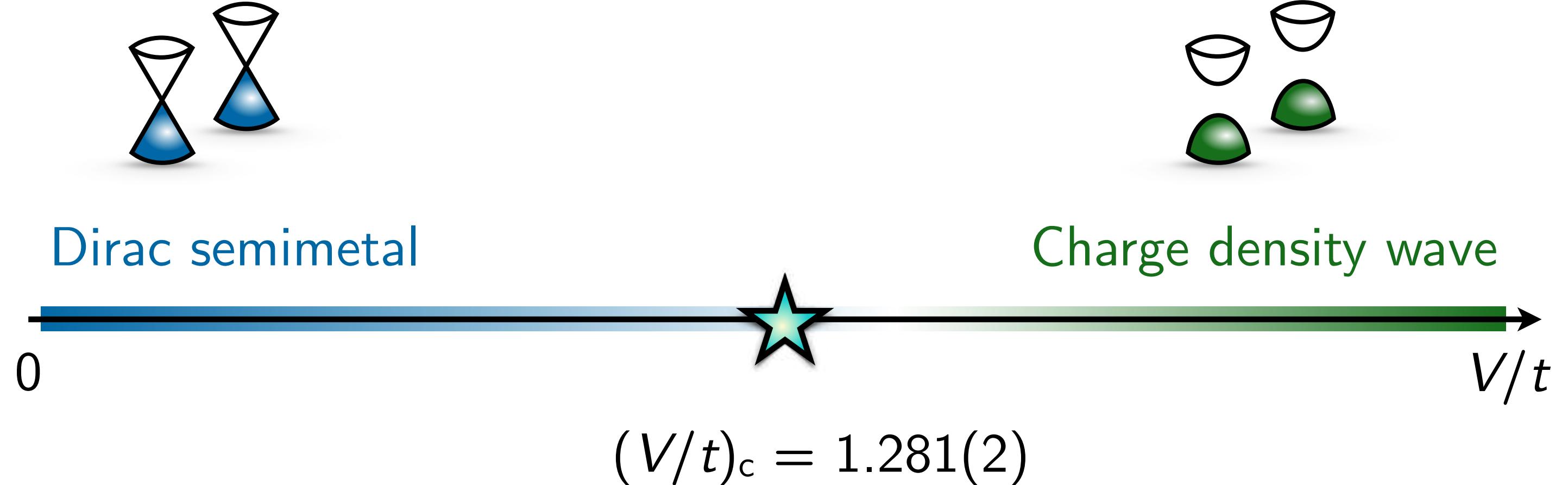
...

Spin-orbital model:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

# Spinless fermions on $\pi$ -flux lattice: QMC



[Wang, Corboz, Troyer, NJP '14]

[Li, Jiang, Yao, NJP '15]

[Huffman & Chandrasekharan, PRD '17; PRD '20]

...

Gross-Neveu- $\mathbb{Z}_2$  universality:

$$1/\nu = 1.12(1), \quad \eta_\phi = 0.51(3)$$

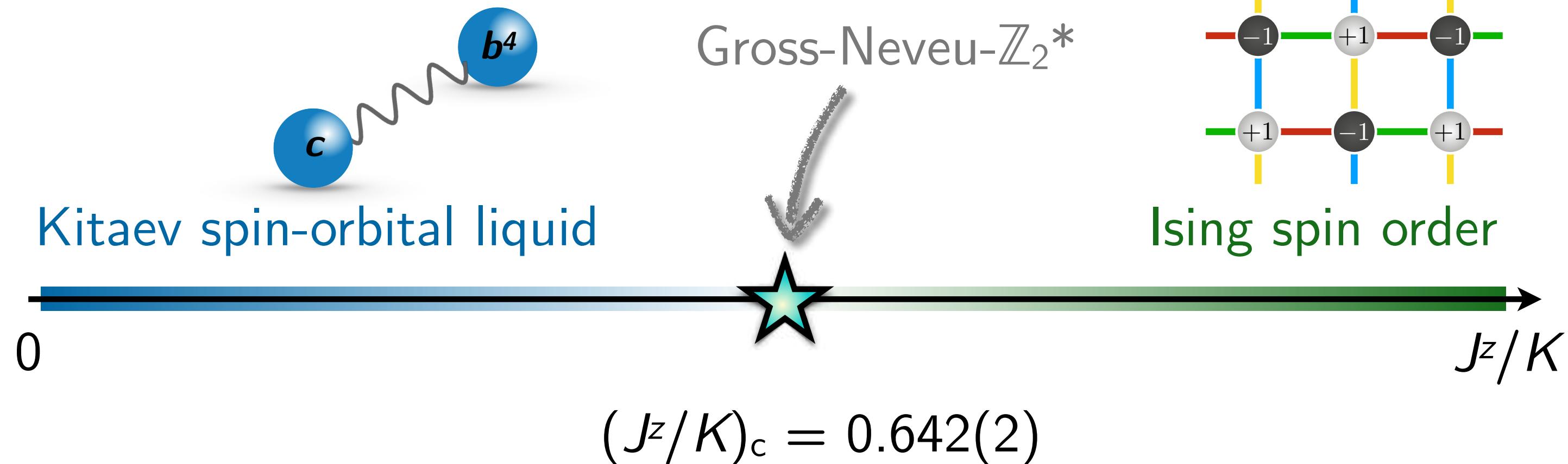
[LJ & Herbut, PRB '14]

[Ihrig, Mihaila, Scherer, PRB '18]

[Erramilli et al., JHEP '23]

...

Spin-orbital model:

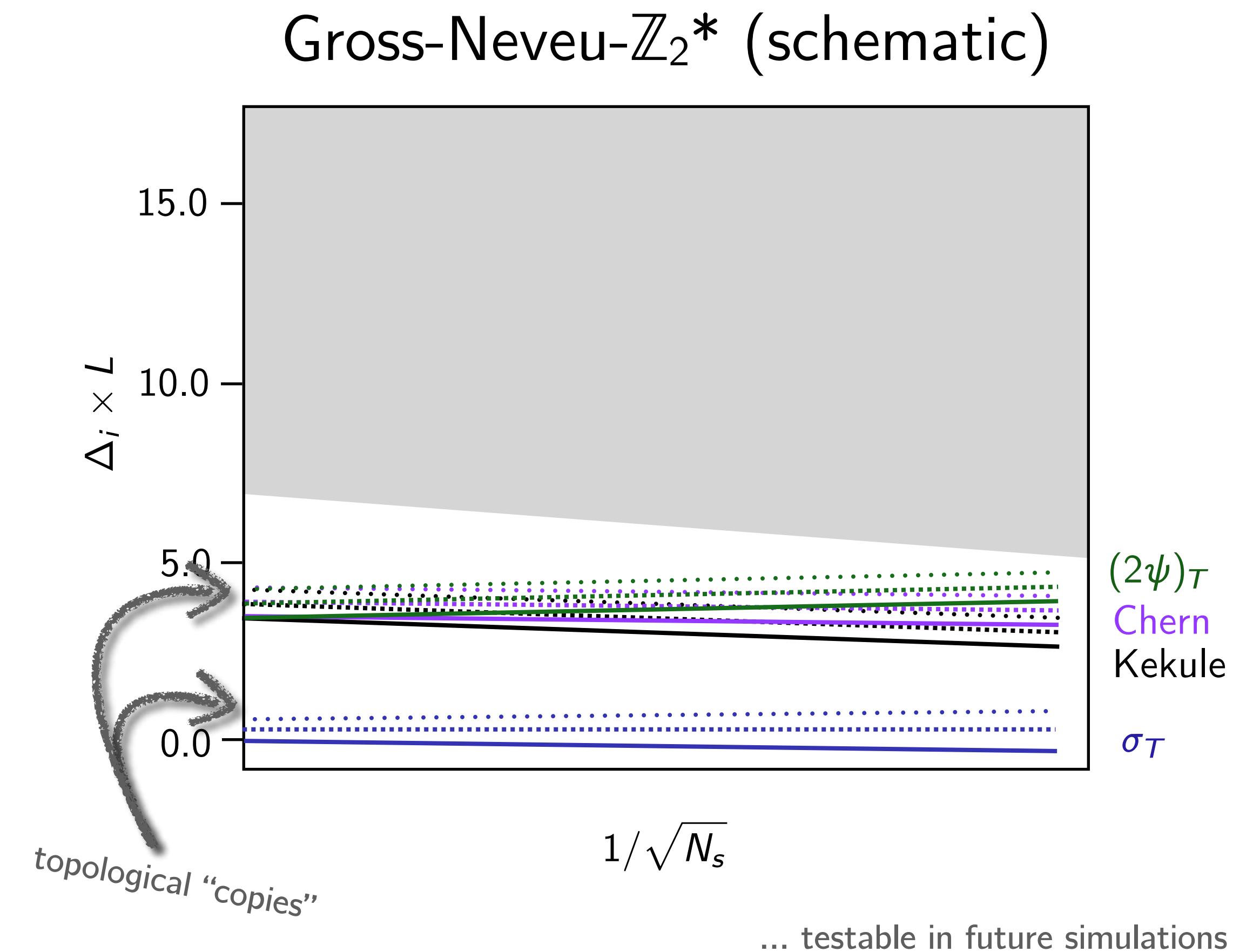
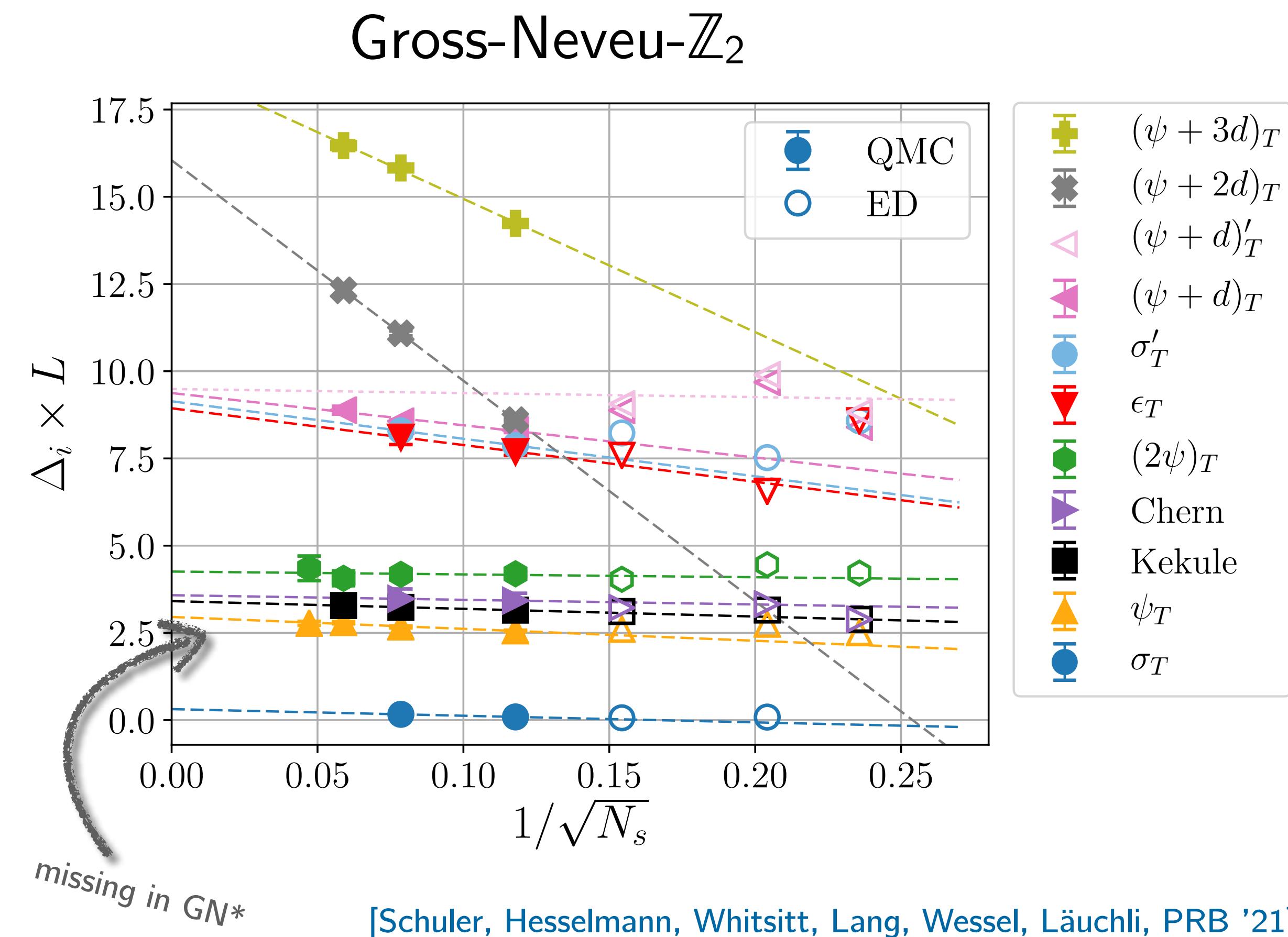


$N = 8$ : [Wang & Meng, arXiv:2304.00034]

...

[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

# Gross-Neveu vs Gross-Neveu\*



# Outline

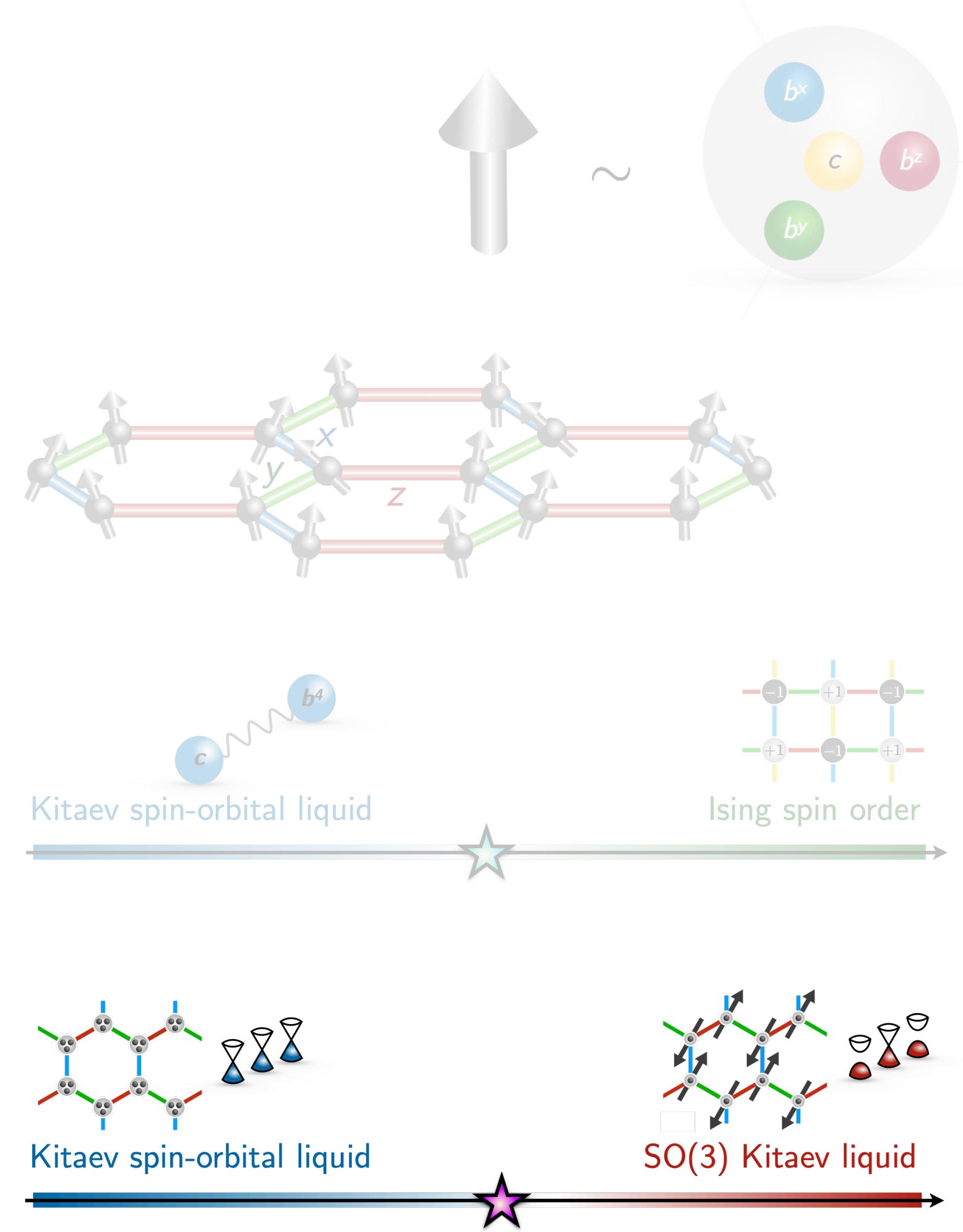
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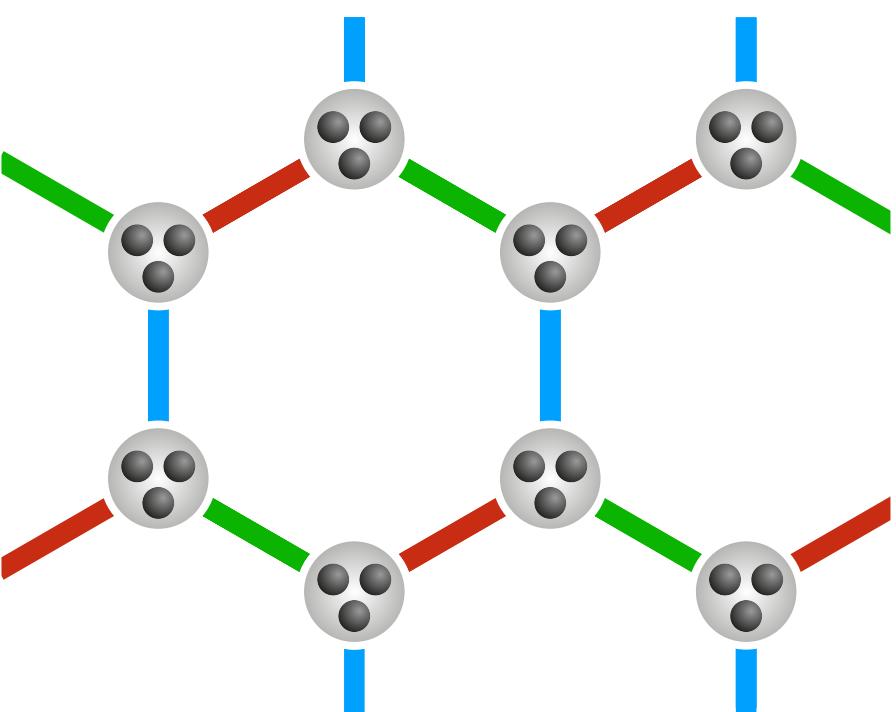
(5) Conclusions



# Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$



3 itinerant fermions

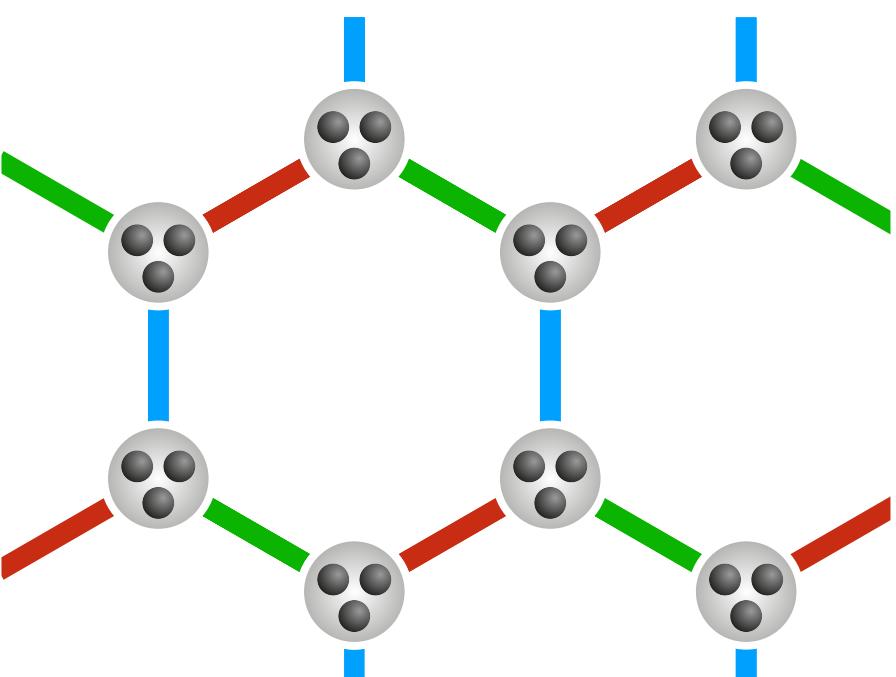
# Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = K \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma}_{\langle ij \rangle} + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j$$

$$\mapsto \hat{u}_{ij} (c_i, b_i^4, b_i^5) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_j \\ b_j^4 \\ b_j^5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} c_i^\top c_j$$



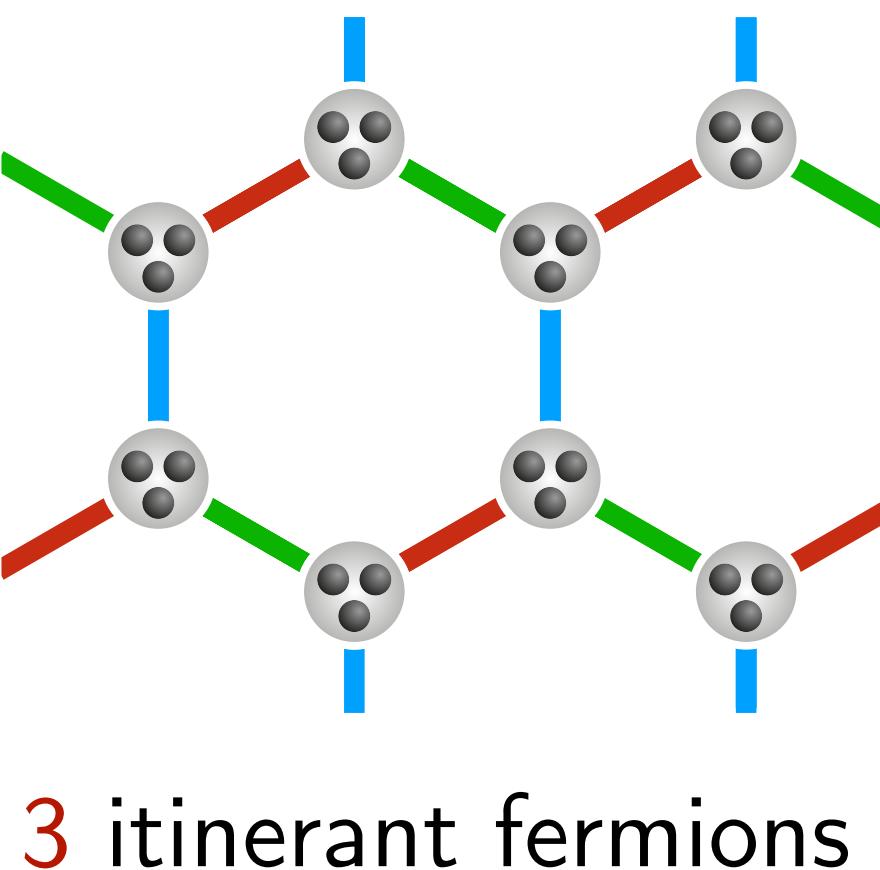
3 itinerant fermions

# Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{H} &= K \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma}_{+ J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j} + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j \\ &\mapsto \hat{u}_{ij} (c_i, b_i^4, b_i^5) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_j \\ b_j^4 \\ b_j^5 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \frac{1}{4} (c_i^\top \vec{L} c_i) \cdot (c_j^\top \vec{L} c_j) \\ &\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} c_i^\top c_j \end{aligned}$$

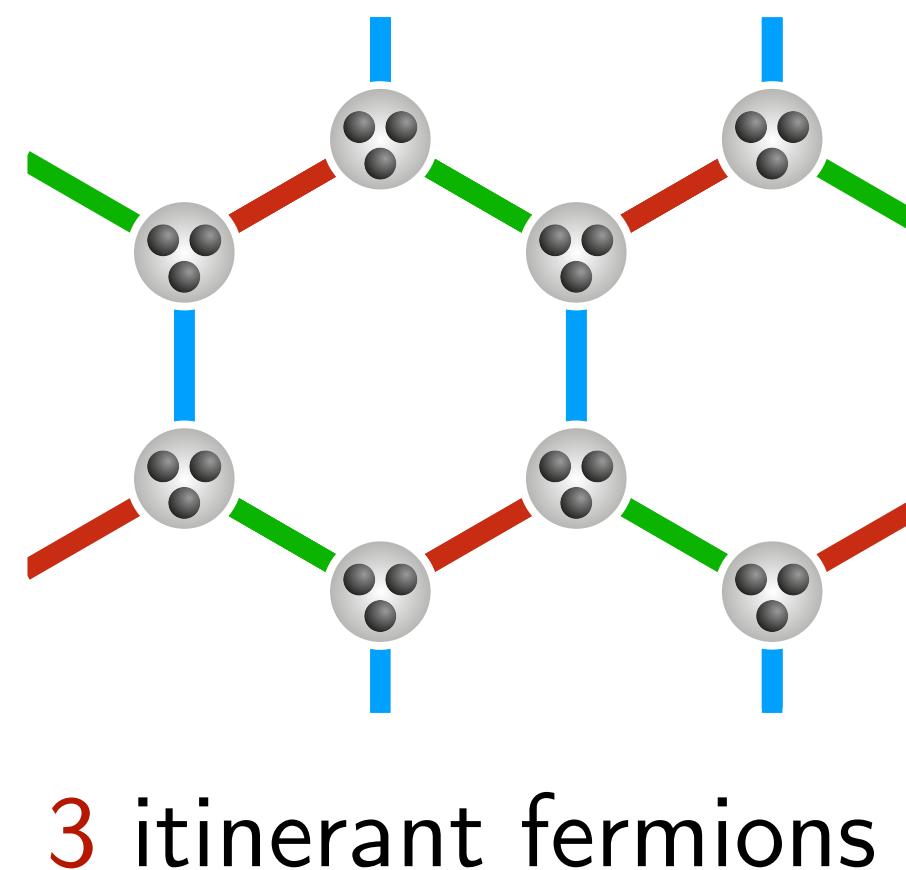
with  $[\hat{u}_{ij}, \mathcal{H}] = 0$  still static!



# Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

Hamiltonian:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{H} &= K \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \tau_i^\gamma \tau_j^\gamma}_{\text{spin-1 matrices}} + J \underbrace{\sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j \otimes \mathbb{1}_i \mathbb{1}_j}_{\text{3 itinerant fermions}} \\ &\mapsto \hat{u}_{ij} (c_i, b_i^4, b_i^5) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_j \\ b_j^4 \\ b_j^5 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \frac{1}{4} (c_i^\top \vec{L} c_i) \cdot (c_j^\top \vec{L} c_j) \\ &\equiv \hat{u}_{ij} c_i^\top c_j \quad \text{with } [\hat{u}_{ij}, \mathcal{H}] = 0 \text{ still static!} \end{aligned}$$



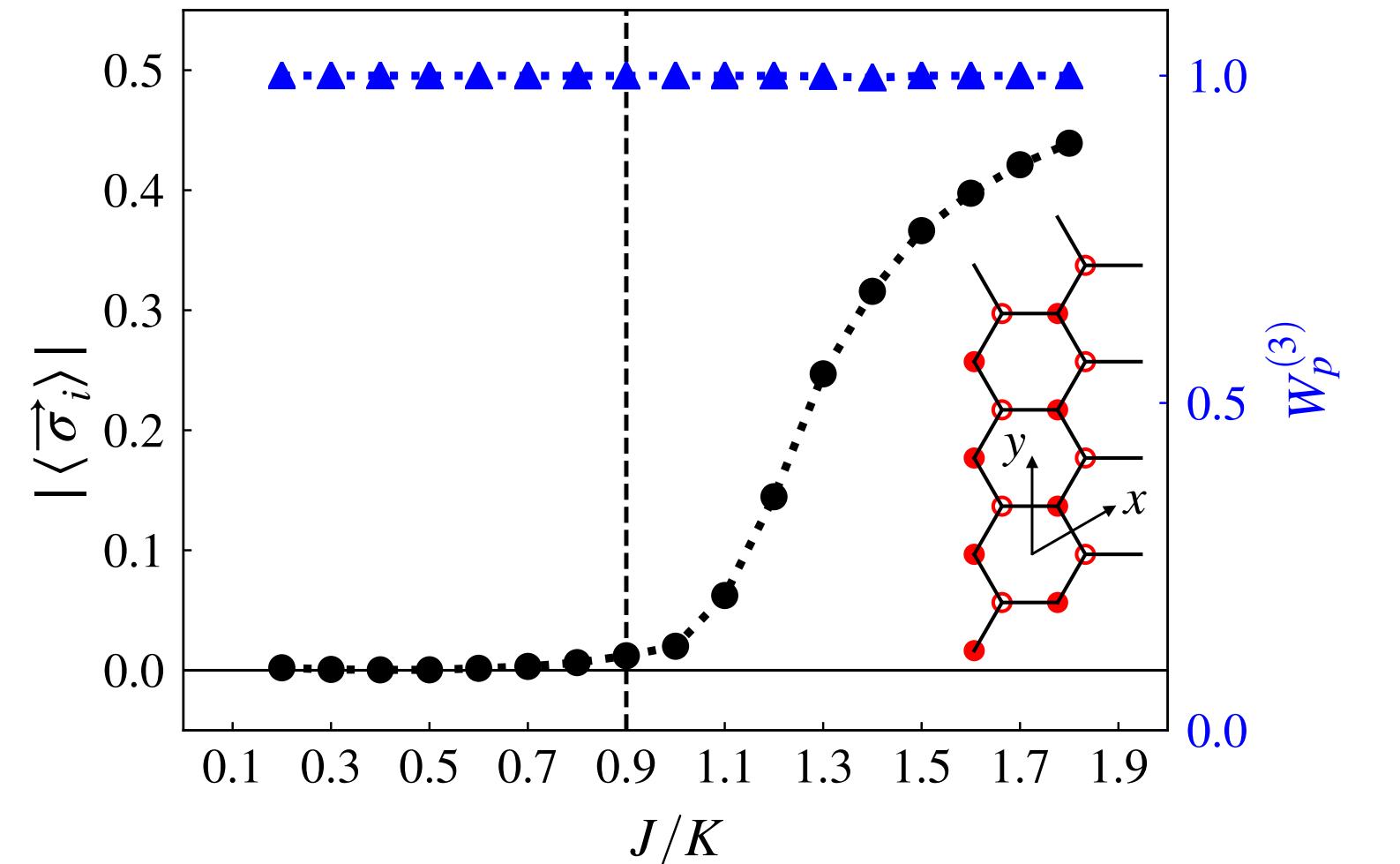
Phase diagram:



$\langle c_{iA}^\top \vec{L} c_{iA} \rangle \neq \langle c_{jB}^\top \vec{L} c_{jB} \rangle$   
“spin density wave”

# Gross-Neveu-SO(3)\* transition

iDMRG:

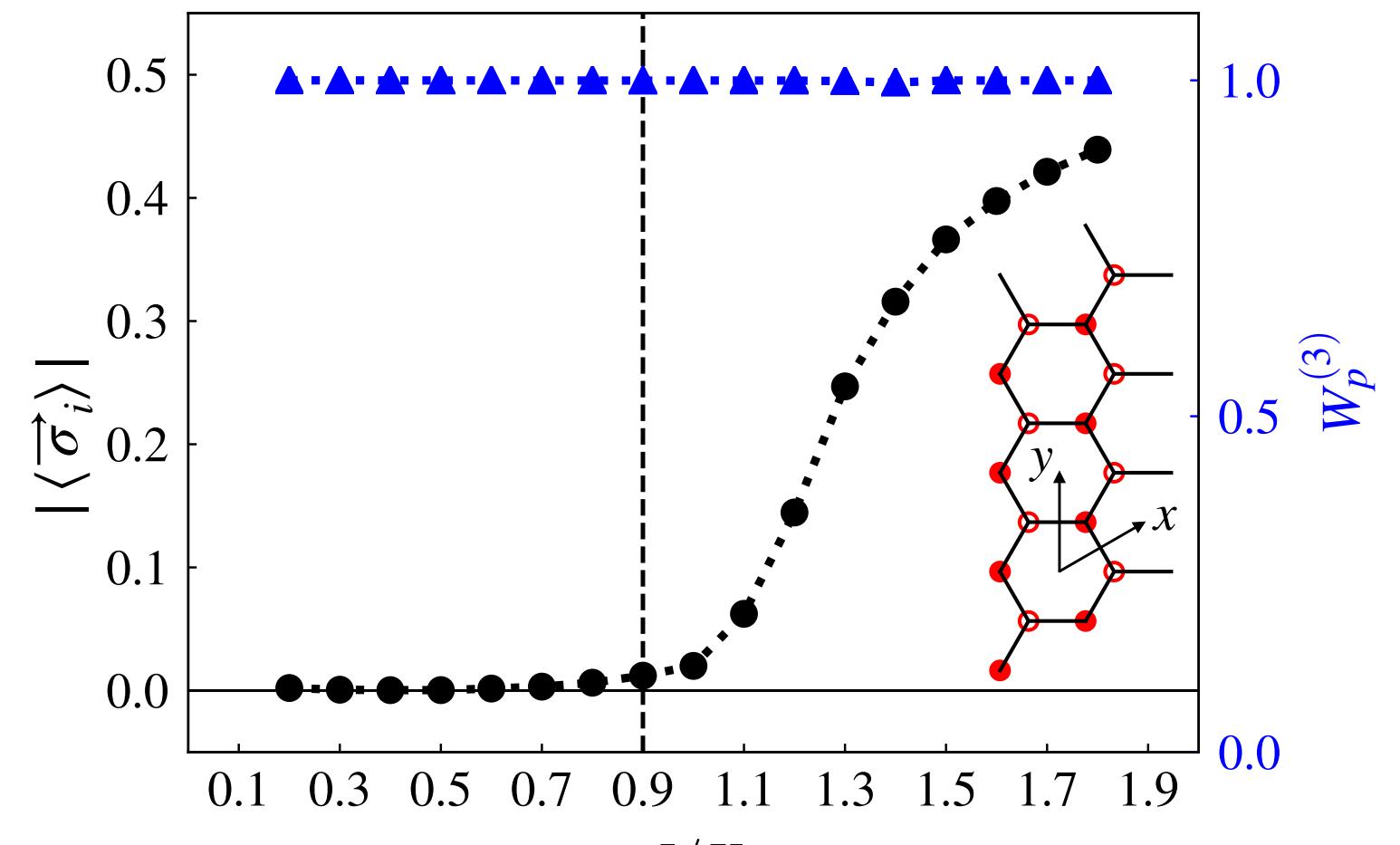


... on cylinder with  $L_y = 4$  unit cells

[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

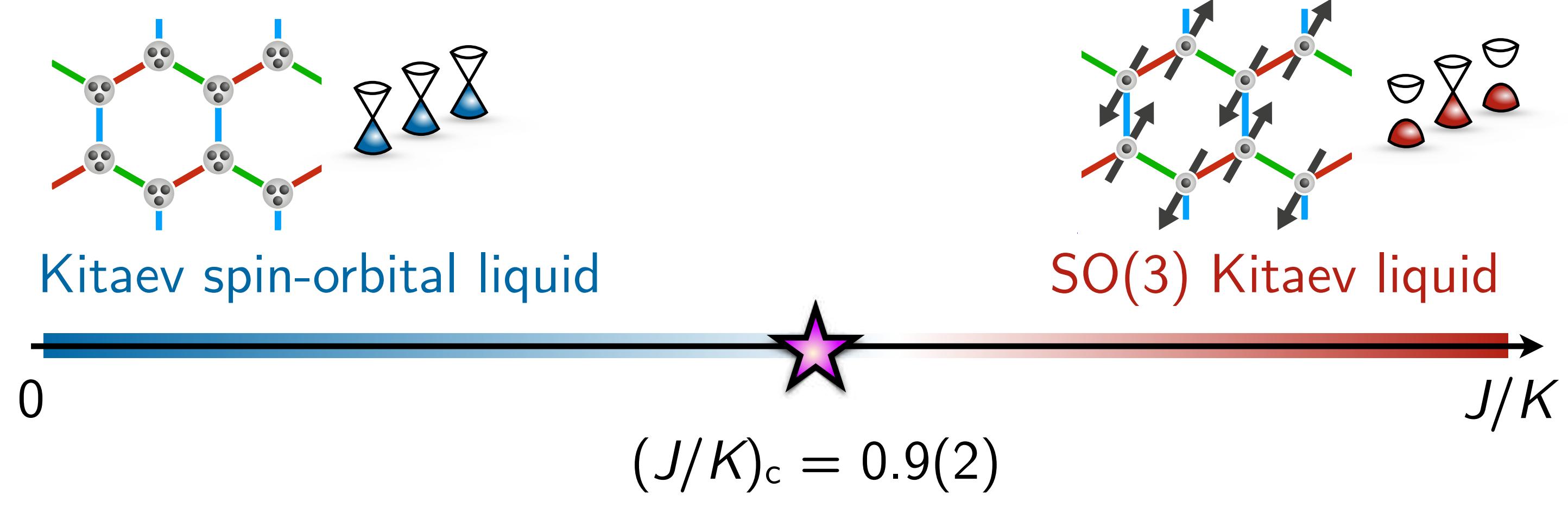
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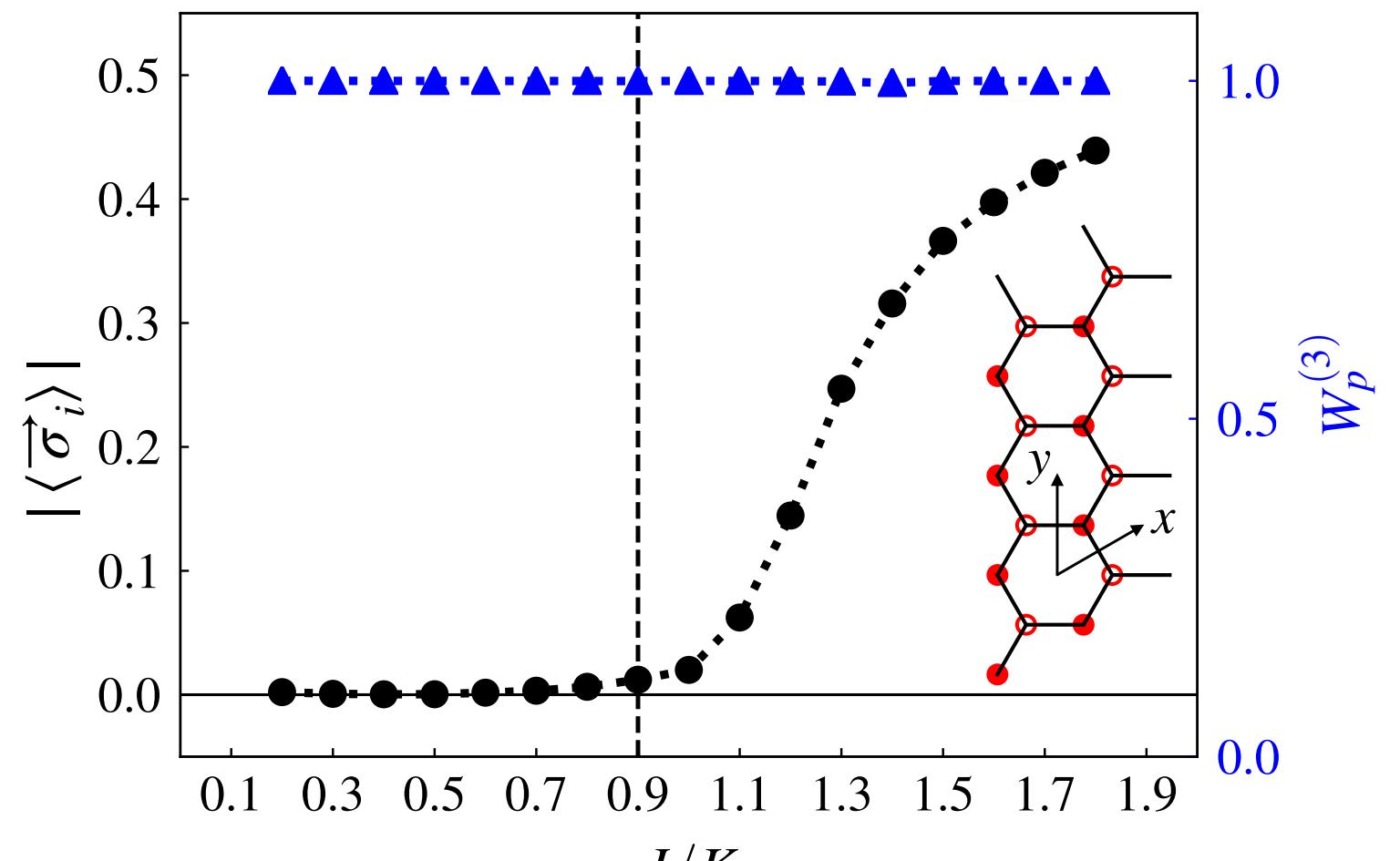
Phase diagram:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

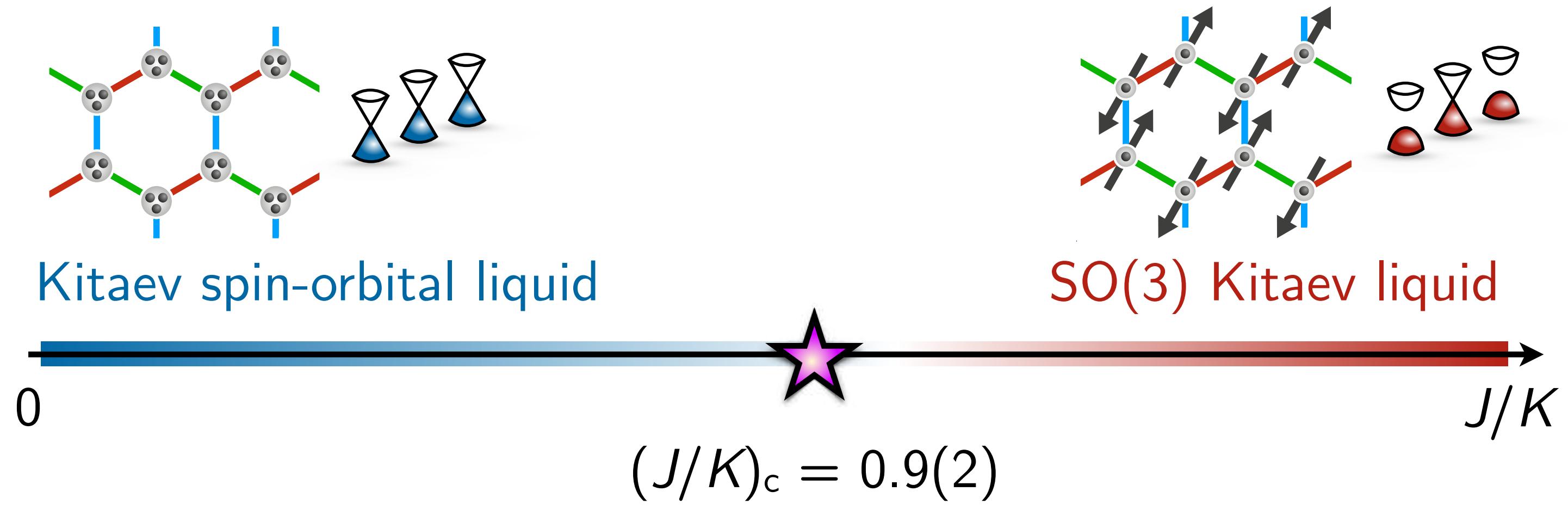
# Gross-Neveu-SO(3)\* transition

iDMRG:



... on cylinder with  $L_y = 4$  unit cells

Phase diagram:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

Effective field theory:

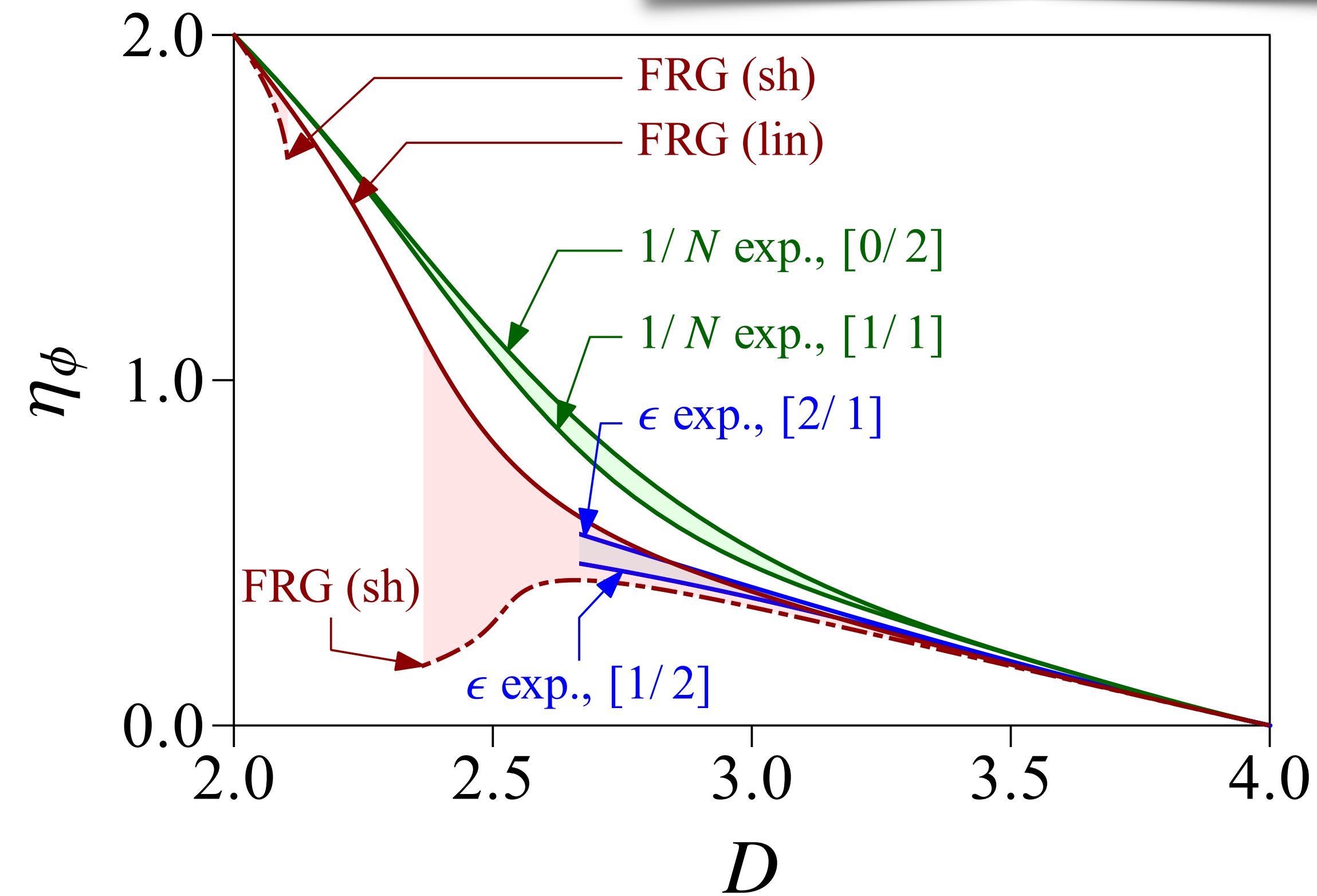
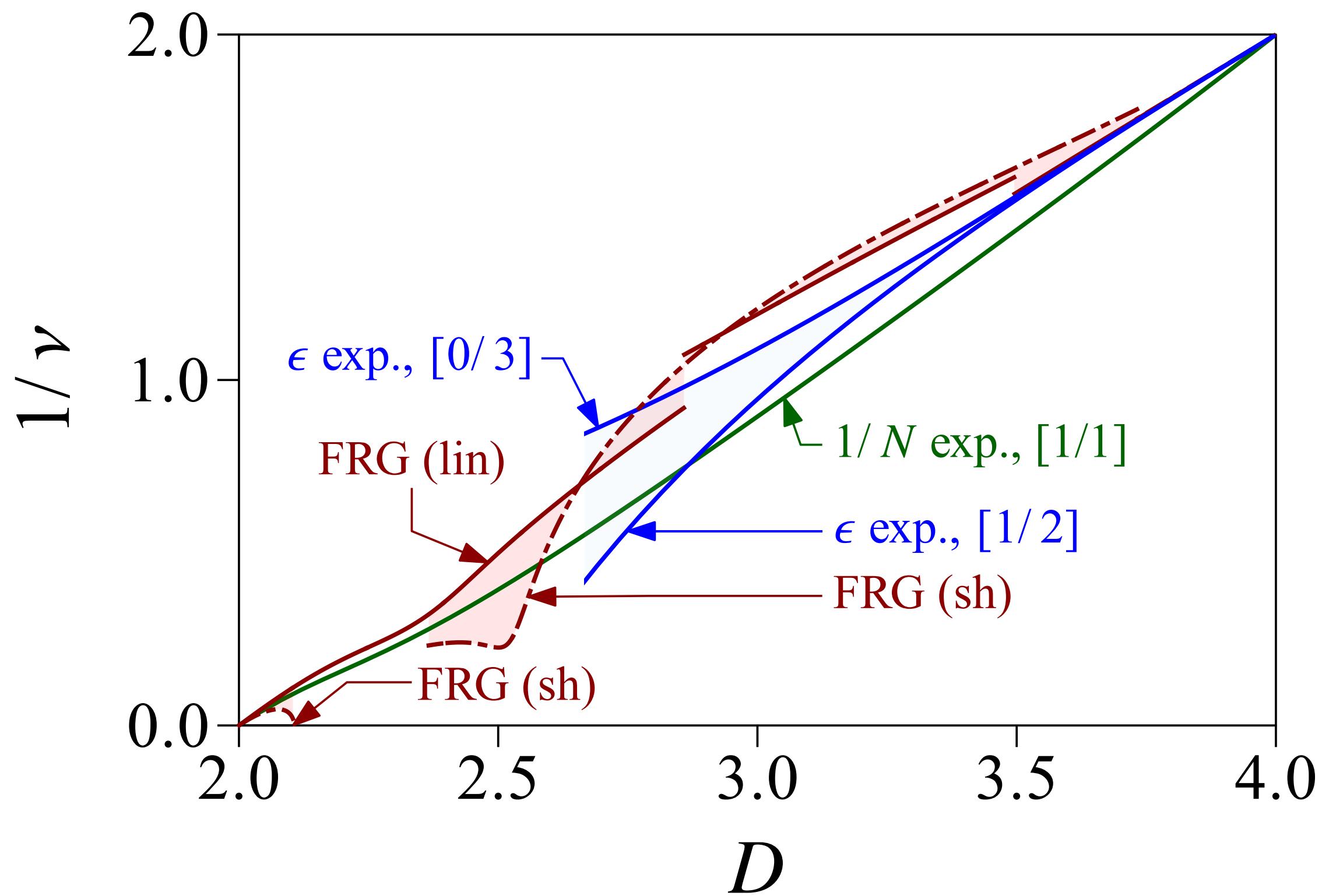
$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^2\vec{x} d\tau \left[ \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu \psi + g \vec{\varphi} \cdot \bar{\psi} (\mathbb{1}_2 \otimes \vec{L}) \psi \right]$$

“Gross-Neveu-SO(3)”

# Gross-Neveu-SO(3)\* criticality

Critical exponents from ...

- $4 - \epsilon$  expansion @ 3 loop
- $1/N$  expansion @  $O(1/N^2)$
- Functional RG @ LPA'

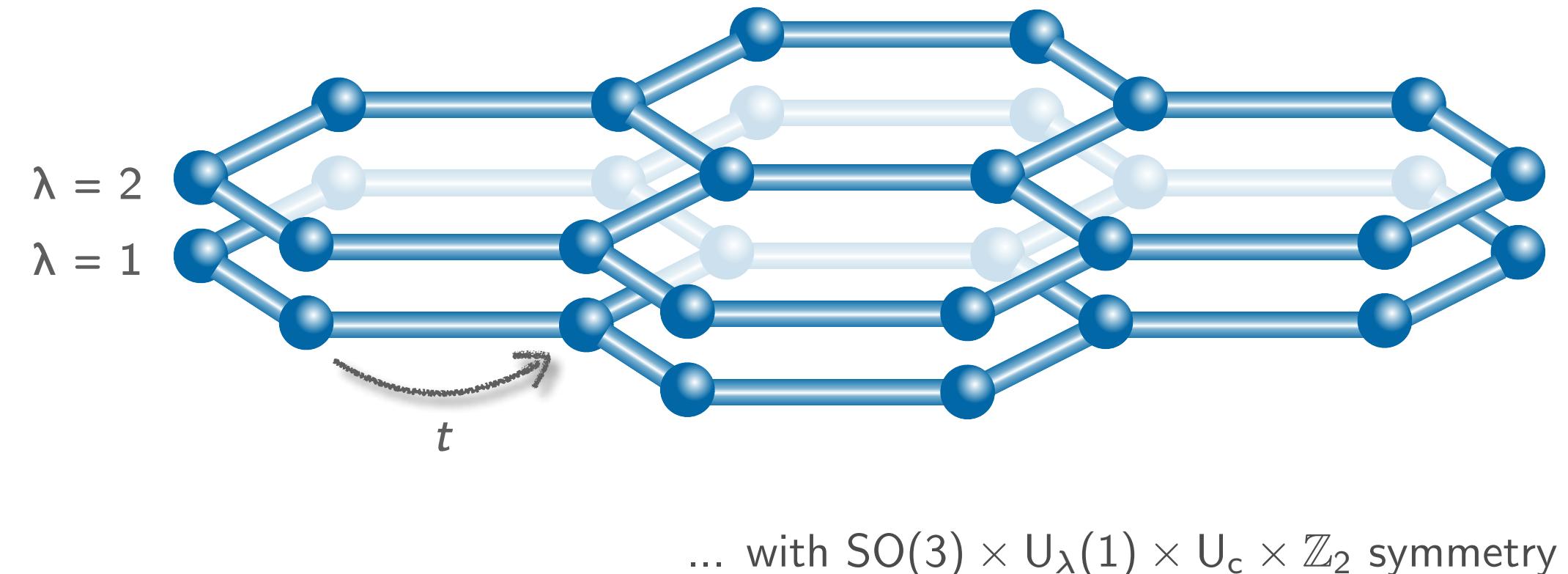


$N = 3$		$1/\nu$	$\eta_\phi$	$\eta_\psi$	
4 - $\epsilon$ expansion	naïve	0.97516	0.39181	0.17234	
	[1/2]	0.94472	0.40086	0.16458	
	[2/1]	sing.	0.36989	0.18622	
	[0/3]	1.09000	n.-e.	n.-e.	
	naïve	2.67318	0.49833	—	
	[1/1]	0.89397	0.46276	—	
1/ $N$ expansion	[0/2]	sing.	0.51074	n.-e.	
	naïve	—	—	0.22116	
	[1/2]	—	—	0.12337	
	[2/1]	—	—	0.22716	
	[0/3]	—	—	n.-e.	
	Taylor	linear	1.1901(10)	0.38781(6)	
FRG	sharp	1.209(4)	0.3434(5)	0.1966(6)	
	pseudospectral	linear	1.18974	0.38781	0.15072
	sharp	1.20465	0.34340	0.19649	

# Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Hamiltonian:

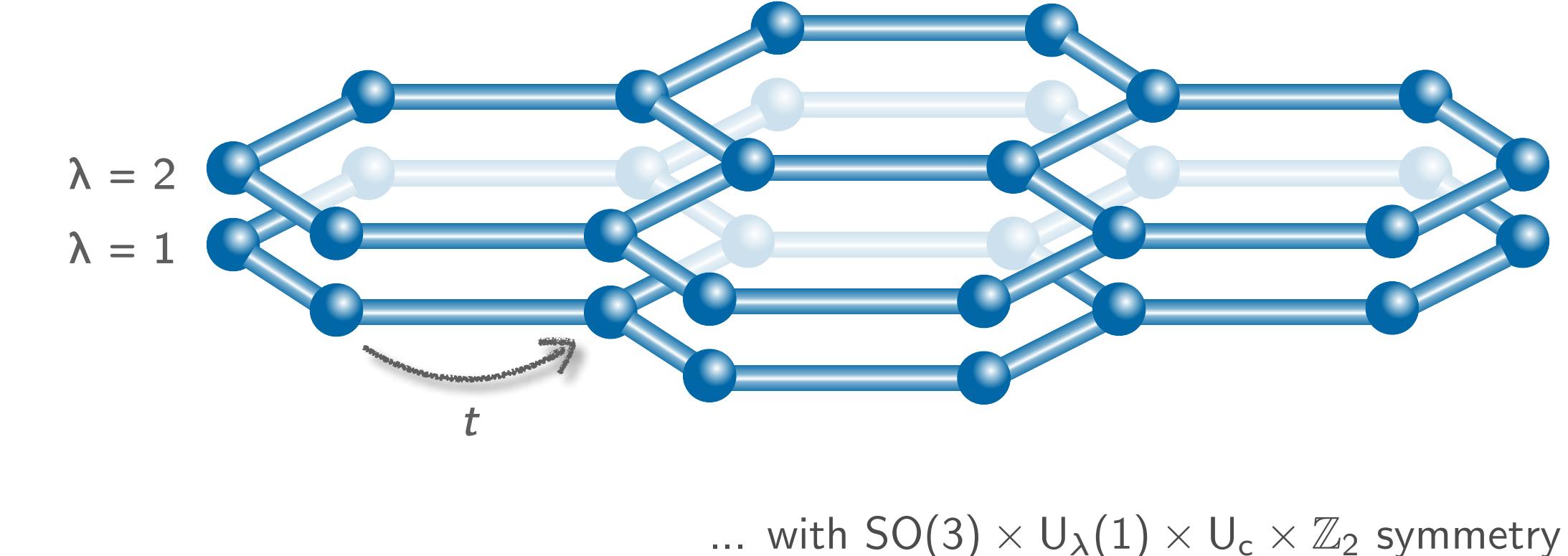
$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} c_{i\lambda}^\dagger c_{j\lambda} - J \sum_i \left( c_{i\lambda}^\dagger \vec{\tau}_{\lambda\lambda'}^z c_{i\lambda'} \right)^2$$



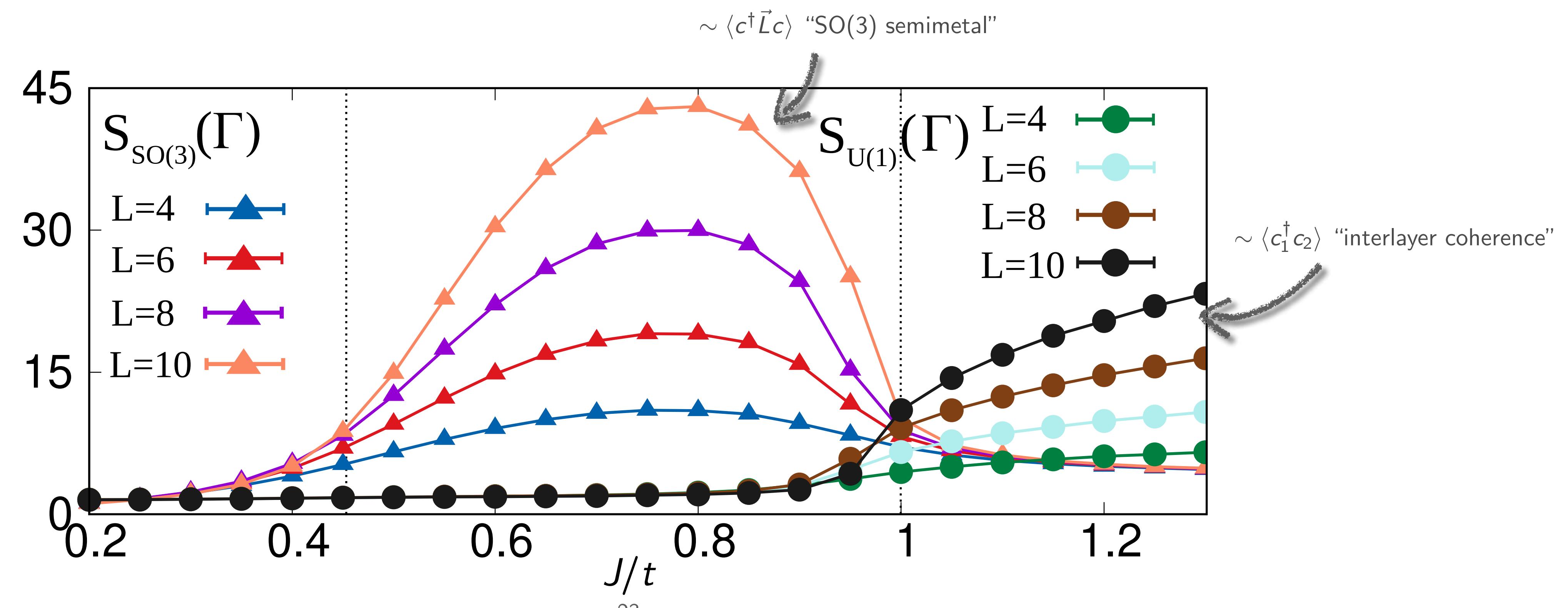
# Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} c_{i\lambda}^\dagger c_{j\lambda} - J \sum_i \left( c_{i\lambda}^\dagger \vec{\tau}_{\lambda\lambda'}^z c_{i\lambda'} \right)^2$$

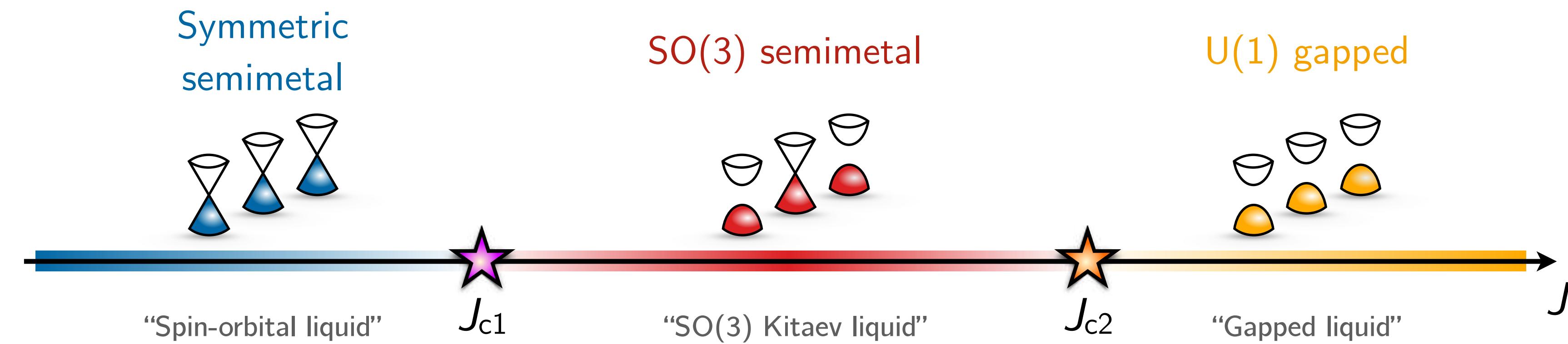


QMC structure factors:



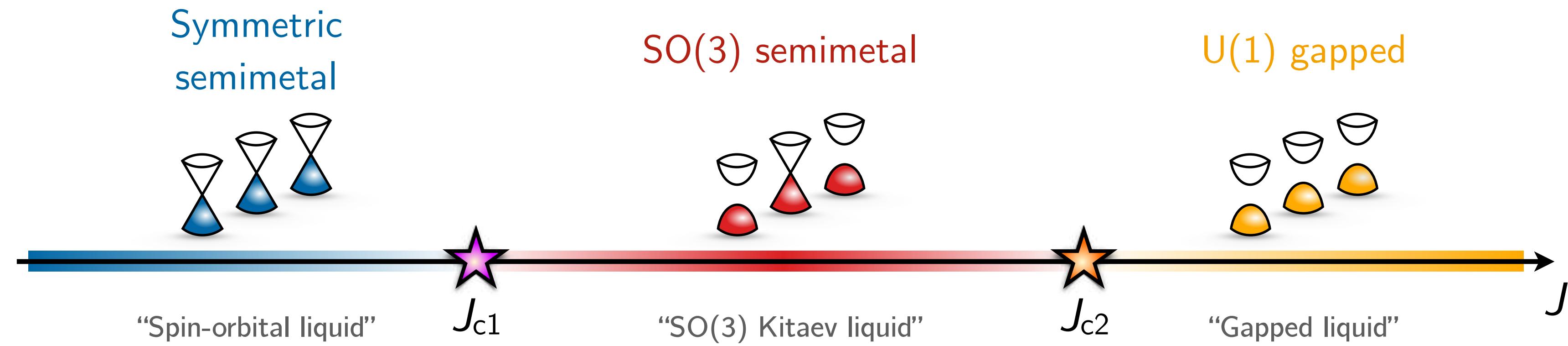
# Sign-problem-free bilayer model

Phase diagram:

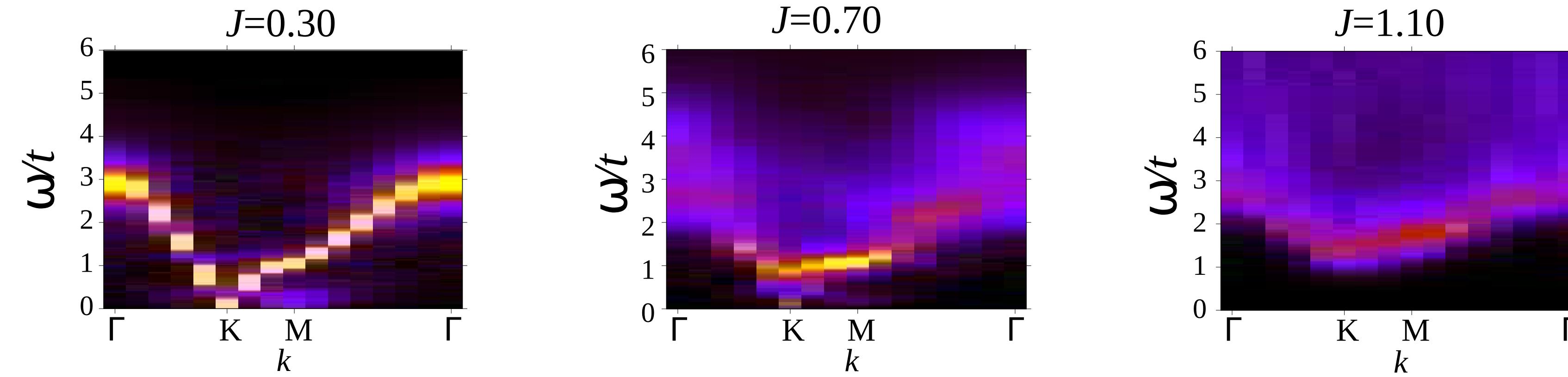


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Phase diagram:

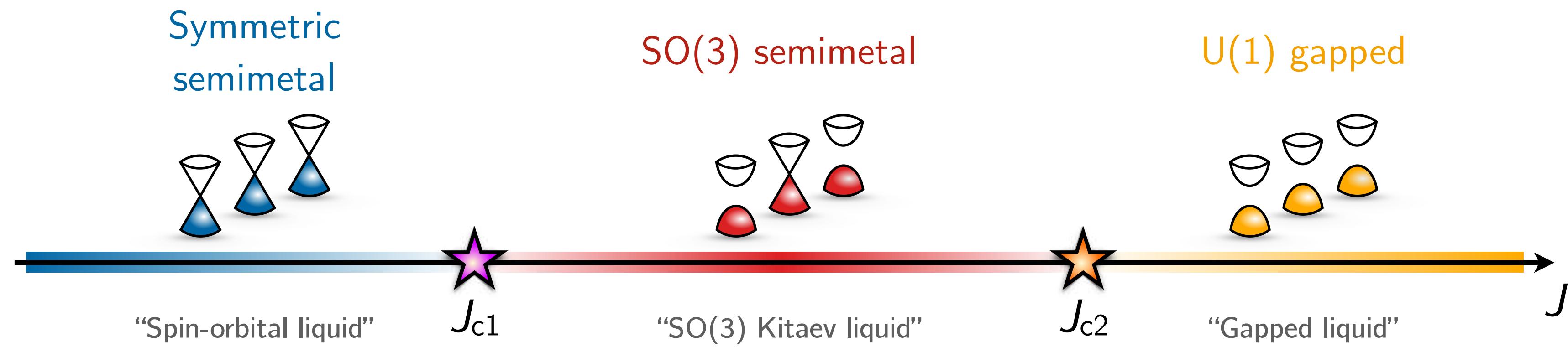


Fermion spectral function:

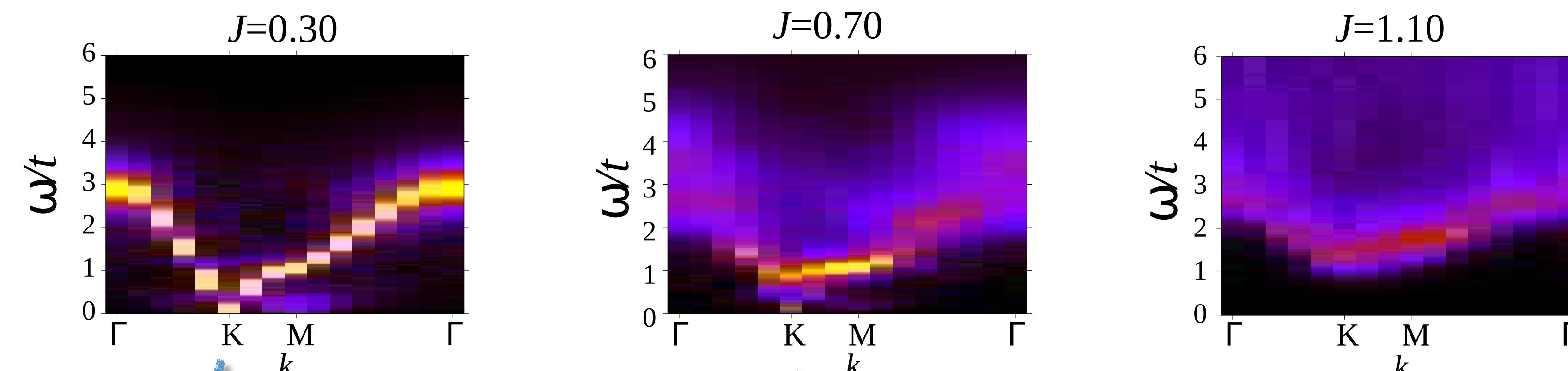


# Sign-problem-free bilayer model

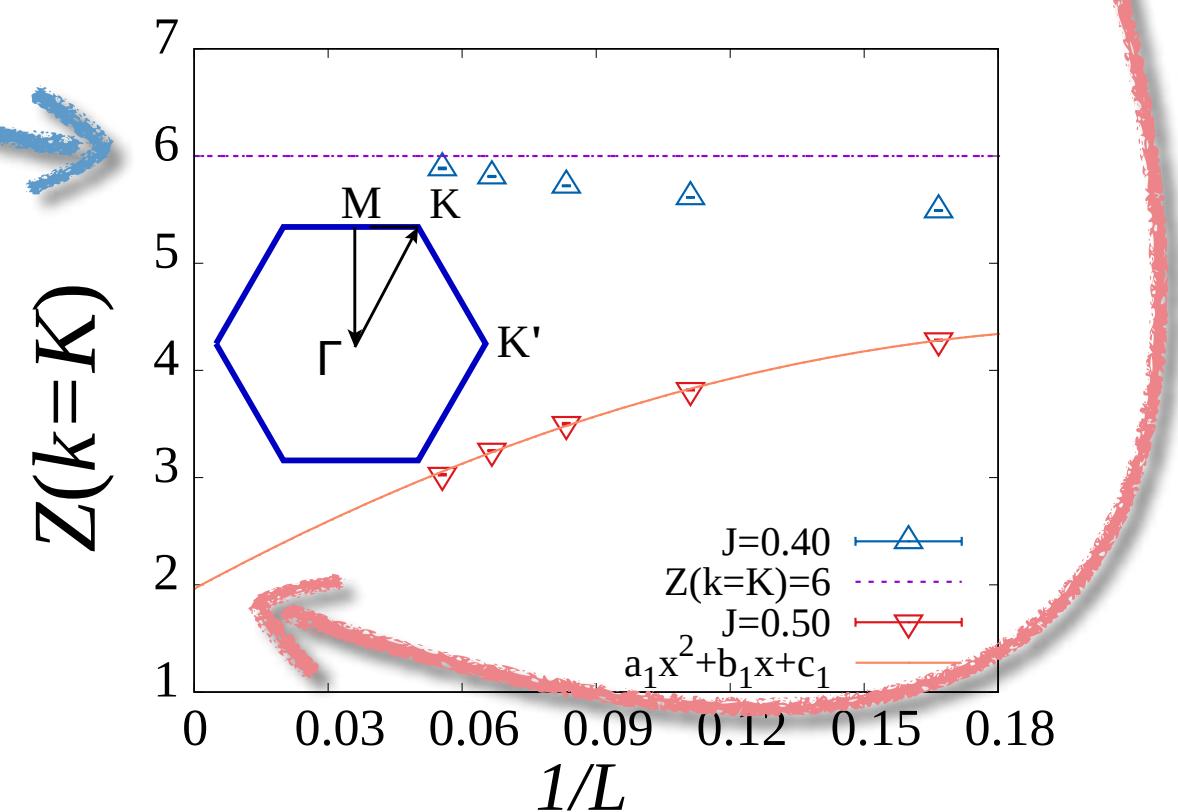
Phase diagram:



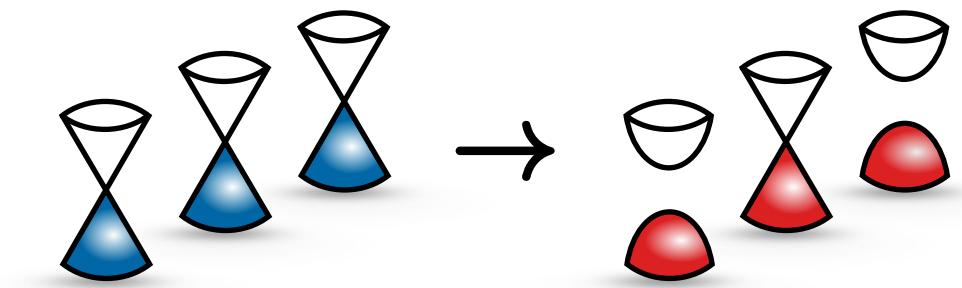
Fermion spectral function:



Quasiparticle weight:

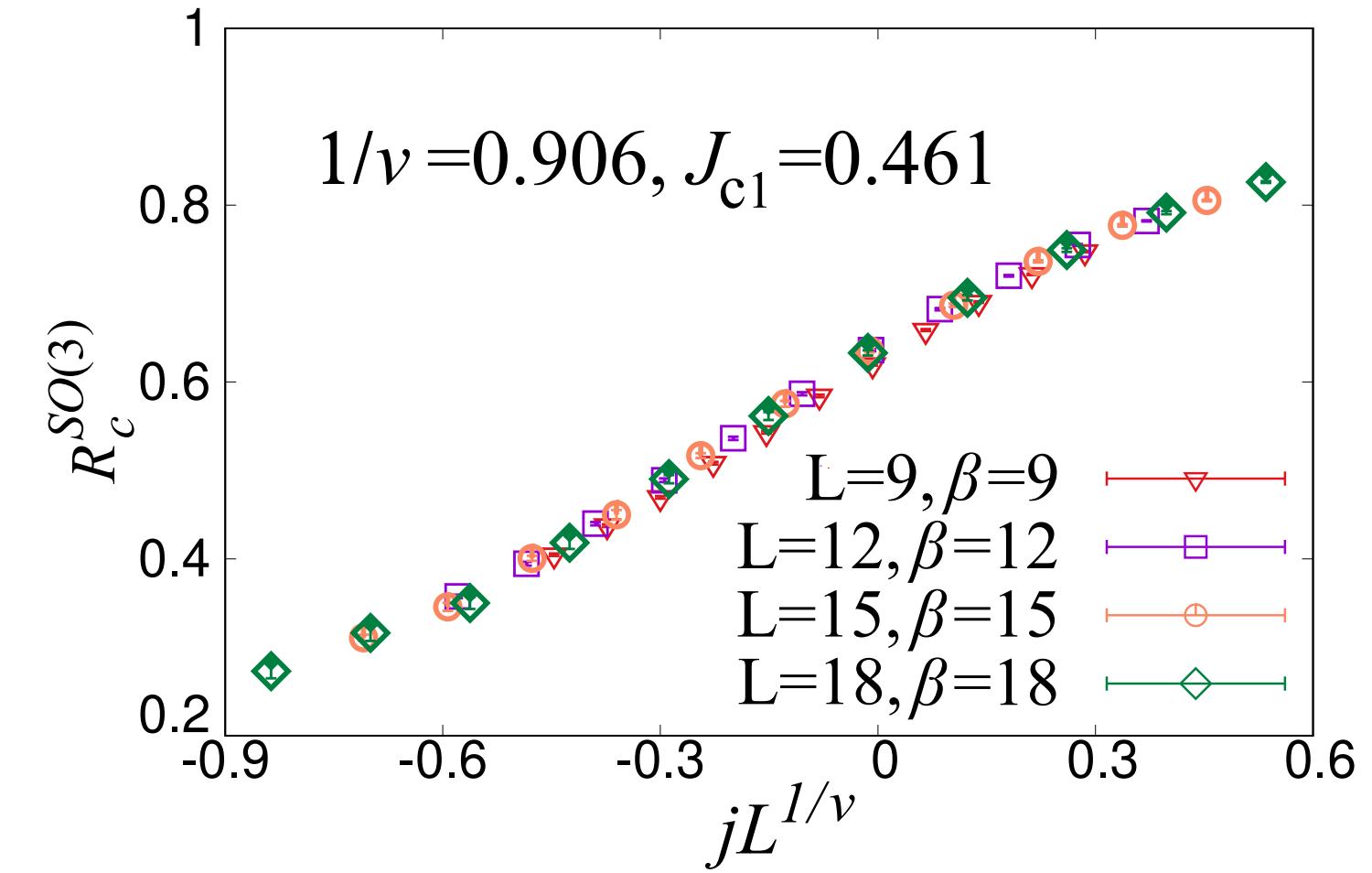
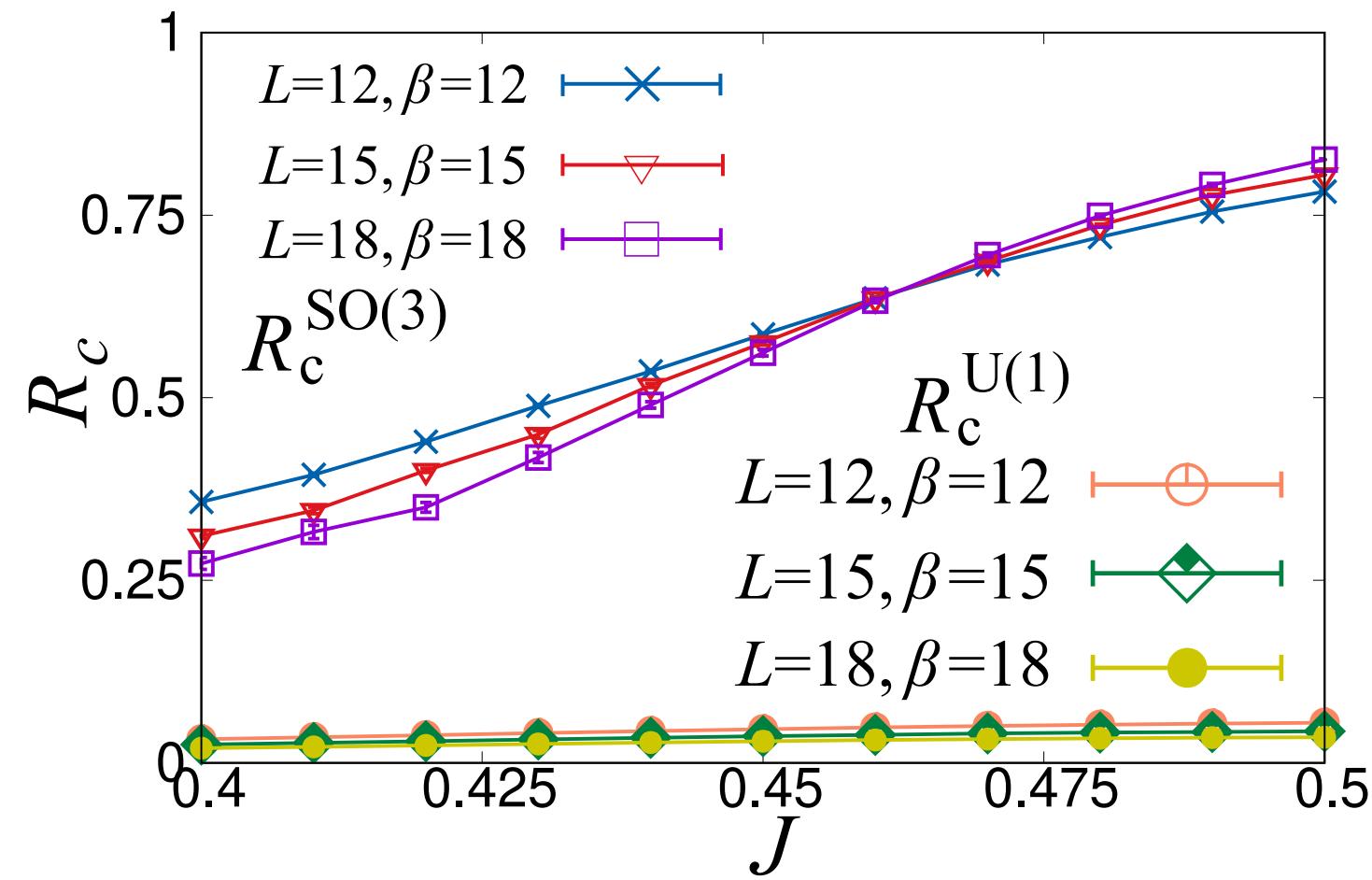


# Gross-Neveu-SO(3) transition at $J_{c1}$



Correlation ratio:

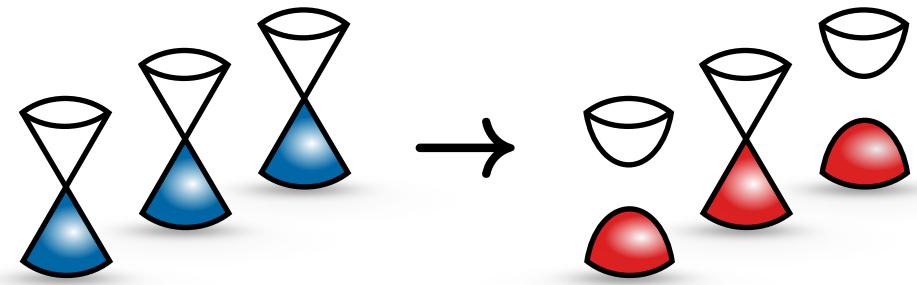
$$R_c = 1 - \frac{S(\Gamma + d\vec{k})}{S(\Gamma)}$$



$$\Rightarrow 1/\nu = 0.906(35)$$

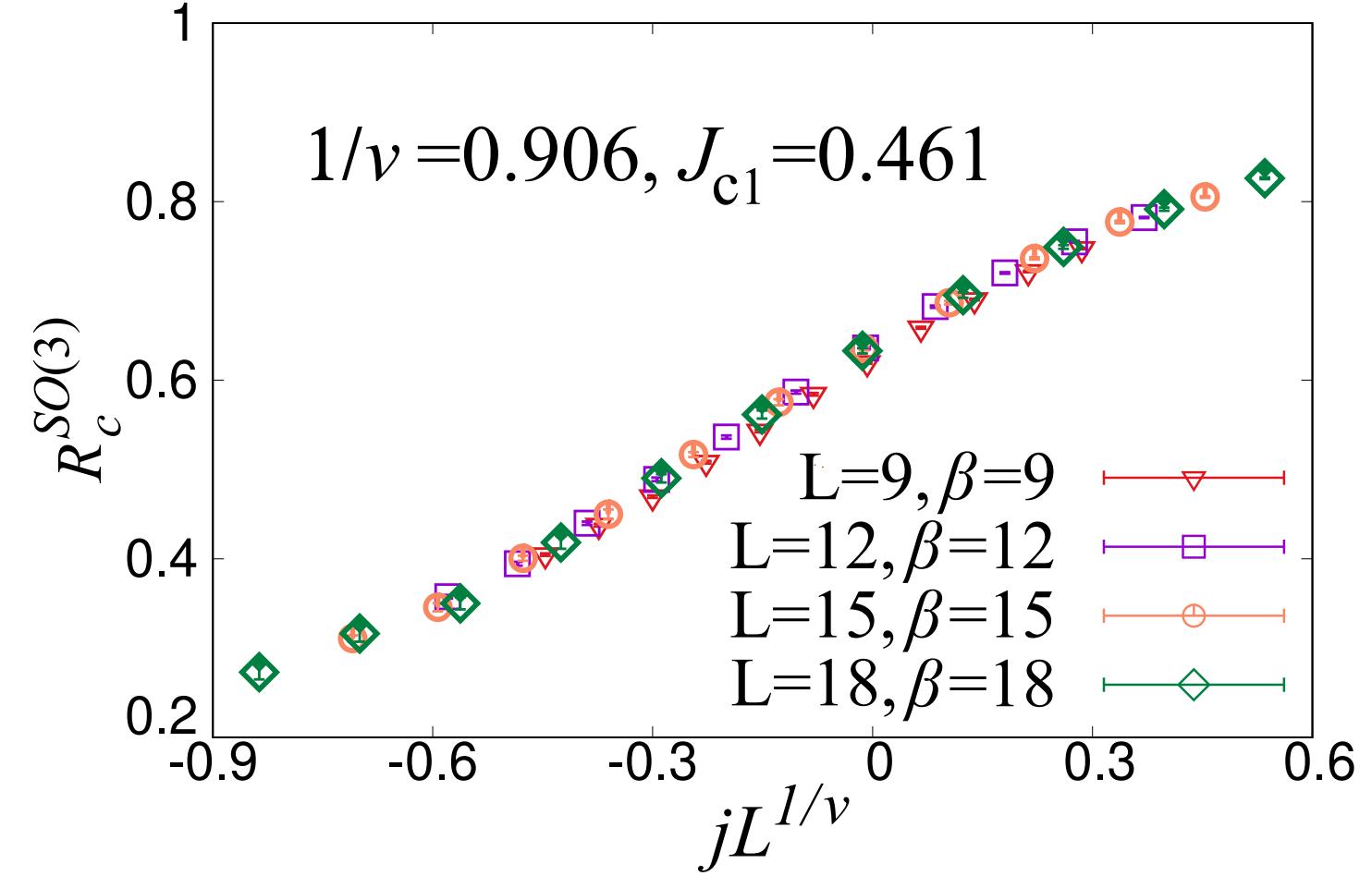
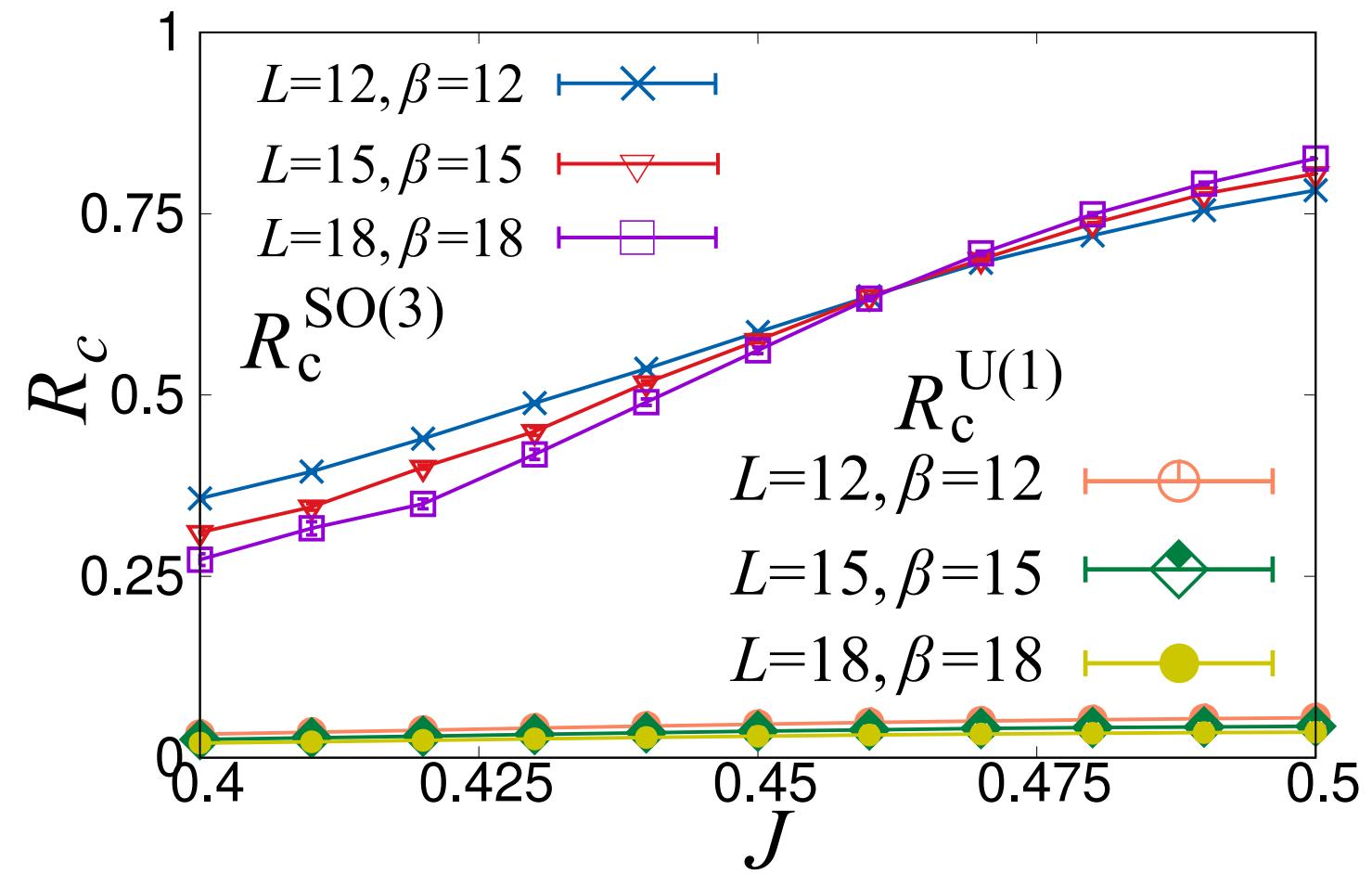
... cf.  $1/\nu = 0.93(4)$  and  $\eta_\phi = 0.83(4)$  from field theory  
 [Ray, Ihrig, Kruti, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

# Gross-Neveu-SO(3) transition at $J_{c1}$



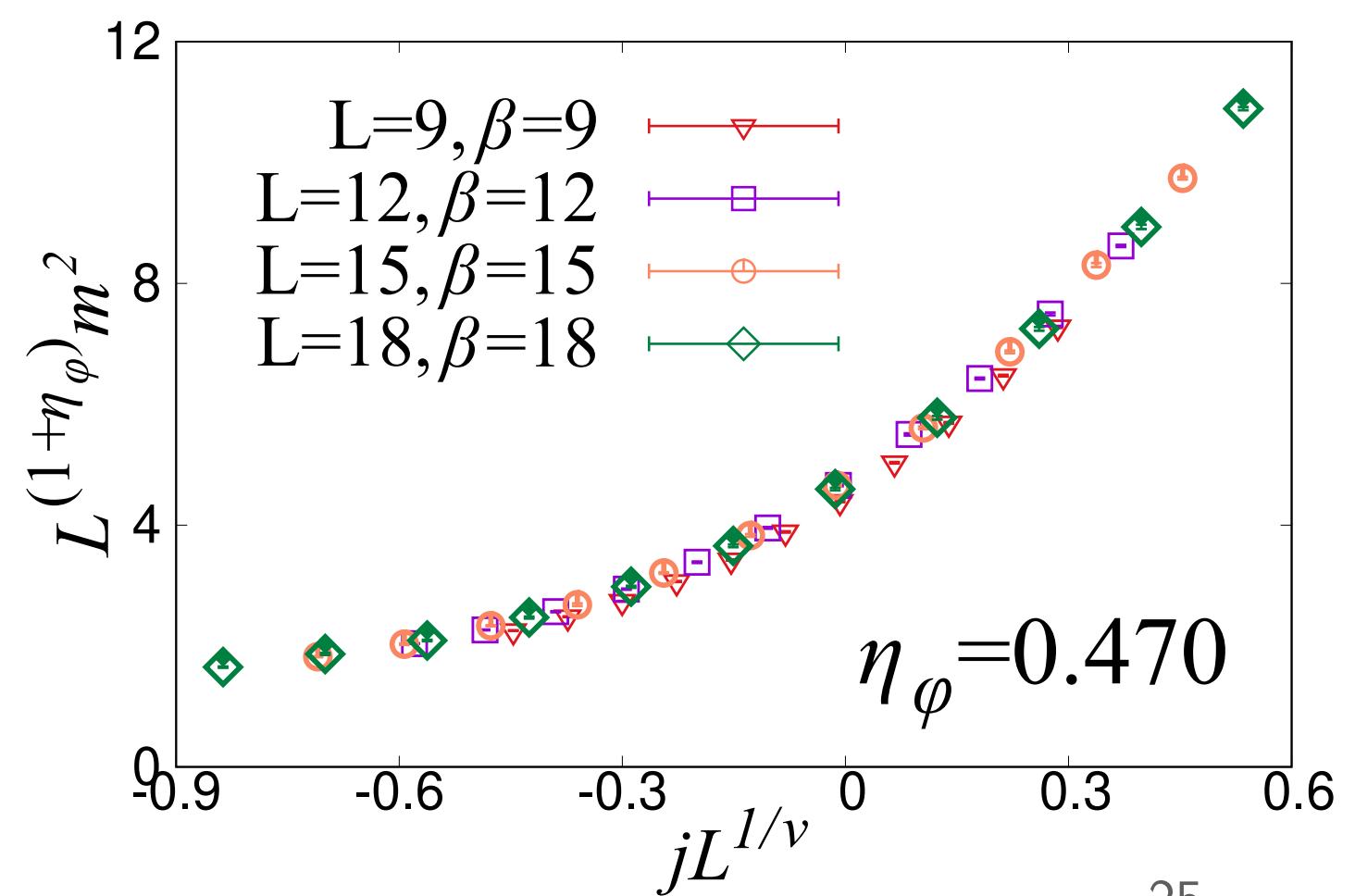
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$$R_c = 1 - \frac{S(\Gamma + d\vec{k})}{S(\Gamma)}$$



$$\Rightarrow 1/\nu = 0.906(35)$$

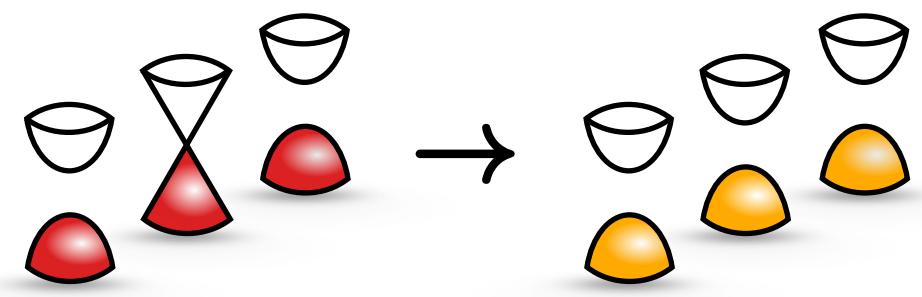
Order parameter:



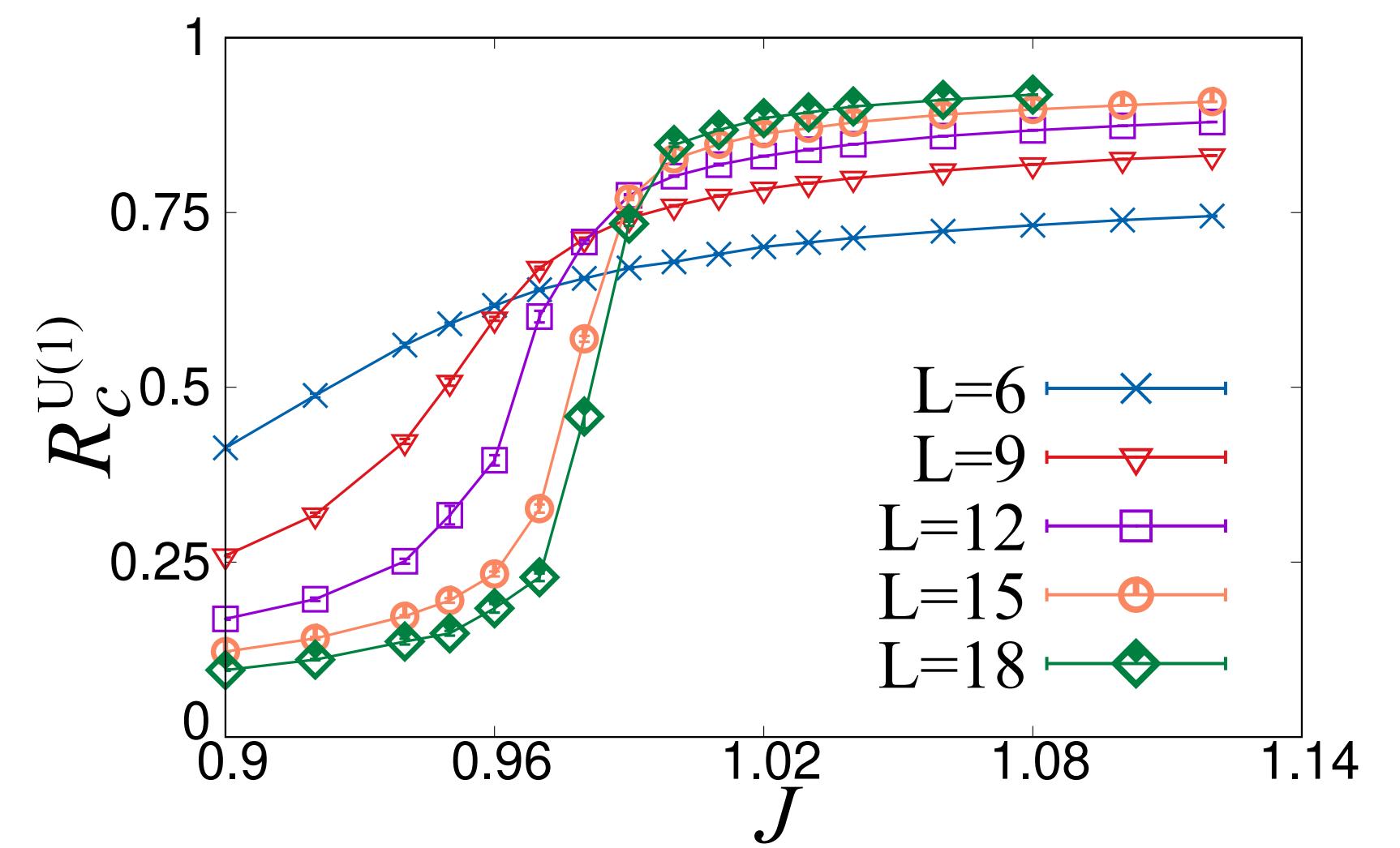
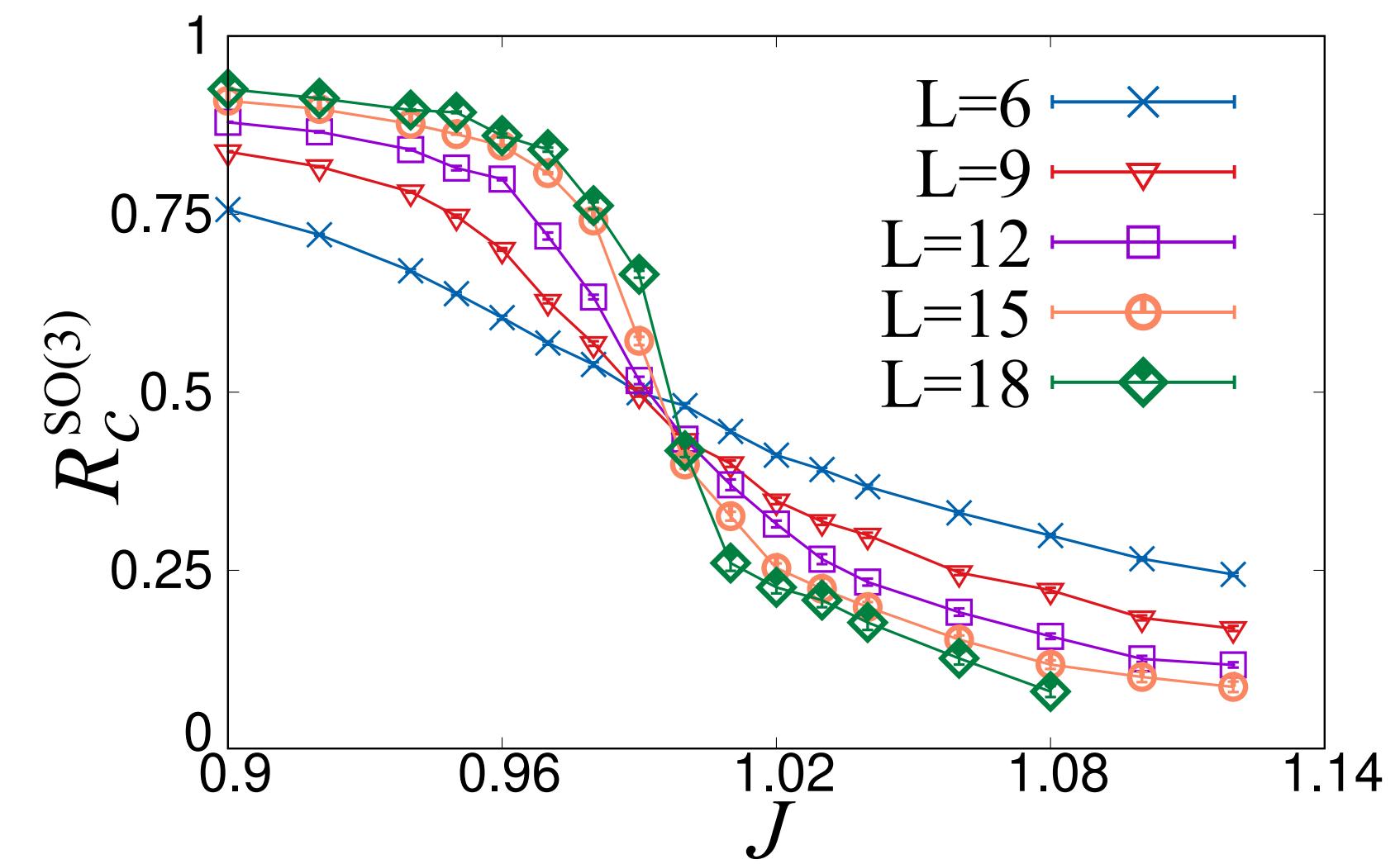
$$\Rightarrow \eta_\phi = 0.470(13)$$

... cf.  $1/\nu = 0.93(4)$  and  $\eta_\phi = 0.83(4)$  from field theory  
[Ray, Ihrig, Kruti, Gracey, Scherer, LJ, PRB '21]

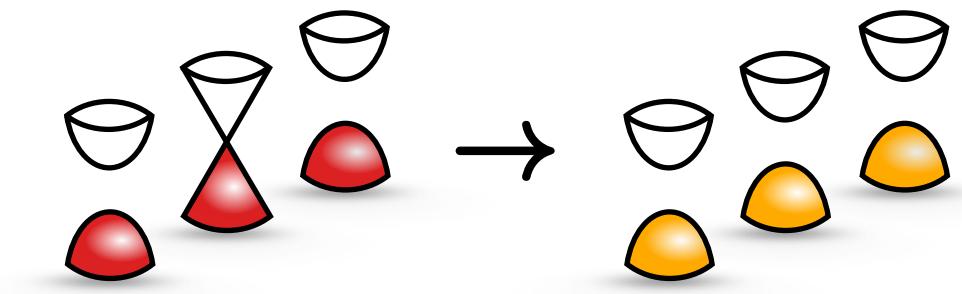
# $SO(3)$ - $U(1)$ transition at $J_{c2}$



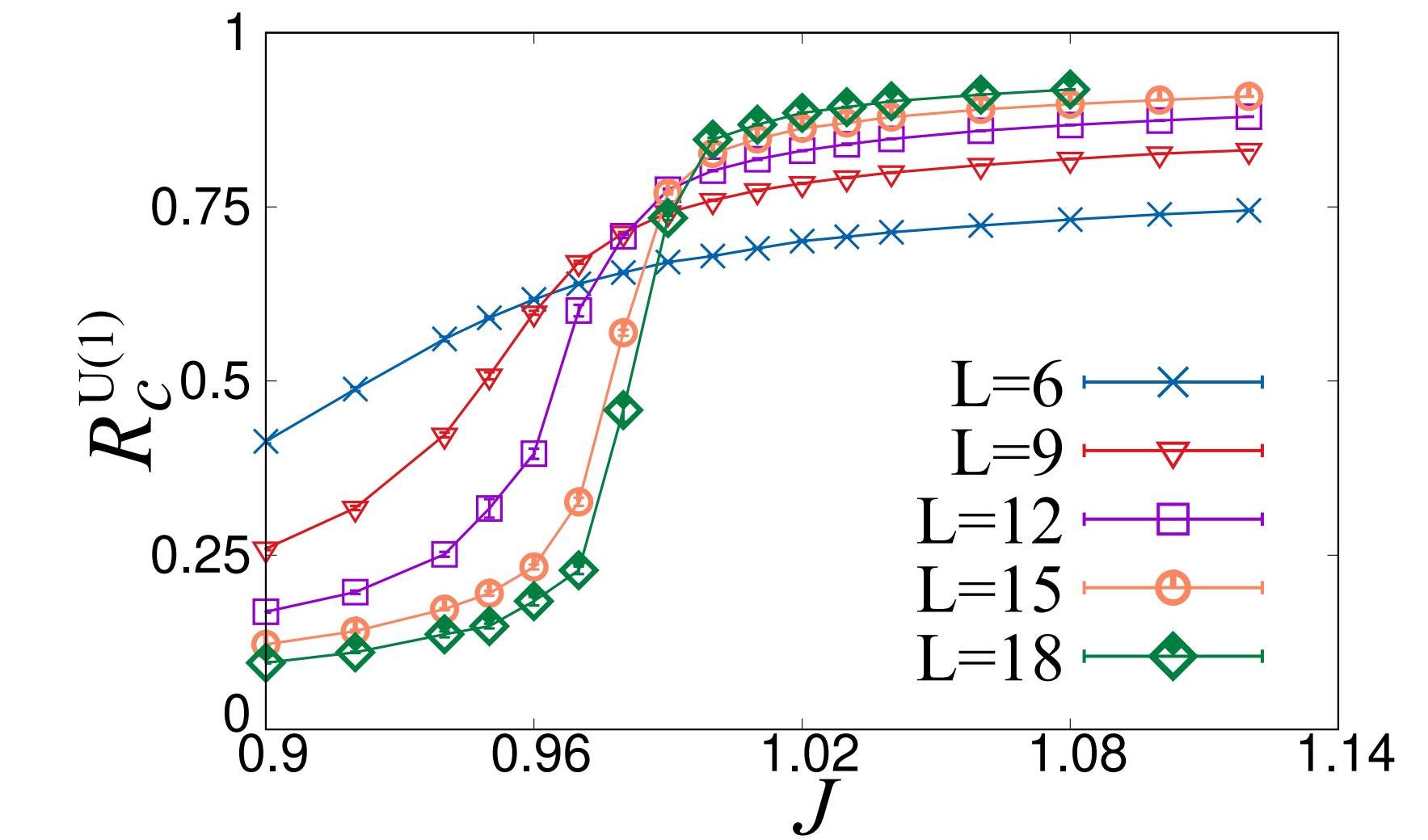
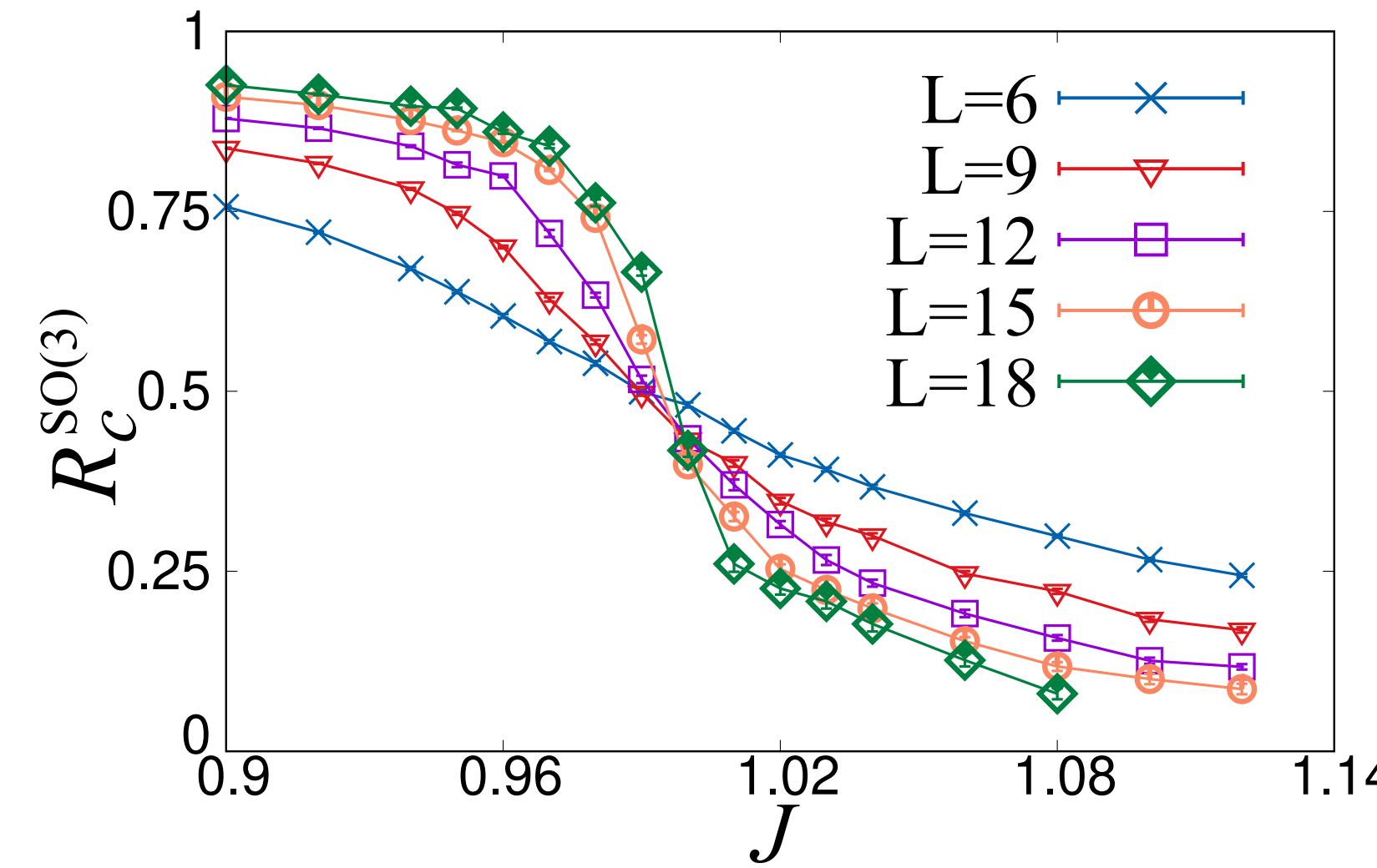
Correlation ratios:



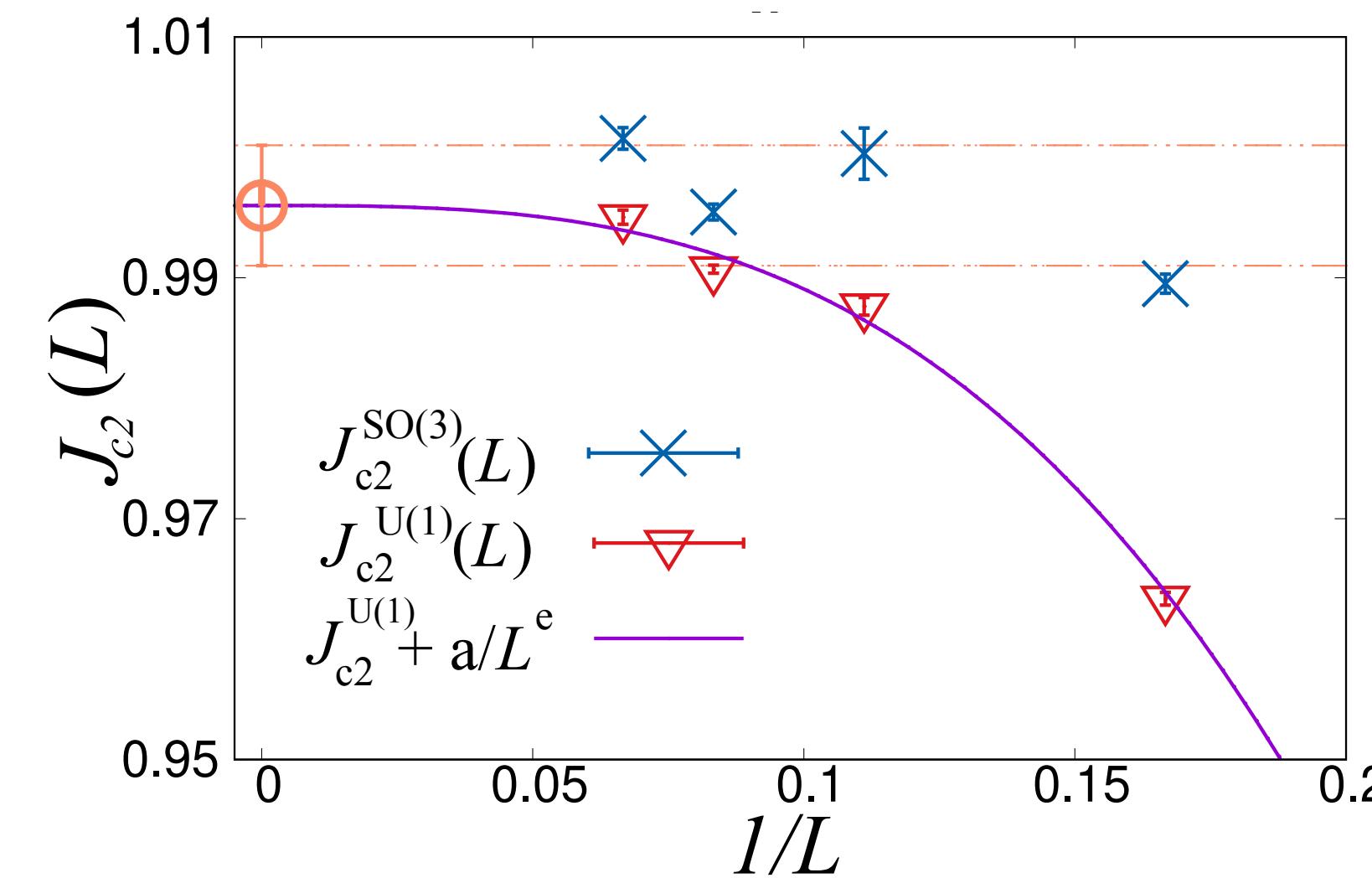
# SO(3)-U(1) transition at $J_{c2}$



Correlation ratios:



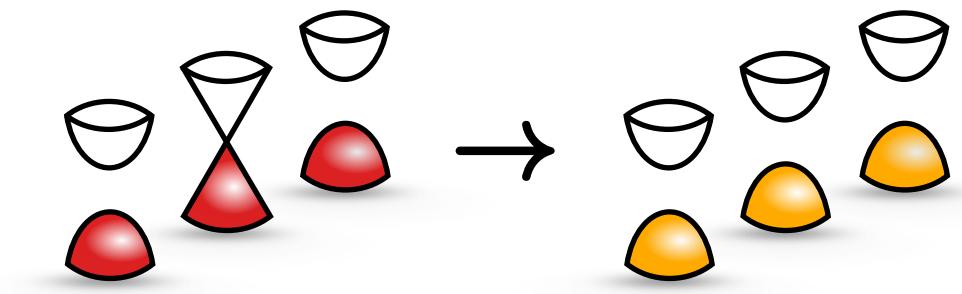
Critical couplings:



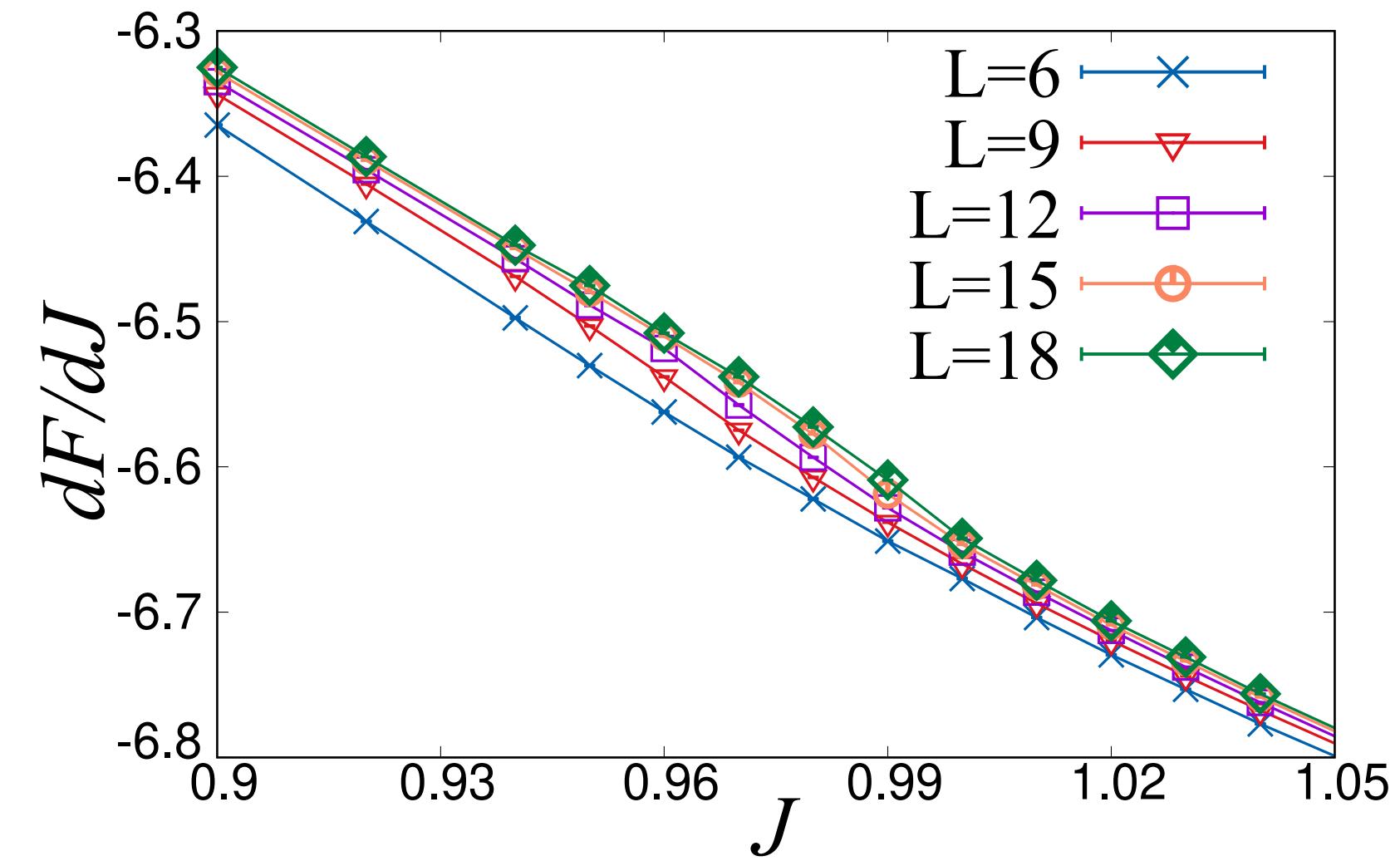
$\Rightarrow J_{c2}^{\text{SO}(3)} = J_{c2}^{\text{U}(1)}$  unique!

[Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, PRL '22 (Editors' Suggestion)]

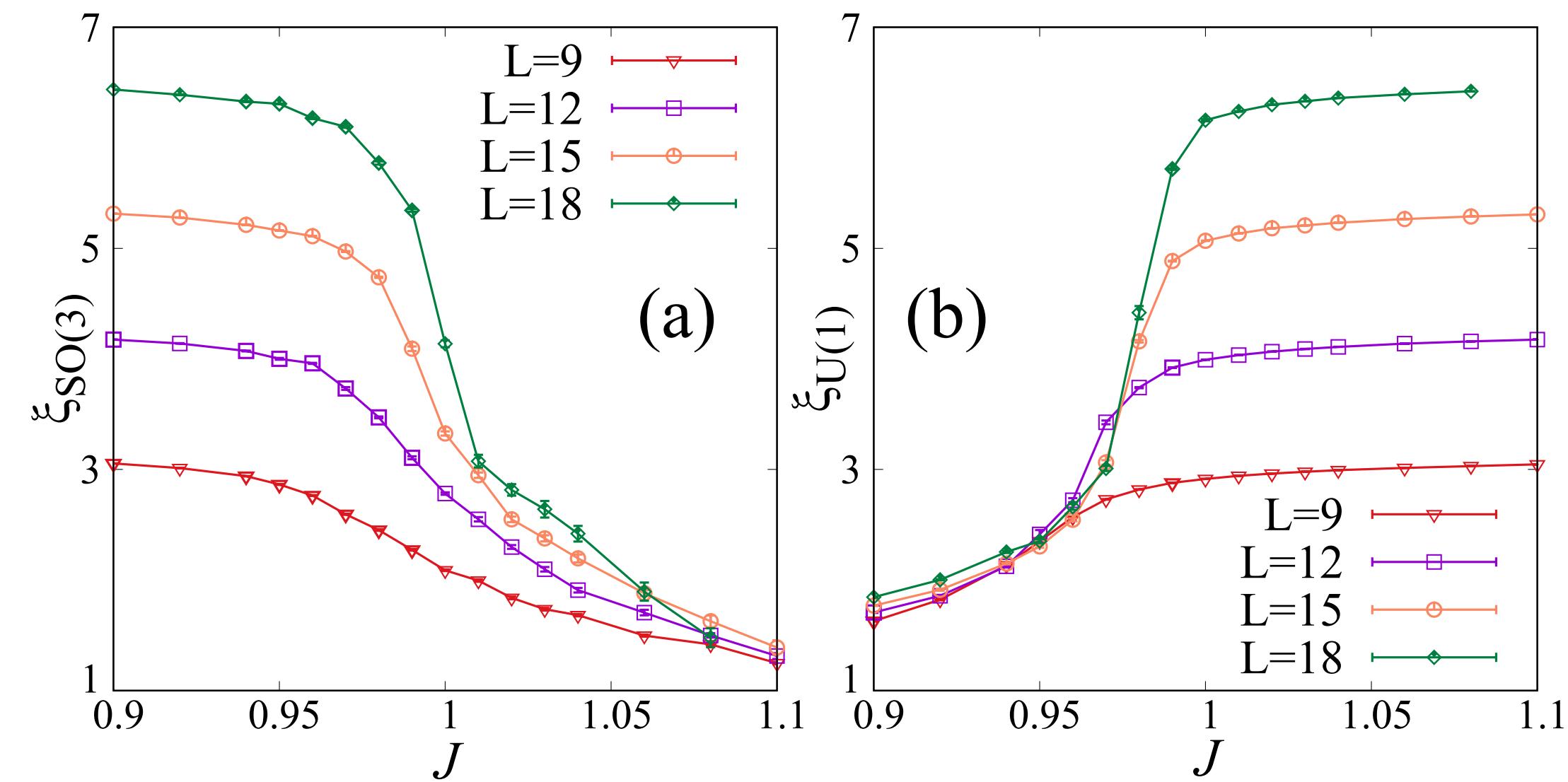
# SO(3)-U(1) transition at $J_{c2}$



Free energy:



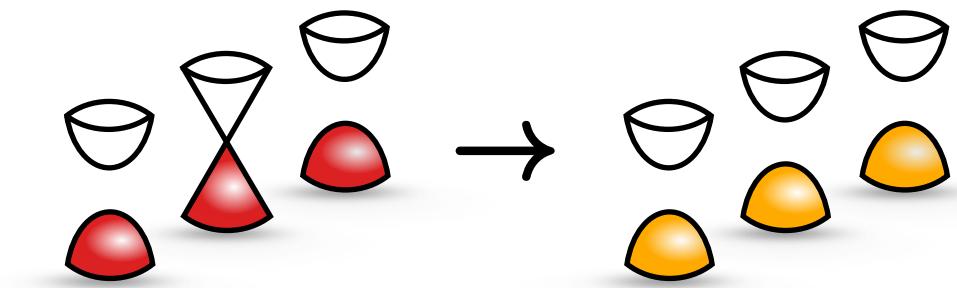
Correlation lengths:



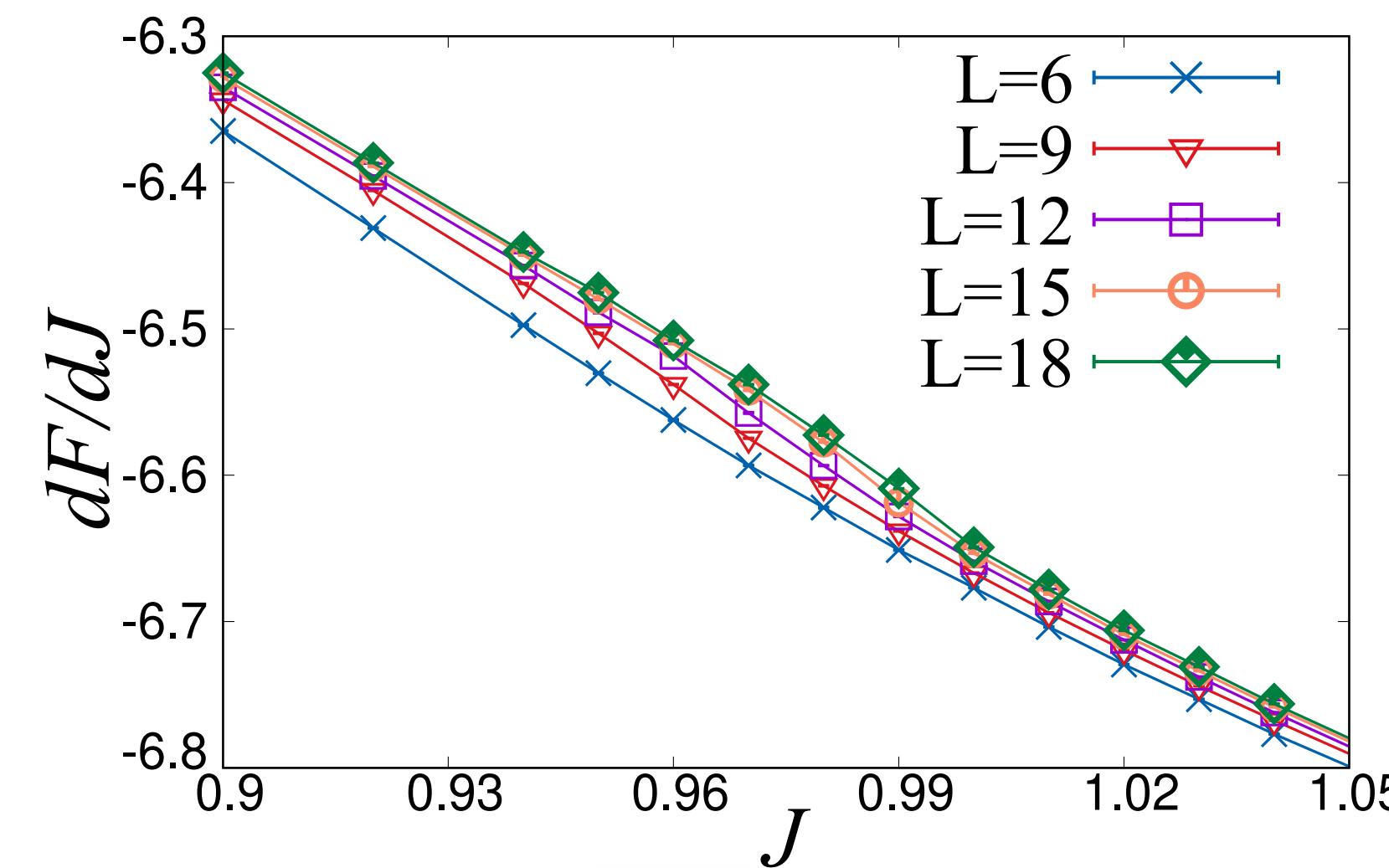
$$\xi^2 = \frac{1}{2d} \frac{\sum_{\vec{r}} |\vec{r}|^2 S(\vec{r})}{\sum_{\vec{r}} S(\vec{r})}$$

[Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, PRL '22 (Editors' Suggestion)]

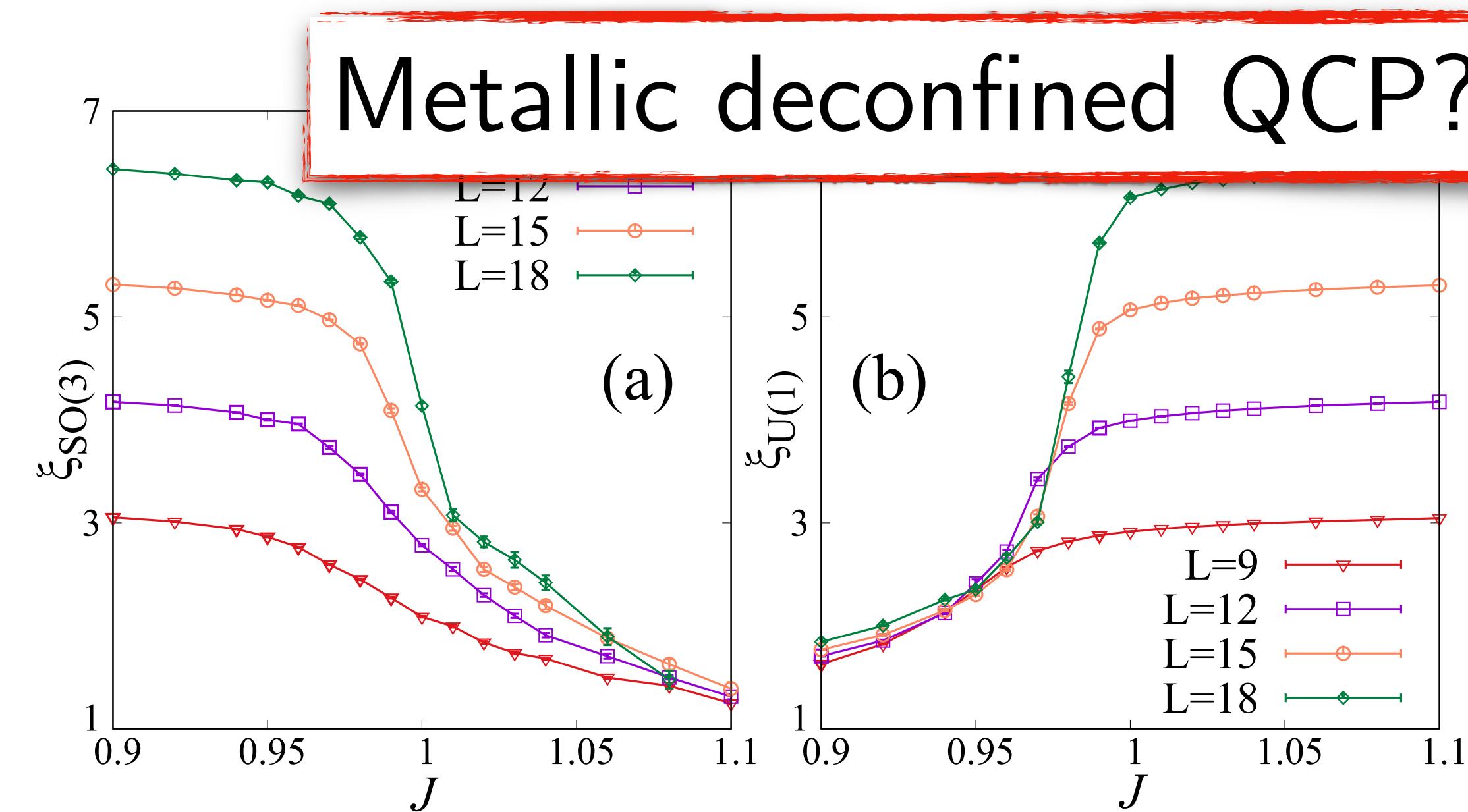
# SO(3)-U(1) transition at $J_{c2}$



Free energy:



Correlation lengths:



$$\xi^2 = \frac{1}{2d} \frac{\sum_{\vec{r}} |\vec{r}|^2 S(\vec{r})}{\sum_{\vec{r}} S(\vec{r})}$$

[Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, PRL '22 (Editors' Suggestion)]

# Outline

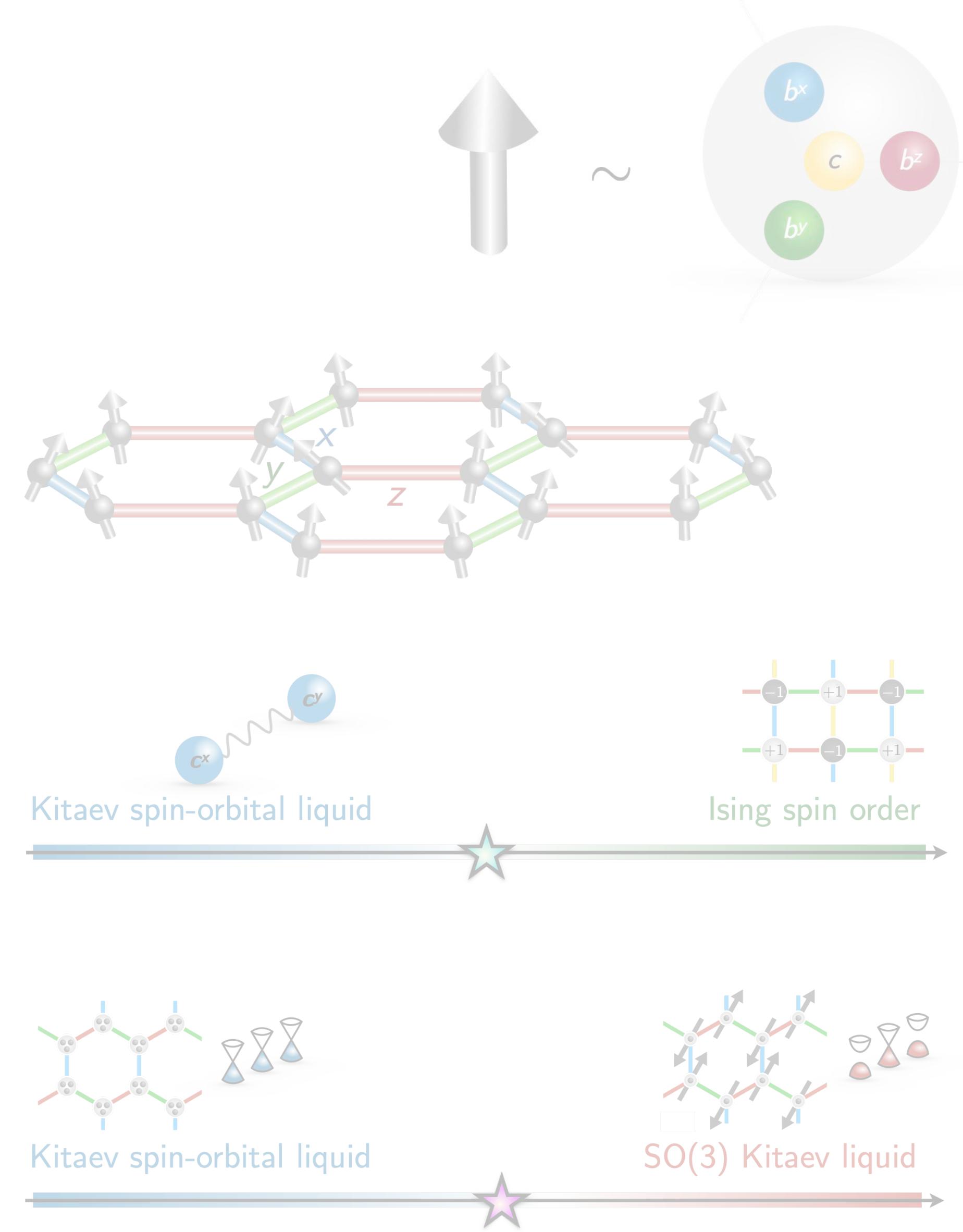
(1) Fractionalized quantum criticality

(2) Frustrated spins and spin-orbitals

(3) Square-lattice Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model

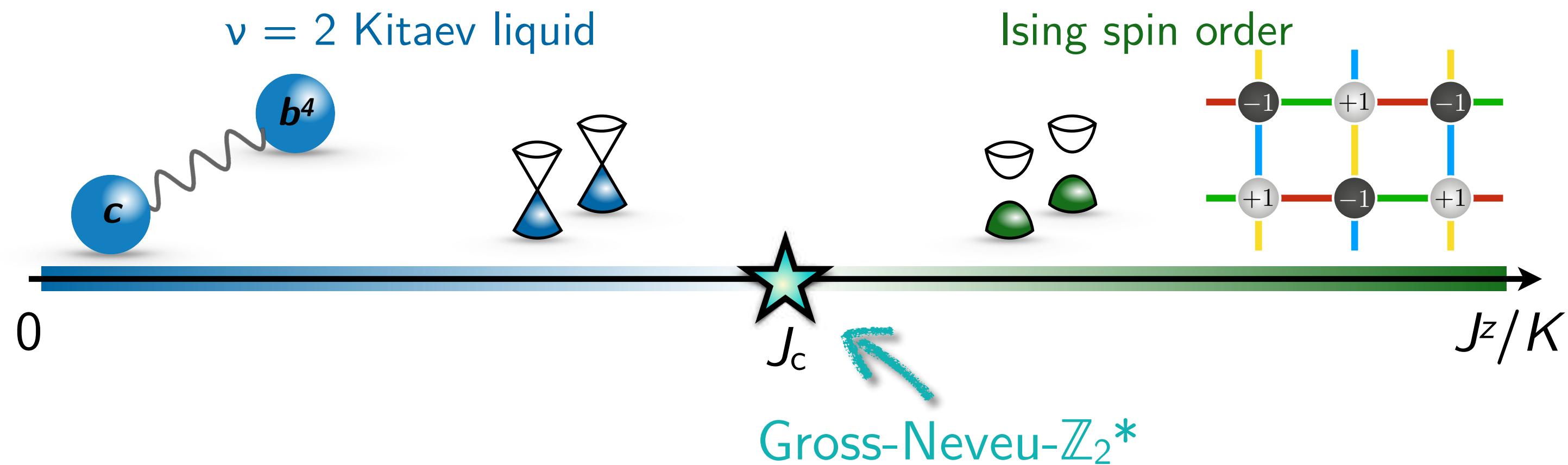
(4) Honeycomb-lattice Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model

(5) Conclusions



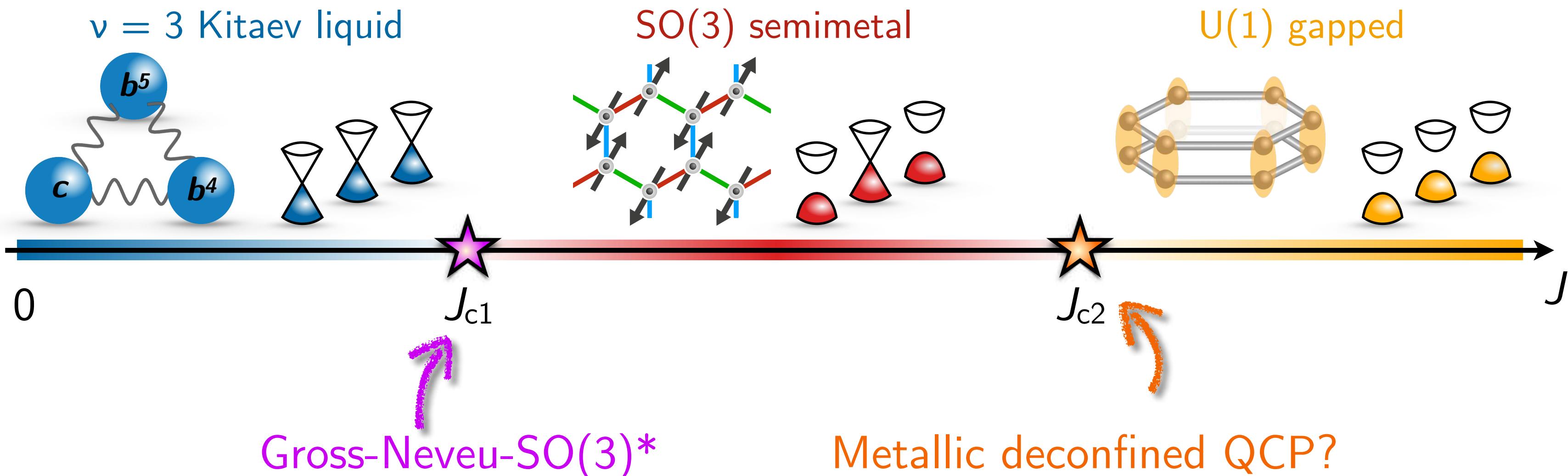
# Conclusions

Square-lattice Kitaev-Ising spin-orbital model:



[Seifert, Dong, Chulliparambil, Vojta, Tu, LJ, PRL '20]

Honeycomb-lattice Kitaev-Heisenberg spin-orbital model:

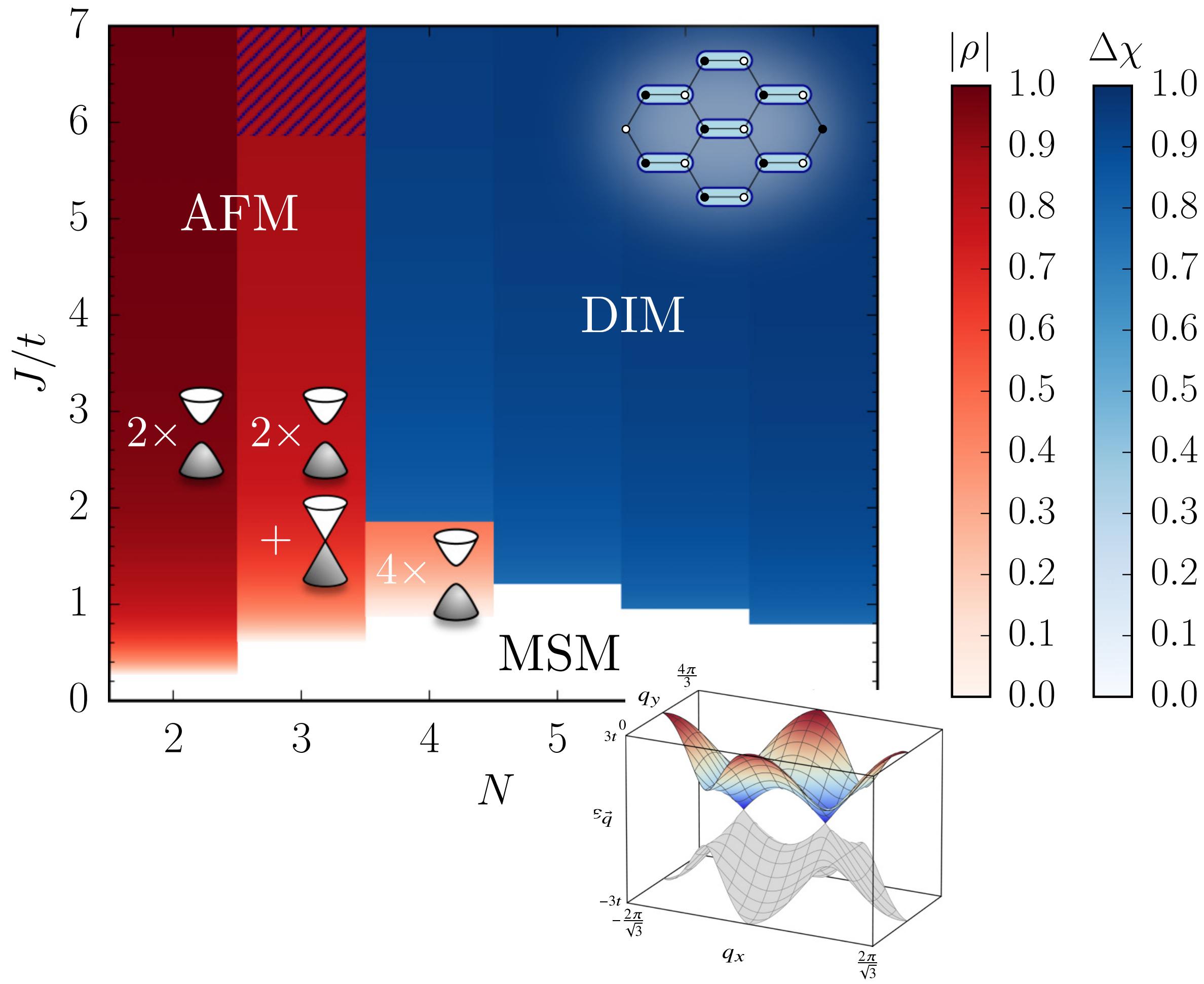


[Liu, Vojta, Assaad, LJ, PRL '22]



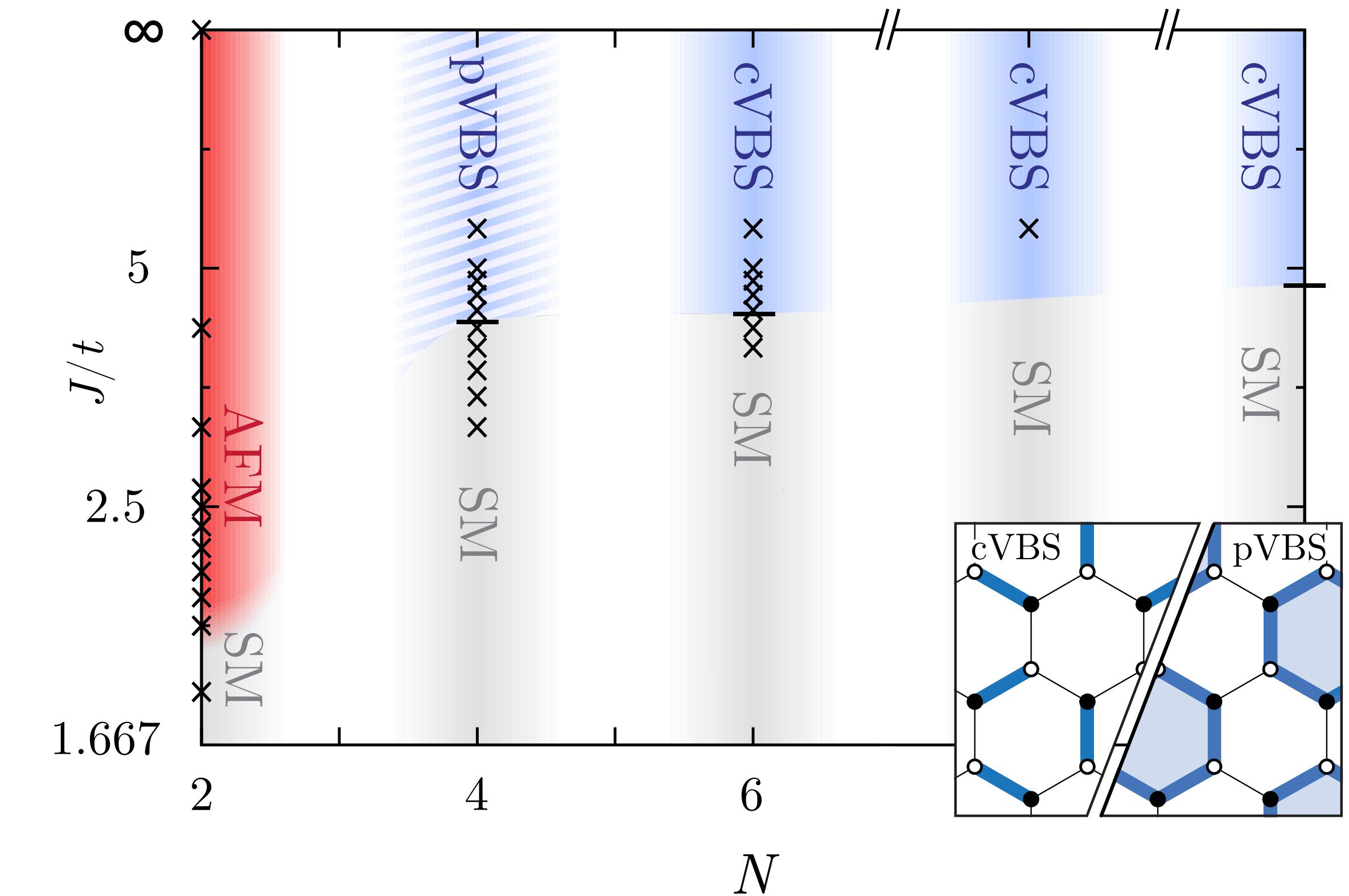
# Conclusions

SO( $N$ ) Majorana-Hubbard models



[LJ & Seifert, PRB '22]

SU( $N$ ) Hubbard-Heisenberg models



[Affleck & Marston, PRB '88]

[Read & Sachdev, NPB '89]

[Lang, Meng, Muramatsu, Wessel, Assaad, PRL '13]